# GUIDE SUBSTANCES (LOW TO MODERATE HAZARD) 171

# **POTENTIAL HAZARDS**

## FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- Some may burn but none ignite readily.
- Containers may explode when heated.
- . Some may be transported hot.
- For UN3508, be aware of possible short circuiting as this product is transported in a charged state.

# HEALTH

- Inhalation of material may be harmful.
- · Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes.
- · Inhalation of Asbestos dust may have a damaging effect on the lungs.
- Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.
- · Some liquids produce vapors that may cause dizziness or suffocation.
- Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

# **PUBLIC SAFETY**

- CALL EMERGENCY RESPONSE Telephone Number on Shipping Paper first. If Shipping Paper not available or no answer, refer to appropriate telephone number listed on the inside back cover.
- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions for at least 50 meters (150 feet) for liquids and at least 25 meters (75 feet) for solids.
- · Keep unauthorized personnel away.
- · Stay upwind, uphill and/or upstream.

# PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

- · Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

## EVACUATION

## Spill

See Table 1 - Initial Isolation and Protective Action Distances for highlighted materials. For non-highlighted materials, increase, in the downwind direction, as necessary, the isolation distance shown under "PUBLIC SAFETY".

## Fire

 If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

# Substances (Low to Moderate Hazard) GUIDE 171

# **EMERGENCY RESPONSE**

## FIRE

#### Small Fire

• Dry chemical, CO<sub>a</sub>, water spray or regular foam.

## Large Fire

- · Water spray, fog or regular foam.
- · Do not scatter spilled material with high-pressure water streams.
- Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
- Dike fire-control water for later disposal.

## Fire involving Tanks

- · Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
- Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
- · ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

## SPILL OR LEAK

- · Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
- Prevent dust cloud.
- · Avoid inhalation of asbestos dust.

# **Small Dry Spill**

 With clean shovel, place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area.

# Small Spill

 Pick up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal.

## Large Spill

- Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
- Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading.
- · Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

## FIRST AID

- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.
- · Move victim to fresh air.
- Call 911 or emergency medical service.
- · Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.
- · Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
- Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.
- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.