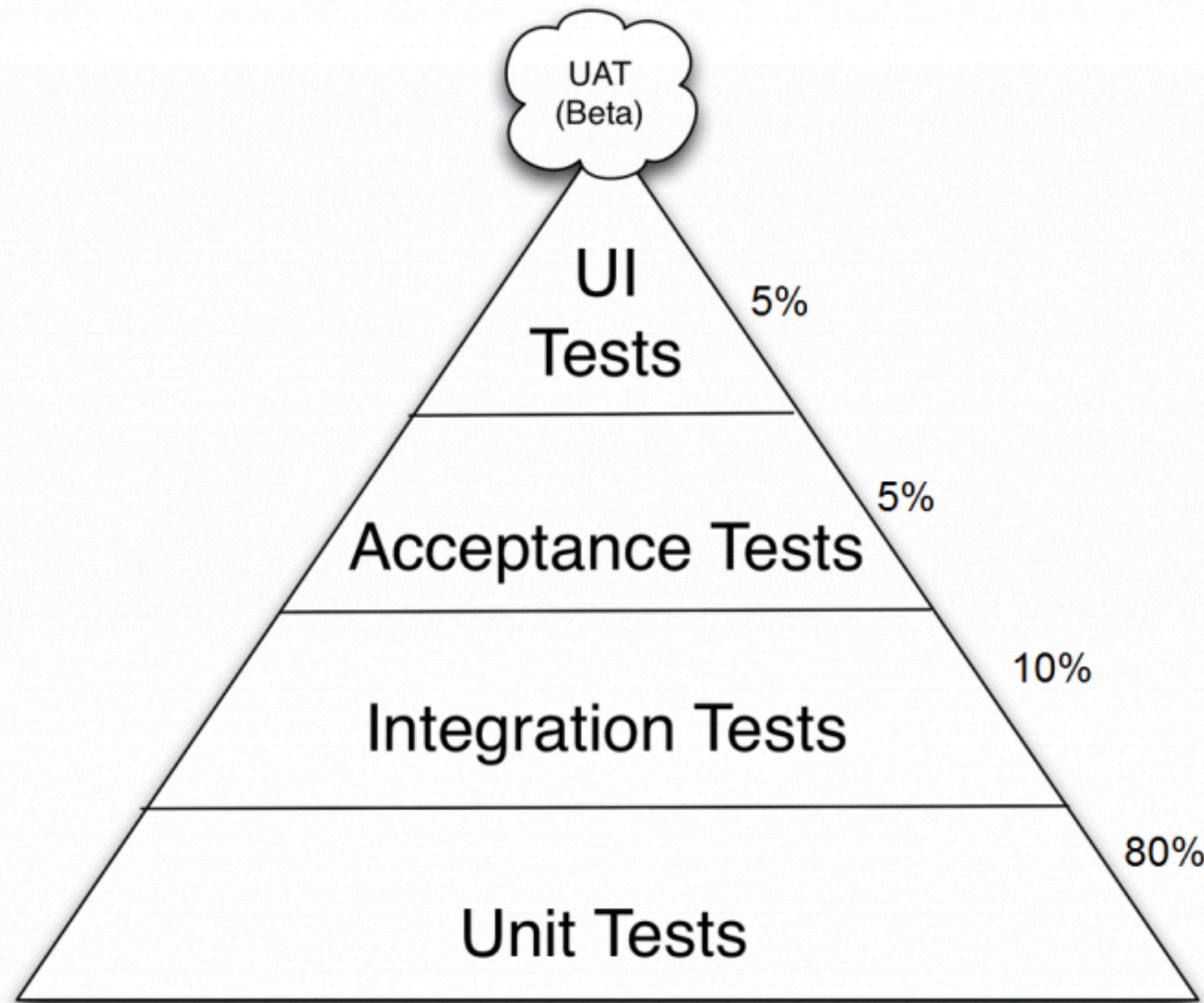
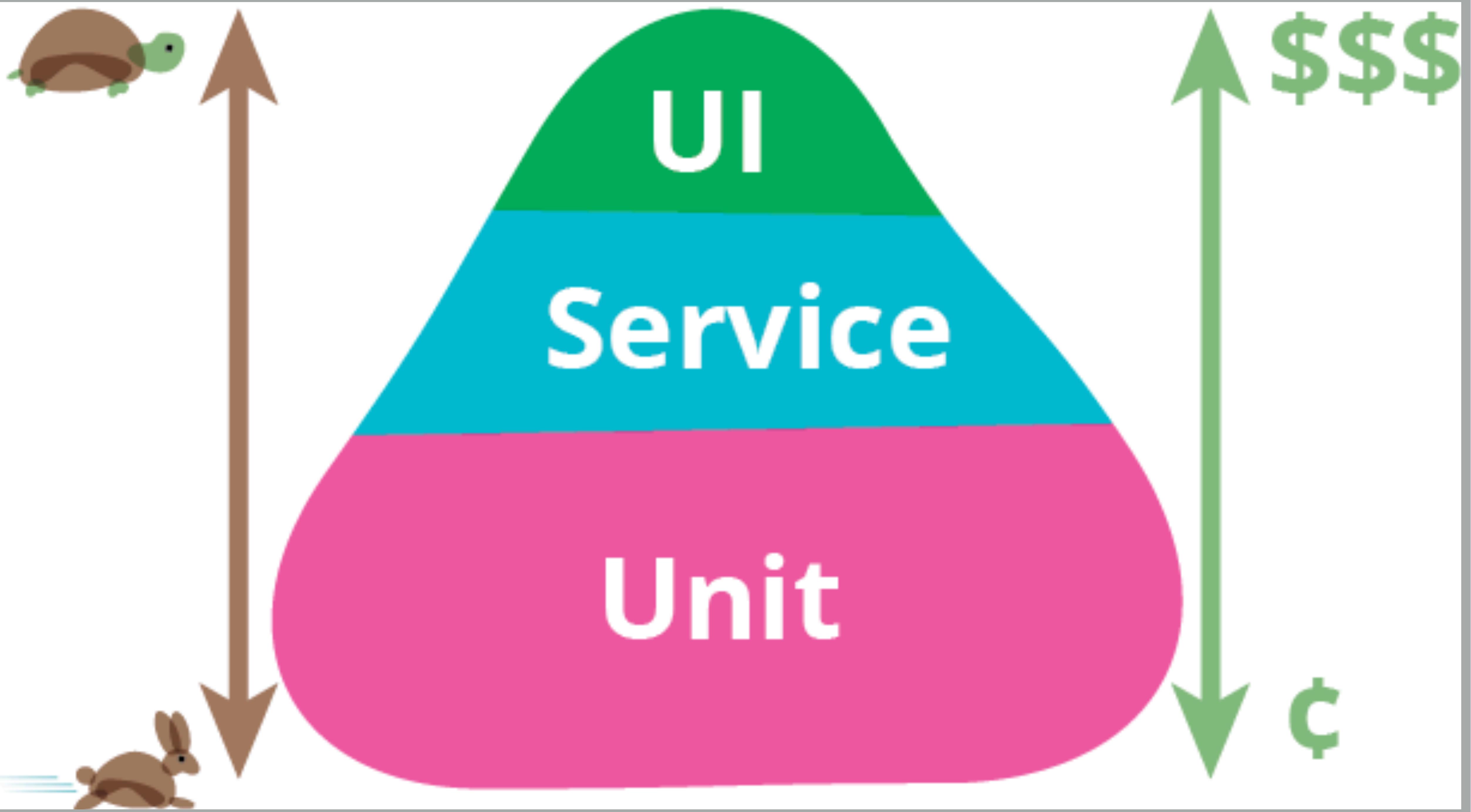


