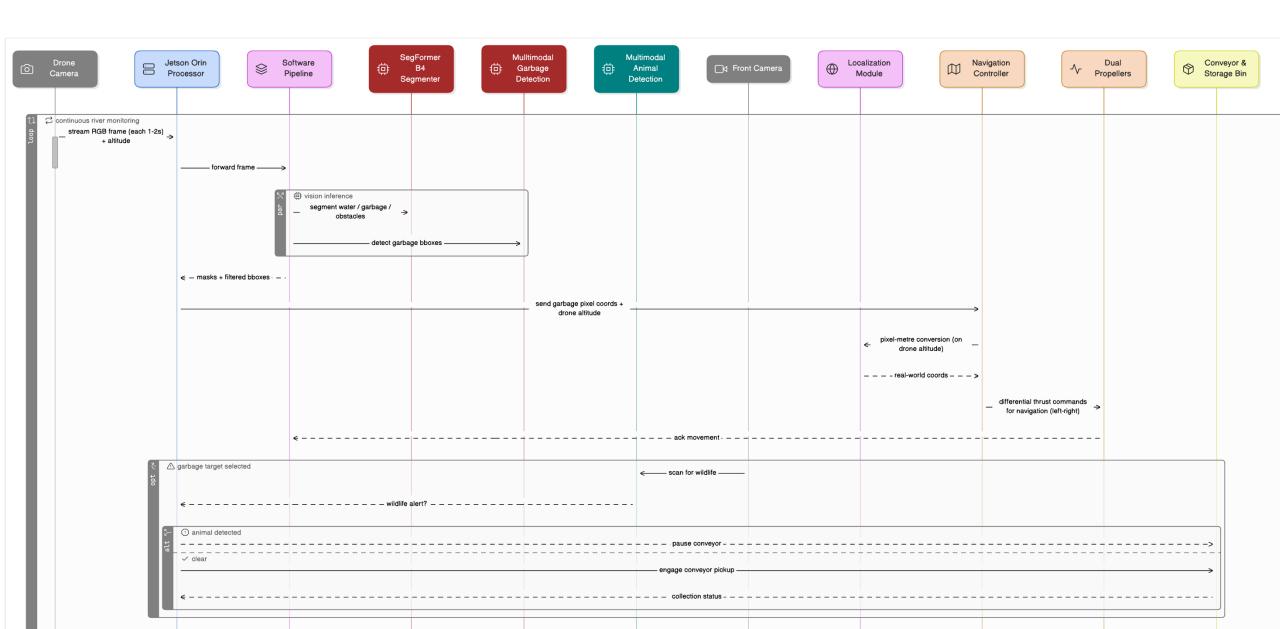
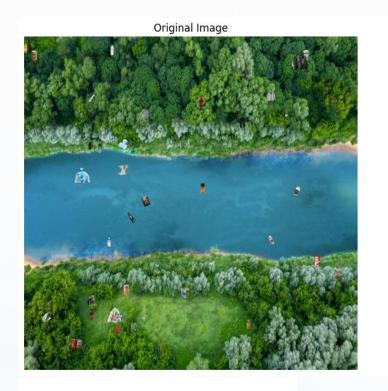


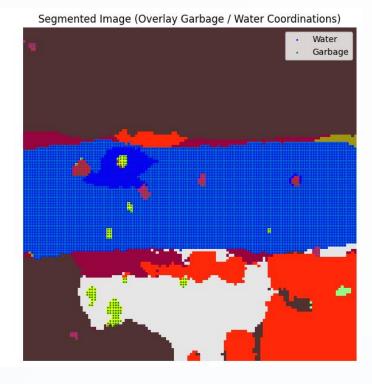
## **Operation Workflow**



# Segmentation

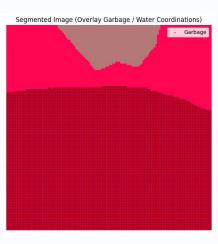
- •Model: nvidia/segformer-b4-finetuned-ade-512-512
- •Detects: Water, Garbage, Trees, Sand, Structures





