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## 2018 年 3 月 31 日托福口语回忆和解析

江林竹 整理点评

Task1	
考题回忆	学校在偏远地区的好处或坏处有哪些？
话题分类	地点/事件类
解题思路	<p>这题考察的是谈论学校位置以及及对学生的影响。其实类似的题目出现过，例如 Some people prefer living in a big city. Other people prefer living in the countryside, away from urban areas. Which do you think is better?</p> <p>优点缺点，只需根据自己的情况选择其中一项进行回答即可。如果时间充裕、思路丰富，可以两方面都回答。说完理由后别忘了结合个人经历，用事例充实答案。</p> <p>优点：</p> <p>1. 安静的环境，有利于学生专心学习。大城市的干扰太多，容易分心。</p> <p>缺点：</p> <p>1. 实习、工作机会少，不利于毕业后的就业。</p>
参考范文	<p>In my opinion, one advantage is that universities in rural areas provide a peaceful environment, which is definitely beneficial to college students. There are fewer entertainment places, such as night clubs, game centers. So students can concentrate on school works. On the contrary, students in big cities are easily distracted since there are just too many temptations around. For example, it is not uncommon to find students who stay up late in clubs partying every, week nights too. They can't pay attention and sleep in class. On the other side, one disadvantage is that there are just few job opportunities, which puts graduates in an unfavorable condition.</p>
录音	范文配有录音
Task 2	
考题回忆	同不同意：父母应该让孩子尽早接触电脑和其他电子设备。
话题分类	事件

解题思路	关于孩子使用电子设备的使用的利弊，这个话题也不算新鲜。我们可以从类似的题目中找到思路，例如 Computer have improved our lives while others think computers have caused problems, what is your opinion ? /Some people believe that television has had a positive influence on society. Others believe it has had a negative influence on society. Which do you agree with and why? 同意： 电子设备能辅助学习，快速、方便、高效。 电子设备在社会中已被广泛运用，孩子越早学会就能越早适应社会生活。 不同意： 孩子还小，缺乏自制力，容易被游戏等其他功能吸引，沉溺其中。 使用时间过长，对视力造成伤害。	
参考范文	I disagree with the statement that parents should let children use the computers or other electronic devices as early as they can. It is because children usually lack self- control. Even though most parents want children to use electronic devices as study aids, children are easily addicted to entertainments, such playing computer games, watching movies or chatting online. Moreover, staring at electronic devices for too long definitely does harm to their health, especially eyesight. For examples, my seven-year old nephew has wear glasses because he plays smartphone games every day. He even screams when his parents try to stop him.	
录音	范文配有录音	
Task 3		
考题回忆	阅读部分	学校通知 下学期改成 students take course evaluation online，在期末进行 好处是： 1 最后一节课很匆忙,期末的时候很忙，online evaluation 节约时间。 2 教授可以 receive quickly.出成绩比 paper 快。
	听力部分	学生态度 女的不同意 理由： 1 最后一周很忙，学生可能会忘记参加 evaluation。他们有 paper exam 要做，

		如果和之前一样用纸质版的他们必须要在教室做这样更有效 2 unnecessary, 因为教授可以在假期 check, 三个月的暑假, 他们可以处理 before new semester。
话题分类	学校计划	
解题思路	使用“学校通知”的模板： (学校)The university decides to.../ announces that... First, ... Second, ... (But,) the man/woman in the conversation (dis)agrees with the decision/ announcement. First, the man/woman says that... Second, ...	
参考范文	The university announces that from next semester students will take course evaluation online in the end of the semester. First, online evaluation saves time. Second, professors can receive it more quickly. But the woman in the conversation disagrees with university's plan. First, the last week is usually very busy. students may forget to take online evaluation. now they have paper exams. if they do paper evaluation as before, they need to do it in class. it's more effective. Second, it is unnecessary. Professors don't need to get results so quickly. They can check the evaluation during vacation. The summer vacation has 3 months. They can deal with it before new semester.	
录音	范文配有录音	
Task 4		
考题回忆	阅读部分	【名词解释】 influencer marketing, 让一些人宣传自己的产品就会让更多的人来买。一种销售策略
	听力部分	【教授举例】 让一小部分的人先免费体验商品, 然后宣传影响更多的人去买。 一个家具公司请了 100 个人, 他们专注家具, 有的写自己的博客和网站,