UI testing



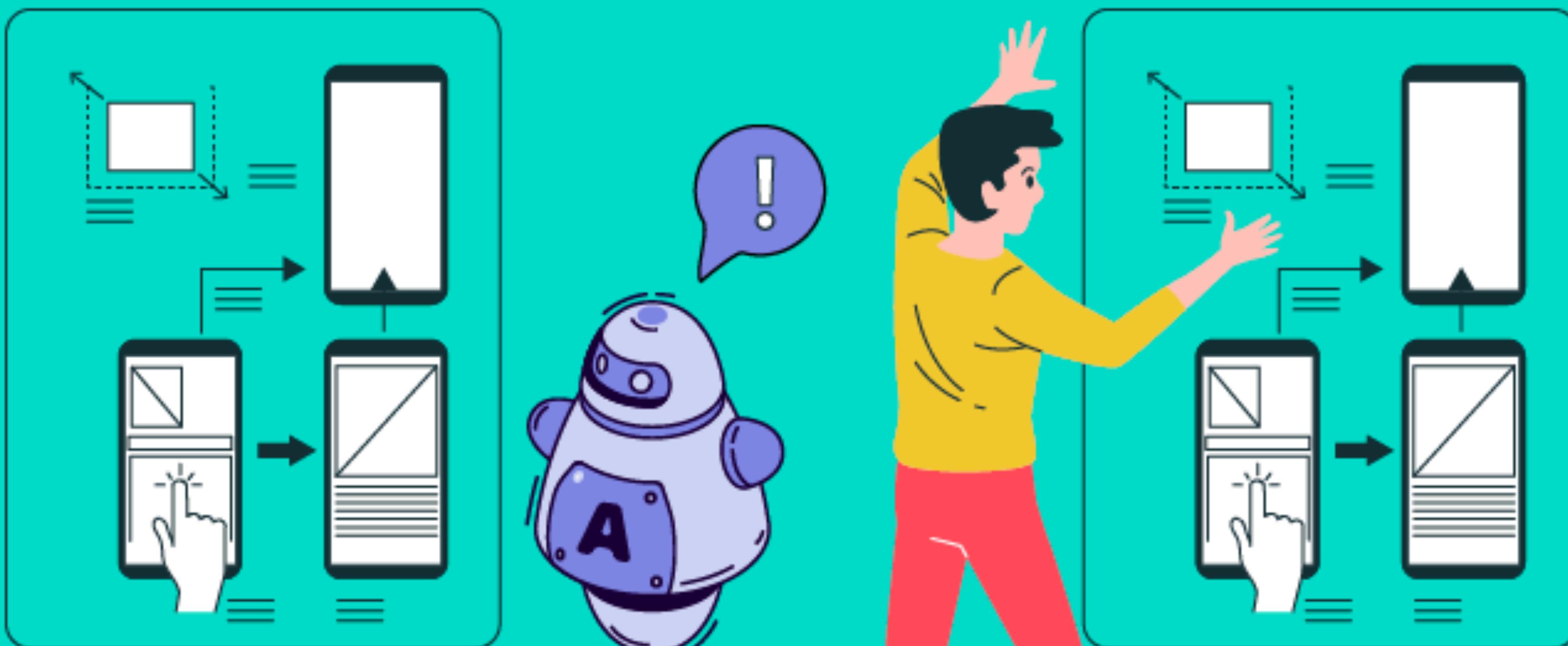


UI vs Unit

1. Хрупкие
2. Медленней пишутся
3. Медленней дают обратную связь

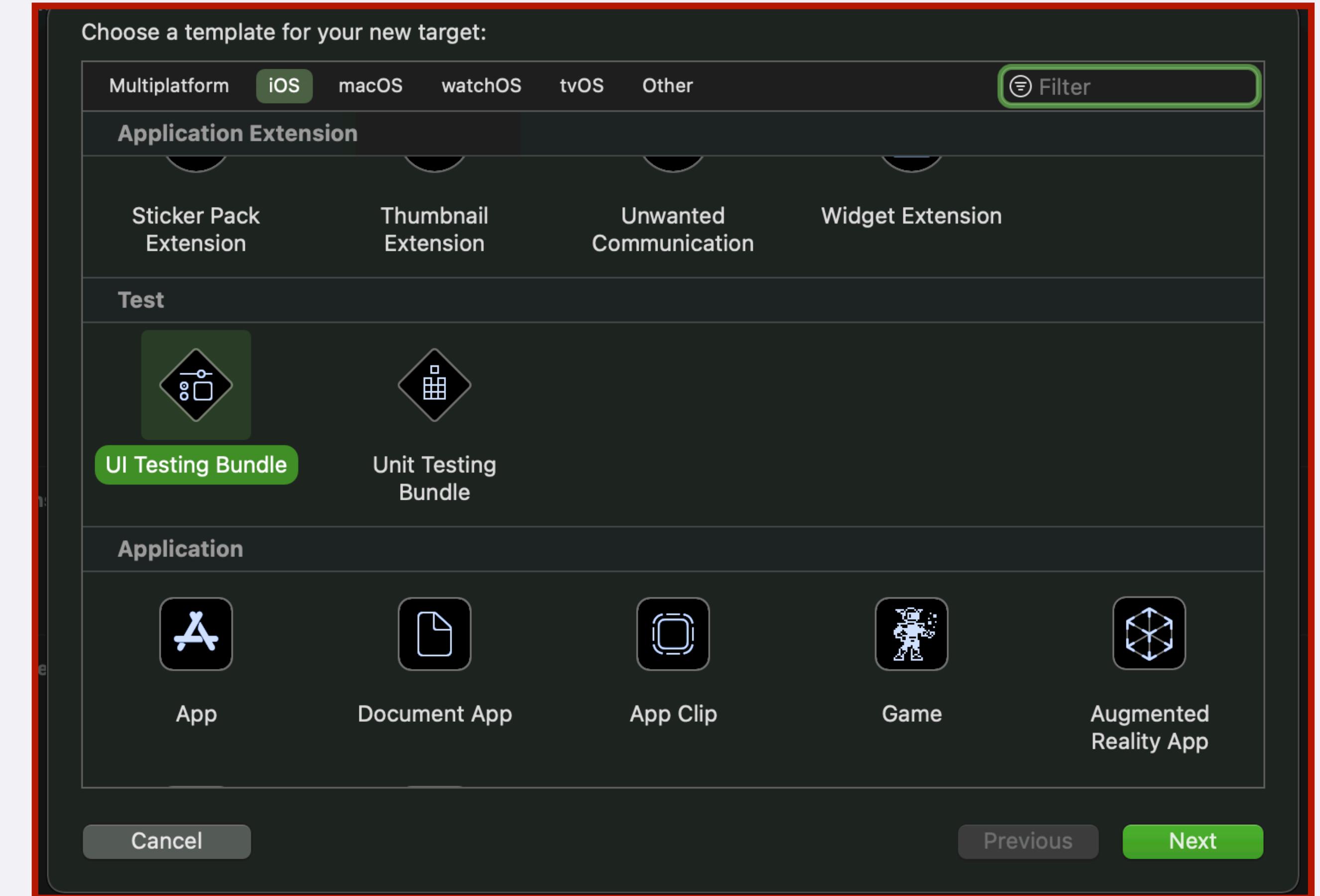
UI Testing

UI Testing



UI tests

- XCTest
- Accessibility



UI tests

- XCUIApplication
- XCUIElement
- XCUIElementQuery

UI tests. XCUIElement

```
/**
 * @class XCUIElement (/seealso XCUIElementAttributes)
 * Elements are objects encapsulating the information needed to dynamically locate a user interface
 * element in an application. Elements are described in terms of queries /seealso XCUIElementQuery.
 */
open class XCUIElement : NSObject, XCUIElementAttributes, XCUIElementTypeQueryProvider {

    /** Test to determine if the element exists. */
    open var exists: Bool { get }

    /** Waits the specified amount of time for the element's exist property to be true and returns false if the timeout expires without
     the element coming into existence. */
    open func waitForExistence(timeout: TimeInterval) -> Bool

    /** Whether or not a hit point can be computed for the element for the purpose of synthesizing events. */
    open var isHittable: Bool { get }

    /** Returns a query for all descendants of the element matching the specified type. */
    open func descendants(matching type: XCUIElement.ElementType) -> XCUIElementQuery

    /** Returns a query for direct children of the element matching the specified type. */
    open func children(matching type: XCUIElement.ElementType) -> XCUIElementQuery

    /** Creates and returns a new coordinate that will compute its screen point by adding the offset multiplied by the size of the
     element's frame to the origin of the element's frame. */
    open func coordinate(withNormalizedOffset normalizedOffset: CGVector) -> XCUICoordinate
```

UI tests. XCUIElement

```
extension XCUIElement {  
  
    /**  
     * Sends a tap event to a hittable point computed for the element.  
     */  
    open func tap()  
  
    /**  
     * Sends a double tap event to a hittable point computed for the element.  
     */  
    open func doubleTap()  
  
    /**  
     * Sends a long press gesture to a hittable point computed for the element, holding for the specified duration.  
     *  
     * @param duration  
     * Duration in seconds.  
     */  
    open func press(forDuration duration: TimeInterval)  
  
    /**  
     * Initiates a press-and-hold gesture that then drags to another element, suitable for table cell reordering and similar operations.  
     * @param duration  
     * Duration of the initial press-and-hold.  
     * @param otherElement  
     * The element to finish the drag gesture over. In the example of table cell reordering, this would be the reorder element of the  
     * destination row.  
     */  
    open func press(forDuration duration: TimeInterval, thenDragTo otherElement: XCUIElement)
```

UI tests

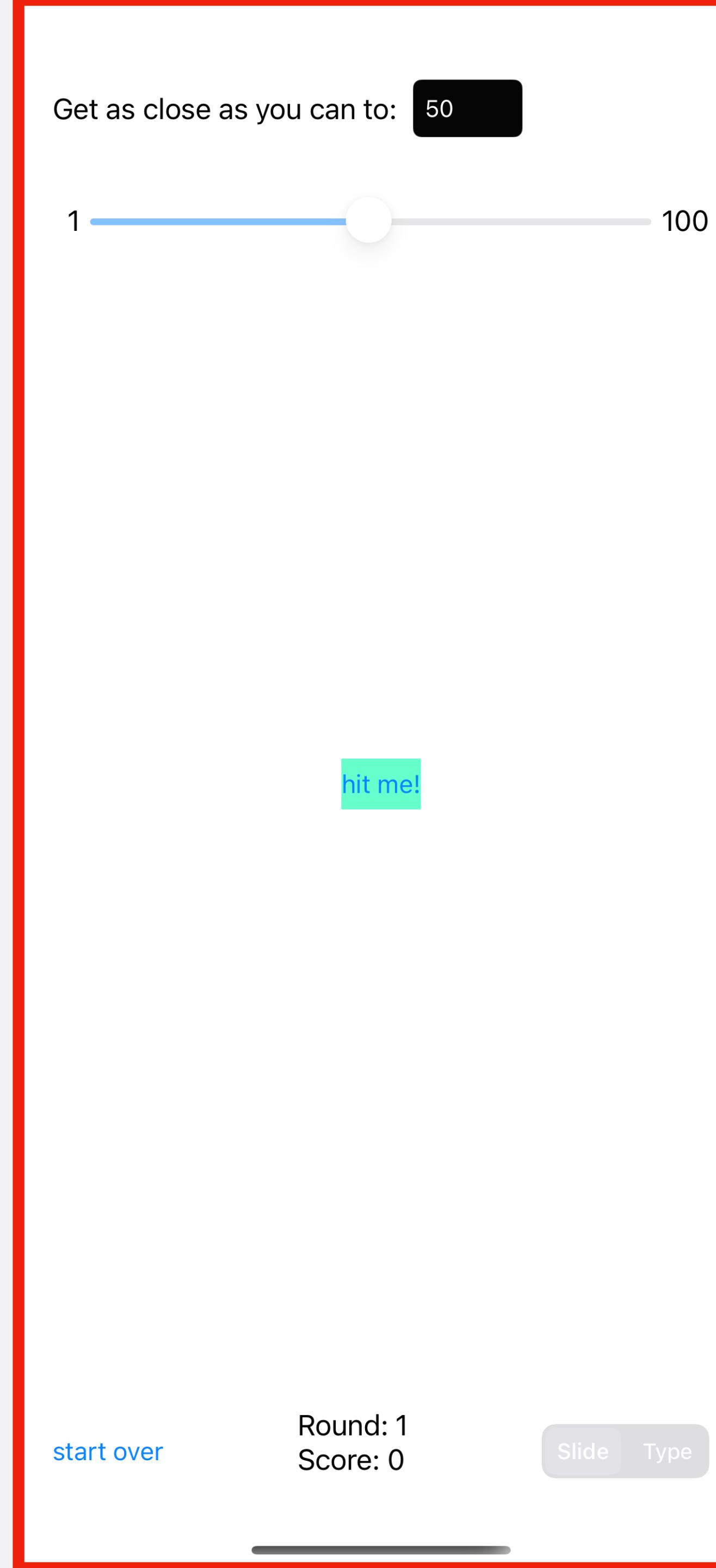
```
final class UITests: XCTestCase {  
    var app: XCUIApplication!  
  
    override func setUp() {  
        continueAfterFailure = false  
        app = XCUIApplication()  
        app.launchArguments = ["testing"]  
        app.launch()  
    }  
  
    func testThatWelcomeMessageIsCorrect() {  
        XCTAssertTrue(app.staticTexts["Hello World!"].exists)  
    }  
}
```

