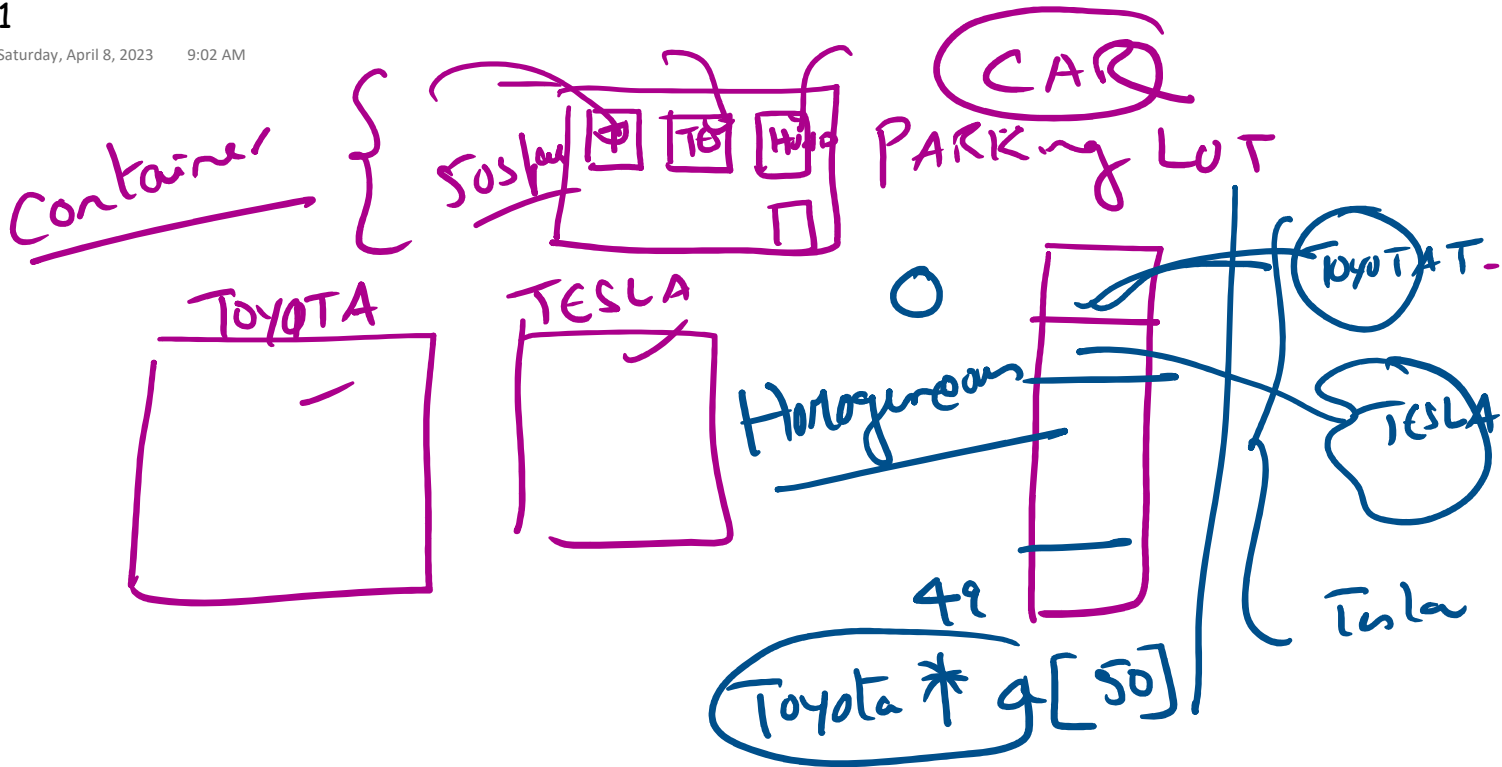


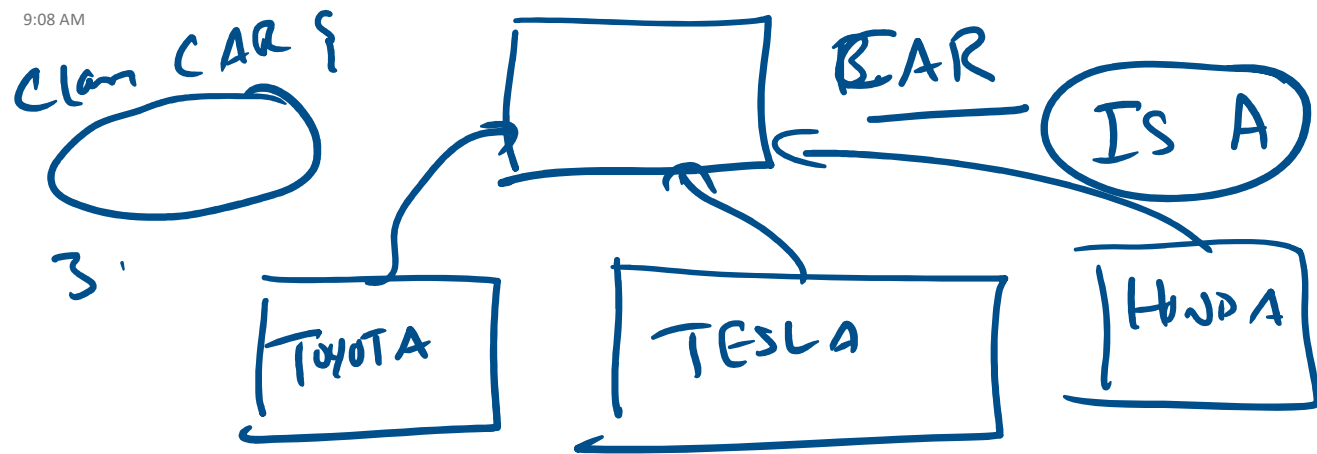
# C++ 13

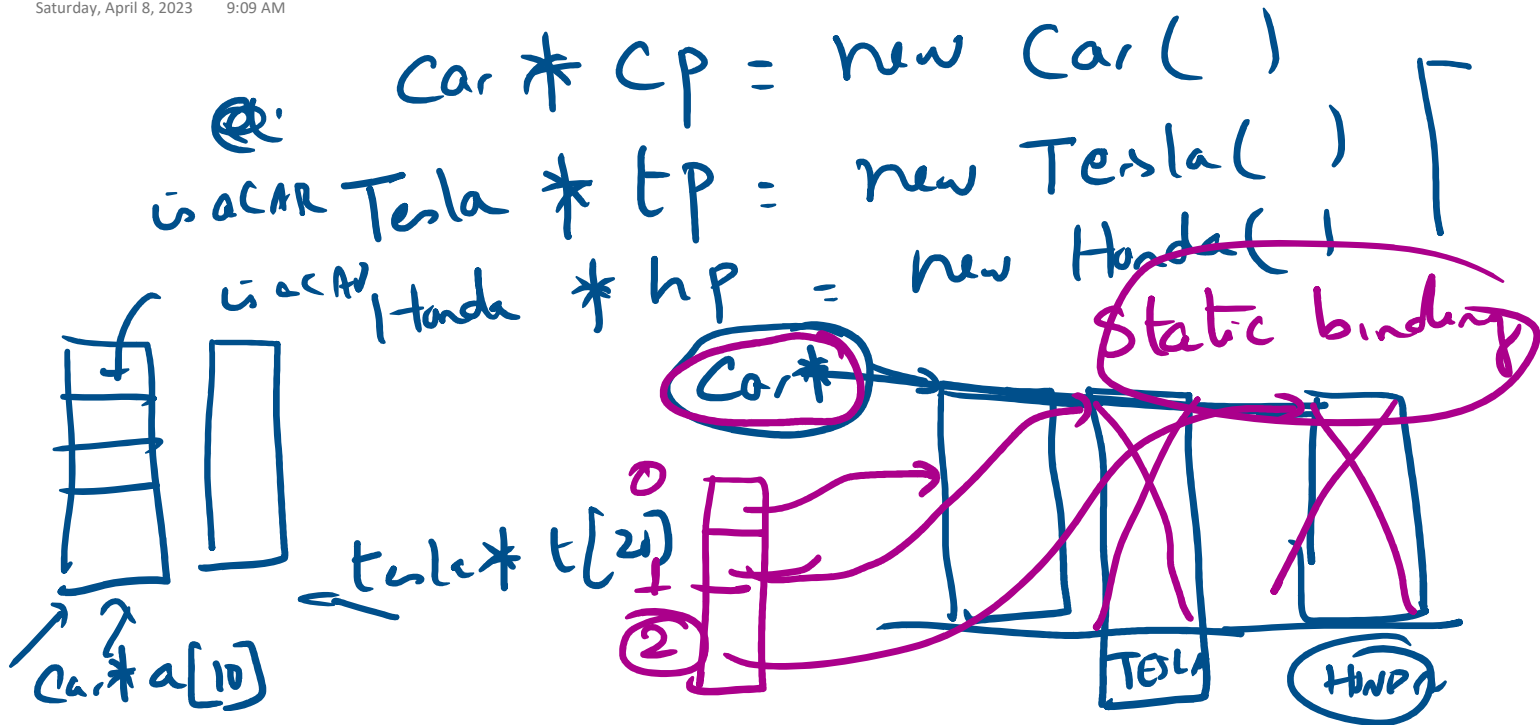
Friday, April 7, 2023 8:06 PM

C++

1. April 8
2. April 15
3. April 22 FINAL EXAM







```
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& o, const cs32exam& s) {
    const exam& e = s;
    o << e;
    o << s._examname << " " << s._project << " ";
    return o;
}
```

o << e:

cs32exam c("bob", "Hw1", 25, 85, 95);

cout << c << endl



e = s;

