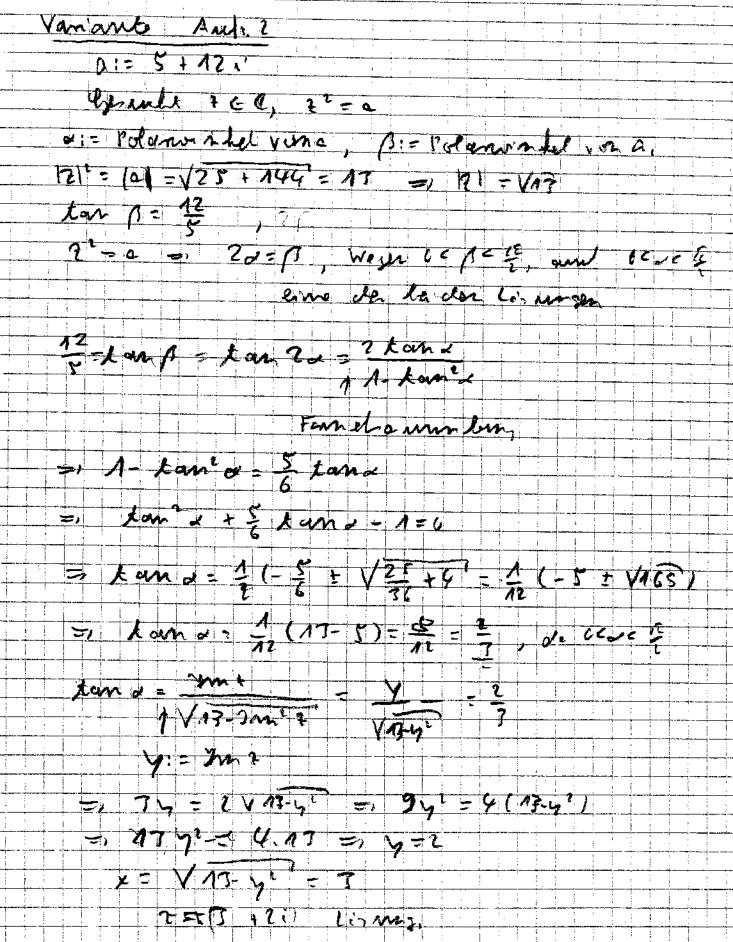
M2 Physick, Those Prihose, 16.2.06. -1- A 1. Aufor. 1. Q(-1)=-1+7-6=0, Q(-2)=-8+14-6=0 (1) Q(T) = 27 - 21 - 6 = 0GradP=3 => Q Lat high-tens 3 vench, N. S. (1) => -1,-2, 3 mind genoin de N. J. von G 2.  $R(t) = \frac{A}{2+1} + \frac{17}{2+2} + \frac{C}{2-3}$ (3 €) A(2+2)(2-3)+ B(2+1)(2-3)+C(2+1)(4+2) = 622 +42-6 2--1: A(-4)= 6-4-6=-4 -) A = 1 82-2: B. 5 = 24-8-6 = 10 =1 15=2 8=3: C.20=54 +12-6=60 一、(二了 =)  $R(t) = \frac{1}{2+1} + \frac{2}{2+1} + \frac{3}{2-3}$ 3.  $\int_{0}^{2} \frac{Gx^{2}+4x-6}{x^{3}-7x-6} dx = \int_{0}^{2} R(x) dx =$  $= \left[ \frac{dx}{x+n} + 2 \right] \frac{dx}{dx} + 3 \left[ \frac{dx}{x-3} \right]$ =  $\ln(x+1)^{\frac{2}{n}} + 2 \ln(x+2)^{\frac{2}{n}} + 3 \ln(x-3)^{\frac{2}{n}}$ = lm3 - lm1 + 2(lm4 - lm2) + 3(lm1 - lm3)=-2 ln3 + 2(2 ln2-ln2) = = 2 ln 2 -2 ln 3 (a=2, b=-2)

