Training and Evaluation Outline Report

Status: Approved 25 Apr 2022 Effective Date: 25 Apr 2022

Task Number: 17-CO-1097

Task Title: Conduct a Raid - Armor and Mechanized Infantry Company (ABCT)

Distribution Restriction: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Destruction Notice: None

Foreign Disclosure: FD1 - This training product has been reviewed by the training developers in coordination with the MCOE G-2 foreign disclosure officer. This training product can be used to instruct international military students from all approved countries without restrictions.

Supporting Reference(s):

Step Number	Reference ID	Reference Name	Required	Primary	Source Information
	ATP 3-21.10	Infantry Rifle Company	Yes	No	
	ATP 3-90.1	Armor and Mechanized Infantry Company Team	Yes	Yes	

Conditions: The company is conducting operations in a live training environment independently or as part of a battalion or larger force. The company receives an operation order (OPORD) or fragmentary order (FRAGORD) to conduct a raid. Indirect fire and close air support (CAS) are available. The company is conducting operations at night in a dynamic and complex operational environment against a hybrid threat. All personnel and equipment are available. The company has communications with higher, adjacent, and subordinate elements. The company has guidance on the rules of engagement (ROE).

Dynamic Operational Environment: Requires three or more operational and two or more mission variables change during the execution of the assessed task.

Complex Operational Environment: Requires changes to four or more operational variables impact the chosen friendly course of action (COA)/ mission.

Hybrid Threat: Diverse and dynamic combination of regular forces, irregular forces, and criminal elements all unified to achieve mutually benefiting effects. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP 4.

Standards: The company conducts a raid according to ATP 3-90.1, the order, and the higher commander's guidance. The company temporarily seizes an area in order to secure information, confuses an enemy, captures personnel or equipment, or destroys a capability culminating in a planned withdrawal. The company complies with the ROE.

The rifle and armor company (ABCT) has 7 of 9 (75%) of the company's leaders and 80% of the Soldiers present at training against the company's authorized strength. The company attains 80% on performance measures, 100% on critical performance measures, and 85% on leader performance measures achieving a T (fully trained).

Note: The rifle and armor company (ABCT) leaders are the commander, executive officer, first sergeant, platoon leader (x3), and platoon sergeant (x3).

Live Fire: No

Objective Task Evaluation Criteria Matrix:

Plan and Prepare			Execute					Assess		
Operation Environme	al ent	Training Environment (L/V/C)	Leaders Present at Training/Required	Present at Training/Required	External Eval	Performance Measures	Critical Performance Measures	Leader Performance Measures	Evaluator's Observed Task Proficiency Rating	Commander's Assessment
		n A							ă	
Dynamic and Complex (4+ OE	Night	live training envi	750/	000/	Yes	000/	A.II	050/	Т	Т
Variables and Hybrid Threat)	ght	ronment is required constructive training events to 6	>=75%	>=80%	es	>=80%	All	>=85%	T-	T-
Dynamic		A live training environment is required for external evaluation of this task and to achieve a T task assessment. The constructive training environment can be used during crawl and walk training events to enhance follow-on live training.	60.740/	60 700/		65-		75- 84%	Р	Р
Dynamic (Single Threat)	Day	on of this task and t e used during crawl /e training.	60-74%	60-79%	No	65- 79%	<all< td=""><td>84%</td><td>P-</td><td>P-</td></all<>	84%	P-	P-
Static (Single Threat)		o achieve a T task and walk training	<=59%	<=59%		<=64%		<=74%	U	U

Remarks: None
Notes: None

Safety Risk: Medium

Task Statements

Cue: The company receives an OPORD or FRAGORD to conduct a raid.

DANGER

None

	WARNING	
None		
	CAUTION	
None		

Performance Steps and Measures

NOTE: Assess task proficiency using the task evaluation criteria matrix.