C++

STL

```

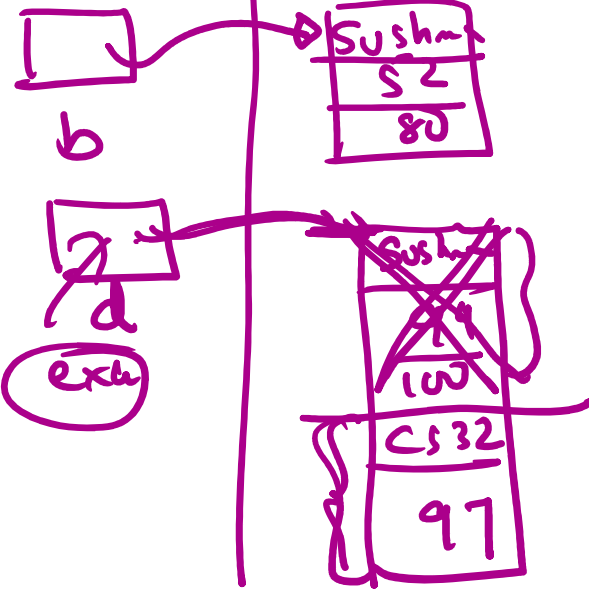
static void test4() {
    cout << "-----test4-----\n" ;
    exam* b = new exam("sushma", 52, 80) ;
    cout << "b << endl ;
    exam* d = new cs32exam("sushma", "cs32", 99, 100, 97) ;
    cout << "d << endl ; /* static binding */
    b->who_am_i() ;
    d->who_am_i() ;
    d->exam::who_am_i() ;
    delete b ;
    delete d ;
}

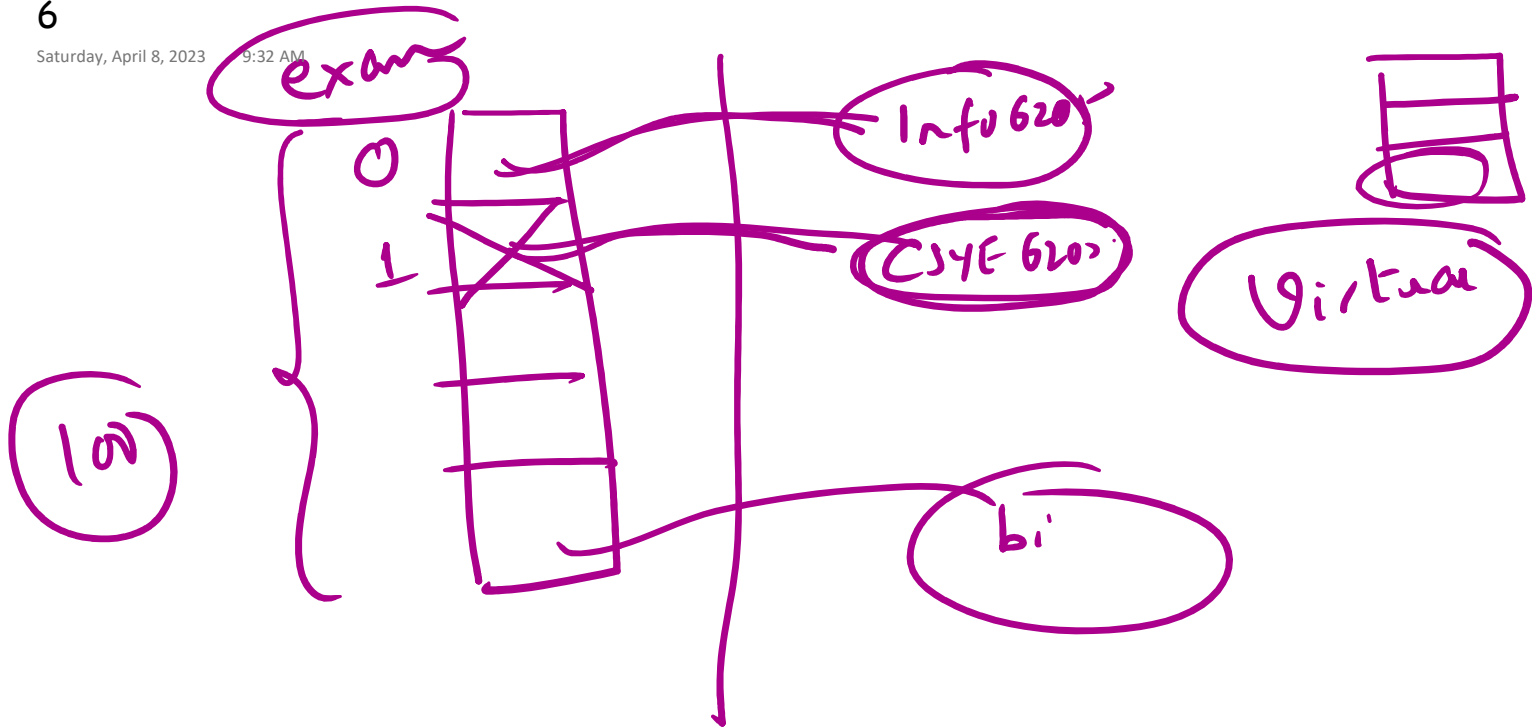
```

\*CS32 exam\*

STACK

Heap





## Dynamic binding and Polymorphism

```

class animal {
public:
    animal() {cout << "animal constructor\n";}
    virtual void who_am_i() { cout << "I am an animal\n" ; }
    virtual ~animal() {cout << "animal destructor\n";}
};

class dog:public animal {
public:
    dog() {cout << "dog constructor\n";}
    void who_am_i() { cout << "I am a dog\n" ; }
    ~dog() {cout << "dog destructor\n";}
};

class cat:public animal {
public:
    cat() {cout << "cat constructor\n";}
    void who_am_i() { cout << "I am a cat\n" ; }
    ~cat() {cout << "cat destructor\n";}
};

class lion:public animal {
public:
    lion() {cout << "lion constructor\n";}
    void who_am_i() { cout << "I am lion\n" ; }
    ~lion() {cout << "lion destructor\n";}
};

void object_polymorphism() {
    dog d ;
    cat c ;
    lion n ;
    cat c1 ;
    animal* a[4];
    a[0] = &d ;
    a[1] = &c ;
    a[2] = &n ;
    a[3] = &c1 ;
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        a[i]->who_am_i() ;
    }
}

```

Dynamic binding. Every object is NOT thought as just animal. It exactly knows who it is

cat destructor  
animal destructor  
lion destructor  
animal destructor  
cat destructor  
animal destructor  
dog destructor  
animal destructor

Figure 8.21: Dynamic binding of objects

Class xx {

virtual

}

xxxxx - - - - -  
xxxxx - - - - -



Animal a[4]

