

**Ahmedabad  
University**

# **CSE541 Computer Vision**

Object detection techniques in case of small objects

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# Problem Statement

- Small Object Detection
- Deep Learning Models
- Performance metrics will be  $\text{mAP}@0.5$ ,  $\text{mAP}@0.75$ ,  $\text{mAP}@0.95$ , and confusion matrix.



Figure 1: Vis Drone Dataset image (Retrieved from Zhu et al.)

# Datasets Discussion

## Training Dataset

### VisDrone-DET dataset

288 video clips formed by 261,908 frames and 10,209 static images.

by the AISKYEYE team at Lab of Machine Learning and Data Mining , Tianjin University, China.

### Primary Work to be done on images.

Images and Annotations are provided.

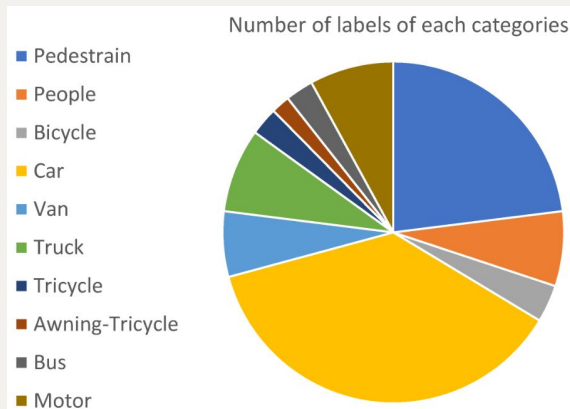


Figure 3: Number of instances of labels for each category

#### VisDrone-DET dataset

- trainset (1.44 GB): [BaiduYun](#) | [GoogleDrive](#)
- valset (0.07 GB): [BaiduYun](#) | [GoogleDrive](#)
- testset-dev (0.28 GB): [BaiduYun](#) | [GoogleDrive](#) (GT available)
- testset-challenge (0.28 GB): [BaiduYun](#) | [GoogleDrive](#)

Figure 2: VisDrone Dataset  
Details (retrieved from VisDrone Repository)

names:

- 0: pedestrian
- 1: people
- 2: bicycle
- 3: car
- 4: van
- 5: truck
- 6: tricycle
- 7: awning-tricycle
- 8: bus
- 9: motor

# Why HIC-YOLO V5?

- A modified version of YOLO-V5
- Real-time detection
- Less Computational overhead.
- Ease of use.
- Scope of Improvement.