UI tests

- Stub manager
- Page object pattern
- Snapshot

- XCUIApplication
- XCUIElement
- XCUIElementQuery

UI tests



UI tests

var app: XCUIApplication!



```
class BullsEyeUITests: XCTestCase {
    var app: XCUIApplication!

    override func setUpWithError() throws {
        try super.setUpWithError()
        continueAfterFailure = false

        app = XCUIApplication()
        app.launch()
    }

    func testThatGameStyleSwitchChangesStateCorrectly() throws {

        // arrange
        let slideButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Slide"]
        let typeButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Type"]
        let slideLabel = app.staticTexts["Get as close as you can to: "]
        let typeLabel = app.staticTexts["Guess where the slider is: "]

        // assert
        if slideButton.isSelected {
            XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)

            typeButton.tap()
            XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)
        } else if typeButton.isSelected {
            XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)

            slideButton.tap()
            XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)
        }
    }
}
```

UI tests

```
/**  
 * The most recently observed state of the application. Applications are passively monitored to update  
 * this property as they change state. Consequently, updates to this property are inherently asynchronous.  
 *  
 * Some guarantees are made, however:  
 *  
 * - When -launch and -activate return, if they were successful, the state of the application will be  
 *   XCUIApplicationStateRunningBackground or XCUIApplicationStateRunningForeground, whichever is  
 *   appropriate for the application. Most applications will be XCUIApplicationStateRunningForeground  
 *   after launch or activation.  
 *  
 * - When -terminate returns, if it was successful, the state of the application will be  
 *   XCUIApplicationStateNotRunning.  
 */  
open var state: XCUIApplication.State { get }
```

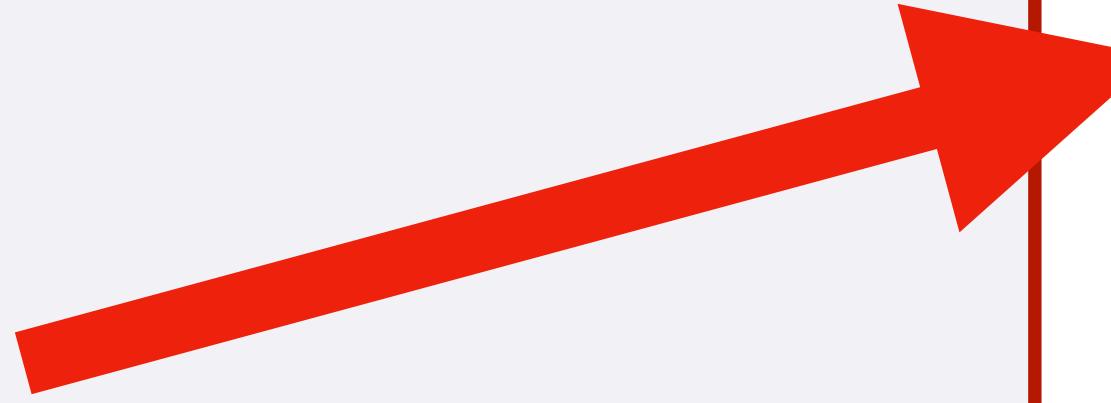
UI tests

```
/**  
 * Waits for the application to become a specific state, giving up after a number of seconds.  
 *  
 * Returns YES if the application is currently in or transitions to the desired state within the specified  
 * timeout period.  
 */  
open func wait(for state: XCUIApplication.State, timeout: TimeInterval) -> Bool
```

UI tests

```
override func setUpWithError() throws {
    try super.setUpWithError()
    continueAfterFailure = false

    app = XCUIApplication()
    app.launch()
}
```



```
class BullsEyeUITests: XCTestCase {
    var app: XCUIApplication!

    override func setUpWithError() throws {
        try super.setUpWithError()
        continueAfterFailure = false

        app = XCUIApplication()
        app.launch()
    }

    func testThatGameStyleSwitchChangesStateCorrectly() throws {
        // arrange
        let slideButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Slide"]
        let typeButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Type"]
        let slideLabel = app.staticTexts["Get as close as you can to: "]
        let typeLabel = app.staticTexts["Guess where the slider is: "]

        // assert
        if slideButton.isSelected {
            XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)

            typeButton.tap()
            XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)
        } else if typeButton.isSelected {
            XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)

            slideButton.tap()
            XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)
            XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)
        }
    }
}
```

UI tests

```
/**
 * @property continueAfterFailure
 * Determines whether the test method continues execution after an XCTAssert fails.
 *
 * By default, this property is YES, meaning the test method will complete regardless of how many
 * XCTAssert failures occur. Setting this to NO causes the test method to end execution immediately
 * after the first failure occurs, but does not affect remaining test methods in the suite.
 *
 * If XCTAssert failures in the test method indicate problems with state or determinism, additional
 * failures may be not be helpful information. Setting `continueAfterFailure` to NO can reduce the
 * noise in the test report for these kinds of tests.
 */
open var continueAfterFailure: Bool
```

UI tests

```
func testThatGameStyleSwitchChangesStateCorrectly() throws {
    // arrange
    let slideButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Slide"]
    let typeButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Type"]
    let slideLabel = app.staticTexts["Get as close as you can to: "]
    let typeLabel = app.staticTexts["Guess where the slider is: "]
}
```

```
class BullsEyeUITests: XCTestCase {
    var app: XCUIApplication!

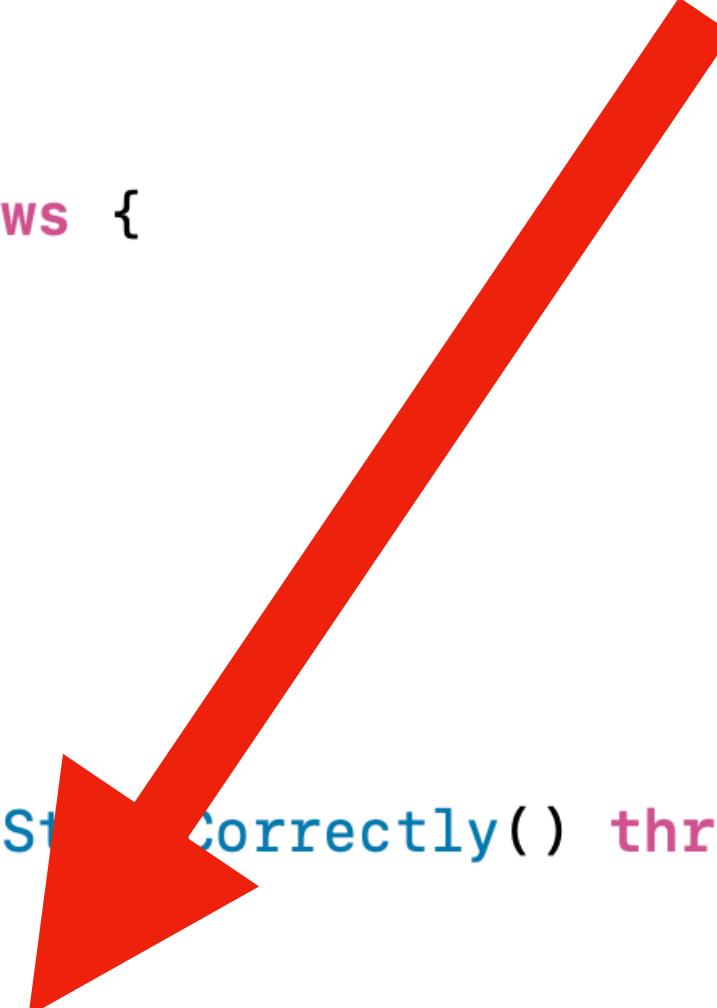
    override func setUpWithError() throws {
        try super.setUpWithError()
        continueAfterFailure = false
    }

    app = XCUIApplication()
    app.launch()
}

func testThatGameStyleSwitchChangesStateCorrectly() throws {
    // arrange
    let slideButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Slide"]
    let typeButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Type"]
    let slideLabel = app.staticTexts["Get as close as you can to: "]
    let typeLabel = app.staticTexts["Guess where the slider is: "]

    // assert
    if slideButton.isSelected {
        XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)
        XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)
    } else if typeButton.isSelected {
        XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)
        XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)
    }

    slideButton.tap()
    XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)
    XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)
}
```