PYTHON  
STL  
C++

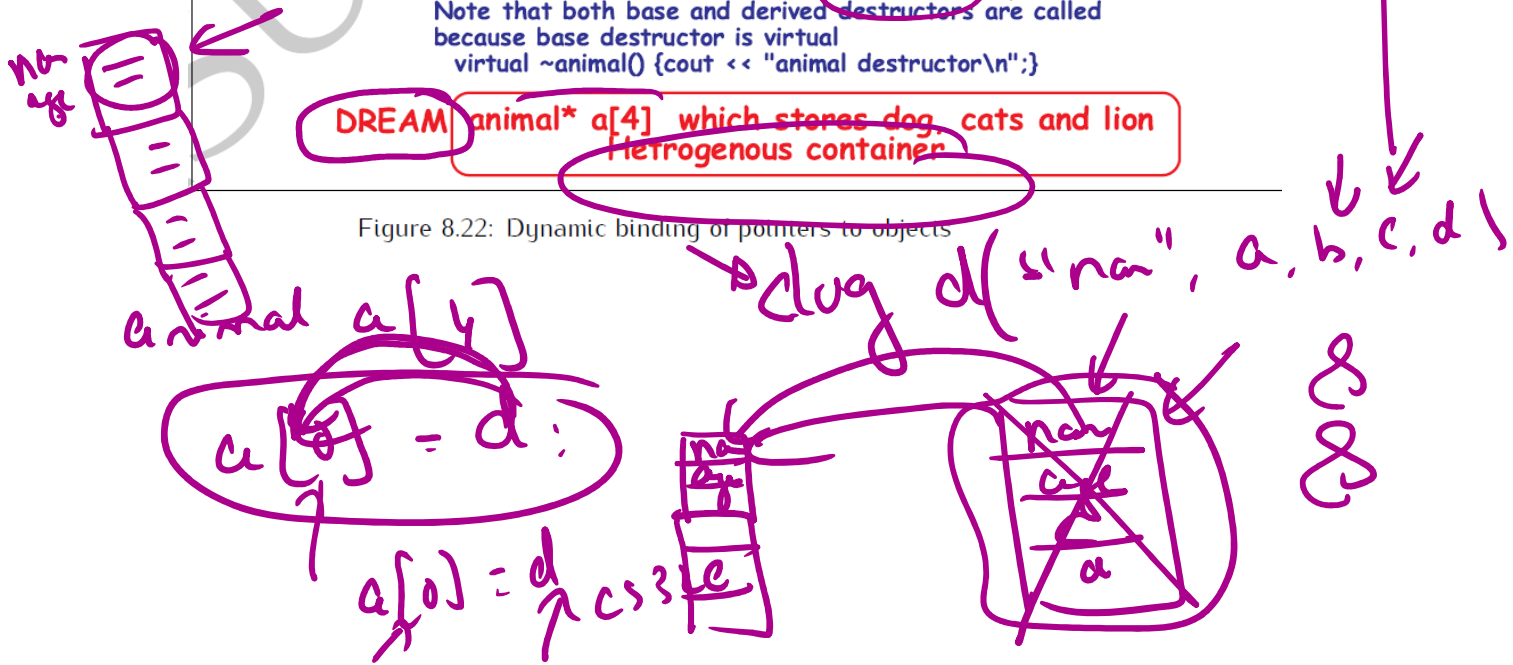
Pln

Pln

Note that both base and derived destructors are called because base destructor is virtual  
virtual ~animal() {cout << "animal destructor\n";}

DREAM animal\* a[4] which stores dog, cats and lion  
heterogenous container

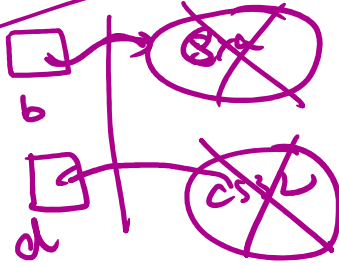
Figure 8.22: Dynamic binding of pointers to objects



```

static void test4() {
    cout << "-----test4-----\n";
    exam* b = new exam("sushma", 52, 80);
    cout << *b << endl;
    exam* d = new cs32exam("sushma", "cs32", 99, 100, 97);
    cout << *d << endl; /* static binding */
    d->print(cout); cout << endl; /* dynamic binding */
    b->who_am_i();
    d->who_am_i();
    d->exam::who_am_i();
    delete b;
    delete d;
}

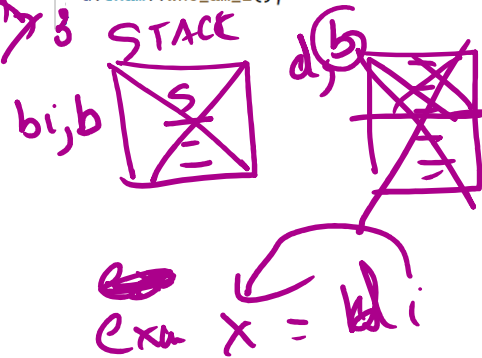
```



```

static void test6() {
    cout << "-----test6-----\n";
    exam b1("sushma", 52, 80);
    cs32exam d1("sushma", "cs32", 99, 100, 97);
    exam& b = b1;
    cout << b << endl;
    exam& d = d1; /* Dynamic binding */
    cout << d << endl;
    d.print(cout); cout << endl;
    b.who_am_i();
    d.who_am_i();
    d.examen::who_am_i();
}

```



```

32     }
33     friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& o, const exam& e) {
34         e.print(o);
35         return o;
36     }
37     virtual ostream& print(ostream& o) const {
38         o << _sname << " " << _midterm << " " << _final << " ";
39         return o;
40     }
41     virtual void who_am_i() const {
42         cout << "I am exam class " << _sname << endl;
43     }
44     void pass_by_reference(exam* e) {
45         e->who_am_i();
46     }
47     void pass_by_value(exam* e) {
48         e->who_am_i();
49     }
50 private:
51     string _sname;
52     int _midterm;
53     int _final;
54 };

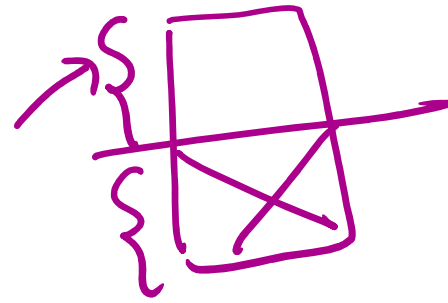
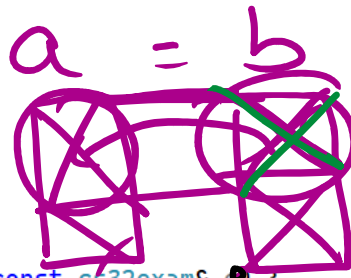
```

Op

cout &lt;&lt; c c

f.r.

Poly



```
cs32exam& operator=(const cs32exam& e) {
    if (&e != this) {
        cout << "cs32exam = operator " << e._examname << endl;
        exam::operator=(e); //Note this call. base of e is copied base of this e
        _examname = e._examname;
        _project = e._project;
    }
    return *this;
}
```

exam::operator=(

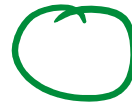

```
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& o, const exam& s) {  
    s.print(o);  
    return o;  
}
```

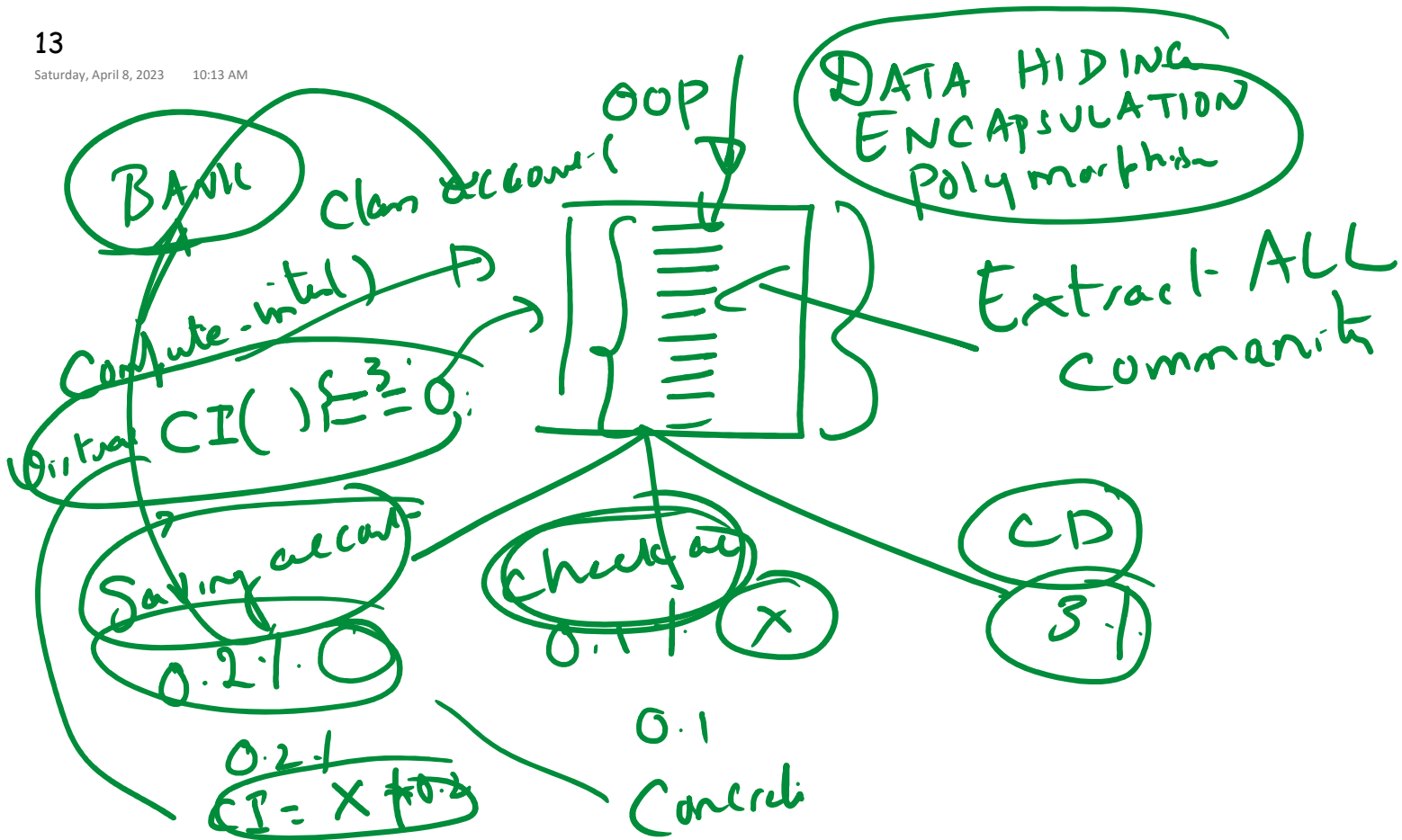
```
virtual ostream& print(ostream& o) const {  
    o << _sname << " " << _midterm << " " << _final << " ";  
    return o;  
}
```

