

$$\Gamma_n = \frac{a}{2\pi\hbar |R_p|} |\phi_n^\infty(0, \omega)|^2$$

$$\phi_n(0, \omega) = \frac{R_p K_p}{2\pi a} \vec{p} \cdot \vec{u}_n e^{-2K_p z_0} \quad |14/02/23$$

$$\vec{u}_n = \left(\frac{K_{n,n}}{\sqrt{K_p^2 - K_{n,n}^2}}, 1, \frac{i K_p}{\sqrt{K_p^2 - K_{n,n}^2}} \right)$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{2K_p^3}{\hbar} |\vec{p}|^2 \frac{\text{Im}\{G_{\text{self}}\}}{K_p^3} \quad (1)$$

$$G_{\text{self}} = \begin{bmatrix} G_{||} & & \\ & G_{||} & \\ & & G_{\perp} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G_{||} = \frac{1}{2} \int dK_{||} K_{||}^2 r_{K_{||}p} e^{-2iK_{||}z_0}$$

$$G_{\perp} = 2G_{||}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma_n &= \frac{a}{2\pi\hbar |R_p|} \cdot \frac{|R_p|^2 K_p^2}{4\pi^2 a^2} (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{u}_n) (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{u}_n^*) e^{-4K_p z_0} \\ &= \frac{R_p K_p^2}{8\pi^3 \hbar a} (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{u}_n) (\vec{p} \cdot \vec{u}_n^*) e^{-4K_p z_0} \quad (2) \end{aligned}$$

$$K_{n,n} = \frac{\omega}{c} + \frac{2\pi n}{a}$$

$$K_p \gg \frac{\omega}{c}$$

$$(1): \frac{1}{[\hbar]} \cdot [G] = \frac{1}{E \cdot T L^3}$$

OK

$$(2): \frac{[K_p]^2}{[\hbar][a]} = \frac{1}{E T L^3}$$

$$2K_p^3 \sim \sum_n \frac{R_p K_p^2}{8\pi^3 a} |\vec{u}_n|^2$$

$$K_p \sim \sum_n \frac{R_p}{16\pi^3 a} |\vec{u}_n|^2$$

$$\sim \frac{R_p}{16\pi^3} \left(\frac{1}{a} \sum_n |\vec{u}_n|^2 \right)$$

$$\sim \frac{R_p}{16\pi^3} \cdot \frac{1}{a} \sum_n \left(1 + \frac{K_{n,n}^2 + K_p^2}{K_p^2 - K_{n,n}^2} \right)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \phi^{\text{dip}} &= \sum_n \int \frac{dk_y}{2\pi a} e^{i\vec{K}_{||n} \cdot \vec{R}} \tilde{\phi}_p^{\text{dip}}(\vec{K}_{||n}) \\ &= \sum_n \phi_n^\infty(0, \omega) \end{aligned}$$

$$E^{\text{dip}} = -\vec{\nabla} \phi^{\text{dip}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{E}_n = -\sum_n \int \frac{dk_y}{2\pi a} i\vec{K}_{||n} e^{i\vec{K}_{||n} \cdot \vec{R}} \tilde{\phi}_p^{\text{dip}}(\vec{K}_{||n})$$

$$\phi_n^\infty \propto e^{i\vec{K}_p \cdot \vec{R}}$$

$$E^{\text{dip}} = -\vec{\nabla} \phi^\infty$$

$$\sim -i\vec{K}_p \phi^\infty$$

$$\Rightarrow |E|^2 \rightarrow K_p^2 |\phi_n^\infty|^2$$

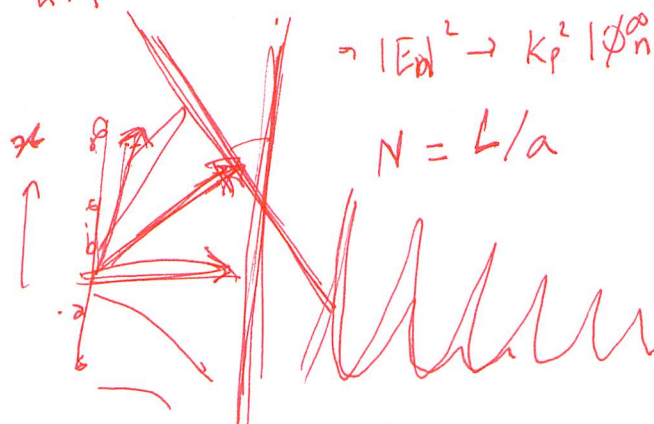
$$N = L/a$$

$$\Rightarrow \Gamma = \frac{I_p}{\hbar \omega} = \frac{1}{\hbar \omega} \cdot \frac{1}{R_p} \frac{\omega \lambda_p^2}{(2\pi)^3} |E_0|^2 = \frac{|E_0|^2}{\hbar R_p 2\pi K_p^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow |E_0|^2 = |\phi_n^\infty(0, \omega)|^2 K_p^2$$

$$K_{n,n} = K_p \cos(\theta_n)$$

$$K_p^2 \sin^2(\theta) \rightarrow K_p \cdot \sqrt{K_p^2 - K_{n,n}^2}$$



$$(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma})(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma})$$

$$= (p_x \sigma_x + p_y \sigma_y + p_z \sigma_z) (p_x \sigma_x + p_y \sigma_y + p_z \sigma_z)$$

$$= |p_x|^2 |\sigma_x|^2 + |p_y|^2 |\sigma_y|^2 + |p_z|^2 |\sigma_z|^2 + \dots$$