UI tests. XCUIElementQuery



The screenshot shows a Xcode interface with a red border around the code editor. The title bar says "iPhone 12 Pro Max" and "Finished running BullsEye on iPhone 12 Pro Max". The file path is "XCTest > XCUIElementTypeQueryProvider". The code is a protocol definition:

```
public protocol XCUIElementTypeQueryProvider {

    @NSCopying var touchBars: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var groups: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var windows: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var sheets: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var drawers: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var alerts: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var dialogs: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var buttons: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var radioButtons: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var radioGroups: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var check Boxes: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var disclosureTriangles: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var popUpButtons: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var comboBoxes: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var menuButtons: XCUIElementQuery { get }

    @NSCopying var toolbarButtons: XCUIElementQuery { get }

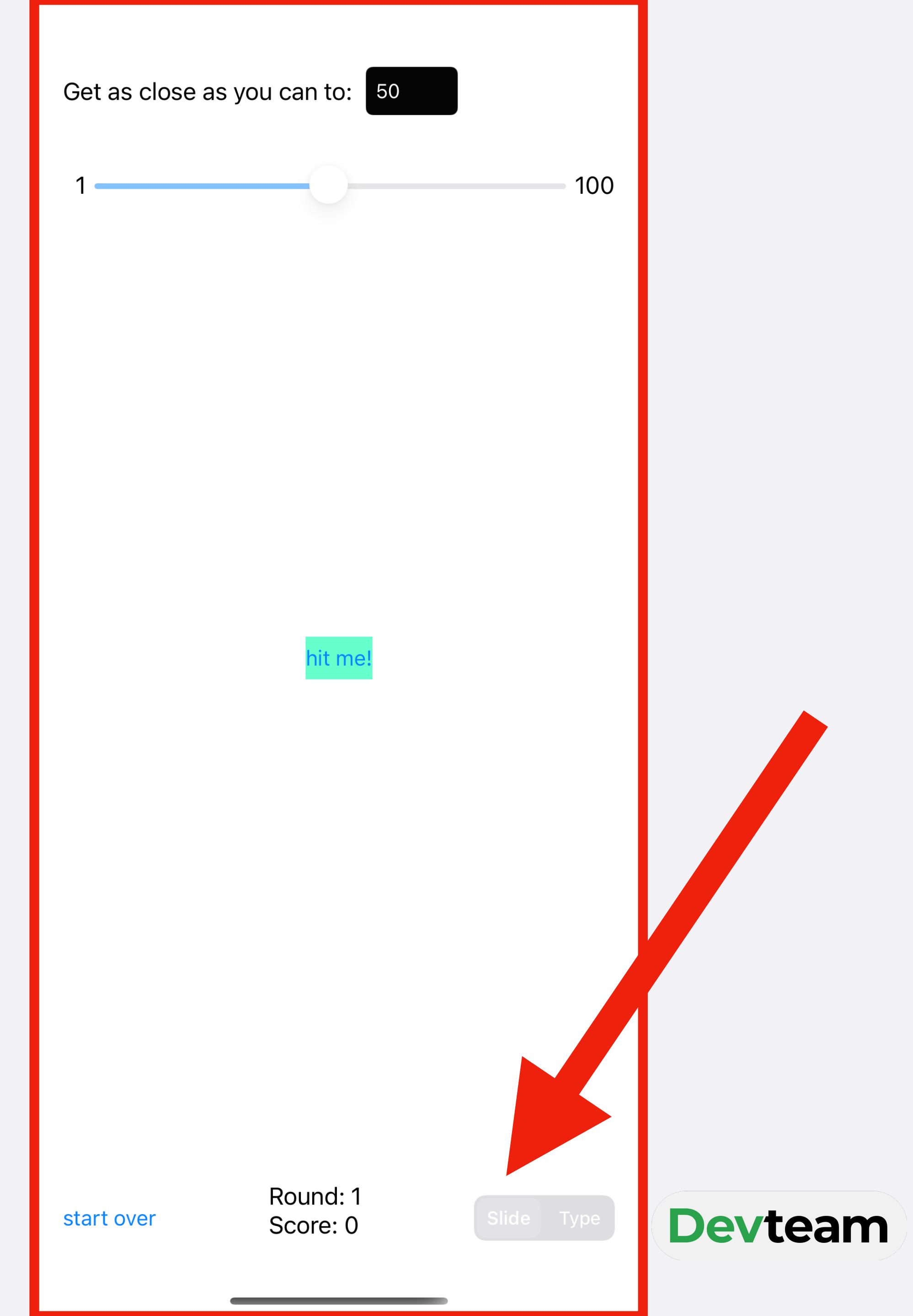
    @NSCopying var popovers: XCUIElementQuery { get }
}
```

UI tests

```
let app = XCUIApplication()  
app.buttons["Slide"].tap()
```

UI tests

```
let slideButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Slide"]
```



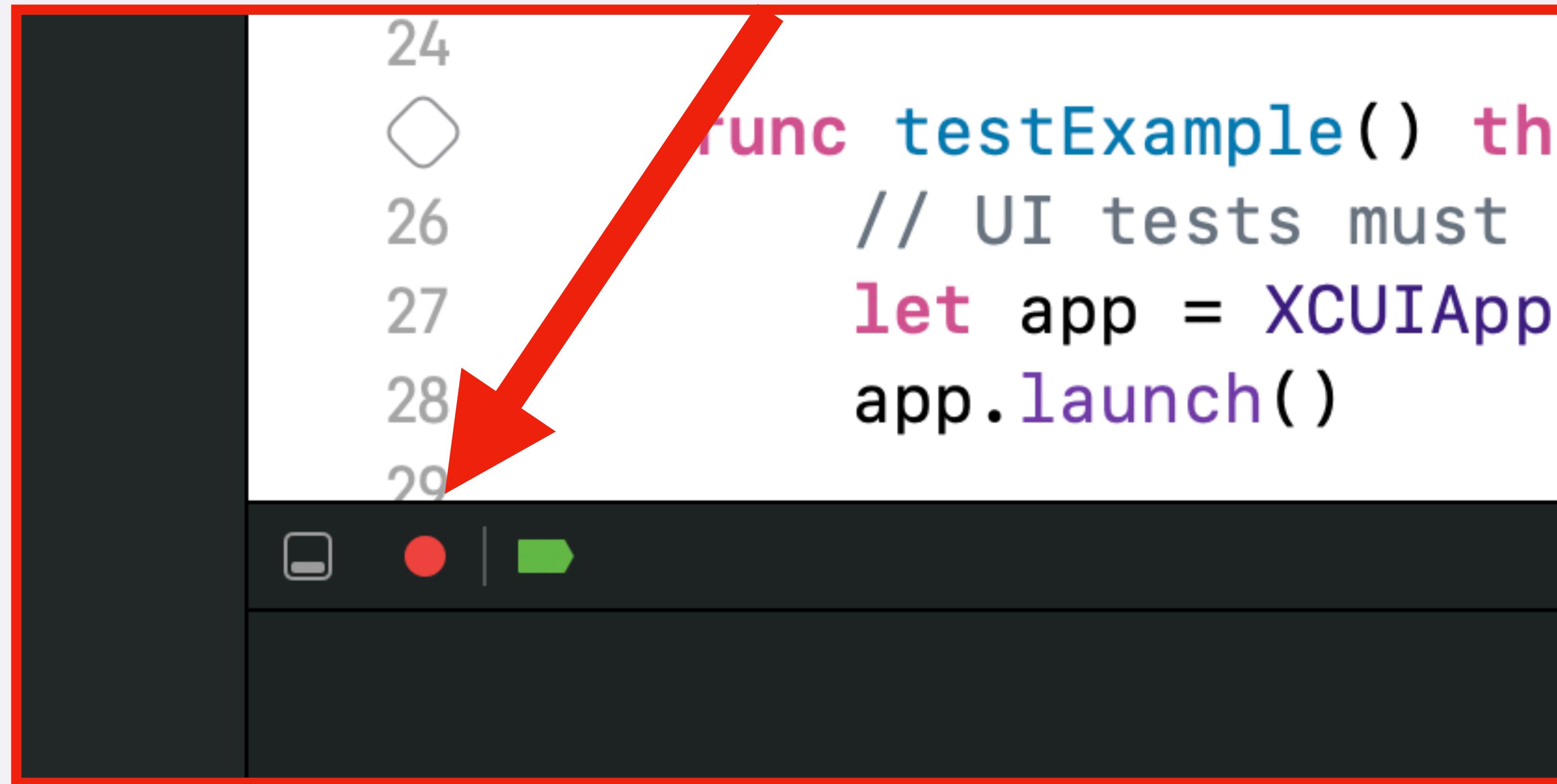
UI tests

```
if slideButton.isSelected {  
    XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)  
    XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)  
  
    typeButton.tap()  
    XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)  
    XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)  
} else if typeButton.isSelected {  
    XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)  
    XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)  
  
    slideButton.tap()  
    XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)  
    XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)  
}
```

```
class BullsEyeUITests: XCTestCase {  
    var app: XCUIApplication!  
  
    override func setUpWithError() throws {  
        try super.setUpWithError()  
        continueAfterFailure = false  
  
        app = XCUIApplication()  
        app.launch()  
    }  
  
    func testThatGameStyleSwitchChangesStateCorrectly() throws {  
  
        // arrange  
        let slideButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Slide"]  
        let typeButton = app.segmentedControls.buttons["Type"]  
        let slideLabel = app.staticTexts["Get as close as you can to: "]  
        let typeLabel = app.staticTexts["Guess where the slider is: "]  
  
        // assert  
        if slideButton.isSelected {  
            XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)  
            XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)  
  
            typeButton.tap()  
            XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)  
            XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)  
        } else if typeButton.isSelected {  
            XCTAssertTrue(typeLabel.exists)  
            XCTAssertFalse(slideLabel.exists)  
  
            slideButton.tap()  
            XCTAssertTrue(slideLabel.exists)  
            XCTAssertFalse(typeLabel.exists)  
        }  
    }  
}
```



UI tests



A screenshot of an Xcode editor window. The left side shows a dark sidebar. The main area contains a code editor with the following content:

```
24
25
26
27
28 func testExample() throws {
29     // UI tests must launch the application
30     let app = XCUIApplication()
31     app.launch()
```

A large red arrow points from the top-left towards the word "launch" in the final line of the code.

ЗАДАНИЕ

Реализовать какой-нибудь UI-тест (индивидуально)

25.00

UI tests

- Stub manager
- Page object pattern
- Snapshot

- XCUIApplication
- XCUIElement
- XCUIElementQuery

100,000

UI tests. Stub manager

- создание класса-наследника NSURLProtocol
- регистрация его в системе загрузки URL

UI tests. Stub manager. NSURLConnection

Class

URLProtocol

An abstract class that handles the loading of protocol-specific URL data.

Declaration

```
class URLProtocol : NSObject
```

UI tests. Stub manager. NSURLConnection

```
startLoading {  
    cachedData: Data  
  
    if cachedData {  
        response: NSHTTPURLResponse  
        client(URLProtocol: didReceiveResponse: cacheStoragePolicy:)  
        client(URLProtocol: self didLoadData: cachedData)  
        client(URLProtocolDidFinishLoading:)  
    } else {  
        client(URLProtocol: self didFailWithError: создаем ошибку)  
    }  
}
```