# Working of YOLO v5

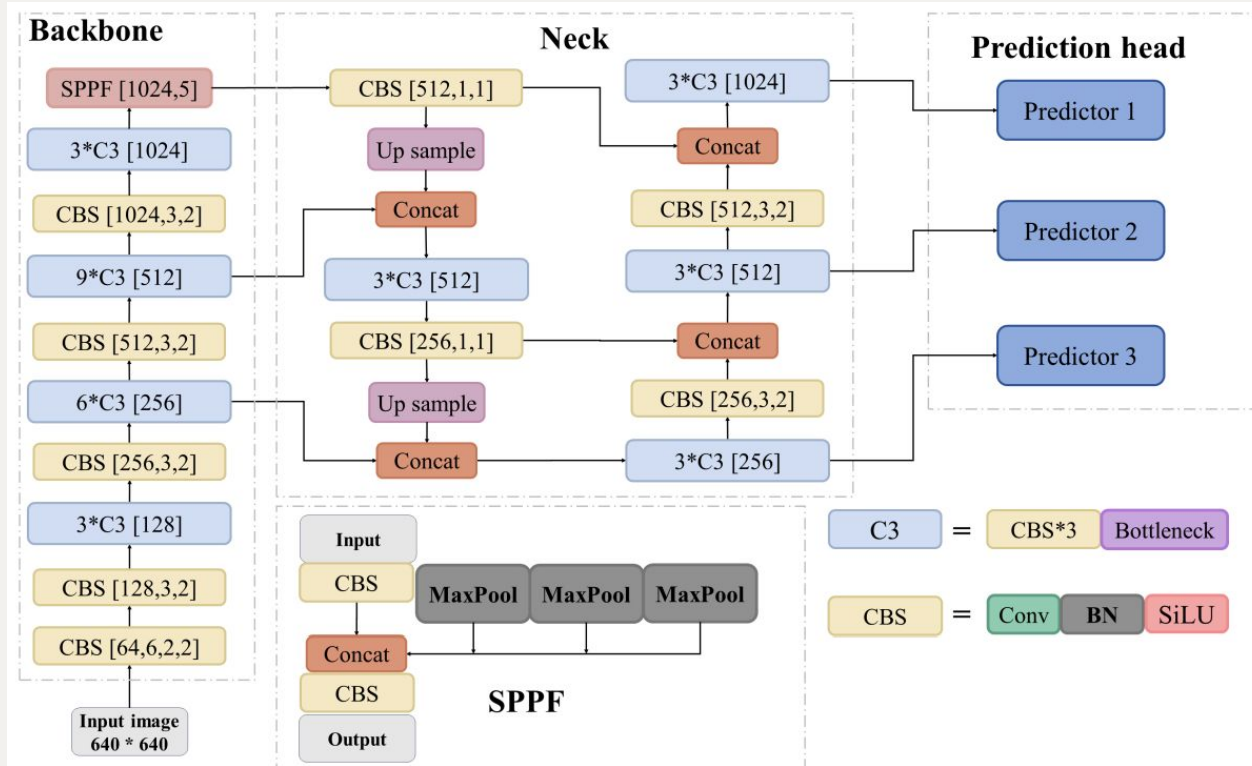


Figure 4: Structure of YOLOv5 (Retrieved from Shiyi Tang et al.,2023)

# HIC-YOLOV5(Head, Involution and CBAM-YOLOv5)

- Small Object Prediction Head
- Involution Block Integration.
- CBAM Attention Module
- Selective Feature Extraction
- Improved Object Detection
- Efficient Model Design