NOTE: Asterisks (*) indicate leader steps; plus signs (+) indicate critical steps. STEP/MEASURE GO NO-GO N/A Plan 1. The company gains and maintains situational understanding using available communications equipment, maps, intelligence summaries, situation reports (SITREP), and other available information sources. Intelligence sources include human intelligence, signal intelligence, and imagery intelligence teams, including unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) and unattended ground sensors. + 2. The commander receives the mission to conduct a raid and begins execution of troop leading procedures (TLP) as follows (refer to task 71-CO-5100, Conduct Troop Leading Procedures): a. Company leaders issue a warning order, which includes the following: (1) General location of the raid. (2) Initial task organization. (3) Initial operational timeline. (4) Reconnaissance to initiate. (5) Movement to initiate. (6) Planning and preparation instructions including planning timeline. (7) Commander's critical information requirements (CCIR). b. The commander conducts mission analysis that focuses on the directed mission, enemy forces and their capabilities, terrain and weather effects, troops available, time available to execute the operation, and civil considerations (METT-TC) and develops the plan, to include: (1) Conducts mission analysis as follows: (a) Utilizes and disseminates intelligence products on the location, disposition, composition, and orientation of both the objective and the defending enemy. (b) Determines the most likely and most dangerous courses of action. (c) Determines the enemy scheme of maneuver. (d) Determines information requirements. (2) Plans and conducts reconnaissance as follows: (a) Develops a reconnaissance plan that supports answering the information requirements. (b) Conducts necessary reconnaissance tasks as early as possible to support the information collection plan. (c) Utilizes all assigned or available reconnaissance assets and-_1_ Identifies a tentative objective rally point (ORP). _2_ Identifies routes to and from the ORP and objective area. _3_ Identifies likely enemy avenues of approach to ensure isolation of the objective. 4 Identifies tentative support by fire and assault positions that meet the higher commander's intent for the raid. _5_ Identifies tentative dismount and mount points. (3) Determines organization of forces: (a) Plans and coordinates with higher headquarters (HQ) for enabling assets (engineers, scouts, medics, sustainment, UAS, and so forth), as required. (b) Determines organization of the raid elements: Command element. _2_ Security element. _3_ Support element. _4_ Assault element. (c) Identifies special teams, as necessary this may include: Breach. _2_ Demolition. _3_ Enemy prisoner of war. _4_ Aid and litter. (4) Plans raid operations to include: (a) Receives information provided by reconnaissance and refines the plan, as necessary. (b) Develops a plan for each phase of the raid: _1_ Phase I - Insertion or infiltration. _2_ Phase II - Isolation, objective area sealed off. _3_ Phase III - Surprise attack.

4 Phase IV - Objective seized and task accomplished.

(c) Designates withdrawal sequence of the raid force elements.

5 Phase V - Withdrawal.

(d) Plans rally points for the company to assemble during movement, to prepare for attack, and to assemble after the mission is complete and when the force is ready to conduct their planned exfiltration.		
(e) Plans dismount points prior to the objective.		
(f) Plans remount points after seizing the objective.		
(g) Develops contingency plans for contact before and after actions on the objective.		
(h) Plans abort criteria for the raid based on the CCIR:		
1 Criteria may include loss of personnel, equipment, or support assets, and changes in the enemy situation.		
2 Abort criteria is normally identified within each phase of the operation.		
(5) Develops the fire support plan that nests with higher HQ fire support plan to include:		
(a) Plans integration of CAS and Army attack aviation, such as attack weapons teams or scout weapons teams.		
(b) Plans the use of echeloned indirect fires that best achieves the desired effects.(c) Confirms target locations and attack guidance.		
(6) Develops graphic control measures that provide the flexibility required to respond to changes in the situation and allow company leaders to rapidly maneuver combat power at the decisive point, this includes the following:		
(a) Actions at each phase of the raid.		
(b) Direct fires throughout the operation.		
(c) CAS and fire support throughout the operation.		
(d) Enabler support throughout the operation.		
(7) Plans protection as follows:		
(a) Plans for survivability that supports maneuvering forces to the point of assaulting the objective.		
(b) Plans to employ organic chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear detection kits to maximize protection across the company.		
(c) Maximizes the overall tactical mobility and firepower of the Abrams Main Battle Tank and the Bradley Fighting Vehicle to rapidly position combat power.		
(8) Plans sustainment for the following:		
(a) Consumption and resupply of Class I, III, V, and Class VIII supplies.		
(b) Casualty evacuation (CASEVAC) and medical evacuation (MEDEVAC).		
(c) Operating in a degraded communications environment.		
(d) Equipment recovery and repair requirements.		
(e) Resupply plan for routine and emergency situations.		
c. The commander provides the higher commander with a consolidated fires and graphics control plan.		
d. The commander integrates risk management throughout TLP.		
+ 3. The commander issues the OPORD.		
* 4. The commander conducts confirmation briefs with subordinates immediately after issuing the OPORD to ensure subordinates understand the commander's intent, specific tasks, the concept of the operation, and the relationship between their mission and the other units' mission in the operation.		
Prepare	•	
* 5. Company leaders take the following preparations to conduct a raid:		
a. Conducts a backbrief with the battalion commander or S-3 prior to rehearsals, if necessary.		
b. Conducts rehearsals (refer to task 07-CO-5009, Conduct a Rehearsal) to include the following:		
(1) Actions on enemy contact.		
(2) Infiltration.		
(3) Actions on the objective.		
(4) Withdrawal from the objective area.		
c. Conducts precombat checks and inspections.		
d. Supervises subordinates TLP and continues priorities of work.		
e. Finalizes coordination with supporting units and higher HQ, as required.		
f. Issues FRAGORDs, as necessary, to address changes to the plan identified during reconnaissance and rehearsals.		
Execute		
+ 6. The company executes the raid as follows:		
a. Conducts insertion or infiltration and tactical movement to the ORP.		
b. Secures and occupies the ORP according to the OPORD or unit standard operating procedure.		
c. The commander and the reconnaissance element conducts the leader's reconnaissance and—		
(1) Issues a contingency plan to the ORP leadership.		
(2) Forms a security element for the reconnaissance party.		
(3) Pinpoints the objective area.		
(4) Establishes security at the objective area.		