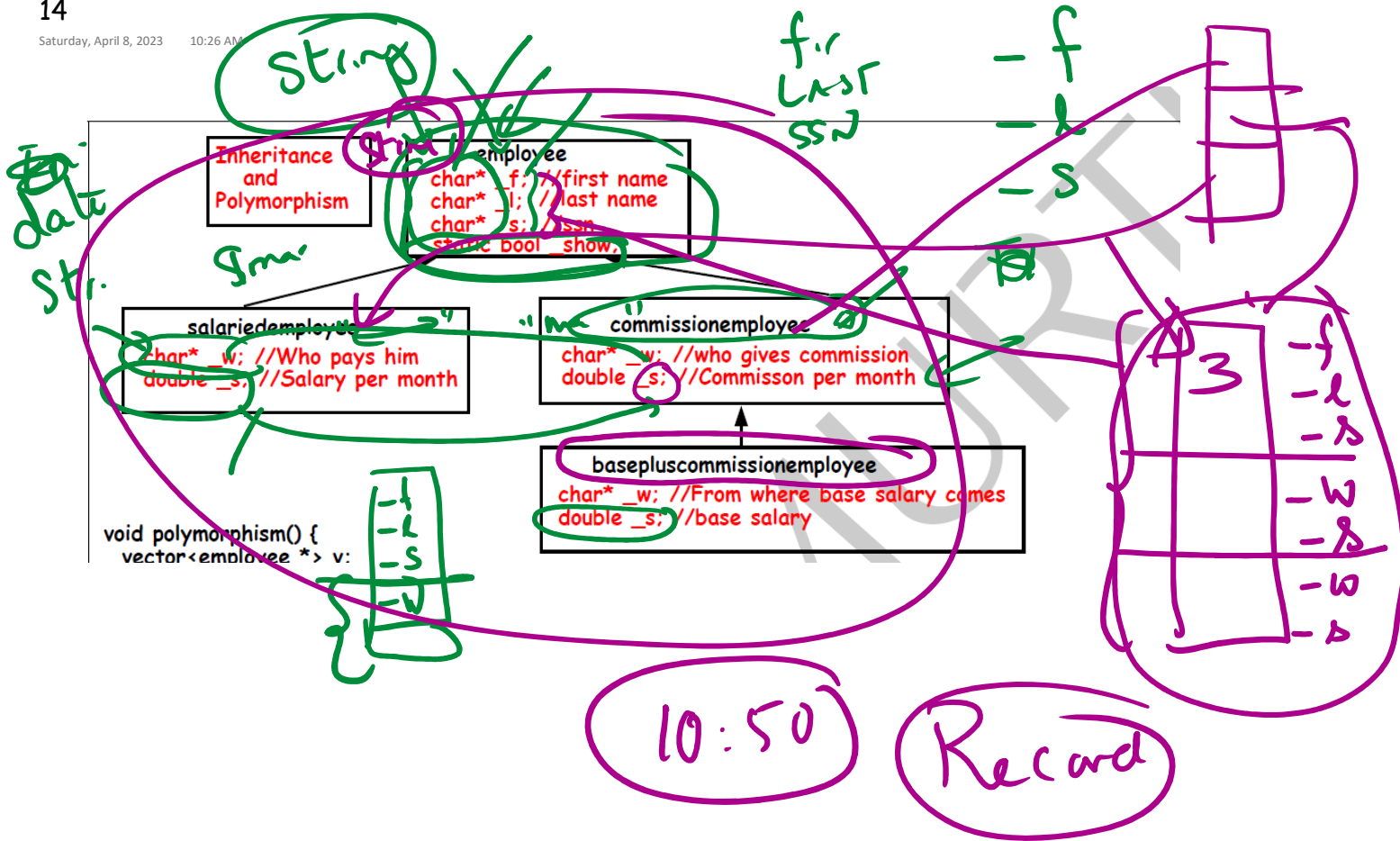
```
friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& o, const B2exam& s) {  
    s.print(o);  
}
```

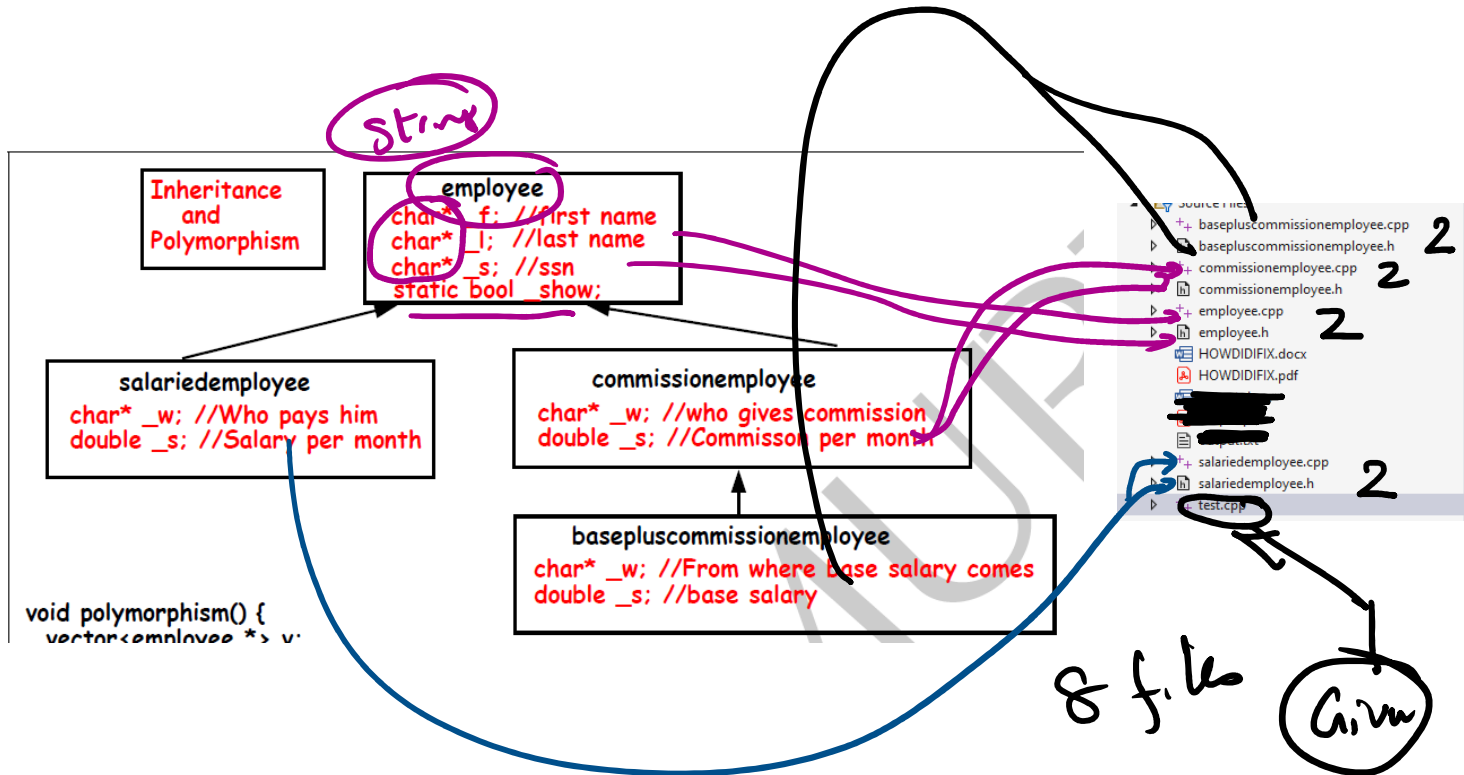
```
virtual ostream& print(ostream& o) const {  
    this->exam::print(o);  
    o << _examname << " " << _project << " ";  
    return o;  
}
```