UI tests. Stub manager. NSURLProtocol

Instance Property

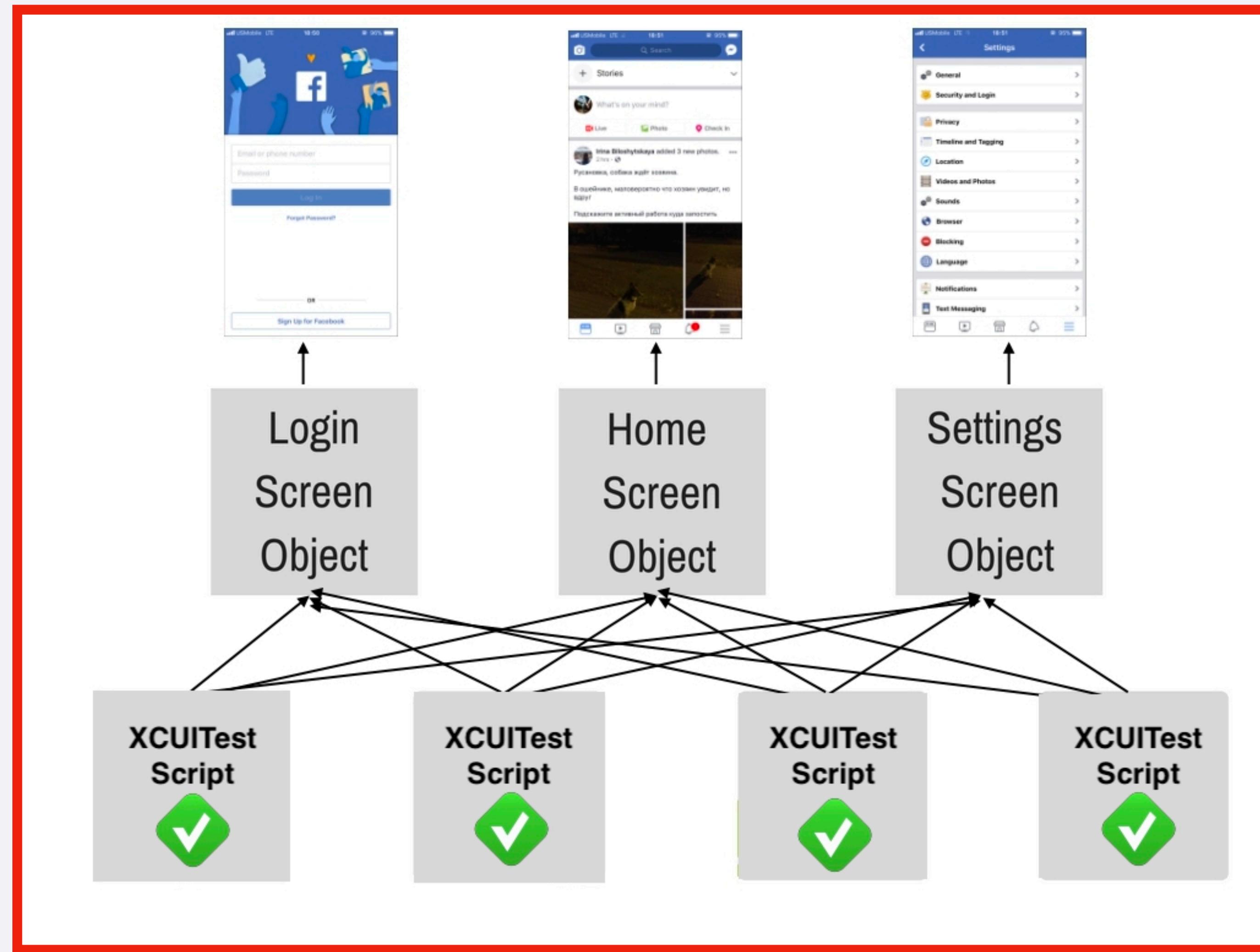
protocolClasses

An array of extra protocol subclasses that handle requests in a session.

Declaration

```
var protocolClasses: [AnyClass]? { get set }
```

UI tests. Page object pattern



UI tests. Page object pattern

```
func testExample() {  
  
    let app = XCUIApplication()  
  
    let signUpPage = WelcomePage(app: app)  
  
    let completePage = signUpPage.  
        .typeEmail("smith@example.com")  
        .typePassword("jg28hwm90iflz")  
        .typeName("Smith")  
        .tapCreateAccountButton()  
  
    _ = completePage  
        .then { XCTAssertEqual($0.headingText, "Welcome, Smith!") }  
        .pickCompany("Japan")  
  
    // ...  
}
```

UI tests. Page object pattern

```
public final class NewOnlineConsultationsPage: PageWithWorker, BackNavigation {
    public init() {}

    public let screenName = "Онлайн-консультации"

    public var openElement: XCUIElement { app.otherElements["OnlineServicesViewController"] }

    public let openTimeout: Timeout = .apiRequest

    public var paidConsultationsHeader: XCUIElement { app.otherElements["Доступные консультации"] }

    public var availableConsultationsHeader: XCUIElement { app.otherElements["Можно приобрести"] }

    public private(set) lazy var pageWorker = PageWorker(page: self)

    // MARK: - Elements
    public var backButton: XCUIElement { app.buttons["Главная"] }
    public var searchButton: XCUIElement { app.navigationBars.buttons.element(boundBy: 1) }
    public var promocodeButton: XCUIElement { app.images["online_services_promo"].firstMatch }
    public var tutorialButton: XCUIElement { app.images["online_services_tutorial"].firstMatch }
    public var firstSpecialityListItem: XCUIElement { app.cells.containing(.image, identifier:
        "disclosure_arrow_16").firstMatch }
    public var firstBoughtSpecialityCard: XCUIElement {
        app.otherElements.containing(.staticText, identifier: "bought_speciality").firstMatch
    }
}
```

UI tests. Page object pattern

```
protocol Page {  
    var app: XCUIApplication { get }  
    var view: XCUIElement { get }  
  
    init(app: XCUIApplication)  
}
```

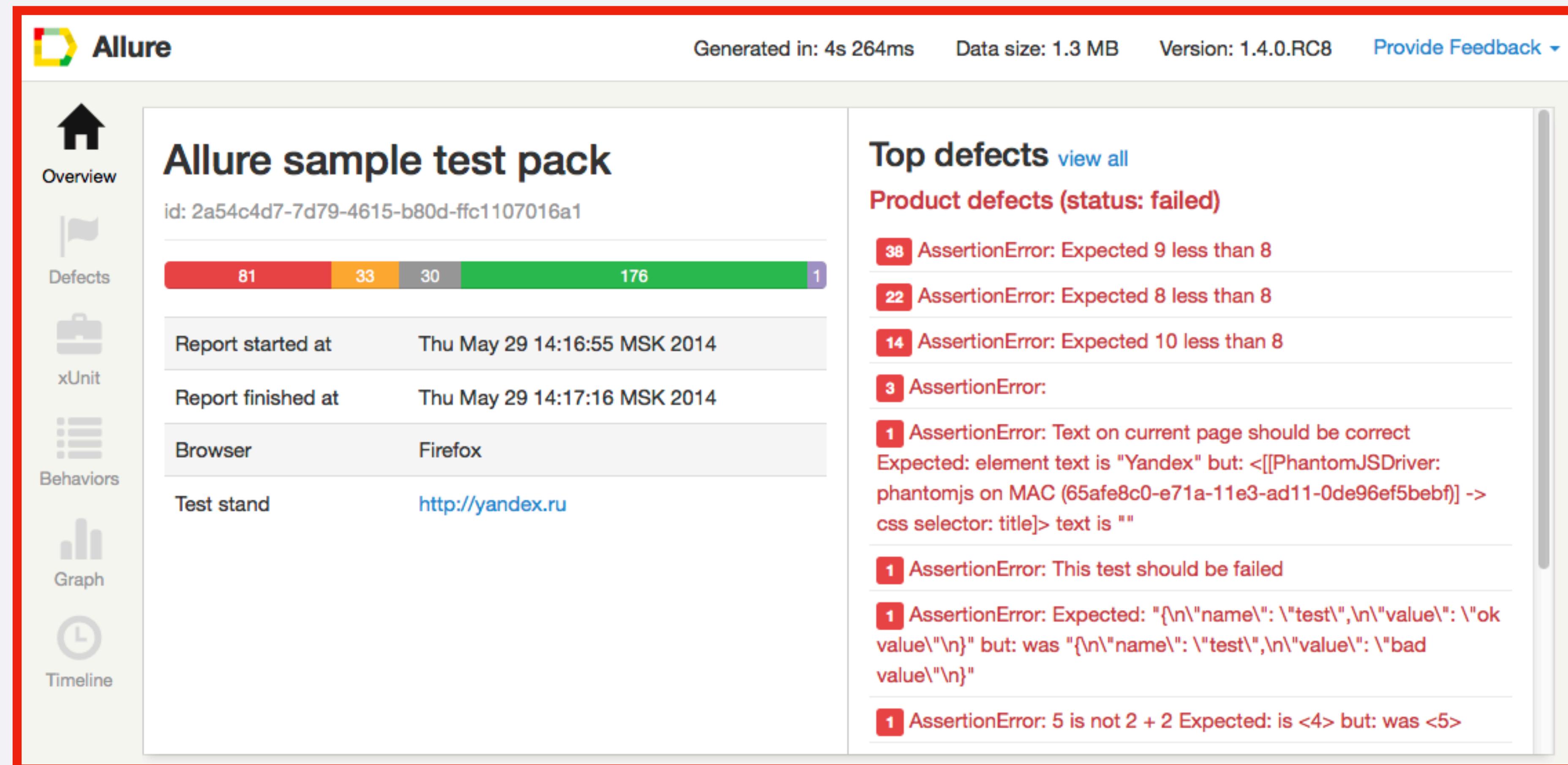
UI tests. Page object pattern

```
class WelcomePage: Page {  
    // ...  
    private var loginButton: XCUIElement { return view.buttons["loginButton"] }  
    private var signUpButton: XCUIElement { return view.buttons["signUpButton"] }  
  
    func tapLoginButton() -> LoginPage {  
        loginButton.tap()  
        return LoginPage(app: app)  
    }  
  
    func tapSignUpButton() -> SignUpPage {  
        signUpButton.tap()  
        return SignUpPage(app: app)  
    }  
}
```

UI tests. Page object pattern

```
signUpPage
    .typeEmail("")
    .typePassword("3i&wu, iu87n")
    .then { XCTAssertEqual(signUpPage.errorMessage,
        "Email can't be blank.") }
```

UI tests. Snapshot



The screenshot shows the Allure UI test report interface. The left sidebar, highlighted by a red box, contains navigation links: Overview (selected), Defects, xUnit, Behaviors, Graph, and Timeline. The main content area displays the following information:

Allure sample test pack
id: 2a54c4d7-7d79-4615-b80d-ffc1107016a1

Test status summary: 81 (red), 33 (orange), 30 (grey), 176 (green), 1 (purple).