(5) Confirms the enemy's size, location, composition, and disposition.			
(6) Determines where the enemy is most vulnerable to attack and where the support element can			
best place fires in the objective area.			
(7) Selects security, support, and assault positions.			
(8) Selects support by fire positions for the Abrams Main Battle Tank and the Bradley Fighting Vehicle.			
(9) Selects dismount and remount points.			
(10) Selects primary and alternate covered and concealed routes to and from all positions and the			
ORP.			
(11) Verifies and updates intelligence information.			
(12) Leaves a surveillance team to observe the objective area and issues a contingency plan.			
(13) Returns to the ORP undetected.			
d. The commander adjusts the plan based on updated intelligence and reconnaissance effort to			
include:			
(1) Updates the enemy situation.			
(2) Assigns security, support, and assault positions.			
(3) Designates dismount and remount points.			
(4) Designates control measures at the objective area.			
(5) Designates withdrawal routes back to the ORP.			
(6) Designates a security element to stay in the ORP.			
(7) Allows time for platoon leaders to disseminate any modifications to the plan.			
e. The security element leader moves the security element from the ORP and occupies their			
positions and—			
(1) Departs the ORP and moves tactically to designated security positions.			
(2) Secures the flanks of the objective area by—			
(a) Providing detection and early warning of enemy approach.			
(b) Blocking enemy avenues of approach into the objective area.			
(c) Preventing enemy escape from the objective area.			
(3) Ensures the occupation and establishment of the position was undetected by the enemy.			
(4) Informs the commander when the positions are established.			
(5) Maintains communications with the commander.			
f. The support and assault element leaders move their elements from the ORP and occupy their			
positions, when the security elements are in position, or on the commander's order and— (1) Paperts the ORB and mayor testically to their designated positions.			
(1) Departs the ORP and moves tactically to their designated positions.			
(2) Ensures the occupation and establishment of their position was undetected by the enemy.			
(3) Informs the commander when their positions are established.			
(4) Maintains communications with the commander.			
+ 7. The company assaults the objective mounted as follows:			
a. Employs indirect fires to isolate portions of the objective area, to obscure enemy element, and to screen the movement of friendly elements.			
b. Surprises the enemy.			
c. Support element, with the Abrams Main Battle Tank and the Bradley Fighting Vehicle, increases			
the volume and accuracy of fires to suppress and destroy enemy vehicles and fighting positions. Employs			
CAS and attack aviation, as needed.			
d. Breach team conducts initial breach of obstacles, if required.			
 e. Assault element in Bradley Fighting Vehicles commences firing and advances toward the objective. 			
f. Support element shifts or lifts fires as assault element moves onto the objective.			
g. Bradley Fighting Vehicles assault onto the objective by conducting fire and maneuver.			
h. Assault element dismounts from vehicles and continues actions on the objective.			
i. Achieves the intent of the raid.			
j. Assault element remounts vehicles on the objective prior to withdrawal.			
+ 8. The company assaults the objective dismounted as follows:			
a. Assault element dismounts vehicles at the designated dismount point and move into their assault			
position.			
b. Employs indirect fires to isolate portions of the objective area, to obscure enemy element, and to			
screen the movement of friendly elements.			
c. Surprises the enemy.			
d. Support element, with the Abrams Main Battle Tank and the Bradley Fighting Vehicle attached, increases the volume and accuracy of fires to suppress and destroy enemy vehicles and fighting			
positions. Employs CAS and attack aviation, as			
needed.			
e. Breach team conducts initial breach of obstacles, if required.			
f. Support element shifts or lifts fires as assault element moves beyond the obstacle, if required.			
g. Support element shifts or lifts fires as assault element moves onto the objective	ı l	l	