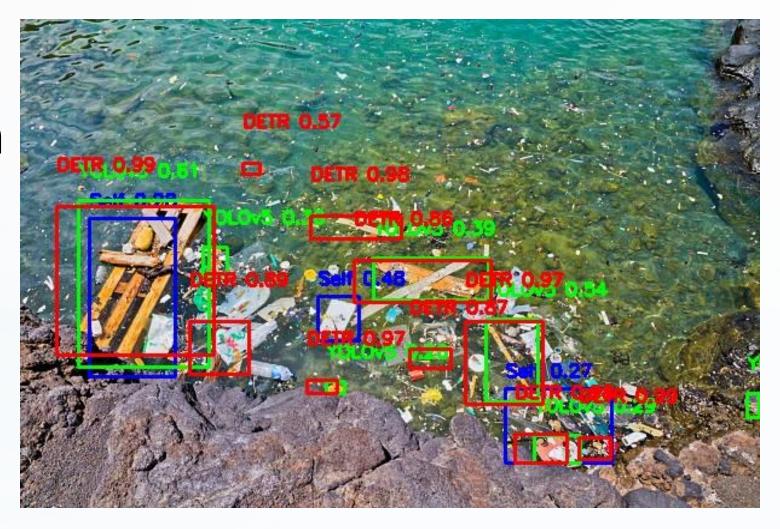






# **Garbage Detection**

- YOLOv11l (self-trained)
- > YOLOv5 (CNN)
- DETR (Transformer-based)



YOLO+DETR multimodal system is well-designed architecture (Fahim Rustamy, PhD, 2023)

## Navigation

### **Debris Removal**

Debris only flagged as collectable collectable in movable zones



A\* +KNN reduces total path by path by 22% over baseline BFS BFS (Cui et al., 2017)



A-star algorithm f(n) = g(n) + h(n)

- f(n): is the estimated cost of the path from the starting node to the goal node through node n.
- $\bullet \quad$  g(n): is the actual cost of the path from the starting node to node n.
- h(n): is the heuristic estimate of the cost from node n to the goal node. In Manhattan heuristic, this is calculated as h(n) = |x1 - x2| + |y1 - y2|.

### **Deployment Stage**

Apply mathematical program localizing pixel to meter-based coordination

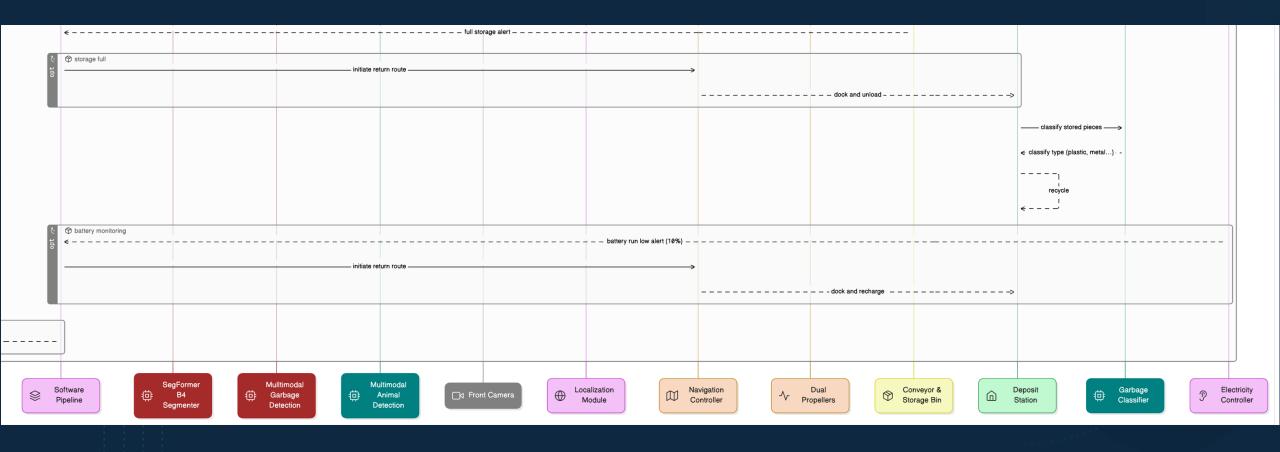
with drone's altitude.

$$D = rac{H \cdot \sqrt{(x-x_c)^2 + (y-y_c)^2} \cdot s}{f \cdot R}$$

- H: Drone altitude (meters)
- f: Focal length of camera (mm)
- s: Sensor height or width (mm)
- R: Image resolution height or width (pixels)
- (x,y): pixel coordinates of the detected object
- (xc,yc): pixel coordinates of the image center



## Retrieval Trigger Mechanism



## Wildlife Detection

#### **Model Stack:**

- •YOLOv8n → mammals and birds (80+ COCO classes)
- •Fish model → small fish in garbage areas
- •Bird model → birds perched on floating debris

