

# Proposal: Verification test for Euler traveling vortex in libCEED

**Leila Ghaffari**

University of Colorado Boulder

*Leila.Ghaffari@colorado.edu*

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# Overview

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# Introduction to libCEED



- The CEED API library
- The focus is High-order FEM
- Provides a portable algebraic interface, hence applicable for other numerical methods
- Includes optimized implementations for CPU and GPU
- Includes library examples
  - Fluid Mechanics (Navier-Stokes and Shallow Water)
  - Solid Mechanics (Elasticity)



# Description of Technical Tasks

## Euler Equations

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{U} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial \mathbf{U}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left( \frac{\mathbf{U} \otimes \mathbf{U}}{\rho} + P \mathbf{I}_3 \right) &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left( \frac{(E + P)\mathbf{U}}{\rho} \right) &= 0\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

$\rho$  = Volume Mass Density

$\mathbf{U}$  = Momentum Density,  $\mathbf{U} = \rho \mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{u}$  = the vector velocity field

$E$  = Total Energy Density,  $E = \rho e$  and  $e$  = Total Energy

$P$  = Pressure

$$P = (\gamma - 1) \left( E - \rho \frac{\mathbf{U} \cdot \mathbf{U}}{2} \right)\tag{2}$$

$$\gamma = c_p / c_v$$

# Description of Technical Tasks

## Exact Solutions

$$\mathbf{u} = \bar{\mathbf{u}} + \delta \mathbf{u}$$

$$T = \bar{T} + \delta T$$

where  $\bar{\rho} = 1$ ,  $\bar{P} = 1$ , and  $\bar{\mathbf{u}} = (1, 1, 0)$  represent the mean flow

$$(\delta u_1, \delta u_2) = \frac{\epsilon}{2\pi} e^{0.5(1-r^2)} (-\bar{y}, \bar{x}), \quad (3)$$

$$\delta T = -\frac{(\gamma - 1)\epsilon^2}{8\gamma\pi^2} e^{1-r^2} \quad (4)$$

$(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = (x - x_c, y - y_c)$  ,  $(x_c, y_c)$  = Center of the Domain

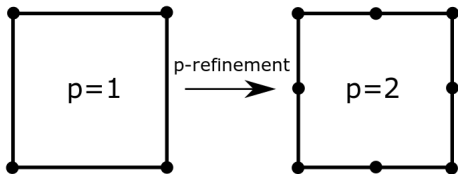
$$r^2 = \bar{x}^2 + \bar{y}^2$$

$\epsilon$  = Vortex strength

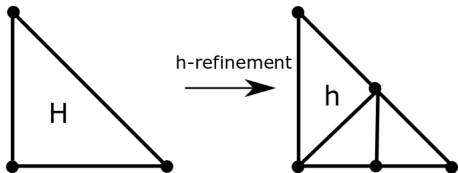
# Description of Technical Tasks

## Verification Test

$\| \text{Exact Solution} - \text{Numerical Result} \| @ p$



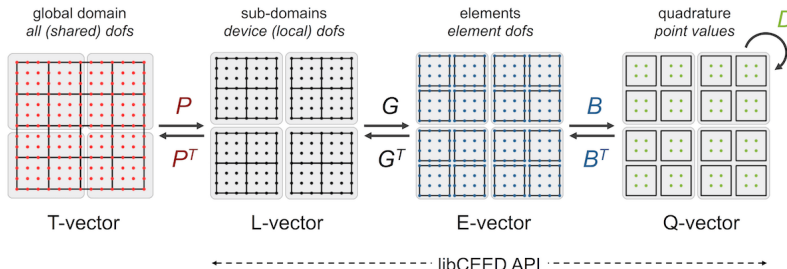
$\| \text{Exact Solution} - \text{Numerical Result} \| @ h$



# Description of Risks



$$A = P^T G^T B^T D B G P$$



Currently, PETSc lacks proper periodic BCs  
and this might affect the **accuracy** and **stability**  
of the results.

# Question