# HIC-YOLO V5

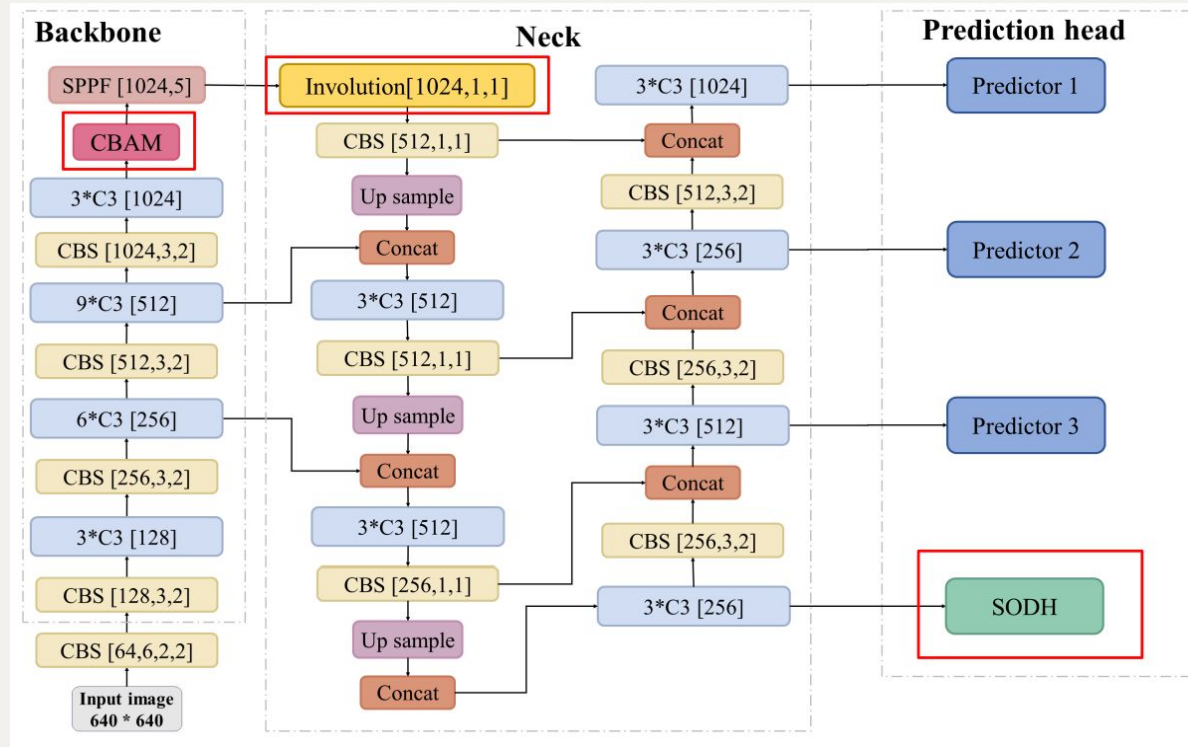


Figure 5: Structure of HIC-YOLOv5 (Retrieved from Shiyi Tang et al., 2023)

# CBAM

## Convolutional Block Attention Module

- Standard CBAM Placement
- HIC-YOLOv5's CBAM Placement
- Focus on Feature Extraction
- Reduced Computational Cost
- Dual Attention Mechanism



# CBAM

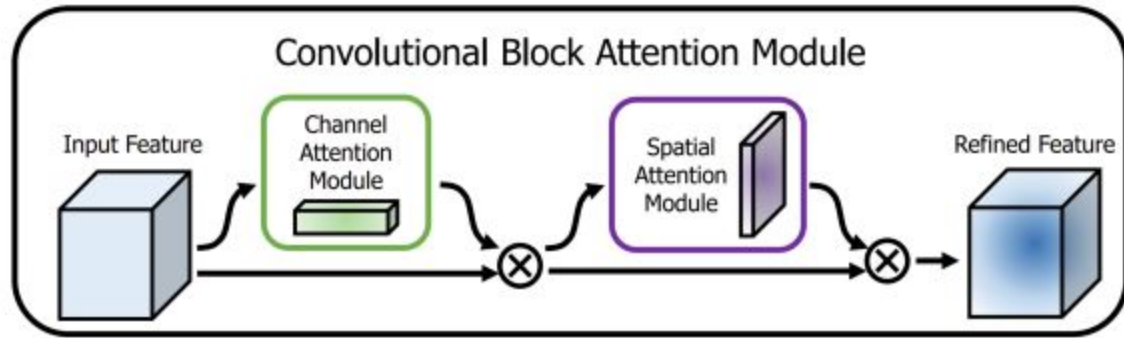


Figure 6: Structure of CBAM(Retrieved from Shiyi Tang et al.,2023)

# CFFI

## Channel Feature Fusion with Involution (CFFI)

- An inverse of convolution!
- Involution is **Channel-agonist** and **Spatially-specific**.
- would help to preserve the features of small objects.

