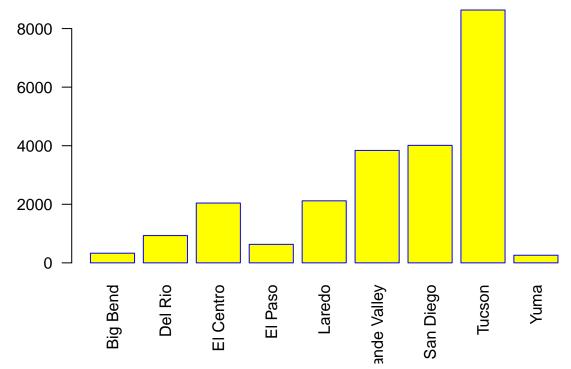
# Assignment 3

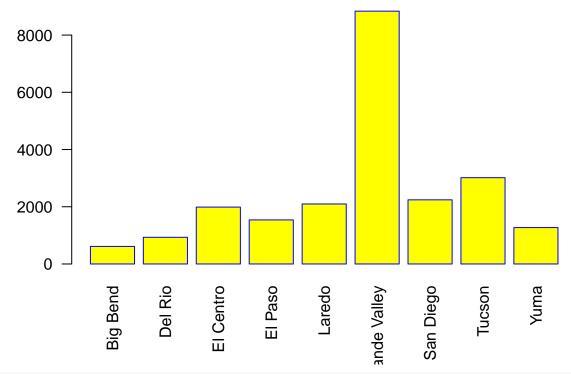
Steven Tran
February 7, 2018

# 2010 Border Patrol Apprehensions by Sector

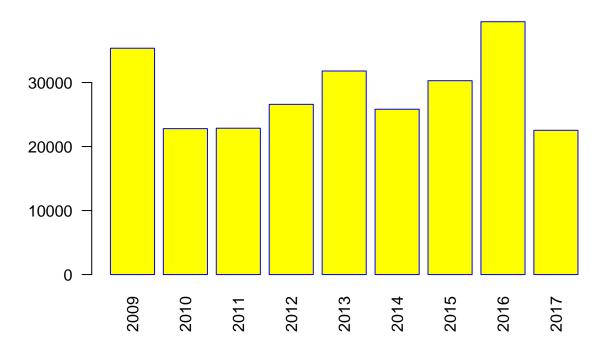


```
border="blue",
col="yellow")
```

# 2017 Border Patrol Apprehensions by Sector



# **Border Patrol Apprehensions by Year**

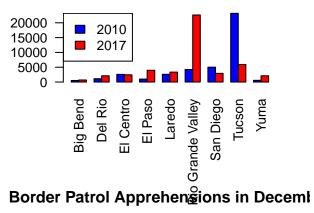


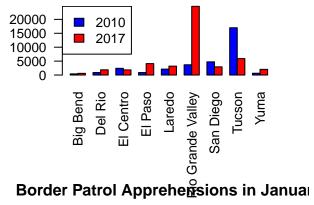
```
## T-test for Tucson in 2010 and Rio Grande Valley in 2017, the sectors with the most apprehensions in
t2010 <- t(BP2010)
t2017 <- t(PB2017)
t.test(as.numeric(t2010[2:13, 8]), as.numeric(t2017[2:13, 6]))
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: as.numeric(t2010[2:13, 8]) and as.numeric(t2017[2:13, 6])
## t = 1.9547, df = 21.973, p-value = 0.06346
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
     -379.5935 12819.5935
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
     17683.5
               11463.5
From this t-test, we are sure that the two means are not statistically different with 95% confidence.
## Altering table to see sum of three month periods
m2010 <- subset(BP2010, select = -c(Sector))</pre>
m2010 <- rbind(m2010, colSums(m2010))
m2010 <- cbind(m2010, rowSums(m2010[1:3]))
m2010 <- cbind(m2010, rowSums(m2010[4:6]))
m2010 <- cbind(m2010, rowSums(m2010[7:9]))
m2010 <- cbind(m2010, rowSums(m2010[10:12]))
```

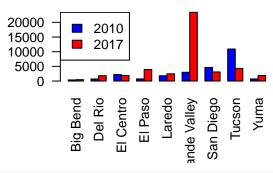
colnames(m2010) <- c(colnames(m2010)[1:12], "Oct-Dec", "Jan-Mar", "Apr-Jun", "Jul-Aug")