Virtue

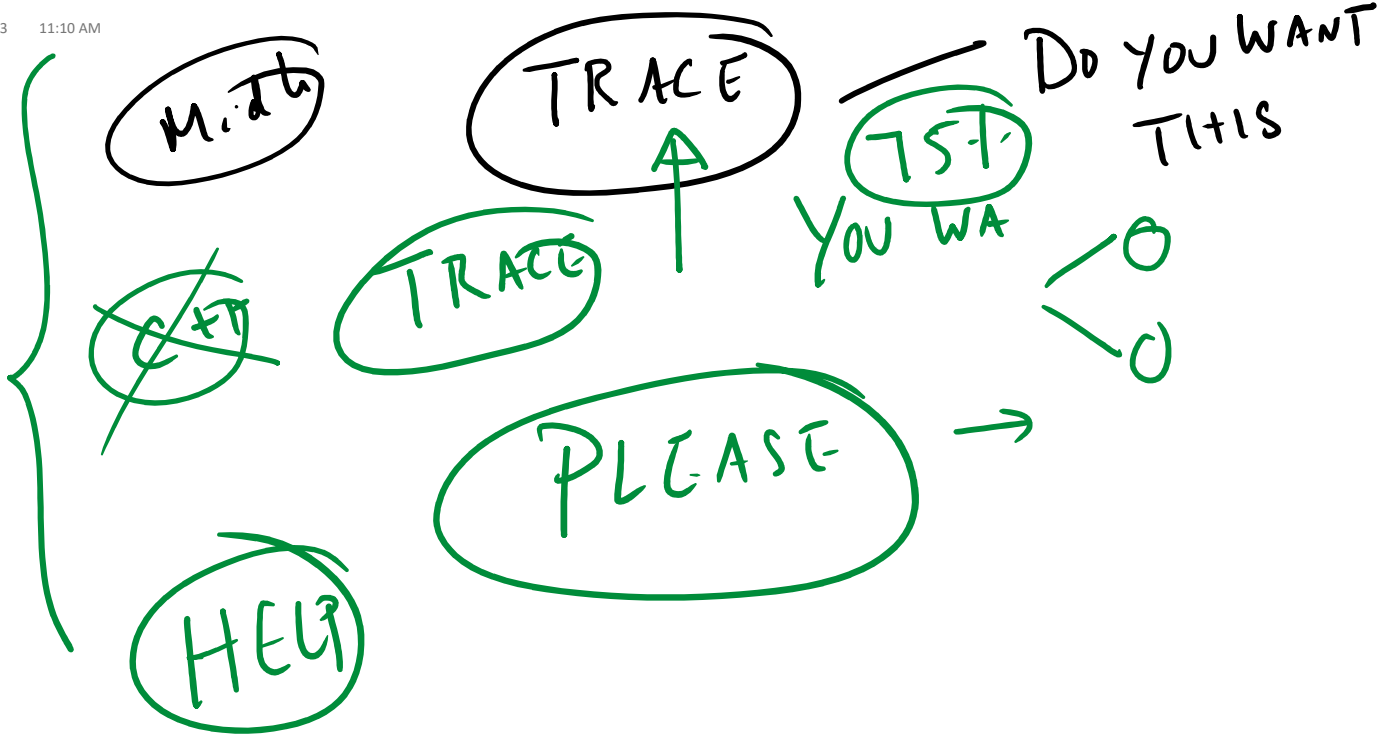
Cont. <<   
 Exam

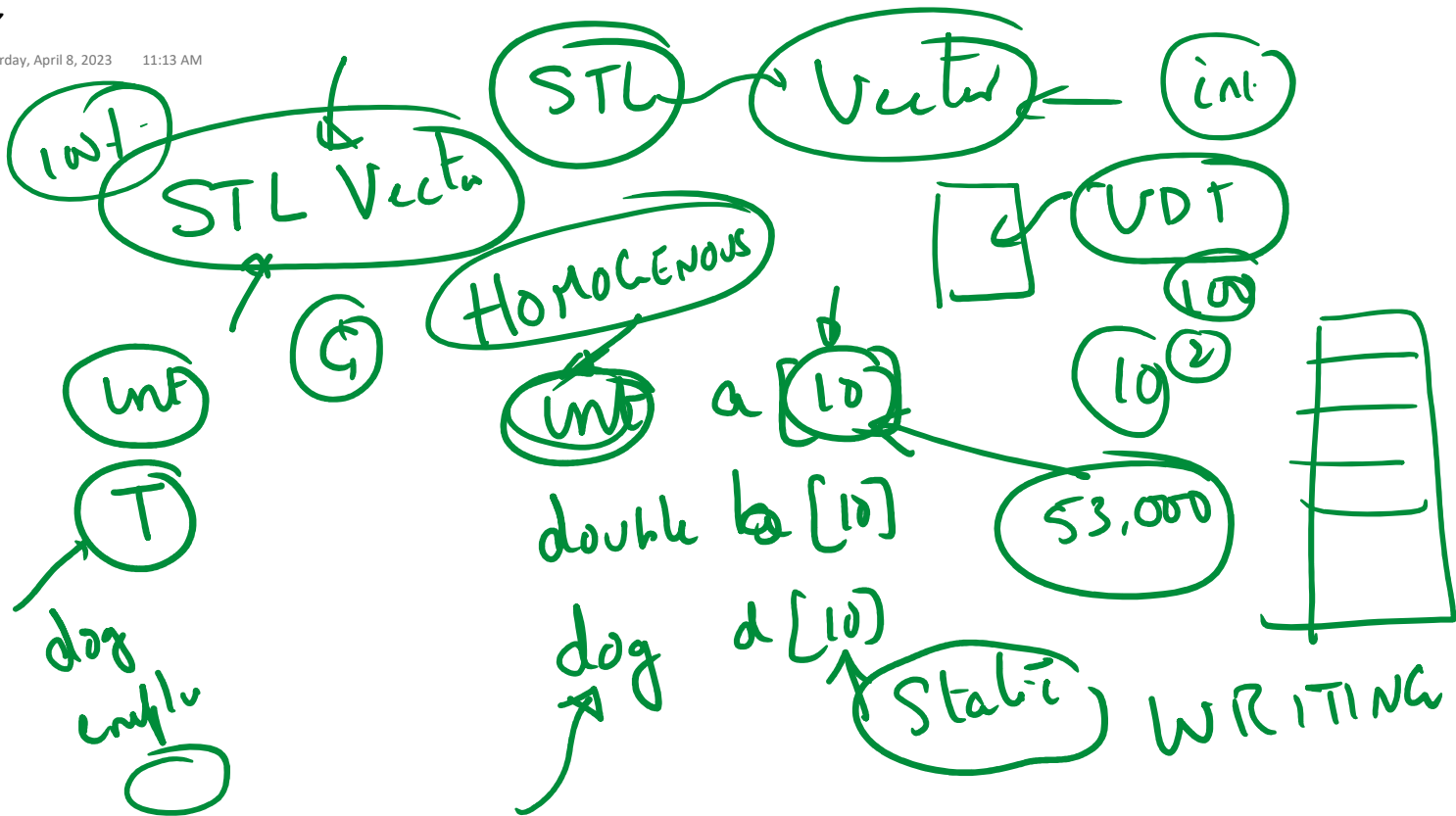


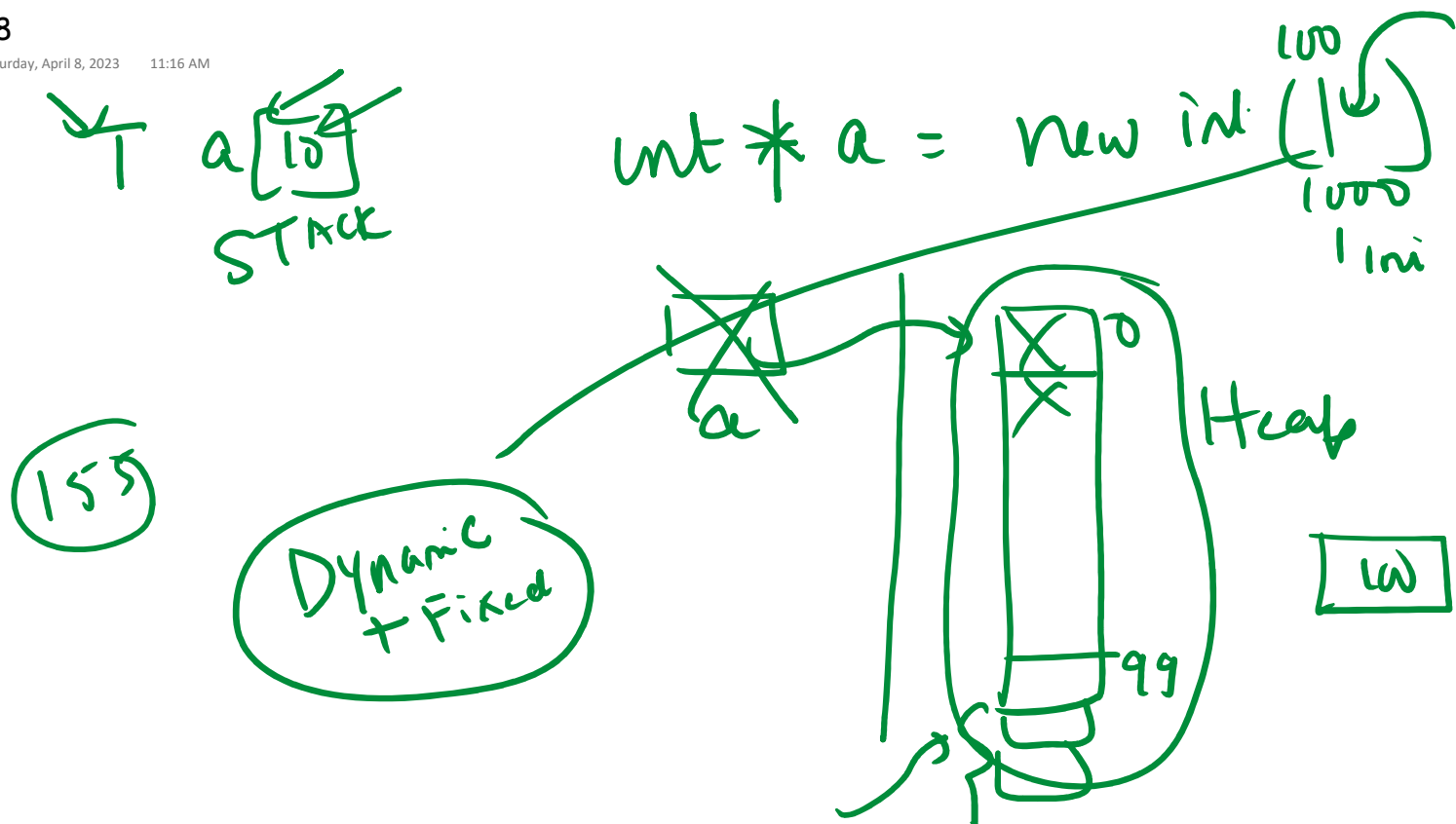