# CFFI

## Channel Feature Fusion with Involution (CFFI)

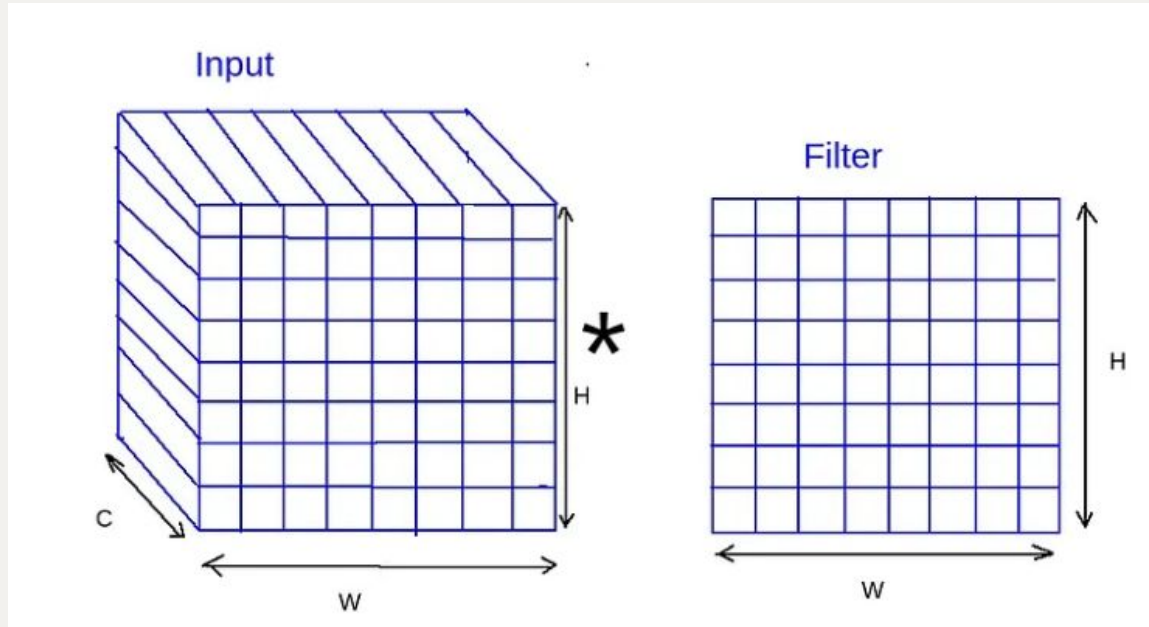


Figure 7: Structure of CFFI(Retrieved from “Involution: Inverting the Inherence of Convolution for Visual Recognition”, Medium)

# CFFI

## Channel Feature Fusion with Involution (CFFI)

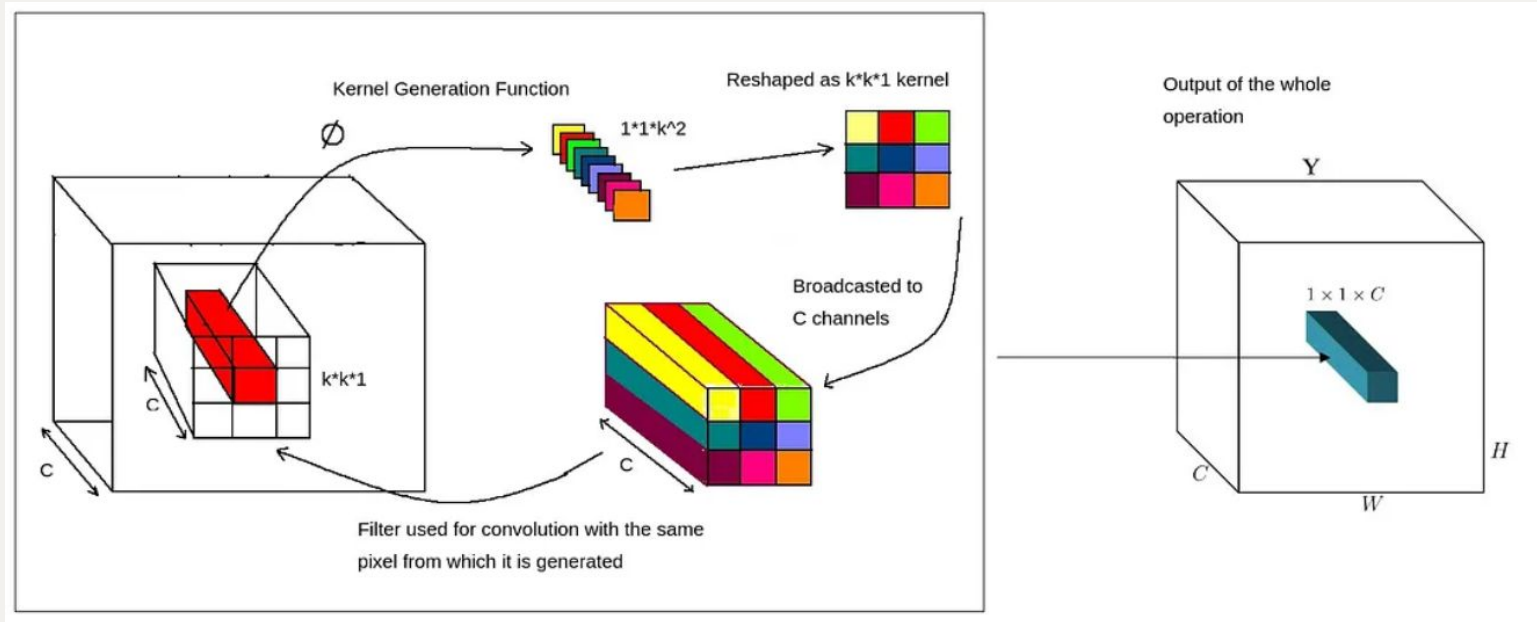


Figure 8: Structure of CFFI(Retrieved from “Involution: Inverting the Inference of Convolution for Visual Recognition”, Medium)

