AUTOMATIC BUILD VERSION NUMBERING

FUN WITH VERSION NUMBERS!

Len Popp – https://lenp.net/presentations/

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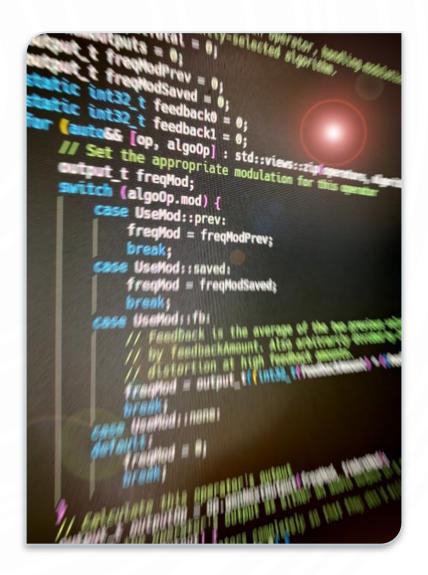


ABOUT ME

Len Popp

Retired Software Guy,
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AGENDA

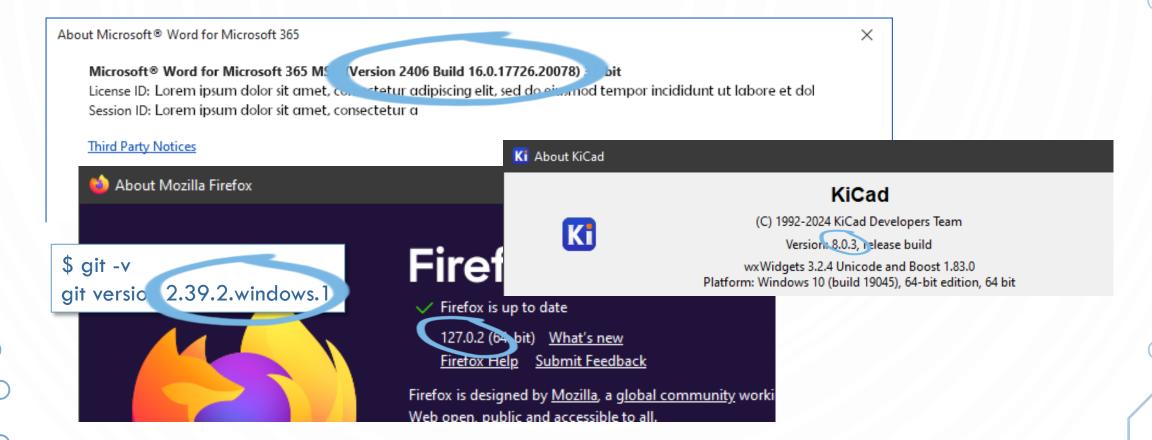
- About Version Numbers
- What I Want
- How I Do It
- Questions?

ABOUT VERSION NUMBERS

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EXAMPLES



WHY VERSION NUMBERS?

- Know which version of software you're running
- Dependencies
- Bug reporting/debugging
 - Connect an executable to a particular version of the source code

WHERE VERSION NUMBERS ARE USED

- In the code, for display ("About...", git -v)
- EXE file properties
- Text files (README)
- Installer (Windows Control Panel)
- Documentation (WinHelp, Doxygen)
- Version control system (git tags, GitHub releases)
- These should all match!

THE EASY WAY

version.h

```
// Update this whenever a new release is built
constexpr unsigned verMajor = 1;
constexpr unsigned verMinor = 0;
constexpr unsigned verRevision = 5;
constexpr char verString[] = "1.0.5";
```



WHY IS THIS PRESENTATION NOT OVER?

- Can't do everything with version.h
 - Multiple languages (e.g. C++ and C#), text files, installer, help files, git tags, etc.
 - Version info must be duplicated in multiple places
- Every distinguishable build should have a distinct version number, automatically
 - That includes unreleased builds during development and testing, and automated builds
 - That's a pain!
- There must be an easy way

MY SPECIFIC MOTIVATION

- Problems encountered building releases of commercial software
- Version numbers were a pain to maintain properly error-prone
- Lesson learned: Every build that is seen by two people needs a version number
- Needed a correct, streamlined build process
- Similar issues in my open-source hobby projects



MY REQUIREMENTS FOR VERSION NUMBERS

REQUIREMENTS

- The version number is specified in one single place, simply & easily
- It can be used wherever it's needed
- Consistent everywhere
- Automatically append a build number
 - For intermediate "releases" that don't have an explicit version number
 - Auto numbering must be in increasing order
- Efficient to build

MY VERSION NUMBER SCHEMA

- Format: [major].[minor].[revision].[build]-[stuff]
- Example: 1.2.3.456%-stuff
 - "stuff" will be described later
- Windows-compatible (4 numeric components)
- "Inspired by" semantic versioning but not quite the same
- major, minor, revision are set explicitly; build is generated automatically
- Caveat: This is just how I do it