h. Assault element assaults onto the objective by conducting fire and maneuver. i. Achieves the intent of the raid.	b. Assembly also and assembly sets the advantage by a deadless from the deadless of the sets of the se		
	n. Assault element assaults onto the objective by conducting fire and maneuver.	-	
O. The account element ecoupies decignated defensible positions to complete actions on the chicative	i. Achieves the intent of the raid.		
as necessary:	The assault element occupies designated defensible positions to complete actions on the objective, necessary:		
a. Completes seizing and destroying equipment, detaining prisoners, liberating friendly forces, or conducting sensitive site exploitation.			
b. Treats and prepares casualties for movement off the objective.	b. Treats and prepares casualties for movement off the objective.		
c. Conducts a hasty reorganization on the objective, redistributing ammunition and manning key weapons systems for the withdrawal.			
10. The elements withdraw from the objective in the sequence designated in the OPORD to a predetermined covered and concealed position away from the objective area, as follows:	0. The elements withdraw from the objective in the sequence designated in the OPORD to a determined covered and concealed position away from the objective area, as follows:		
a. Support element covers the assault element movement off the objective employing direct and indirect fires, as necessary.			
b. Assault element remounts vehicles at designated remount point, if raid was conducted dismounted.			
c. Security element covers the exfiltration of both the assault and support elements to the ORP or other designated point.			
d. Security element then withdraws on order, or on a planned signal or event to the ORP or other designated point.			
e. The commander submits updated SITREP to the higher HQ.	e. The commander submits updated SITREP to the higher HQ.		
Assess	sess		
* 11. The commander conducts a follow through, reinforces, and supports success of the raid by—	1. The commander conducts a follow through, reinforces, and supports success of the raid by—		
a. Continuously monitoring the raid to collect relevant information.			
b. Evaluating progress toward attaining end-state conditions, achieving objectives, and performing tasks, as necessary.	b. Evaluating progress toward attaining end-state conditions, achieving objectives, and performing		
c. Directing adjustments to ensure that operations remain aligned with the higher commander's intent.			
d. Receiving updates on the location and status of all elements, to include attachments.	d. Receiving updates on the location and status of all elements, to include attachments.		
12. The company consolidates and reorganizes as necessary (refer to task 07-CO-5037, Conduct Consolidation - Company and task 07-CO-5082, Conduct Reorganization - Company):	2. The company consolidates and reorganizes as necessary (refer to task 07-CO-5037, Conduct solidation - Company and task 07-CO-5082, Conduct Reorganization - Company):		
a. Conducts consolidation as follows:	a. Conducts consolidation as follows:		
(1) Eliminates enemy resistance, if being pursued from objective area.	(1) Eliminates enemy resistance, if being pursued from objective area.		
(2) Establishes 360-degree security.	(2) Establishes 360-degree security.		
(3) Secures enemy prisoners of war (EPW) and detainees.	(3) Secures enemy prisoners of war (EPW) and detainees.		
(4) Prepares for enemy counterattacks.	(4) Prepares for enemy counterattacks.		
b. Conducts reorganization as follows:	b. Conducts reorganization as follows:		
(1) Provides essential medical treatment and arranges for CASEVAC and MEDEVAC, as needed.	(1) Provides essential medical treatment and arranges for CASEVAC and MEDEVAC, as needed.		
(2) Treats and evacuates wounded EPW and detainees.	(2) Treats and evacuates wounded EPW and detainees.		
(3) Processes EPWs and detainees.	(3) Processes EPWs and detainees.		
(4) Cross-levels personnel and adjusts task organization when necessary to support the next phase or mission.			
(5) Conducts resupply operations, as needed.	(5) Conducts resupply operations, as needed.		
(6) Redistributes ammunition and other supplies.	(6) Redistributes ammunition and other supplies.		
(7) Conducts recovery and maintenance, as needed.	(7) Conducts recovery and maintenance, as needed.		
* 13. The commander reports the company's status and continues operations according to the order and the higher commander's guidance.	3. The commander reports the company's status and continues operations according to the order and		