#### **Control Behaviour:**

- •Frames with any valid detection halt conveyor pickup
- •Resume only when clear updated each frame

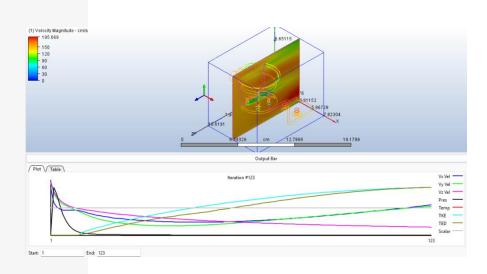




## Sonar Sensor: Underwater Detection







## Blue Robotics Ping Sonar Altimeter and Echosounder

• Submergible waterproof sensor

• Range: 0.5 - 30 m

• Beam angle: 30 degrees

#### **CFD Simulation:**

 Water speed: 1.5 m/s - modelled from observed storm water speeds in area

#### **CFD Hydrodynamic Flow Results:**

- Smooth, laminar flow
- Negligible turbulence over sensor
- Total force: < 1N
- Flow does not interfere with sonar performance

## **Runtime Performance**

### Hardware:

- •Jetson Orin 64 GB (35W TDP)
- Drone video streaming service

### **Metrics**:

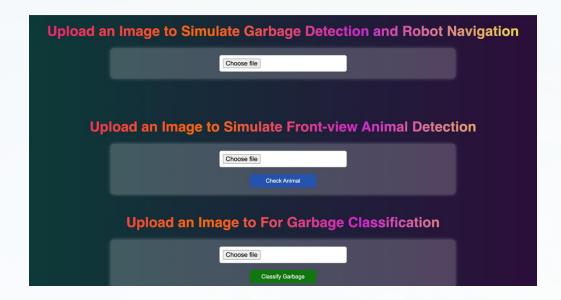
•Segmentation: ~40 ms

•Detection: ~35 ms

•Total processing: < 100 ms per frame

### Simulation

- Simulating full software pipelines on web-inference.
- 10 FPS video streaming (H.264)





Access Web Simulation at: https://binkhoale1812-sall-egarbagedetection.hf.space/ui

## **Recycle Classifier**

Post-collection, we leverage a **YOLOv8s classifier** (custom trained on 10 distinct garbage categories) to enable precise waste segregation, driving efficient recycling and greener downstream processing.

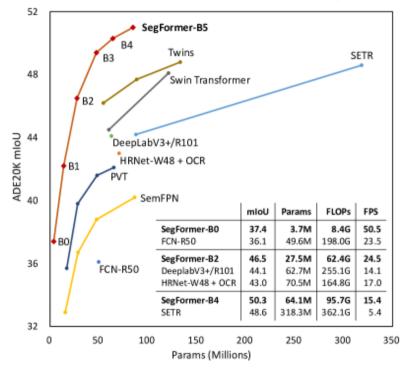
### Key Implementation:

- Model Stack: Custom-trained YOLOv8s waste classification.
- Outcome: Model return with 97% accuracy on test-set while stay minimizing with 3-4% loss.
- Impact: Critical for automating recycling workflows and reducing environmental harm.



## **Software Deliverables**

SegFormer-B4 achieves 50.3% mIoU (max 84.0%) on ADE20K only with 64M parameters, proving performance under terrain variation (NVIDIA 2021).



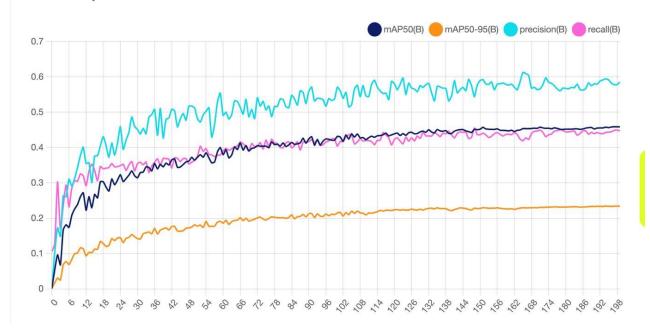
### **Garbage Classification**

- ~92% across10 distinct garbage categories.
- Maximum accuracy reaching 97%.

### **Navigation Success**

96% average successful collection rate across 10 simulation tests





- Under complex environment, custom-trained reaches 60% percision with stabilized mAP indicate low false positive and overfitting.
- Multimodal detection architecture reutns 91–93% accuracy on test-sets.