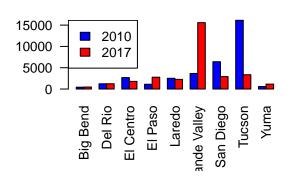
```
m2017 <- subset(PB2017, select = -c(Sector))</pre>
m2017 <- rbind(m2017, colSums(m2017))
m2017 <- cbind(m2017, rowSums(m2017[1:3]))
m2017 \leftarrow cbind(m2017, rowSums(m2017[4:6]))
m2017 <- cbind(m2017, rowSums(m2017[7:9]))
m2017 <- cbind(m2017, rowSums(m2017[10:12]))
colnames(m2017) <- c(colnames(m2017)[1:12], "Oct-Dec", "Jan-Mar", "Apr-Jun", "Jul-Aug")</pre>
# T-test for Jan-Mar period for 2010 and Oct-Dec period for 2017
t.test(m2010[1:9, 4:6], m2017[1:9, 1:3])
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: m2010[1:9, 4:6] and m2017[1:9, 1:3]
## t = 0.044719, df = 51.904, p-value = 0.9645
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -3719.530 3889.085
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 5145.741 5060.963
We see here that both three period months of both years are not statistically different from one another.
## Creates a 2 x 9 matrix from the 2010 data and 2017 for specified month
sideBySideMatrix <- function(month){</pre>
  matrix(c(BP2010[1:9,month], PB2017[1:9,month]), nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
}
## Creates the barplot for a given month
sideBySideBarPlot <- function(month, monthString){</pre>
  barplot(sideBySideMatrix(month), names.arg = rownames(BP2010),
          las=2,
          axisnames=TRUE,
          beside=TRUE,
          col=c("blue", "red"),
          main = paste("Border Patrol Apprehensions in", monthString, sep=" "))
  legend("topleft",
       c("2010", "2017"),
       fill = c("blue", "red"))
}
## Creates the side by side bar plots for each month
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
sideBySideBarPlot(2, "October")
sideBySideBarPlot(3, "November")
sideBySideBarPlot(4, "December")
sideBySideBarPlot(5, "January")
```

## Border Patrol Apprehensions in Octobe Border Patrol Apprehensions in Noveml





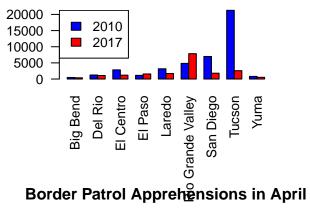


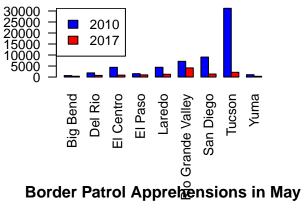


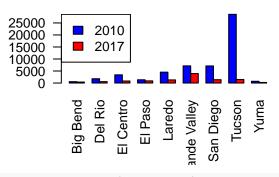
sideBySideBarPlot(6, "February") sideBySideBarPlot(7, "March") sideBySideBarPlot(8, "April") sideBySideBarPlot(9, "May")

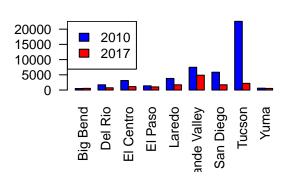
## **Border Patrol Apprehensions in Februa**

### **Border Patrol Apprehensions in March**





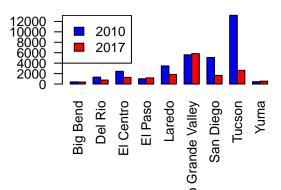


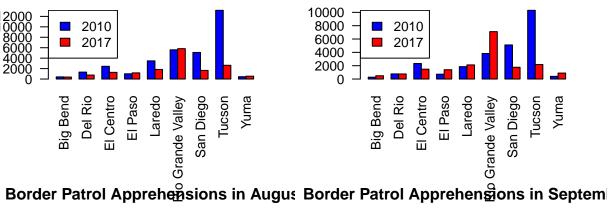


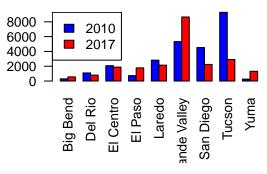
sideBySideBarPlot(10, "June") sideBySideBarPlot(11, "July") sideBySideBarPlot(12, "August") sideBySideBarPlot(13, "September")