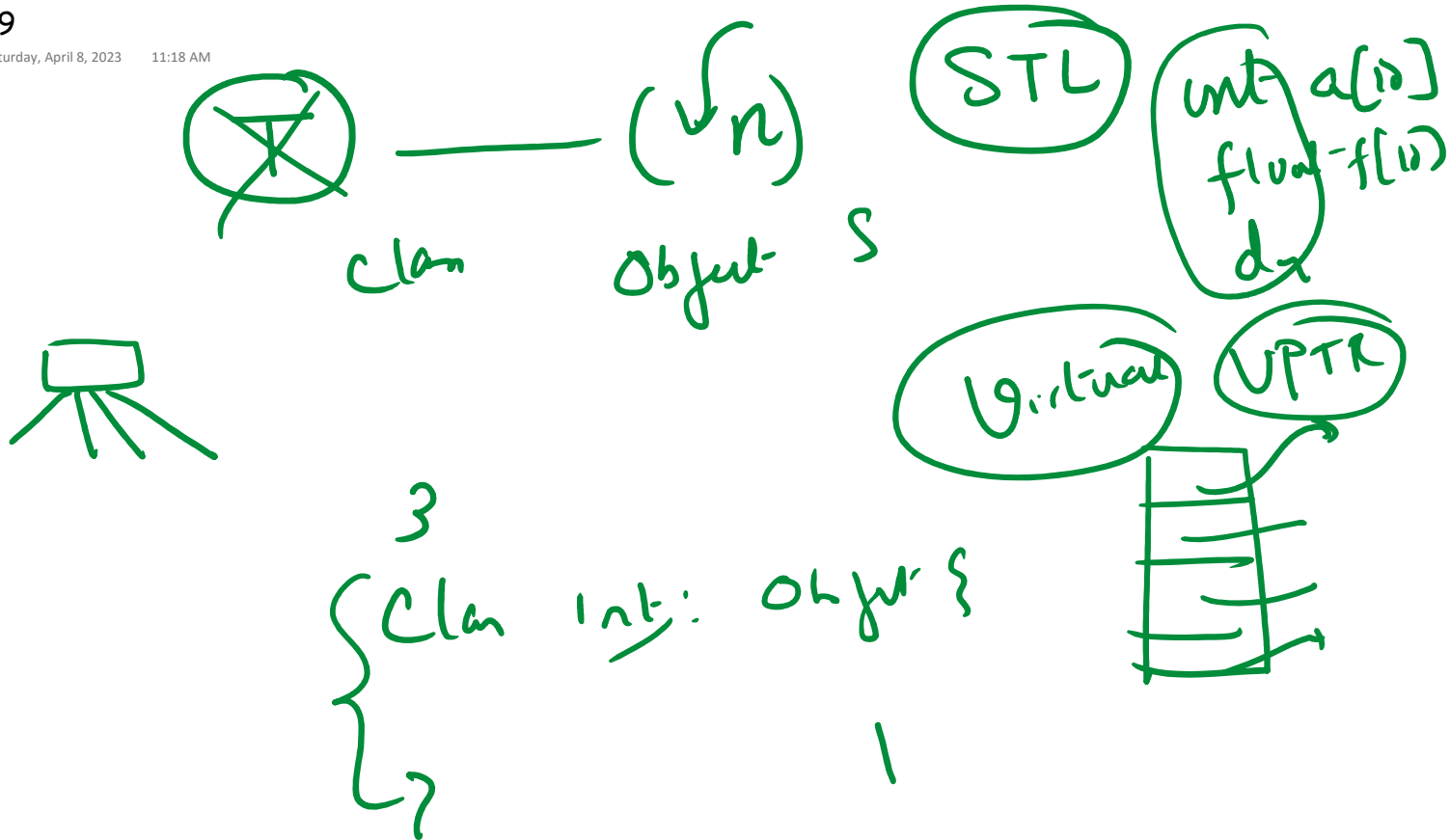













  
(20)

Vector<int> @;

Vect<dog> @;

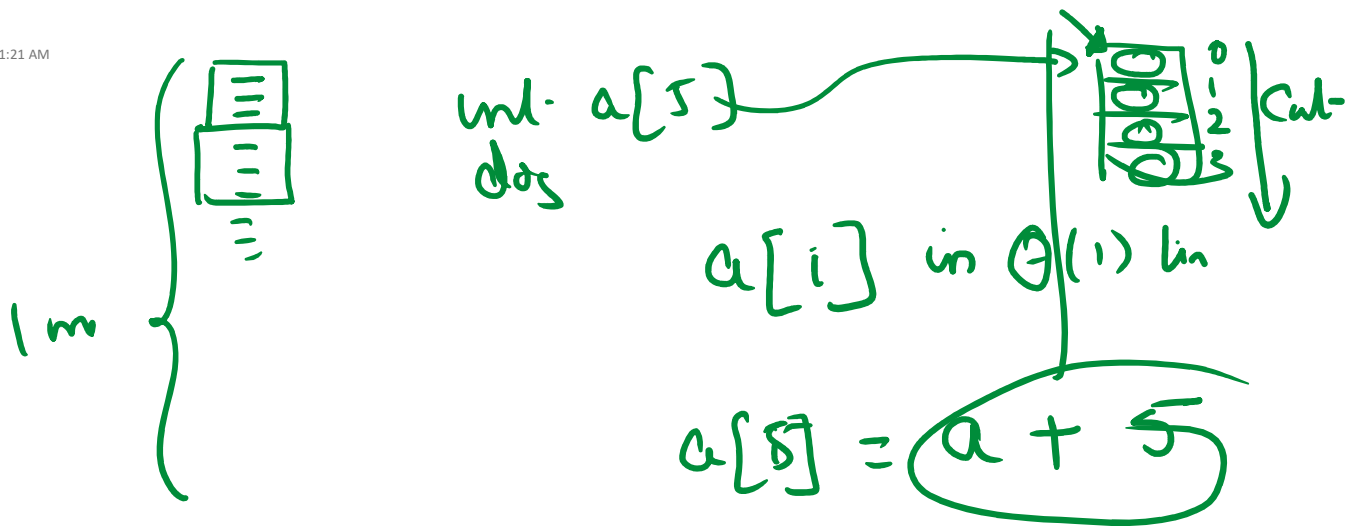
Vect<int\*> @;

