

1) Boundary value analysis

Requirement: "The user must provide a valid age and be older than 16 when creating a profile."

Invalid partitioning: < 16

Valid partitioning: 16-150

2) Equivalence class partitioning

Choosing multiway and one-way destinations. To choose a one-way destination the user must provide two destinations – start and end. Providing one will result in not being able to book a valid ticket. More than two destinations is what we consider as a multiway trip, however the user should be able to book a total of 6 destinations or a maximum of 4 intermittent stops.

Invalid	Invalid	Valid	Invalid
<0	0 1	1 6	6 <
Portion 1	Portion 2	Portion 3	Portion 4

3) Decision table testing

Dynamic pricing calculation for family user

Case 1: Family user with child in rush hour for one-way trip

Case 2: Family user with child in normal hour for one-way trip.

Case 3: Family user without child in rush hour for one-way trip.

Case 4: Family user without child in normal hour for one-way trip.

Legend:

T – condition

F – condition

O – one discount applied

B – both discounts applied

N – no discount applied

Condition	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
With child	T	T	F	F
In rush hour	T	F	T	F
Output	O	B	N	O

4) State transition testing

Online payment procedure