# Prediction Heads

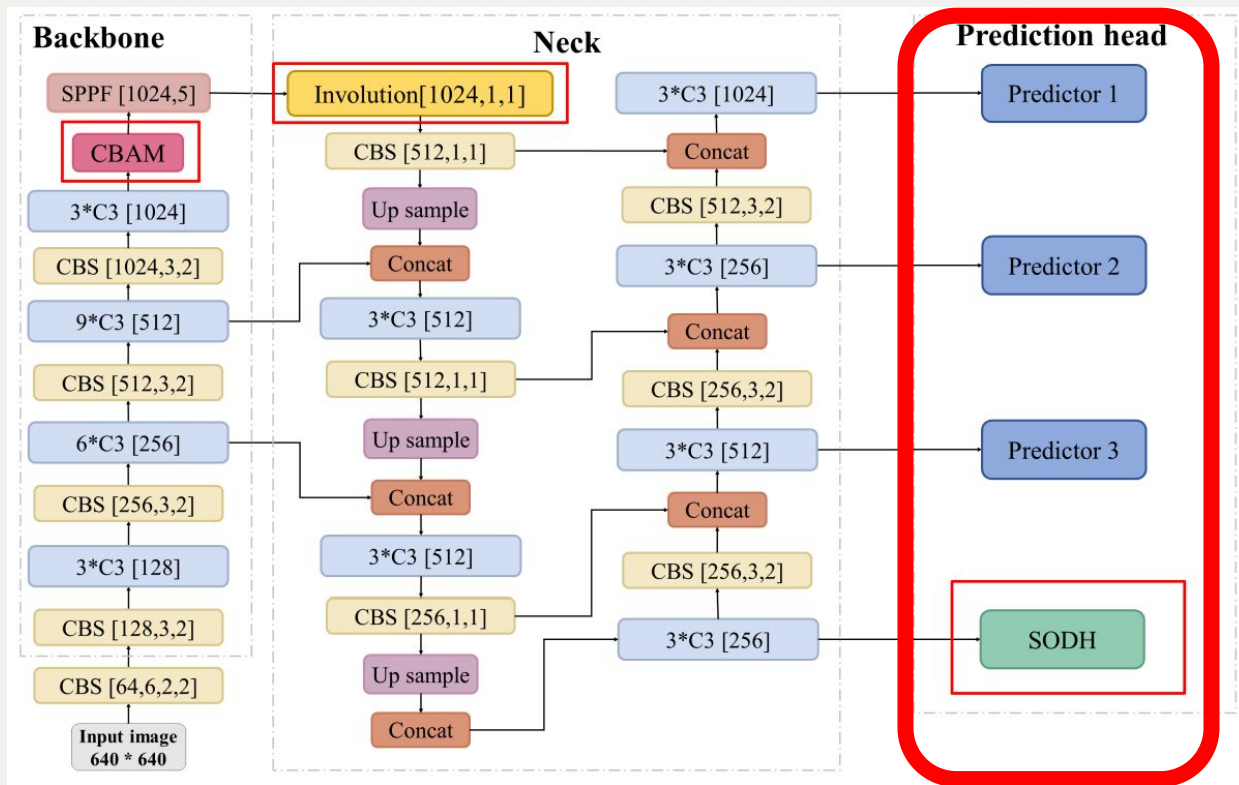


Figure 9: Structure of HIC-YOLOv5 (Retrieved from Shiyi Tang et al., 2023)