		让他们看他们的新椅子，让他们来问问题，拍拍照，然后他们回去就写文章 po 照片在博客上，别人看到了就会买。
话题分类	商业	
解题思路	根据模板,先解释阅读定义，再概述听力教授的例子。 According to the reading passage, XX is ... In the listening, the professor takes one example to explain it.	
参考范文	According to the reading passage, influencer marketing is a strategy of marketing. Ask some influential people to advertise the products and the bring more people to buy. In the listening, the professor takes one example to explain it. A furniture company invited 100 people, who specialize in furniture. Some of them have their own blogs and websites. The company let them they look at new chairs, ask questions and take photos. Then they went back to write articles and post photos on blogs. When other people see these blogs and websites, they want to buy the products.	
录音	范文配有录音	
Task 5		
考题回忆	【学生困难】 女生有一门课的复习课没去，朋友去了。朋友给她复习资料，但是给错了,发成另外一堂课的笔记，她发 e-mail 给朋友但是没回复， 【解决方案】 1. 去图书馆找这个朋友，要一份正确的复习资料。但是朋友可能不在图书馆。会浪费时间。 2. 女生通过自己的笔记复习，但是笔记不全面。	
话题分类	学习问题	
解题思路	先说 problem，再说两个 solution。选择其中一个。说 1 个正面的理由，1 个不想另一个 solution 的理由。 The woman has a problem... There are two possible solutions to the problem. First, .... Second, ... Personally, I prefer the....solution.	

	<p>First, ....</p> <p>Second, ....</p>
参考范文	<p>The woman has a problem. She missed a review class. Her friend sent review notes to her. But it was another class's notes. She sent an e-mail to the friend but no reply yet.</p> <p>There are two possible solutions to the problem. First, she can go to the library to find the friend. Second, she can review her own class notes.</p> <p>Personally, I prefer the first solution.</p> <p>First, her own notes are not complete. If she only reviews her own class notes, she may not be well-prepared for the exam.</p> <p>Second, if the friend is in the library, the woman can solve the problem immediately. Even if her friend is not in the library, it's better than just waiting for a reply.</p>
录音	范文配有录音
Task 6	
考题回忆	<p>动物的两种冬眠方式。</p> <p>第一种是固定时间的冬眠，因为有生物钟，例子：松鼠，固定时间找食固定时间冬眠。</p> <p>第二种是根据气候环境来决定是否冬眠，例子是 pocket mouse（囊鼠），如果环境好，食物充足可能就不冬眠了。</p>
话题分类	生命科学-动物学
解题思路	<p>先概述讲座主题，再解释分论点和例子</p> <p>In the lecture, the professor mainly talks about ...</p> <p>First, .... For example, ...</p> <p>Second, .... For instance, ...</p>
参考范文	<p>In the lecture, the professor mainly talks about two kinds of animal's hibernation.</p> <p>First, some animals hibernate at a fixed time, because of their internal biological clock. For example, squirrels seek food at a certain time and then hibernate at a certain time.</p> <p>Second, some animals decide whether to hibernate according to the climate and environment. For instance, pocket mouse. If the environment is nice and there is enough food, they may not hibernate at all.</p>

录音	范文配有录音
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## 2018 年 3 月 31 日托福写作回忆和解析

宋丹 整理点评

### 权威点评

独立是一道三选一的旧题，在 2016 年考过。三选一题目并不常见，但是环境类题目非常常见，是很常规的题目，一般上课一定会作为重点来讲，所以对于环境的措施学生应该有语料库的准备。但是这道题目来说，要注意 local community 的限定。综合写作是道新题目，近年没有考过，但是里面的原因点和反驳点，包括语言都跟生物入侵类的非常一样，是属于加了新概念但是考点不变的题目，并不难。

### 综合写作

话题分类	自然科学	
考题回忆	总论	一种 hooligan 小鱼减少的原因
	阅读部分	1. 障碍阻止 females 产卵，同时调整大坝的时间 2. catching and redesign the nets to catch the shrimps 3. 多养殖 krill，减缓 food competition
	听力部分	1. temporary 调整 only hatch in spring 2. the shrimp are not sensitive 3. add more food like krill into rivers by humans
解题思路	这是一道猜测原因的题目，阅读提出三种原因，听力逐一反驳。这对听力要求比较高，因为三者之间都是新的论点。但是这道题目虽然新，却不是新的考点，在 TPO15, 20 等相似的生物入侵类题目，都有完全一样的表述和原因。	

