Quiz (chapter 14)

Due Mar 5 at 11:59pm

Points 13

Questions 13

Available Mar 3 at 12am - Mar 5 at 11:59pm 3 days

Time Limit 30 Minutes

Instructions

This quiz covers material from chapter 14.

The time limit is 30 minutes.

This quiz was locked Mar 5 at 11:59pm.

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	26 minutes	12 out of 13

Score for this quiz: **12** out of 13 Submitted Mar 3 at 8:49am This attempt took 26 minutes.

A market is competitive if	
(i) firms have the flexibility to price their own product.	
(ii) each buyer is small compared to the market.	
(iii) each seller is small compared to the market.	
(i) and (ii) only	
○ (i) and (iii) only	

Correct!

/ii\	and	/iii\	anly
(11)	and	(111)	Offly

(i), (ii), and (iii)

Question 2 1 / 1 pts

Table 14-9 Suppose that a firm in a competitive market faces the following revenues and costs:

Quantity	Total Revenue	Total Cost
0	\$0	\$5
1	\$8	\$9
2	\$16	\$14
3	\$24	\$20
4	\$32	\$27
5	\$40	\$35
6	\$48	\$44
7	\$56	\$54
8	\$64	\$65
9	\$72	\$72

Refer to Table 14-9. If the firm's marginal cost is \$11, it should

increase production to maximize profi		increase	production	to	maximize	profit	
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o increase the price of the product to maximize profit.

 advertise to attract additional buyers to maximize profit 	it.
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Correct!

reduce production to increase profit.

Question 3 1 / 1 pts

Table 14-10

Suppose that a firm in a competitive market faces the following revenues and costs:

Quantity	Total Revenue	Total Cost
0	\$0	\$3
1	\$7	\$5
2	\$14	\$9
3	\$21	\$15
4	\$28	\$23
5	\$35	\$33
6	\$42	\$45
7	\$49	\$59

Refer to Table 14-10. At which level of production will the firm maximize profit?

Correct!

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	~	1 I F	חודכי

4 units

5 units

6 units

Question 4	1 / 1 pts

Table 14-10

Suppose that a firm in a competitive market faces the following revenues and costs:

Quantity	Total Revenue	Total Cost
0	\$0	\$3
1	\$7	\$5
2	\$14	\$9
3	\$21	\$15
4	\$28	\$23
5	\$35	\$33
6	\$42	\$45
7	\$49	\$59

Refer to Table 14-10. If the firm produces the profit-maximizing level of production, how much profit will the firm earn?

|--|



Correct!

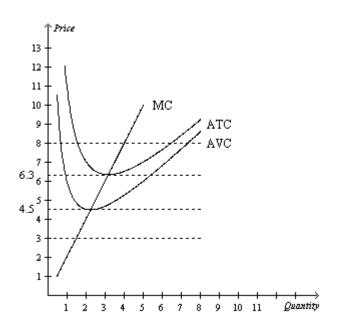
• \$6

\$8



Figure 14-1

Suppose that a firm in a competitive market has the following cost curves:



Refer to Figure 14-1. The firm's short-run supply curve is its marginal cost curve above

\$1.

\$3.

Correct!

\$4.50.

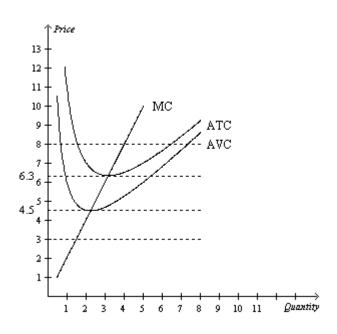
\$6.30.

Question 6

1 / 1 pts

Figure 14-1

Suppose that a firm in a competitive market has the following cost curves:



Refer to Figure 14-1. The firm should shut down if the market price is

- above \$8.
- above \$6.30 but less than \$8.
- above \$4.50 but less than \$6.30.

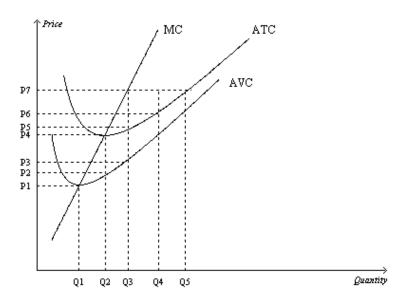
Correct!

less than \$4.50.