Report details:

- Report started at: Thu May 29 14:16:55 MSK 2014
- Report finished at: Thu May 29 14:17:16 MSK 2014
- Browser: Firefox
- Test stand: <http://yandex.ru>

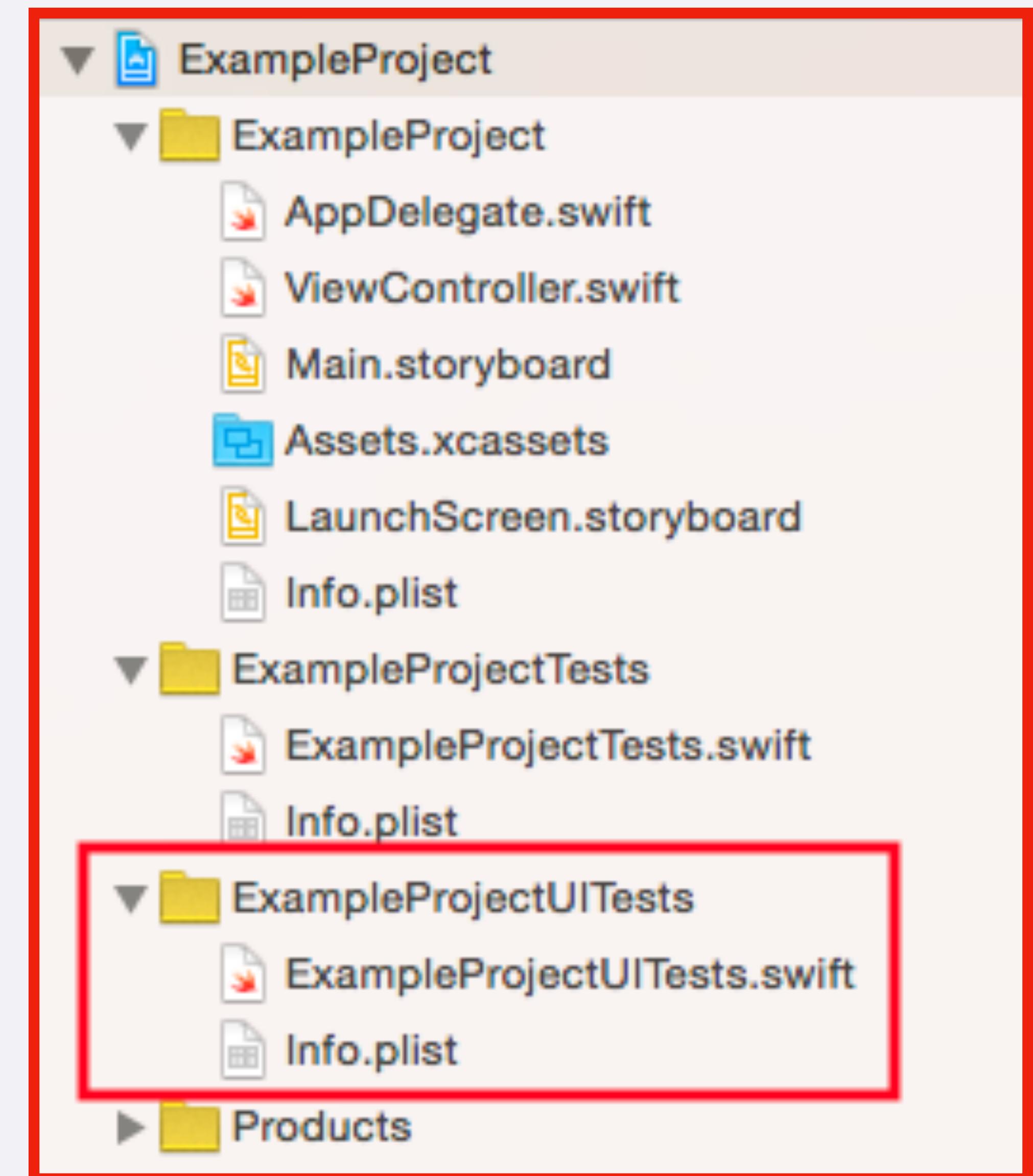
Top defects [view all](#)

Product defects (status: failed)

- 38 AssertionErrors: Expected 9 less than 8
- 22 AssertionErrors: Expected 8 less than 8
- 14 AssertionErrors: Expected 10 less than 8
- 3 AssertionErrors:
 - 1 AssertionError: Text on current page should be correct
Expected: element text is "Yandex" but: <[[PhantomJSdriver:
phantomjs on MAC (65afe8c0-e71a-11e3-ad11-0de96ef5bef)] ->
css selector: title]> text is ""
 - 1 AssertionError: This test should be failed
 - 1 AssertionError: Expected: "{\n"name": "test",\n"value": "ok
value"\n}" but: was "{\n"name": "test",\n"value": "bad
value"\n}"
 - 1 AssertionError: 5 is not 2 + 2 Expected: is <4> but: was <5>

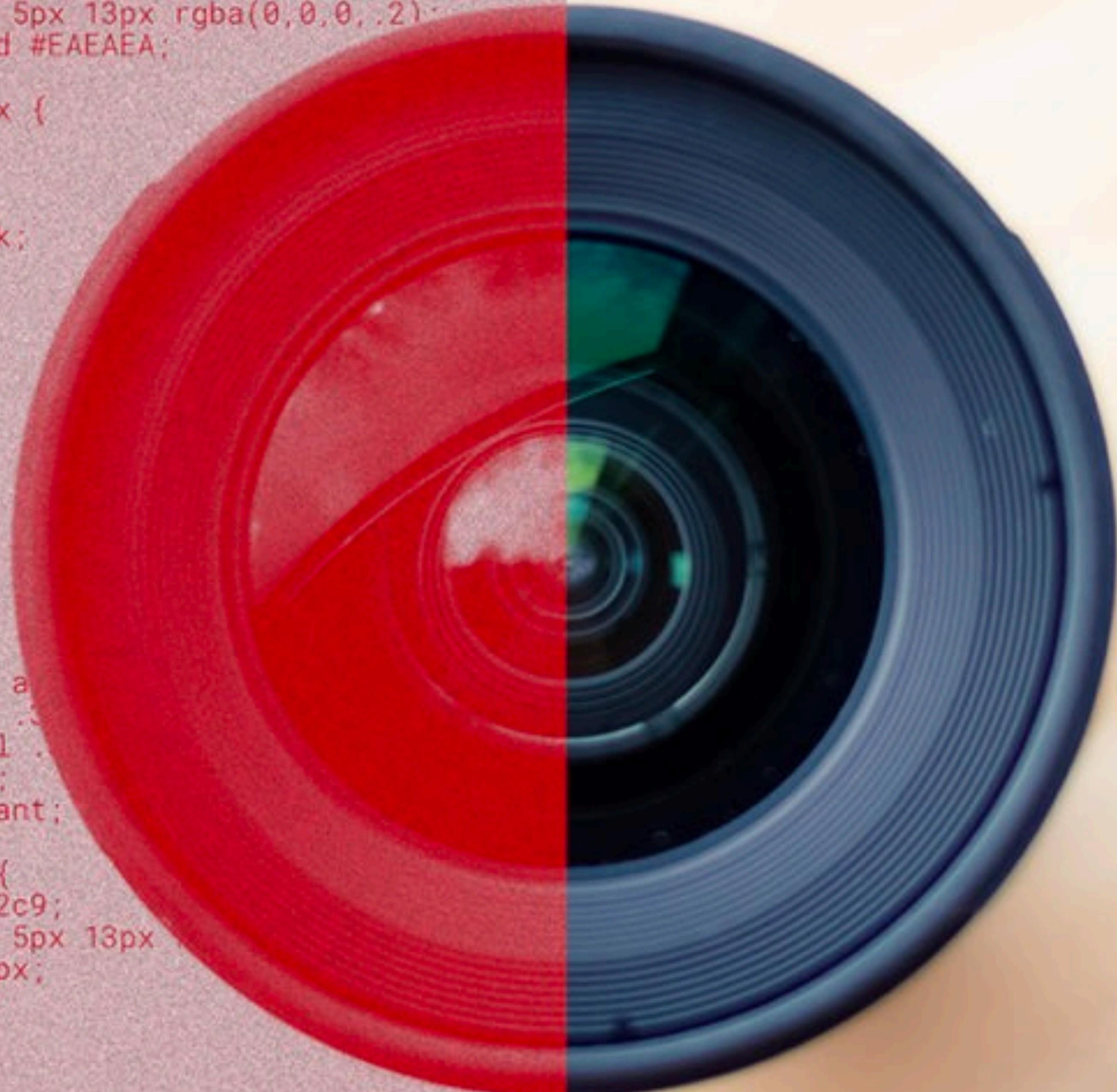
UI tests

- Stub manager
- Page object pattern
- Snapshot



Snapshot testing

```
textarea:hover, textarea:focus, textarea:active {  
    box-shadow: 0px 5px 13px rgba(0,0,0,.2);  
    border:1px solid #EAEAEA;  
}  
.hs-form-booleancheckbox {  
    list-style: none;  
}  
.deck-button {  
    display:inline-block;  
    width:auto;  
    text-align:center;  
    background:#5bc6d1;  
    color:#FFF;  
    padding:10px 15px;  
    border-radius:20px;  
    min-width:200px;  
    margin-left:10px;  
    margin-top:5px;  
    margin-bottom:5px;  
    font-size:1.125rem;  
    font-weight:bold;  
    cursor:pointer;  
    -webkit-transition: all .3s;  
    -ms-transition: all .3s;  
    -moz-transition: all .3s;  
    transition: all .3s;  
    border:none !important;  
}  
.deck-button:hover {  
    background:#2fc2c9;  
    box-shadow: 0px 5px 13px;  
    padding:10px 15px;  
    border-radius:20px;  
    min-width:200px;  
    margin-left:10px;  
    margin-top:5px;  
    margin-bottom:5px;  
    font-size:1.125rem;  
    font-weight:bold;  
}
```



Login

Email

Password

Login

SIGN IN

EMAIL

hello@gmail.com

PASSWORD

123456

SIGN IN

Login

Email

Password

Login

SIGN IN

EMAIL

hello@gmail.com

PASSWORD

123456
Email

Password

Login

SIGN IN

EMAIL

hello@gmail.com

PASSWORD

123456

SIGN IN

Snapshot testing

- <https://github.com/pointfreeco/swift-snapshot-testing>
- <https://github.com/uber/ios-snapshot-test-case/>
(obsolete)

Snapshot testing. PointFreeCo

```
class Screen: UIViewController {  
  
    override func viewDidLoad() {  
        super.viewDidLoad()  
        view.backgroundColor = .red  
    }  
}
```

