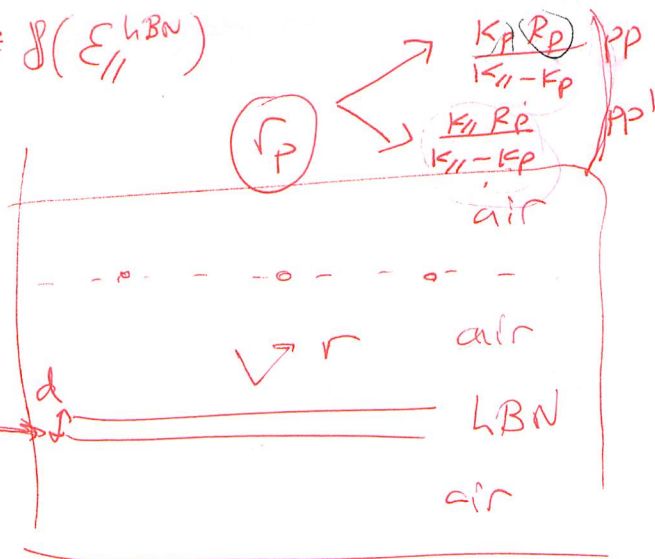
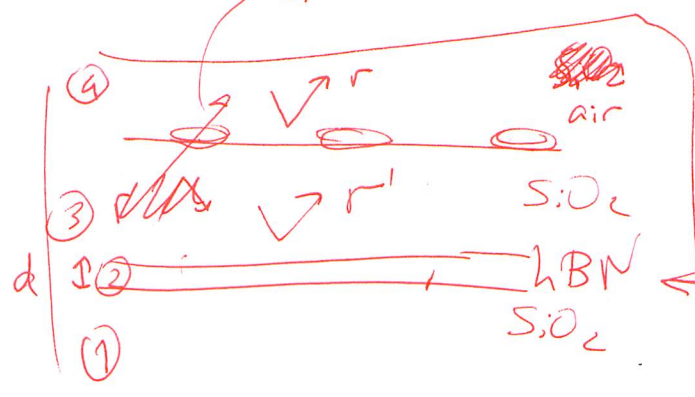


7/02/2023

$$2D \rightarrow \sigma_{2D} = \delta(\epsilon_{||}^{hBN})$$



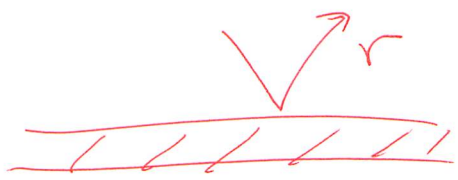
$$r' = r^{32} + \frac{t^{32} r^{21} t^{23} e^{2i k_{z2} d}}{1 + r^{21} r^{23} e^{2i k_{z2} d}}$$

$$r = r^{34}$$

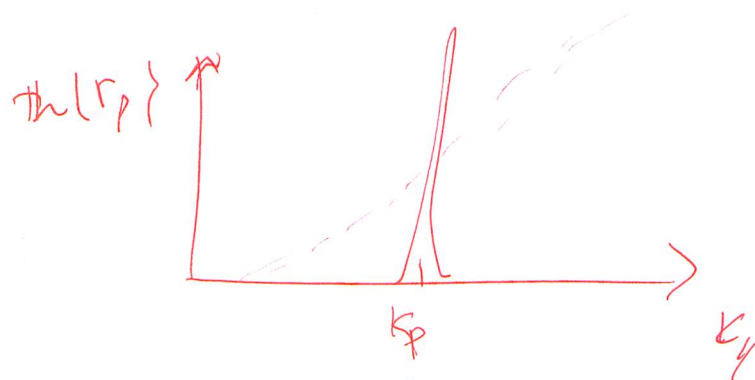
$\checkmark r$

$$r_p \approx \frac{k_p R_p}{k_{||} - k_p}$$

#370  $r^{21}, r^{23}$  for hBN



$$r_p \approx \frac{k_p R_p}{k_{||} - k_p} \approx \frac{k_p R_p}{k_{||} - k_p}$$



$$\int d k_{||} F(k_{||}) r_p$$

$$\approx \int d k_{||} F(k_p) r_p$$

$$W = \omega_p$$

$$\text{Im}(\alpha) = \frac{3 \epsilon}{2 \kappa^3}$$

$$\alpha = i \text{Im}(\alpha)$$



$$G_{nn} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty dk_{||} k_{||}^2 \underbrace{r_p(k_{||})}_{\text{PP}} e^{-2k_{||}z_0}$$

$$k_p = k_p' + i k_p''$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2} R_p k_p \int_0^\infty dk_{||} \frac{k_{||}^2}{k_{||} - k_p} e^{-2k_{||}z_0} \right]$$

$$\approx \frac{R_p k_p}{2} \text{P.V.} \int_0^\infty dk_{||} \frac{k_{||}^2}{k_{||} - k_p'} e^{-2k_{||}z_0} - i \pi \frac{R_p k_p}{2} k_p^2 e^{-2k_p z_0}$$