Question 7 1 / 1 pts

Figure 14-5

Suppose a firm operating in a competitive market has the following cost curves:



Refer to Figure 14-5. In the short run, if the market price is P4, individual firms in a competitive industry will earn

positive profits.

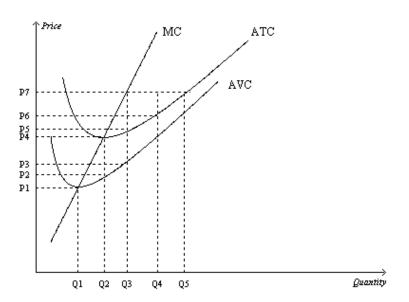
Correct!

- zero profits.
- losses but will remain in business.
- olosses and will shut down.

Question 8 1 / 1 pts

Figure 14-5

Suppose a firm operating in a competitive market has the following cost curves:



Refer to Figure 14-5. Firms would be encouraged to enter this market for all prices that exceed

- P1.
- P2.
- P3.

Correct!

P4.

Question 9	1 / 1 pts
Which of the following statements is <i>not</i> correct about competitive firms	?
In a long-run equilibrium, firms must be operating at their efficien	t scale.
In the short run, the number of firms in an industry may be fix	ed.

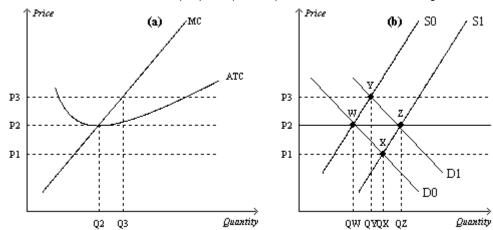
In the long run, the number of firms can adjust to changing market conditions.

Correct!

In the short run, firms must be operating at a level of output where price equals average variable cost.

In the long run, correct! competitive firms' profits are zero. competitive firms' variable costs are zero. competitive firms' ATC curves shift upward or downward to ensure that all demand is satisfied. the number of firms in the market is fixed.

Question 11 0 / 1 pts Figure 14-14



Refer to Figure 14-14. When the market is in long-run equilibrium at point W in panel (b), the firm represented in panel (a) will

orrect Answer

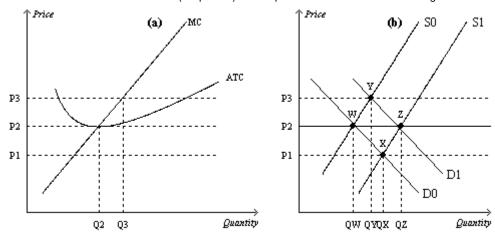
have a zero economic profit.

ou Answered

- have a negative accounting profit.
- exit the market.
- choose to increase production to increase profit.

Question 12 1 / 1 pts

Figure 14-14



Refer to Figure 14-14. Assume that the market starts in equilibrium at point W in panel (b). An increase in demand from D0 to D1 will result in

a new market equilibrium at point X.

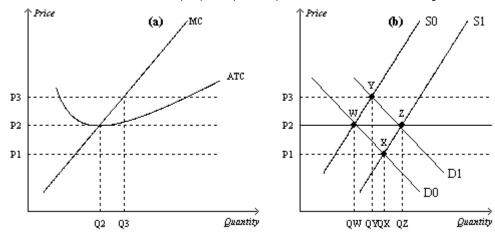
Correct!

an eventual increase in the number of firms in the market and a new long-run equilibrium at point Z.

- rising prices and falling profits for existing firms in the market.
- falling prices and falling profits for existing firms in the market.

Question 13 1 / 1 pts

Figure 14-14



Refer to Figure 14-14. Assume that the market starts in equilibrium at point W in panel (b) and that panel (a) illustrates the cost curves facing individual firms. Suppose that demand increases from D0 to D1. Which of the following statements is correct?

- Points W, Y, and Z represent both short-run and long-run equilibria.
- Points W, Y, Z, and X represent short-run equilibria.
- Points W, Y, and Z represent long-run equilibria.

Correct!

Points W and Z represent long-run equilibria.

Quiz Score: 12 out of 13