参考范文	<p>According to the passage three main factors lead to the declining number of hooligan fish while the professor contradicts the statement with the argument that all of these three reasons can be solve, for the reason that the evidences presented by the author are not convincing.</p> <p>First, in response to assertion presented by the passage that barriers block females to lay their eggs, the professor holds a completely different explanation that temporary adjustment can be effective because hooligans only hatch in spring, so we can let more water go through dams to carry more sands and gravel.</p> <p>In addition, contradictory to the theory in the passage that fishers use nets to capture shrimps, by which hooligans will be caught by accident in this way, the professor claims that redesigning the nets to catch shrimps only can solve this problem.</p> <p>Third, it is stated in the passage that food competition results in the decreasing of hooligan fish, while professor demonstrates a different idea that adding more food like Krill, which is the common food the Pacific hake and hooligan both share can release the foot competition.</p>
独立写作	
话题分类	环境
考题回忆	<p>People in communities can make decisions that protect and improve the natural environment. Which one of the following three actions is most useful for people to do if they want to help the local community environment and why:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Plant trees and create parks</li> <li>● Persuade local shops to stop providing plastics bags to customers</li> <li>● Increase access to public transportation to reduce the number of automobiles on local roads</li> </ul>



<p>解题思路</p>	<p>这道题目是常规的环境类措施题目，要选一个来写。但是学生可以比较三个选项分出孰优孰劣，用对比论证的方法来写，由于给出的话题很常规，给出的三个点也比较详细，可选的余地非常大，所以比较好写。</p>
<p>参考范文</p>	<p>Stepping into the human-oriented era, people pay more attention to their living environment, especially natural living environment. If we believe that the whole green world relies on the all walks of life's efforts, we must be aware of that our community and local environment tend to be more associated with our own and individual's concerning who belong to this certain community. Among various methods to deal with issue of protecting and improving our local natural environment, three main ones are frequently mentioned, among which I give priority to plant more trees and create more parks within our community.</p> <p>Obviously, planting trees and creating more parks can directly perfect the green rate of this community, lowering the air pollution and acting as a natural fence and buffer strip for noise pollution. As we all know, in modern new and advanced construction design idea, the central park and green land have been the indispensable part for living community for the majority of residents regard it as a not only public activity area but also their private protection homeland. It can effectively divide the living zone with the noisy and air-polluted main road, working center or even factories, protecting their living field and promising it relatively quite and clean. Better still, if all communities can carefully devote to producing and advancing their community environment, the whole local natural environment can be promoted naturally, contributing to a better society for all residents.</p> <p>Additionally, compared with other two alternatives, planting and creating parks is the proper method, which is practical for community residents and easy to see the effect immediately. The method of persuading local shops to stop providing plastics bags to customers is hard to practice for the reason that business rely on their benefits and pursue profits. So it is hard for most money-driven business to sacrifice their profits for the sake of environment. This highly relies on their awareness of protecting environment and their</p>

moral level. The other method by increasing access to public transportation to reduce the number of automobiles on local roads apparently depends on the governments' policy and practice force, which community individuals have no power or right to implement this kind of action. On the contrary, the only effective method we, as ordinary citizens and community dwellers, can do is to plant more trees and followers in our community, making it protection park for our natural environment.

To summarize, the best choice and most effective method we can do for natural environment in our local community is to plant more trees and create more parks.

### 2018 年 3 月 31 日托福阅读回忆和解析

#### 权威点评

3 月最后一场的阅读共出现 ABCD 四套试卷。ETS 在第一季度已出 42 篇新题，所以基本可以确定 2018 上半年的出新力度还是比较大的，而新题通常又比老题难，整体上难度会增加，希望考生夯实基础，弱化技巧性做题。

Passage one	学科分类	题目
	生物（植物）	Orchid can secrete a smell to attract male bee
内容回忆	<p>植物散发出味道类似雌虫吸引雄虫帮自己传粉。</p> <p>第一段讲了有的植物靠花蜜为虫子提供食物来吸引pollinator，但也很多植物散发雌虫的味道，吸引雄性pollinator。</p> <p>兰花waxy coat—开始的作用是protection and waterproofing (此处出了一道题，问那个作用是什么，答案是防水)，后来基因偶然变异使得其闻起来像雌虫。然后许多植物就可以不再用花蜜吸引pollinator了，这样可以save energy (此处出</p>	

