Dictating LATEX using Mathfly

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1 Introduction

All of these commands can be modified or added to by editing "config/latex.toml" or using the voice command "configure latex".

2 Bibliography management

Once you have added the location of your .bib file (using regular slashes) to your LaTeX config file, Mathfly includes a number of commands to make bibliography management easy:

Insert my (bib resource — bibliography)

\addbibresource{your_bibliography.bib}

Add paper to bibliography

Searches google scholar for the highlighted text (paper title), appends the first resulting bib-TeX citation to your bibliography file and adds the tag to the clipboard, ready to be pasted

into a document.

Add book to bibliography

Same as above, but searches

goodreads instead.

3 Document classes

Prefixed by "document class", these commands produce for example:

\documentclass{article}

article article
beamer beamer
book book
letter letter
proceedings proc
report report

4 Packages

Prefixed by "use package", these commands produce for example:

\usepackage{geometry}

The second column represents additional arguments.

AMS math bib latex [style=authoryear] biblatex color

geometry geometry hyper ref hyperref graphic X graphicx math tools mathtools multi col multicol long table longtable $tabular\ X$ tabularx X color xcolor wrap figure wrapfig

5 Environments

Prefixed by "begin", these commands produce for example

\begin{abstract}
\end{abstract}

The third column represents additional arguments.

abstract	abstract	
add margin	addmargin	
center	center	
columns	columns	
description	description	
document	document	
(enumerate — numbered list)	enumerate	
equation	equation	
figure	figure	[h!]
flush left	flushleft	
flush right	flushright	
frame	frame	
(list — itemise)	itemize	
mini page	minipage	
multi (cols — columns)	multicols	{2}
quotation	quotation	
quote	quote	
table	table	[h!]
long table	longtable	$\{lll\}$
tabular	tabular	$\{llll\}$
tabular X	tabular X	$\{l X\}$
title page	titlepage	

verbatim verse verse

wrap figure wrapfigure

6 Commands

All of these commands are prefixed with "insert".

6.1 With arguments

These commands finish in a set of curly brackets, ready for an argument, for example " \arrowvert "

author author

[add] bib resource addbibresource

caption caption
chapter chapter
frame title frametitle
footnote footnote text footnoteetxt[]
graphics path
caption
caption
chapter
frametitle
frametitle
footnote
footnote
footnotetext[]

[include] graphics includegraphics[width=1\textwidth]

label label

 $new command {\}[]}$

paragraph paren cite part part reference part

renew command renewcommand sub paragraph subparagraph

(section — heading) section sub (section — heading) subsection sub sub (section — heading) subsubsection

text cite textcite
[text] bold textbf
[text] italics textit
[text] slanted textsl
title title
use theme usetheme

6.2 No arguments

For example "\linebreak".

centering centering $column\{0.5 \setminus textwidth\}$ column footnote mark footnotemark[] horizontal line hline line break linebreak item itemmake title maketitle newpage new page no indent noindent page break pagebreak print bibliography printbibliography table of contents tableofcontents text backslash textbackslash text width textwidth vertical line vline

7 Greek letters

Prefixed by "greek".

alpha α beater β Γ gamma γ δ delta Δ epsilon ε zita ζ eater θ Θ theta iota kappa κ lambda λ Λ mu μ new ν Ξ zee Π pie π row ρ σ \sum sigma

 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{tau} & \tau & \\ \text{upsilon} & \upsilon & \Upsilon \\ \text{phi} & \phi & \Phi \\ \text{chi} & \chi & \\ \text{sigh} & \psi & \Psi \\ \text{omega} & \omega & \Omega \end{array}$

8 Mathematical symbols

Prefixed with "symbol".

\sqrt{a}
$\sqrt[n]{a}$
ſ
ĴĴ
JJ JJJ
∞
×
÷
\cap
\cup
•
Σ Π
\prod
\oplus
\oplus
\pm
∂
$\frac{a}{b}$
$ \bigoplus_{\pm} $ $ \frac{a}{b} $ $ \binom{a}{b} $
\sin
\cos
tan
sec
\csc
cot
arcsin
arccos
arctan
\sinh

hyperbolic cosine	\cosh
hyperbolic cotangent	coth
hyperbolic tangent	tanh
argument	arg
modulus	mod
degree	deg
determinant	det
dimension	dim
exp	exp
GCD	gcd
cat hom	hom
kernel	ker
infimum	inf
supremum	sup
limit	lim
liminf	lim inf
(natural (log — logarithm) — log natural)	ln
logarithm	log
max	max
min	min
probability	Pr
[is] not equal [to]	\neq
[is] greater [than] [or] equal [to]	>
[is] less [than] [or] equal [to]	<
[is] approximately [equal] [to]	$\stackrel{-}{pprox}$
proportional [to]	\propto
preference less [than]	\prec
preference less equals	\prec
preference greater [than]	_ ≻
preference greater equals	<i>.</i> ≻
subset	N N Y L X X & I N I N
superset	
strict subset	$\bigcirc \subsetneq \bigcirc$
strict superset	Ź
member	É
(land—logic and)	\wedge
logic or	\vee
primer	/
logic not	\neg
for all	\forall
there exists	∃"

 \mathbb{R} real numbers \mathbb{C} complex numbers \mathbb{Z} integer numbers rational numbers \mathbb{Q} natural numbers N left arrow right arrow up arrow down arrow left right arrow left right () parens dot dot dot diagonal dots horizontal dots vertical dots

9 Templates

Templates provide a way to insert larger sections of text into your documents, for example you may have a particular set of packages which you always want to import at the head of your files, or a particular diagram which you need to draw over and over again. They are defined in the templates section of config/latex.toml And by default are executed using the "template itemplate_name;" command. A couple are included as standard for illustrative purposes but these are designed to be edited to suit your needs. For example, the command "template wrap figure" will insert:

```
\begin{wrapfigure}{1}{0.5\textwidth}
\centering
\label{}
\includegraphics[width=0.4\textwidth]{}
\caption{}
\end{wrapfigure}
```