

$$V^{\text{comm}} = [y_1^{\text{comm}}, \dots, y_A^{\text{comm}}] \quad K \times A$$

$$\gamma^{\text{micro}} = [y_1^{\text{micro}}, \dots, y_M^{\text{micro}}]_{N_o \times M}$$

$$\text{vec}(Y) = (\underset{\sim}{y}_1^T, \underset{\sim}{y}_2^T, \dots, \underset{\sim}{y}_B^T)^T_{(AB \times 1)}$$

Similarly,

$$Z = [z_1, \dots, z_R]_{N_1 \times R}$$

Common matrix

← common ages d_x

for $\theta \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$, $y \sim \text{MVN}(\alpha I + X$

for $(w_m^{micro})_{m=1}^M, (y_m^{micro})_{m=1}^M \sim \text{MVN}(\alpha, \Sigma) + \chi_0 \otimes \Sigma$

$$Z_r \overset{\text{ind}}{\sim} \text{MVN} \left(\alpha \underset{\sim}{1} + X_r \underset{\sim}{\theta}, (\tilde{W}_r^{\text{rank}})^{-1} \right)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{vec}(Y^{\text{comm}}) \\ \text{vec}(Y^{\text{micro}}) \\ \text{vec}(Z) \end{pmatrix} \sim \text{MVN} \left(\alpha \underset{\sim}{1} + X \underset{\sim}{\theta} + \underset{\sim}{\Sigma} \right)$$

$\leftarrow (AK + MN_0 + RN) \times 1$

call this
vector $\underset{\sim}{u}$,

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} \underset{\sim}{1}_{A \times 1} \otimes X_0^{\text{comm}} \\ \underset{\sim}{1}_{M \times 1} \otimes X_0 \\ \underset{\sim}{1}_{R \times 1} \otimes X_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

for calculations

$$\underset{\sim}{\Sigma}^{-1} = \text{diag} \left((w^{\text{comm}} \otimes 1)^T, (w^{\text{micro}} \otimes \underset{\sim}{1}) \right)$$

$$\Sigma = \text{diag}(\underbrace{(w^{\text{comm}} \otimes \mathbf{1})}_{\sim}, \underbrace{(w^{\text{micro}} \times \mathbf{1})}_{\sim}, \underbrace{(w^{\text{rank}} \otimes \mathbf{1})}_{\sim})$$

Posterior for $\alpha \mid \Theta, \Sigma, Y, Z$

α is a scalar. $\alpha \sim N(0, \sigma_\alpha^2)$

$$f(\alpha \mid \cdot) \propto \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2}(\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{x}_\Theta - \alpha \mathbf{1})^T \Sigma^{-1} (\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{x}_\Theta - \alpha \mathbf{1})\right\} \\ \times \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\sigma_\alpha^2} \alpha^2\right)$$

$$\propto \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} \left[2(\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{x}_\Theta)^T \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{1} \alpha \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \alpha \mathbf{1}^T \Sigma^{-1} \mathbf{1} \alpha \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \frac{1}{\sigma_\alpha^2} \alpha^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$\propto \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} \left[-2 \underbrace{(\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{x}_\Theta)^T \text{diag}(\Sigma^{-1})}_{\text{A}} \alpha \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. + \underbrace{\left(\text{diag}(\Sigma^{-1})^T \mathbf{1} \right) + \frac{1}{\sigma_\alpha^2}}_{\text{B}} \alpha^2 \right] \right\}$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha \mid \cdot \sim N(\bar{\mu}_\alpha, \bar{V}_\alpha)$$

$$\bar{V}_\alpha^{-1} = \text{B} = K \sum_{a=1}^A w_a^{\text{comm}} + N_0 \sum_{m=1}^M w_m^{\text{micro}} + N_1 \sum_{r=1}^R w_r^{\text{rank}} + \sigma_\alpha^{-2}$$

$$\bar{\mu}_\alpha = AB =$$

Posterior for $\theta | \alpha, \Sigma, Y, Z$

θ is a $P \times 1$ vector of coefficients

$$\theta \sim \text{mvn}(\alpha, \sigma_\theta^2 I)$$

$$f(\theta | \cdot) \propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\underline{u} - \underline{\alpha} - X\underline{\theta})^T \Sigma^{-1} (\underline{u} - \underline{\alpha} - X\underline{\theta}) \right\} \\ \times \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2\sigma_\theta^2} \underline{\theta}^T \underline{\theta} \right\}$$

$$\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[-2(\underline{u} - \underline{\alpha})^T \Sigma^{-1} X\underline{\theta} + \underline{\theta}^T X^T \Sigma^{-1} X\underline{\theta} + \frac{1}{\sigma_\theta^2} \underline{\theta}^T \underline{\theta} \right] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[-2 \overbrace{(\underline{u} - \underline{\alpha})^T \Sigma^{-1} X}^A \underline{\theta} + \underbrace{\underline{\theta}^T \left(X^T \Sigma^{-1} X + \frac{1}{\sigma_\theta^2} I \right)}_B \underline{\theta} \right] \right\}$$

$$\theta | \cdot \sim \text{mvn}(\bar{\mu}_\theta, \bar{V}_\theta)$$

$$\bar{V}_\theta^{-1} = B$$

$$AB^{-1}$$

$$\overline{\mu}_0 = AB^{-1}$$