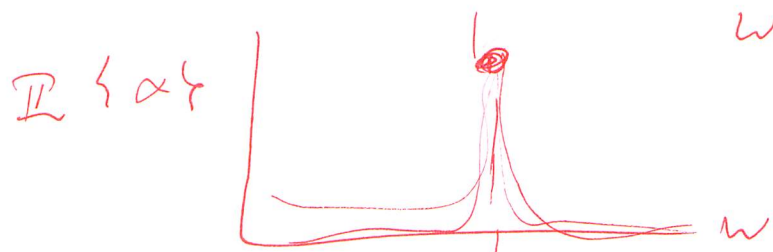
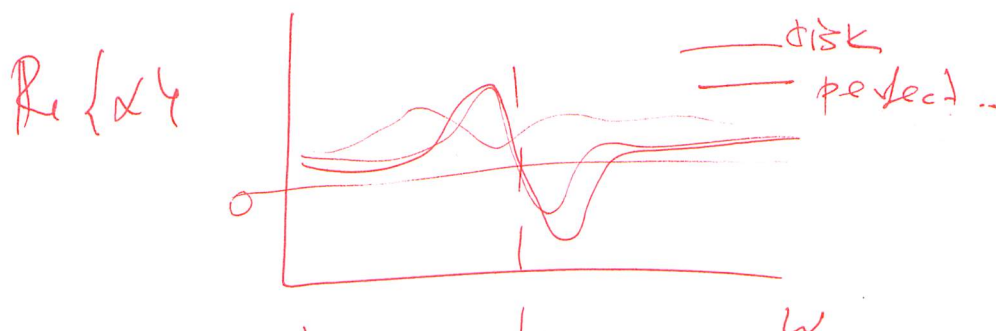
$$G(r_p) \xleftrightarrow{K_V} G(r_p^{\text{PP}}) \xleftrightarrow{\checkmark} G_{nn}$$

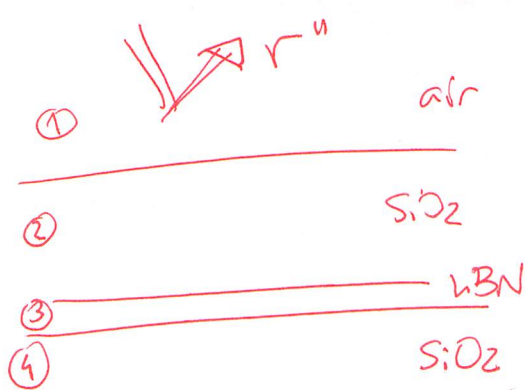


$$d=0 \quad \text{Re} \{ G \}$$

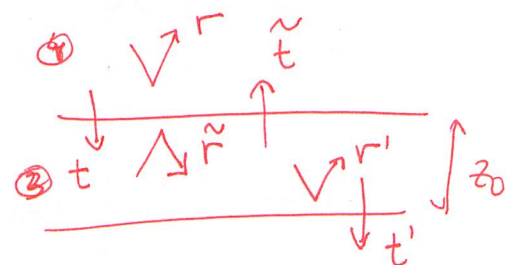
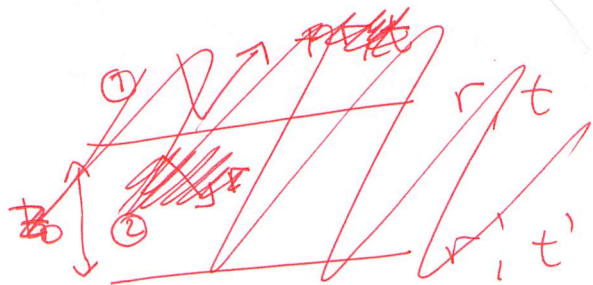
$$d>0$$

$$r_p \longrightarrow r_p^{\text{PP}}$$





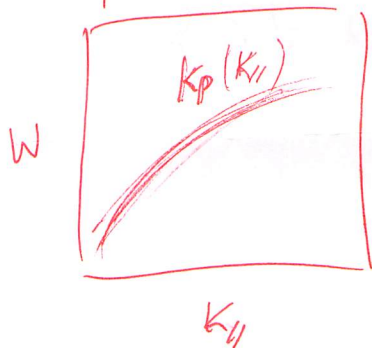
$\equiv$



$$r'' = r + \frac{t r' \tilde{t} e^{2ik_{z3}d}}{1 + r' \tilde{r} e^{2ik_{z3}d}}$$

Poles:  $\underbrace{1 + r' \tilde{r} e^{2ik_{z3}d}}_{F(K_{||}, \omega)} = 0 \Rightarrow \text{PP. Approx.}$

$$1/\text{Im}\{F(K_{||}, \omega)\}$$



$\rightarrow \text{If } \text{Re}\{r_P\} \neq \text{Re}\{PP\} = \text{Re}\{PP'\}$

PP: or for  $d \rightarrow 0$ .

PP can be used for  $\text{Im}$ .

$\text{Re}$  must be calculated numerically

$\rightarrow \text{If not } \dots$