Task Performance Summary Block									
Training U	Jnit				ITER	ATION			
			1	2		3			4
Date of Training p	er Iteration:								
Day or Night T	raining:	Day	/ Night	Day	/ Night	Day /	Night	Day /	Night
		#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Leaders Authorized	% Leaders Present								
Total Soldiers Authorized	% Soldiers Present								
Total Number of Performance Measures	% Performance Measures 'GO'								
Total Number of Critical Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'								
Live Fire, Total Number of Critical Performance Measures	% Critical Performance Measures 'GO'								
Total Number of Leader Performance Measures	% Leader Performance Measures 'GO'								
MOPP LE	VEL								
Evaluated Rating T, T-, P, P	Evaluated Rating per Iteration T, T-, P, P-, U								

Mission(s) supported: None

MOPP 4: Sometimes

MOPP 4 Statement: None

NVG: Sometimes

NVG Statement: None

Prerequisite Collective Task(s): None

Supporting Collective Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
2.	07-CO-3036	Integrate Indirect Fire Support - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
2.	71-CO-5100	Conduct Troop Leading Procedures	71 - Mission Command (Collective)	Approved
2.	07-CO-3027	Integrate Direct Fires - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
6.	07-CO-3000	Conduct Support by Fire - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
6.	07-CO-1342	Conduct Tactical Movement - Company	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved

OPFOR Task(s):

Task Number	Title	Status
71-CO-8507	OPFOR Execute Defense of a Complex Battle Position	Approved

Supporting Individual Task(s):

Step Number	Task Number	Title	Proponent	Status
	061-COM-1000	Adjust Indirect Fire	061 - Field Artillery (Individual)	Approved
	071-410-0010	Conduct a Leader's Reconnaissance	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	071-420-0005	Maneuver a Dismounted Platoon/Section	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	071-420-0008	Conduct Mounted Movement by an Infantry Platoon	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	071-420-0009	Conduct Dismounted Movement by an Infantry Platoon	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	071-420-0011	Maneuver a Mounted Platoon	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	071-720-0006	Establish a Patrol Base or Objective Rally Point	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	071-COM-0502	Move Under Direct Fire	071 - Infantry (Individual)	Approved
	113-000-1017	Communicate in a Radio Net	113 - Signal (Individual)	Approved
	150-LDR-5012	Conduct Troop Leading Procedures	150 - Mission Command (Individual)	Approved
	171-300-0038	Conduct a Raid	171 - Armor (Individual)	Approved
	171-COM-4079	Send a Situation Report (SITREP)	171 - Armor (Individual)	Approved

Supporting Drill(s):

Step Number	Drill Number	Drill Title	Drill Type	Proponent	Status
		React to Direct Fire Contact While Mounted - Rifle Platoon	Battle Drill	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
	07-PLT-D9508	Establish Security at the Halt - Platoon	Battle Drill	07 - Infantry (Collective)	Approved
	17-PLT-D8005	React to Direct Fire Contact While Mounted - Platoon	Battle Drill	17 - Armor (Collective)	Approved

Supported AUTL/UJTL Task(s):

Task ID	Title
ART 7.6.2.3	Conduct a Raid

TADSS

TADSS ID	Title	Product Type	Quantity
17-291	Close Combat Tactical Trainer (CCTT) Fixed Site Installation	DVC	1

Equipment (LIN)

LIN	Nomenclature	Qty	
No equipment specified			

Materiel Items (NSN)

NSN	LIN	Title	Qty
No materiel items specified			

Environment: Environmental protection is not just the law but the right thing to do. It is a continual process and starts with deliberate planning. Always be alert to ways to protect our environment during training and missions. In doing so, you will contribute to the sustainment of our training resources while protecting people and the environment from harmful effects. Refer to the current Environmental Considerations manual and the current GTA Environmental-related Risk Assessment card.

Safety: In a training environment, leaders must perform a risk assessment in accordance with current Risk Management Doctrine. Leaders will complete the current Deliberate Risk Assessment Worksheet in accordance with the TRADOC Safety Officer during the planning and completion of each task and sub-task by assessing mission, enemy, terrain and weather, troops and support available-time available and civil considerations, (METT-TC). Note: During MOPP training, leaders must ensure personnel are monitored for potential heat injury. Local policies and procedures must be followed during times of increased heat category in order to avoid heat related injury. Consider the MOPP work/rest cycles and water replacement guidelines IAW

current CBRN doctrine. .