	题了)。	
参考阅读	TPO22 Passage1 <i>Spartina</i>	
Passage two	学科分类	题目
	自然科学	Early Research in Organic Chemistry
内容回忆	<p>在18世纪，化学被分为无机化学和有机化学，有些科学家支持这种分类，但有些不支持，因为有机化学超出了在实验室里所研究的传统化学物质的范畴。有机化学和无机化学相比，一直进展缓慢，成绩寥寥。整篇文章主要分析有机化学进展缓慢的原因：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1)有机物在自然状态下一般混合存在，难以提纯；</li> <li>2)虽然使用蒸馏法可提纯有机物，但无法避免被提纯的有机物是由高温蒸馏产生的嫌疑，而并非真正原本存在的有机物；</li> <li>3)有机物分子量大，结构及其复杂，不好破解。</li> </ol>	
参考阅读	TPO16 Passage2 Development of Periodic Table	
Passage three	学科分类	题目
	地理	The vadose zone and its structure
内容回忆	<p>地下水上面有一层 vadose （渗流的）土层，土层有三层。</p> <p>世界每个地方的土层都不一样（此处有题）， surface, subsoil, and substrata, substrata这层是永久被水浸润的，因为泥土的吸力把水吸上来（此处有题），然后吸力与地心引力相平衡，水一直都是样多的。</p> <p>还讲到地表水进到土里，在土里待很久才下去变成地下水，期间它会蒸发到河里。</p>	

参考阅读	TPO1 Passage1 Groundwater	
Passage four	学科分类	题目
	能源	British Industrialization (加试)
内容回忆	<p>工业革命率先在英国发生，因为森林被开垦成农场了，煤更便宜大家都开始用煤取暖。然后英国开始出口，然后煤在地表的用完了，挖煤不容易，因为有groundwater，为了开采发明了一个机器，好处在glass制造方面等等，还说了蒸汽机一开始很浪费被瓦特改进以后很大程度上推动纺织业发展，spin wheel转的快了，loom也不用人了。</p>	
参考阅读	TPO18 Passage1 Industrialization in the Netherlands and Scandinavia	
Passage five	学科分类	题目
	社会科学 (人口)	Population Revolution in Eighteenth-Century Europe
内容回忆	<p>第一段说明欧洲从美洲引进了新的食物——土豆，政府支持大范围种植以以此为经济和军事发展所需的劳动力提供粮食。</p> <p>第二段说当地农民改善作物使用，农具以及畜牧业的养殖方法使得农业发展非常繁荣。</p> <p>第三段说经济的迅速发展使得欧洲人口大增，从188million——400million。第四段说人口暴增打破了传统出生率和死亡率的平衡。第五段说健康充分的食物以及传染病的减少使新生儿数量增多，从而增加了更多劳动力从事生产。但其中死亡率的降低是维持人口增长的主导因素。</p>	
参考阅读	TPO48 Passage1 Chinese Population Growth	

## 2018 年 3 月 31 日托福听力回忆和解析

Conversation 1	
话题分类	论文作业场景
内容回忆	生物老师跟女生聊天。老师说她最近的 quiz 做的不好。女生说她知道的都答了，想问老师最近一个作业为什么给分低。老师说因为答案不够完整。老师问她的学习方法，女生说有找 tutor。老师又问是否有课前准备，她说很忙没时间。聊天过程还问了女生几个题，女生都是能列举但是不记得细节。老师说，生物不是只记住现象，要理解为什么和现象导致了什么结果。
参考听力	TPO47 conversation2
Conversation 2	
话题分类	工作场景
内容回忆	女生找实习。她询问实习要求和需要的相关经验，选拔的严格程度。工作人员跟相关经验没关系，那个实习截止了。女生说不是下个月才截止吗？工作人员这才发现女生想申的是夏季的实习，还以为是春季的。工作人员说他不能做决定，夏季要求高。女生强调，我是生物专业学生，有实力。工作人员建议她写一个 cover letter 把这些东西写进去。女生又问值不值得申请，工作人员说可以试试。女生问还要准备什么，工作人员说找个教授写个推荐信，填好申请表。
参考听力	TPO40 conversation2
Conversation 3	
话题分类	学习规划场景