Snapshot testing. PointFreeCo

```
import XCTest
import SnapshotTesting

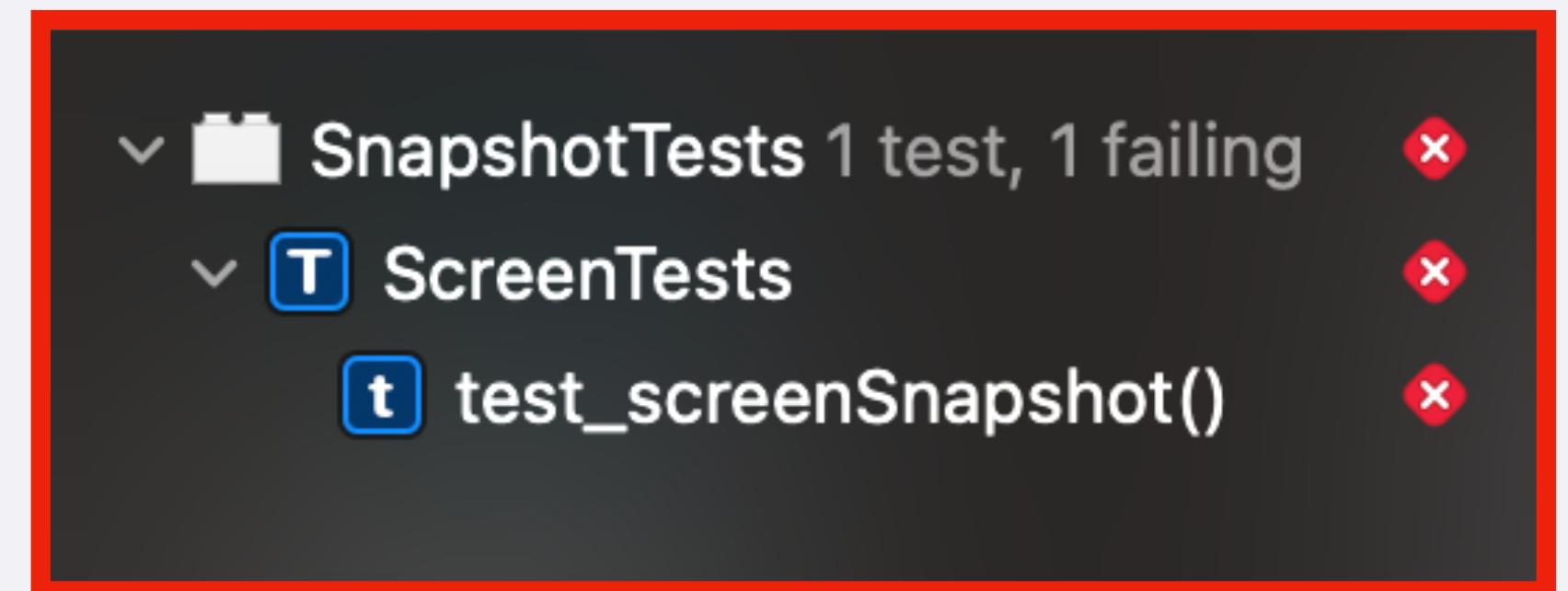
@testable import Snapshot

final class ScreenTests: XCTestCase {
    var sut: Screen!

    override func setUp() {
        sut = Screen()
    }

    func test_screenSnapshot() {
        assertSnapshot(matching: sut, as: .image(on: .iPhone8))
    }
}
```

Snapshot testing. PointFreeCourse



```
func test_screenSnapshot() {
    assertSnapshot(matching: sut, as: .image(on: .iPhone8))
}
```

A callout bubble from the failing test highlights the error message: "failed - No reference was found on disk. Automatically recorded snapshot: ...". It also provides the file path "open "/Users/docdoc/Desktop/Examples/Snapshot/SnapshotTests/_Snapshots__/ScreenTests/test_screenSnapshot.1.png"" and instructions "Re-run "test_screenSnapshot" to test against the newly-recorded snapshot."

Snapshot testing. PointFreeCo

```
19
20  x func test_screenSnapshot() {
21      assertSnapshot(matching: sut, as: .image(on: .iPhone8))
22  }
23 }
24
```

x failed - Snapshot does not match reference.

@-
"/Users/docdoc/Desktop/Examples/Snapshot/SnapshotTests/_Schemas__/ScreenTests/test_screenSnapshot.1.png"
@+
"/Users/docdoc/Library/Developer/CoreSimulator/Devices/49B6E336-4D6E-428E-8FC3-E8234F355679/data/Containers/Data/Application/5C42EE4F-7FD0-4093-A873-E6A4A61D94B4/tmp/ScreenTests/test_screenSnapshot.1.png"

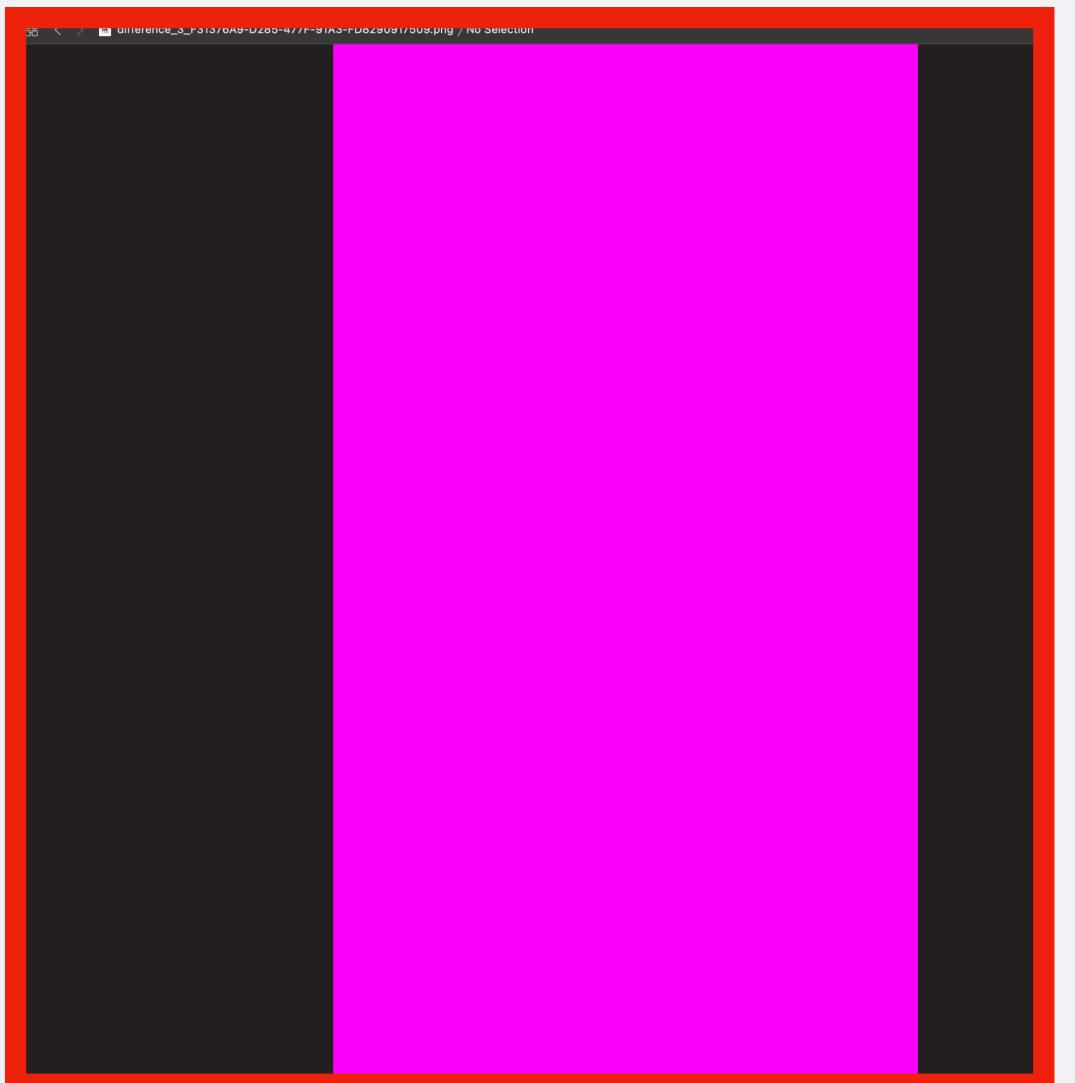
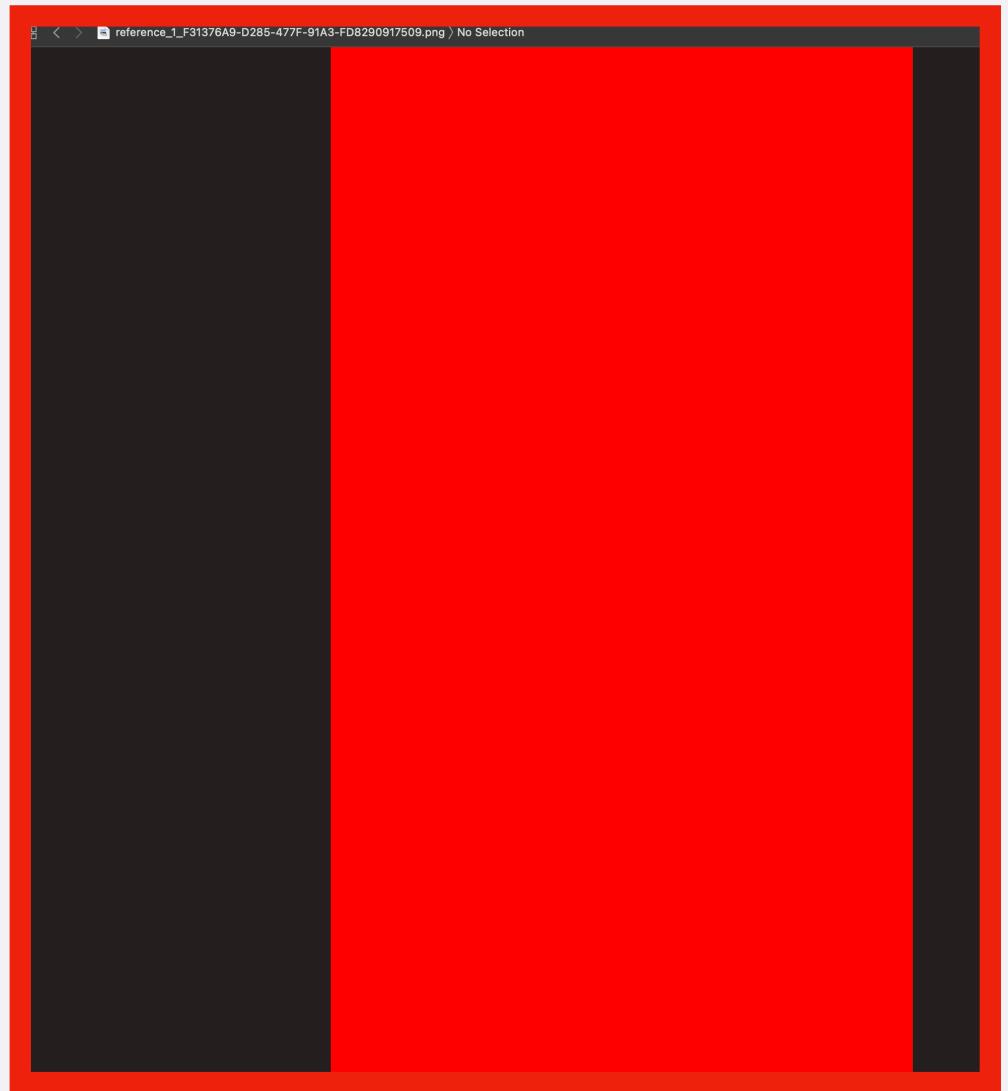
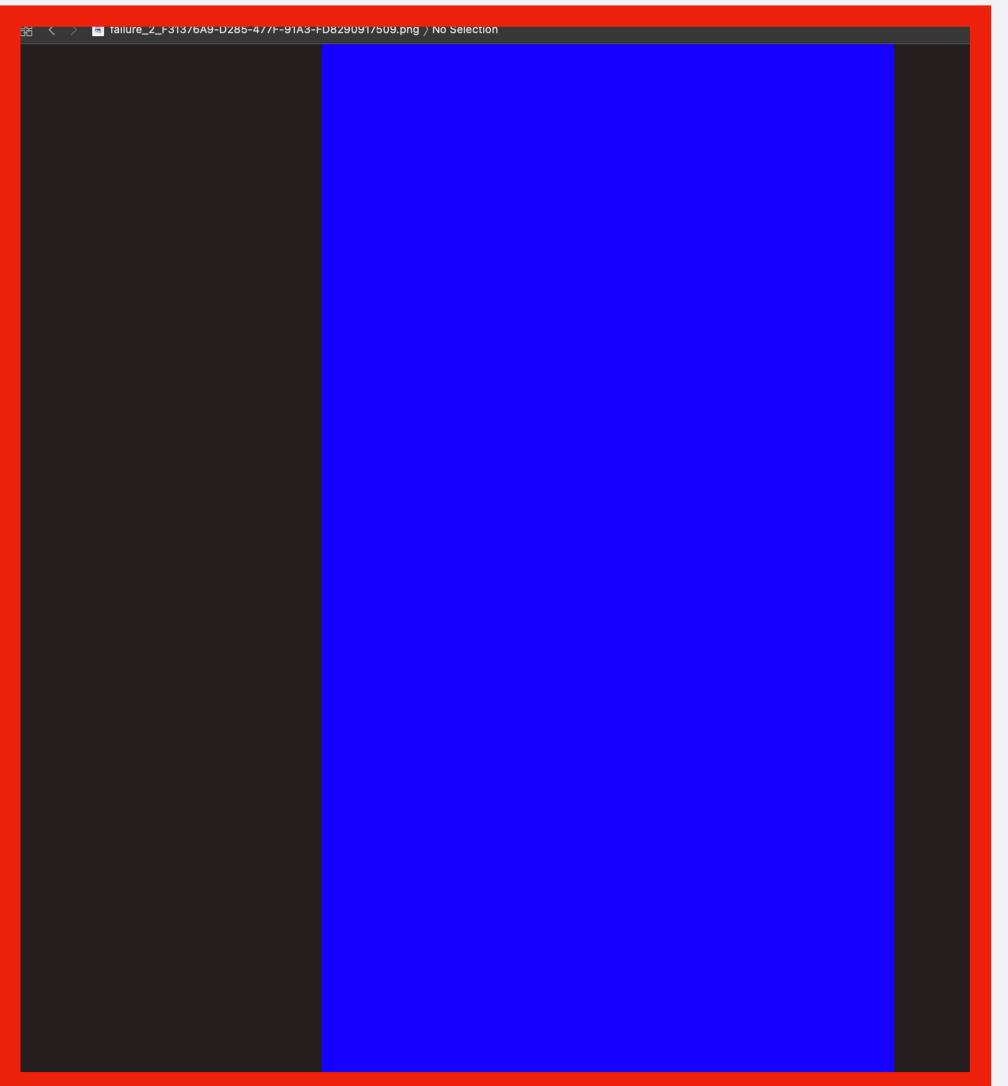
Newly-taken snapshot does not match reference.