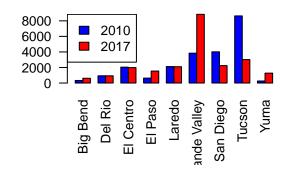
### **Border Patrol Apprehensions in June**

### **Border Patrol Apprehensions in July**





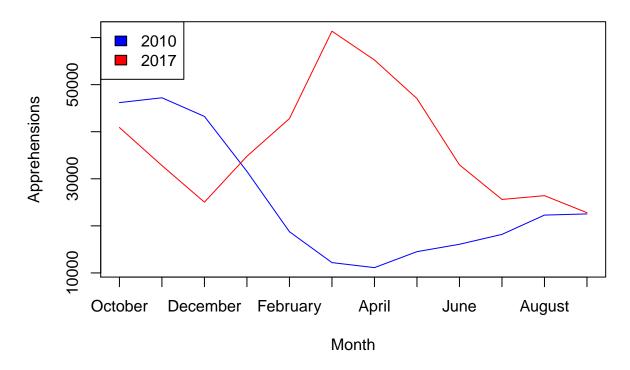




```
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
```

```
#overlays the plots of 2 lines 1 blue and 1 red; for use with the apprehensions by month of 2010 and 20
twolineplot <- function(){</pre>
        x <- factor(2:13, labels = c("October", "November", "December", "January", "February", "March", "Apr
        t2010 <- as.numeric(PBmonthly[1,2:13])
        t2017 <- as.numeric(PBmonthly[8, 2:13])
        plot.default(t2010 ~ x, type="n", xlab = "Month", ylab = "Apprehensions", main = "Apprehensions By Month", ylab = "Apprehensions", ylab = "Apprehensions By Month", ylab = "Apprehensions", y
        axis(1, at = as.numeric(x), labels = levels(x))
        lines(t2010 ~ x, col="blue")
        lines(t2017 ~ x, col="red")
        legend("topleft",
                                      c("2010", "2017"),
                                      fill = c("blue", "red"))
twolineplot()
```

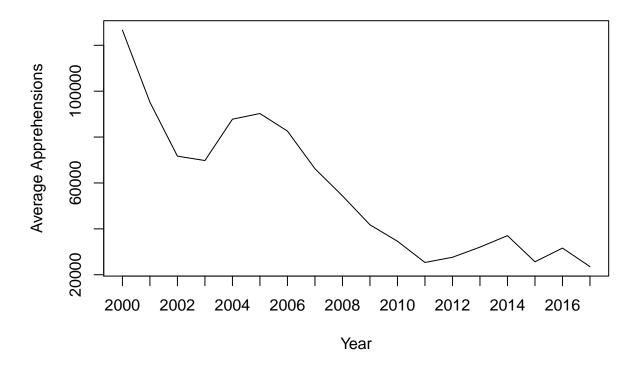
# **Apprehensions By Month**



Here we can see the plots of 2010 and 2017 monthly overlayed. As you can tell, the number of apprehensions rose steeply from the beginning to the April 2017, decreasing thereafter, whilst there was a fairly steady decline in apprehensions in 2010 until April 2010, followed by a slight incline.

```
## Graph the average apprehension per year
ts1 <- cbind(PBmonthly[,1], rowMeans(PBmonthly))
x <- factor(1:18, labels = 2000:2017)
  plot.default(as.vector(ts1[,2]) ~ x, type="n", xlab = "Year", ylab = "Average Apprehensions", main =
  axis(1, at = as.numeric(x), labels = levels(x))
  lines(rev(ts1[,2])~x)</pre>
```

# Average Apprehension per Year



```
# Creates the time series chart throughout the years
ts1 <- data.matrix(subset(PBmonthly, select = -c(year)))
ts2 <- as.vector(rev(t(ts1)))
ts3 <- ts(ts2, start = c(2000,10), frequency = 12)
ts.plot(ts3, gpars=list(xlab="year", ylab="Apprehensions", lty=c(1:3)))</pre>
```