内容回忆	学生和俄语教授。学生刚从俄罗斯回来，教授问他怎么样。他说他在图书馆读了很多文献。刚开始沟通有问题，但是到最后就好很多了。然后他想退掉哲学课，因为太难了。他想上教授教的 19 世纪俄国文学课，虽然他知道这个课已经满了，问教授有没有什么可能。教授说，今天早上刚有两个学生退课，但是修这个课，必须之前修过中级课程，有挑战性。学生说，他很尊敬一个 19 世纪的俄国小说家，写了 100 多篇短篇小说，还是个医学家，所以想听这个课。
参考听力	TPO48 conversation2
Conversation 4	
话题分类	学习规划场景
内容回忆	男生要换掉两门课，因为下学期四门课全要交论文。老师想让他修德语，因为他之前学过，但是男生说那都是高中了。他想修拉丁文，因为同学也在那个班。他还说想学习高数，但高数要求学过三年高中数学和另一个课程，男生不满足要求。
参考听力	TPO23 conversation2
Lecture 1	
话题分类	生物类
内容回忆	教授问，世界上最大的 organ 是什么？学生说真菌，蘑菇是其中一种。教授接着介绍了某个地区的一个大型植物。讲它是怎么生存的。给了一个根系的图，解释这个植物可以从树里面吸取养分。那个同学问，你怎么知道它是一个植物，它长在地下？教授说了两个原因：一、从不同的树提取了它的样本做了一个实验，如果来自同一株植物，它们就会长在一起。二、验了 DNA。然后又有同学问那为什么只有一个呢？为什么没有其他植物或者竞争者，教授说因为环境干燥食物不够，影响繁衍。
参考听力	TPO42 lecture3
Lecture 2	
话题分类	艺术
内容回忆	摄影。老师觉得摄影既是 documentary 也是 art。然后说了一下摄影技术出现的细节。同时绘画也变得越来越不追求现实主义。最初摄影是为了原原本本地记录，人们现在会修图上色改背景了。这是一种创造所以也是一种艺术。

参考听力	TPO3 lecture2
Lecture 3	
话题分类	材料学
内容回忆	新型塑料可以自己复原。分两种：一种分三个过程，再撕裂后先相互识别，然后发生化学反应，最后修复完成。留下像疤的痕迹。同一个地方只能修复一次。第二种有很多层次，也分三个阶段。教授说这个反应还需要改进，比我们想要的慢很多。而且距离民用还太远，因为这种材料很贵。以后可能会用在卫星的制造上，取决于这种塑料的寿命长短。
参考听力	TPO44 lecture1
Lecture 4	
话题分类	天文学
内容回忆	木星的两个卫星。教授先讲每天经过的两个人造卫星，引出 Jupiter 的两个卫星，Calisto 和 Ganymede。c 是木星的第四大卫星。探测器飞到 c，发现 c 不太一样。教授把 c 和水星做了对比：两个大小差不多。c 内核是冰的，而不是金属和岩石。人造卫星绕 c 飞行，发现 c 的引力不能让人造卫星维持其正常轨道，所以发现了它内核不一样。c 离太阳很远，气温都在零下 145 度以下，所以能维持冰的状态。不像地球的冰，c 的冰层和岩石一样坚硬。科学家意料之外的是，c 的地质组成没有分化，没有地和地幔。
参考听力	TPO30 lecture3
Lecture 5	
话题分类	人类学
内容回忆	1. 讲第一群踏上美国土地的人。他们从亚洲过去的。学生问为什么他们在亚洲呆了好多年才去美国。教授说因为那个时候是大冰期，天气寒冷，他们没法远行。但是教授说这是传统的假设。现在有了新的假设，人们在美国发现了更久之前的人类。化验 DNA 发现和亚洲的 DNA 有关系。这说明这里的祖先早在“第一群人”之前就已经来到了美国。科学家认为缺乏其他证据。但教授觉得即使没有其他证据，只有 DNA 证据就足够支撑这个假设。

参考听力

TPO41 lecture2



### 宋丹

- ✧ 主教托福、雅思、SAT、GRE、GMAT、AP 等多个考试和科目；
- ✧ 爱丁堡大学硕士毕业；英语专业八级；从事多年培训教育工作，曾在各大知名培训机构任职，均取得良好的教学口碑，擅于应对各类学生，针对性教学。
- ✧ 非常热爱文学，自己坚持深度阅读和写作，也以终生学习，并以激发学生学习和热爱阅读为己任，坚信以身作则才能不断提高，真的热爱和专业的素养最有感染力。



### 江林竹

- ✧ 教育背景:英国华威大学硕士，TOEFL 听力满分，阅读 29 分。拥有 5 年英语教学经验。
- ✧ 授课风格:条理清晰，专业严谨。针对不同学生的薄弱环节制定灵活的教学方案，辅以科学的教学方法。帮助学生提高英语及自身的英语能力和功底，使学生更好地适应国外留学生活。



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