Snapshot testing. PointFreeCourse

```
ScreenTests SnapshotTests 1 failed (100 %) in 1s
  test_screenSnapshot() 1s
    Attached Failure Diff (Start)
      reference
      failure
      difference (diff)
        Assertion Failure at ScreenTests.swift:21:
        failed - Snapshot does not match
        reference.

        @-
        "/Users/docdoc/Desktop/Examples/
        Snapshot/SnapshotTests/__Snapshots__/
        ScreenTests/test_screenSnapshot.1.png"
        @+
        "/Users/docdoc/Library/Developer/
        CoreSimulator/Devices/
        49B6E336-4D6E-428E-8FC3-
        E8234F355679/data/Containers/Data/
        Application/5C42EE4F-7FD0-4093-A873-
        E6A4A61D94B4/tmp/ScreenTests/
        test_screenSnapshot.1.png"

        Newly-taken snapshot does not
        match reference.
```



Read

- <https://www.raywenderlich.com/21020457-ios-unit-testing-and-ui-testing-tutorial#toc-anchor-015>
- <https://swiftwithmajid.com/2021/03/18/ui-testing-in-swift-with-xctest-framework/>
- <https://habr.com/ru/company/oleg-bunin/blog/353276/>
- <https://www.hackingwithswift.com/articles/148/xcode-ui-testing-cheat-sheet>
- <https://medium.com/wantedly-engineering/introducing-page-object-pattern-in-ios-74e46c664d26>
- <https://medium.com/dev-jam/snapshot-testing-in-swift-9d52cbec075c>
- <https://jon-gabilondo-angulo-7635.medium.com/why-is-xcuitest-so-bad-84917569e28b>
- <https://github.com/pointfreeco/swift-snapshot-testing>

Homework

Реализовать в выпускном проекте

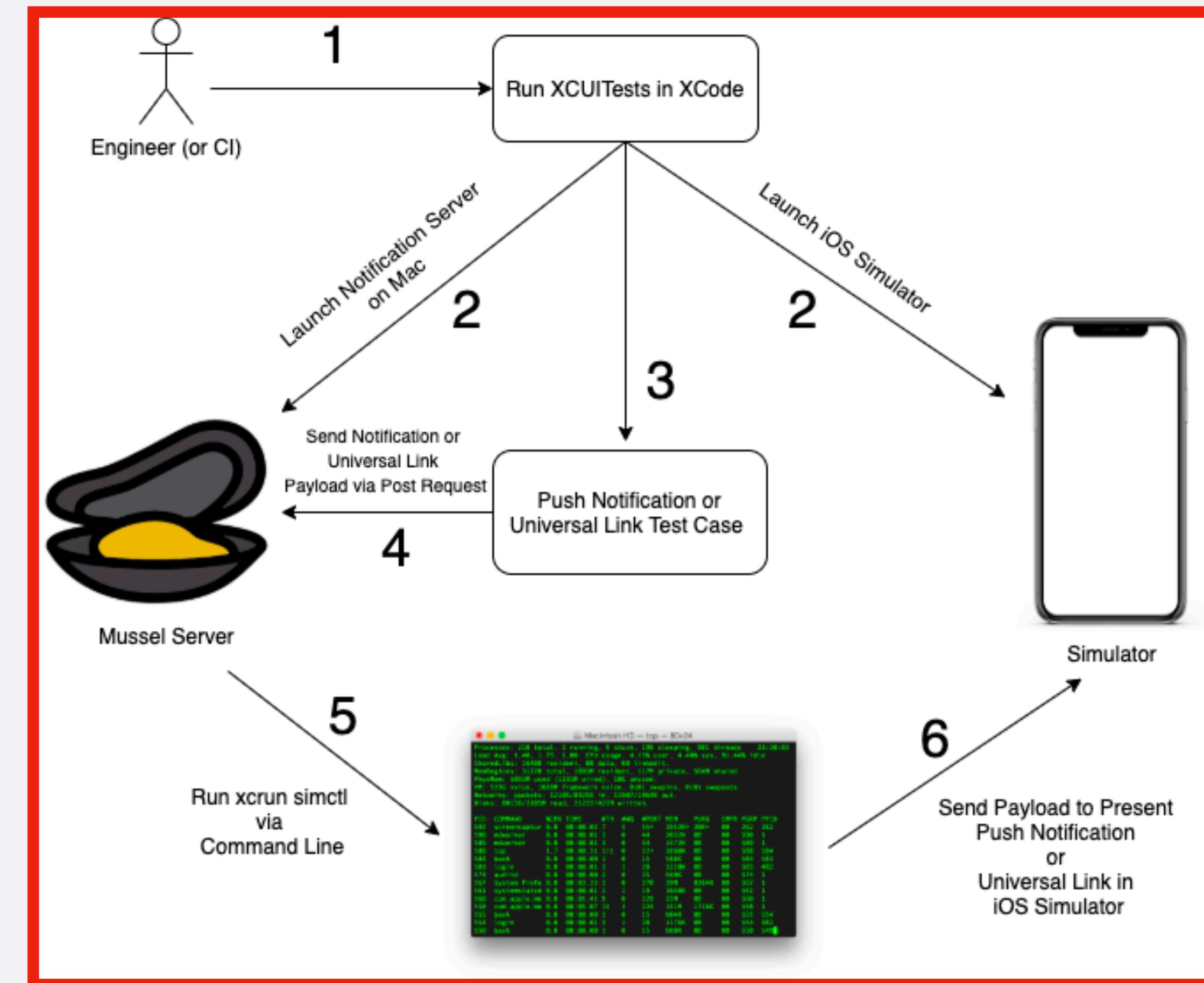
- хотя бы один UI-тест через **page object**
- хотя бы один snapshot test (⚠ iPhone SE 2)

Прислать на проверку до защиты.

ROBOT Pattern

<https://medium.com/zendesk-engineering/ui-testing-ios-apps-with-the-robot-pattern-dd839b59fed1>

UI tests. Stub manager. Mussels



Test plans