# Training

- We trained 3 models YOLOv5, YOLOv8 and HIC-YOLOv5.
- Epochs:10
- Train size:- 6000 images
- Val Size:- 500 images
- Test Size:- 1600 images
- Batch Size:- 32

# Results

- We trained three models, YOLOv8, YOLOv5 and HIC-YOLOv5

Object Class	YOLOv8	YOLOv5	HIC-yolov5
All	25.4%	29.3%	30.51%
Pedestrian	28.4%	42.7%	46.14%
People	22.7%	36%	27.65%
Bicycle	5.61%	18.7%	2.86%
Car	66.5%	71%	81.97%
Van	31.9%	28.5%	36.84%
Truck	22.8%	25.4%	22.84%
Tricycle	16.4%	0%	12.65%
Awning-tricycle	8.68%	0%	7.31%
Bus	22.2%	31.8%	24.74%
Motor	28.8%	39.1%	42.06%

**TABLE I: COMPARISON OF OBJECT DETECTION MODELS ON VAL DATASET - MAP@0.5**

# Results

YOLOv5

vs

HIC-YOLOv5

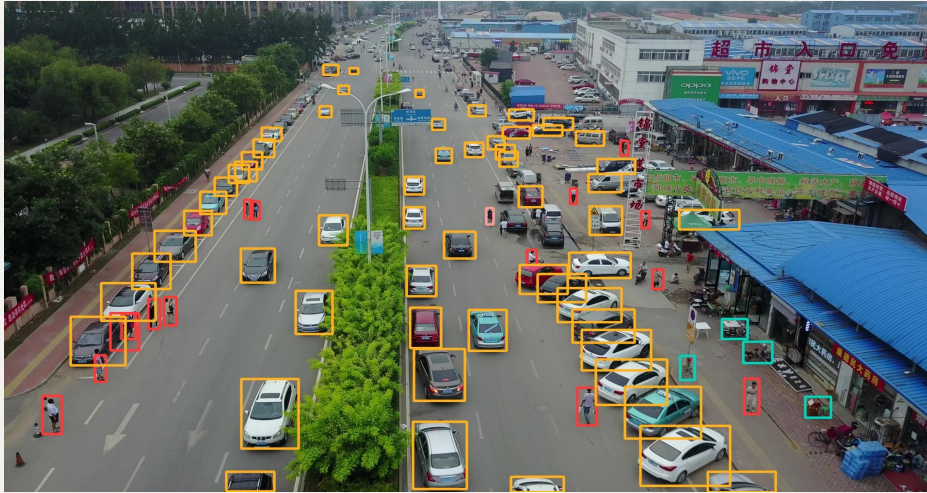


Figure 10: Comparison of Object Detection by YOLOv5 and HIC-YOLOv5



# Results

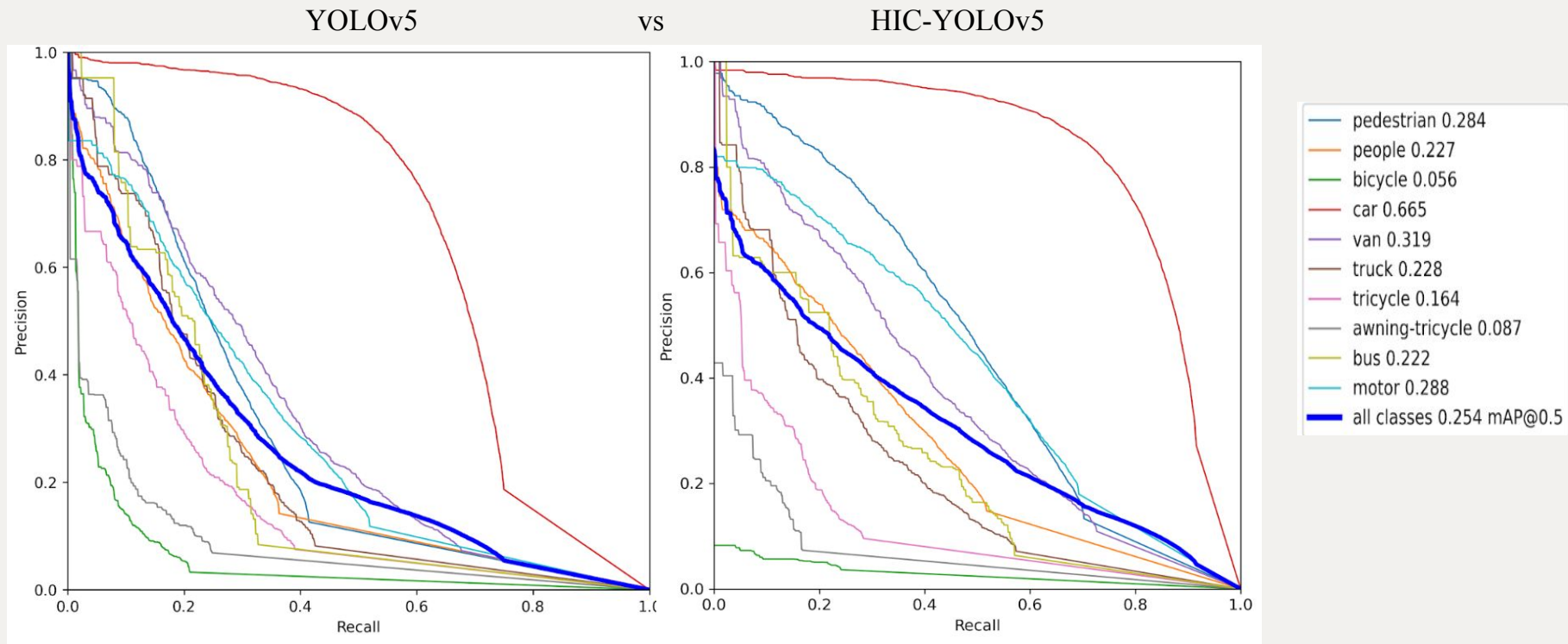


Figure 11: Comparison of Precision vs Recall curve of YOLOv5 and HIC-YOLOv5

# Results

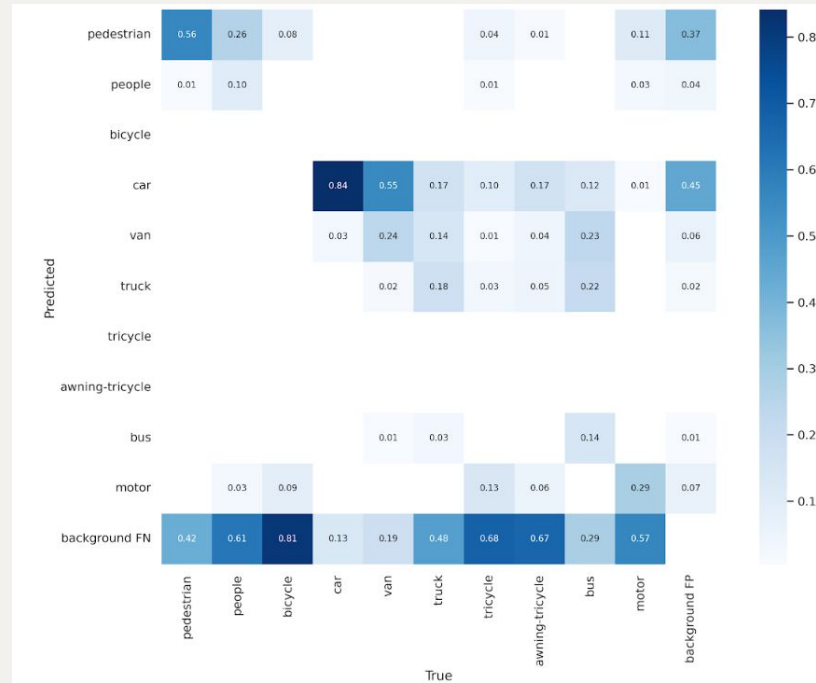


Figure 12: Confusion matrix for HIC-YOLOv5 with the number of epochs during training and validation

# Future Work

- Pedestrian Detection.
- Real Time detection.
- More scope for improvement in the architecture
- Better Data Augmentation

# References

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# THANK YOU!