MY STREAMLINED PROCESS FOR SETTING VERSION NUMBERS

MY DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

- C++, C#
- Microsoft Visual Studio
- Git
- Various other tools for software & hardware development
- For other projects I use VS Code with make or CMake (with a few changes)
- It could easily work with other build systems

VERSION NUMBER IS SET BY A GIT TAG

- This is the "one place" where I set the version number
- To increment the version number for a new release, set a git tag
- Examples: 1, 1.2, 1.2.3
 - Minor and revision numbers are optional; build number is omitted
- This connects an executable precisely to its source code
- Again, this is just how I do it.
 - Version number could be defined in a file, for example.

```
$ git tag
0
0.1
0.2
1.0
1.1
1.2
1.3
1.4
1.5
1.5.1
```

MAKEVERSIONINFO PROJECT

- Add this Visual Studio project to the solution
- Main C++ project depends on MakeVersionInfo
- MakeVersionInfo runs every time you do a build:
 - Gets the version number from git
 - Updates the version number references in any specified files
 - But only if the version number has changed
- Files are only recompiled if the version info has changed since the last build

WHICH FILES?

- Need a list of the files that will contain the up-to-date version number
- init-version-info.bat in the Visual
 Studio solution directory

```
:: Project settings for MakeVersionInfo
set SOLUTIONDIR=%~dp0
set TARGETS="%SolutionDir%version.h" "%SolutionDir%README.txt"
```

TEMPLATE FILES

- Each file listed in init-version-info.bat
 is created from a template file
- Example: version.h is defined by version.htemplate
- The template contains substitution items where the version numbers are to appear
- There's other info too, e.g. build date
- "{" characters are represented by "{{"
 - Unfortunate compromise

```
namespace Version
{{
    constexpr unsigned major
                              {verMajor};
    constexpr unsigned mino = {verMinor};
                            lon = {verRevision
    constexpr unsigned revi
    constexpr unsigned bui
                            = {verBuild};
    constexpr char commit[ = "{verCommit}";
    constexpr bool isDevBu
                            d = {verIsDevBuild
    constexpr char name[]
                            "{verString}";
    constexpr char date[] =
                            {verDatestamp}";
    constexpr char time[] = {verTimestamp}"
```

HOW IT WORKS

- MakeVersionInfo is a Visual Studio "Makefile" project (nmake)
 - Calls init-version-info.bat to get the list of files to be processed
 - Calls git describe to get version info from a recent tag
 - Calls a Python script to update version-info file, only if the version number changed
 - nmake rebuilds output files as required (using Makefile and another Python script)
- If any files were written, build targets depending on them will be re-built

AUTOMATIC BUILD NUMBER

• From git describe

```
$ git describe --tags --always --dirty
3.1-5-g8f5bc0e dirty

9 build commit modified
```

- build commit modified
 Build number is the number of commits past the most recent tag
- Resulting version string:

```
3.1.0.5 g8f5bc0e-dev
```

• The extra stuff disambiguates the git branch and marks in-development code

HOW-TO SUMMARY

- Add MakeVersionInfo to the Visual Studio solution
- Other projects that use version info depend on MakeVersionInfo
- Copy & modify init-version-info.bat to specify version-specific files
- Make template files for all those files
- git tag 0.1
- Build the solution

EFFICIENCY

- The MakeVersionInfo build step runs on every build
- When version number is unchanged, takes very little time
 - Python is faster than PowerShell
- Minimal rebuild
 - No unnecessary recompilation when version number is unchanged

EXAMPLE

```
constexpr unsigned major = 1;
                                                                                                             X
                 constexpr unsigned major = {verMajor}
                                                    constexpr unsigned minor = 1;
                                                    constexpr unsigned revision = 0;
                 constexpr unsigned minor = {verMinor}
                 consterns unsigned revision - JuarDay: consterns unsigned build = 0;
$ ./PatchDump.exe -v

1>----- Build started:
1>update-version-info.p

$ ./PatchDump.exe -v

PatchDump 1.1.0.0
                                                              char commit[] = "";
                                                             ase x64 -----
2>---- Build started: Project: PatchDump, Configuration: Release x64 -----
2>main.cpp
2>Generating code
2>5 of 1690 functions ( 0.3%) were compiled, the rest were copied from previous compilation.
2> 0 functions were new in current compilation
2> 27 functions had inline decision re-evaluated but remain unchanged
2>Finished generating code
2>PatchDump.vcxproj -> C:\Dev\Pico\Dexy\software\PatchDump\x64\Release\PatchDump.exe
====== Build: 2 succeeded, 0 failed, 0 up-to-date, 0 skipped =======
====== Build completed at 11:55 and took 05.499 seconds ======
```

Error List Breakpoints Output Bookmarks Find Symbol Results

SOURCE CODE

- Visual Studio implementation: https://github.com/Len42/MakeVersionInfoP
- CMake implementation: https://github.com/Len42/Dexy/tree/main/firmware
- Makefile implementation: https://github.com/Len42/dat-ting/tree/main/lib/MakeVersionInfo
- Or just <u>lenp.net</u>