M2 Physich of they, Post June 16, 2,06 -7- A 2. souls. Z= X + ky Market 22 = x2 - y2 + 2 x y 1 = 5 + 12 A.  $x^{2}-y^{2}=5$  and 2xy=12Y= 5x  $x^2 - \frac{36}{x^2} = 5$ (3)  $x^4 - 5x^2 - 36 = 0$  (3)  $x^2 = \frac{1}{2}(5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 144})$  $\Leftrightarrow x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \beta + 17 \right)$ =)  $x^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 18 = 9$  =)  $x = \pm 3$  =,  $y = \pm 2$ =)  $s = \pm (3 \pm 5 \%)$ (Es sind lisungen. Prote och cyl. 7. Objects noch Theorie 2 Lisungen). 121= VS+4 = V13 tom ( Polonin had t) = 3 Variante En (2) uno l'obaminher (mile 1212=15+12il= V25+144= V168=1/21=1/3 mlos Ser or:= Polar winkel van Z. Denn int 20 dh Polarminhel von 5 + 121. 12=tan 20= 2 tema =, tom2 + = tana - 1=0 = tana= 1 = 1 = 1 = 1 



MM2 Physich, Total, Dr. 16.2.06 - 3-A 3. soules 1, g'(x)= 2x - 1/2, g"(x)= 2+ 2/3, g"(x)=-6/4 (1) 2. 9'(x) <0 fin x <0 => 9 streng mon. 0 fallend 3. him glx1=00, him glx1=-00
X-1-0 (1) 4. & - trens mon. Jellemol = i & benit at them help from htion of (a) b = g (J-a, OC)= J-a, al= 12, nout No. 3 und 2 W5 fin statist? **(1)** O Fundationen. f(D)= J-00, 00 (= hop. 17eng) f(0) = -1, de  $g(-1) = 1 + \frac{1}{2} = 0$ (1)  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{g'(f(x))} = f'(0) = \frac{1}{g'(f(0))} = \frac{1}{g'(-1)} = -\frac{1}{3}$  $f''(x) = \frac{(3,(+(x)))_5}{(3,(+(x)))_5} = -3,(+(x))(1,(x))_1$ fin(0)=- 8in( f(0)) (f 1(0)) & -38in (f(0)) (f 1(0)) fin(0)  $= 6 \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right)^{\frac{4}{7}} = \frac{2}{77} = \frac{2}{17}$ 

Mi

MMZ Physik, They Pr. 16.2.06 -4-A 4 stups |flx+ 1/41 = | 3+x - 2+1/2 | = = 10+5x+24+x4-10-2x-54-x4 (5+x) (5+x) = | 3x-34 | = 7 (5+x) (5+4) = 3 1x-41 22 22, de x,42-3 Yx, y & [-3, 7] =, 1=3 2. Fin XE [-7, 3) gill  $\left|\frac{x+2}{x+5}\right| = \frac{(x+2)}{x+5} \le |x+2| \cdot \frac{1}{2} \le (|x|+2) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \le \frac{5}{2}$ =1 1f(x)1 = = J. +(x1=x €) 2+x = x €) 2+x=x2+5x €) x2+4x-2=0 ⇒ X= \(\frac{1}{2}\left(-4 \pm \sqrt{16+8'}\right) = -2 \pm \sqrt{6} 24=4.6 -2-VB <-2-16-3 =1-V2-VB + [-3,7] DC V6-2 & 3-7=1 => V6-1 EL-3,37 0 Also x = V6-2 eindouting federunt dund F(x)=x, x E C-3,73

MM2 Physick, 5x1st Pr. 16.2.06-5-A 4, Fold our 2.  $|x_{m}-\bar{x}|=|f(x_{m-n})-f(\bar{x})|$ =--==(是)~ |x0- x1 = 6/3)~ 2 in se and a malig Huntsihmy 6. Aus 5. toloph:  $|x_m - \bar{x}| \leq 6 \cdot (\frac{3}{4})^m \frac{1}{m-100} U$ =,  $\lim_{n\to\infty} x_n = \bar{x}$ Vaniante 22 1, md 2.  $f(x) = \frac{(z+x)^2}{(z+x)^2} = \frac{3}{(z+x)^2} > 0$ 0 +(1-3,77)c [-3,77 formator worksend  $\left|\frac{x-y}{(x)-t(y)}\right| = \left|\frac{1}{t}(2) = \frac{3}{(2+1)^2} \le \frac{3}{2} \quad \forall |x| \le 3$ (2)=) |+(x)-+(y)| = = |x-y|, who l= = (A)