Vect<dog\*> d;

T

STU

emblye[5]

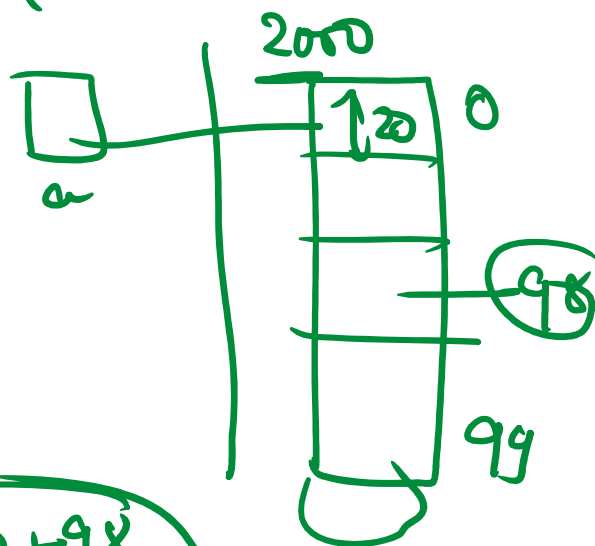


$$a[i] = a + i$$

$\nearrow \Theta(1)$

~~old~~  $T * a = \text{new } T(100)$

(STU)



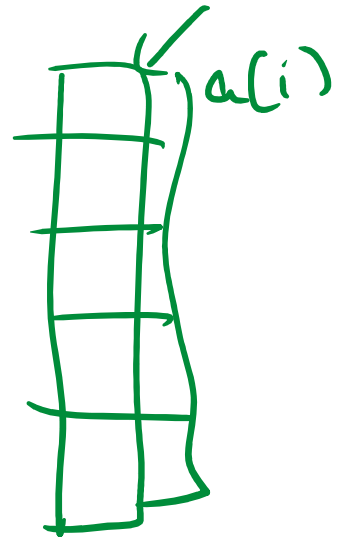
$2000 + 98$

LIST

Using  
Array  
List

[ ] TABLE DOUBLING  
Dynamic Array

$a[i]$  in  $\Theta(1)$





Vector < int > a;

→ 4

a.push-back(100)

200

88

77

4  
8

8  
9

4

8

16

32

64

128

256

2000000

8  
4

0

100

200

85

77

10

2

7

7

7

7

7

7

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7

$\Theta(1)$

$\Theta(n)$

$\Theta(1)$

8

1

a[i]

Amortized  $\Theta(1)$

1 mill

64

Grow

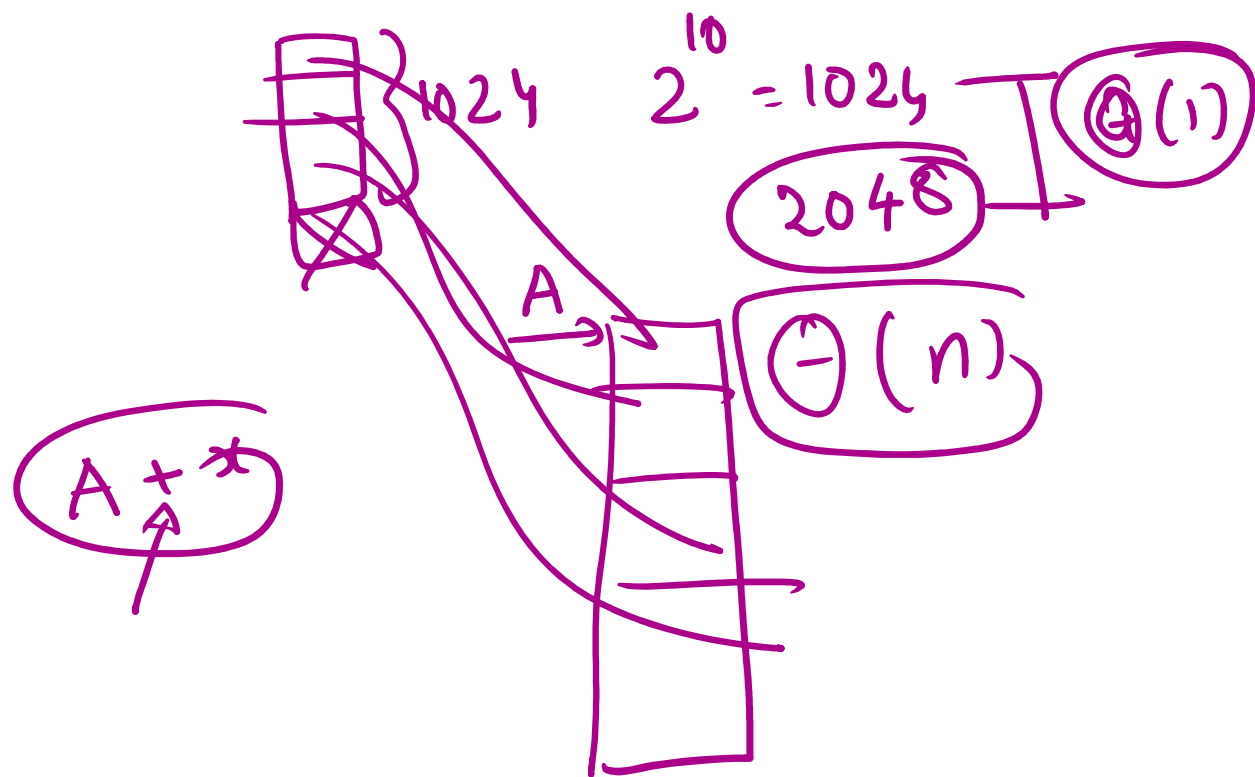
$\Theta(1)$

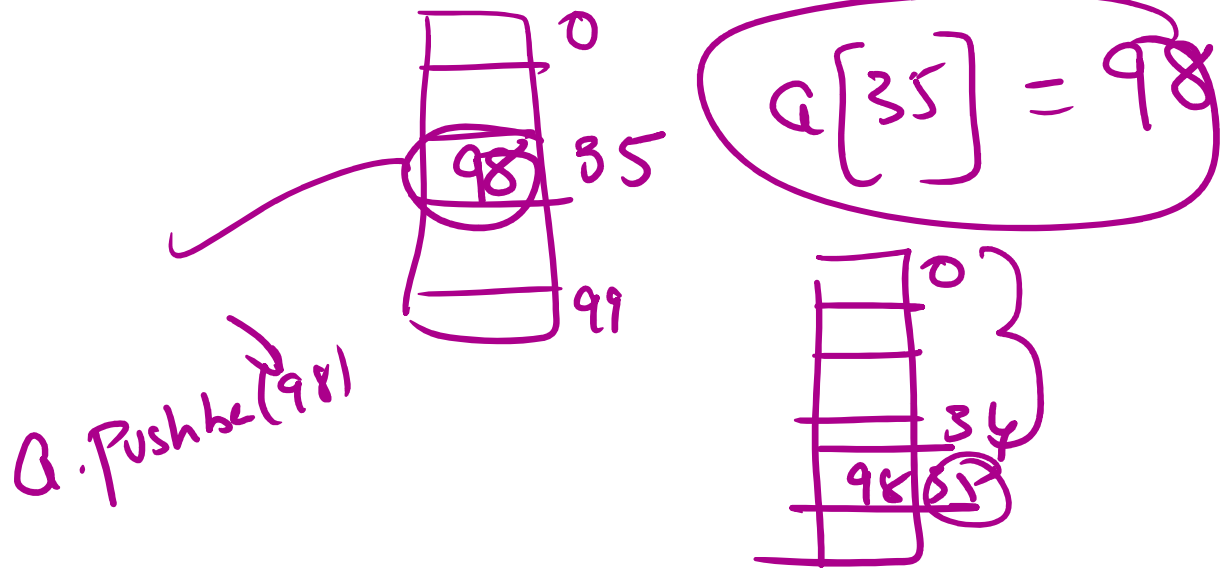
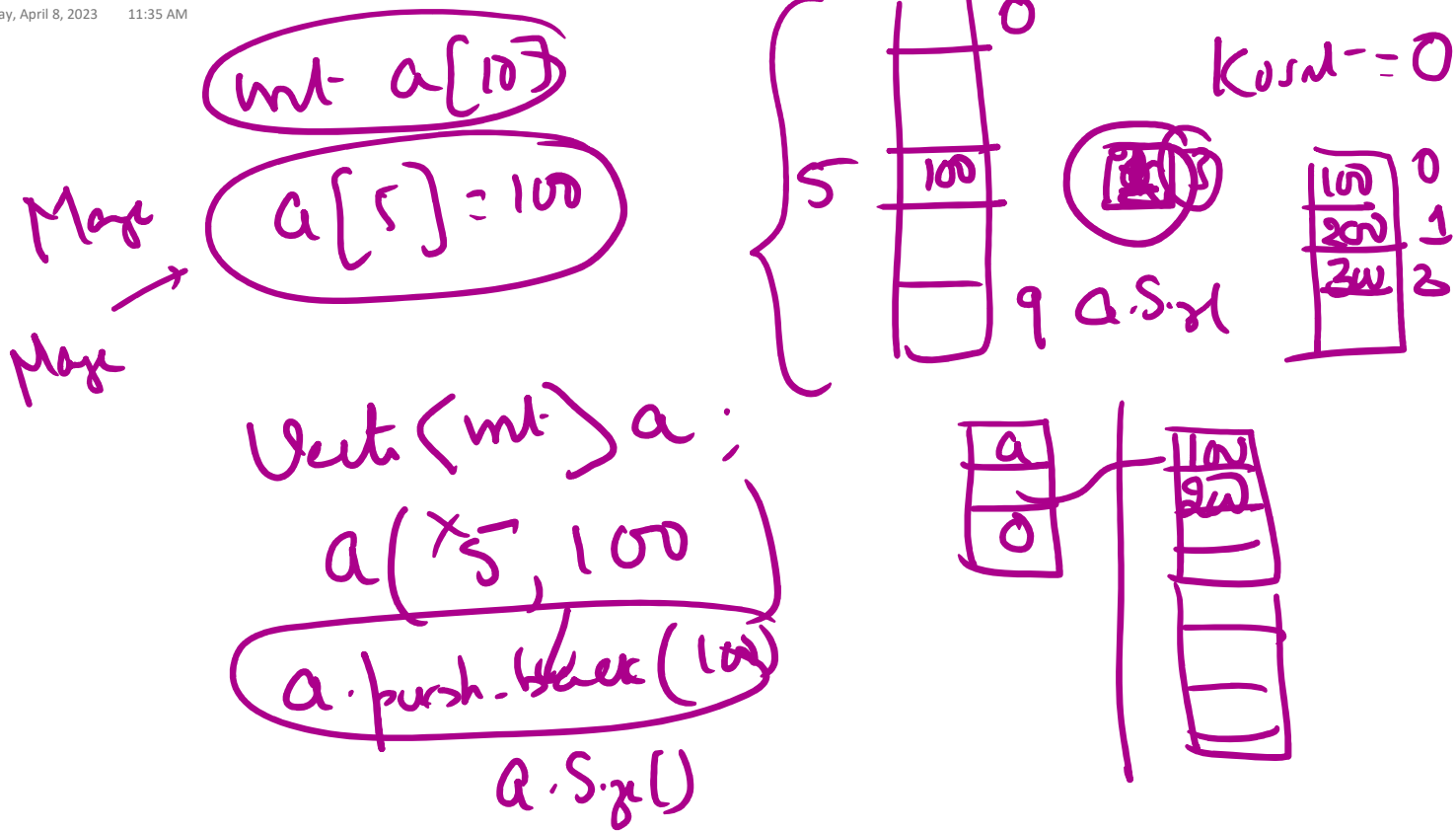
1.5

10

10

10





```

cout << endl;
{
    //You think continuous piece of data
    auto size = a.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
        cout << "a[" << i << "] = " << a[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
}
{
    //You don't care how data is stored
    //You say give each data e in the container
    int i = 0;
    for (const T& e : a) { //Note reference
        cout << "a[" << i++ << "] = " << e << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
}
cout << "-----" << endl;
}

```



0  
1  
2

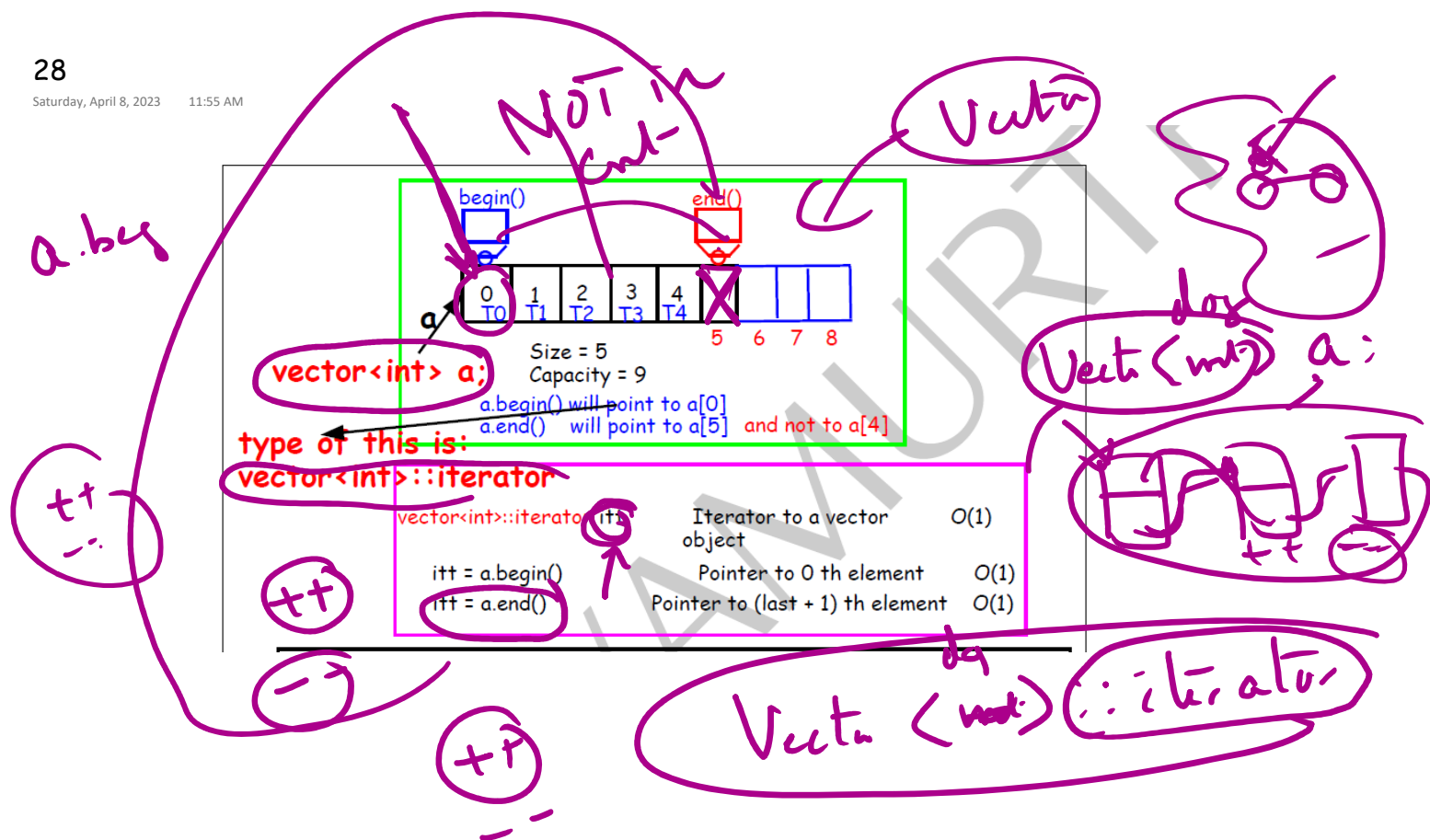
e: a

Sub



a[0]:

a[0] = 28



```
1 {  
2     cout << "Understanding forward traversal " << endl;  
3     auto itt = a.begin();  
4     while (itt != a.end()) {  
5         cout << *itt << " ";  
6         ++itt;  
7     }  
8     cout << endl;  
9 }
```

Pren

++itt

~~itt++~~

\*

++

if