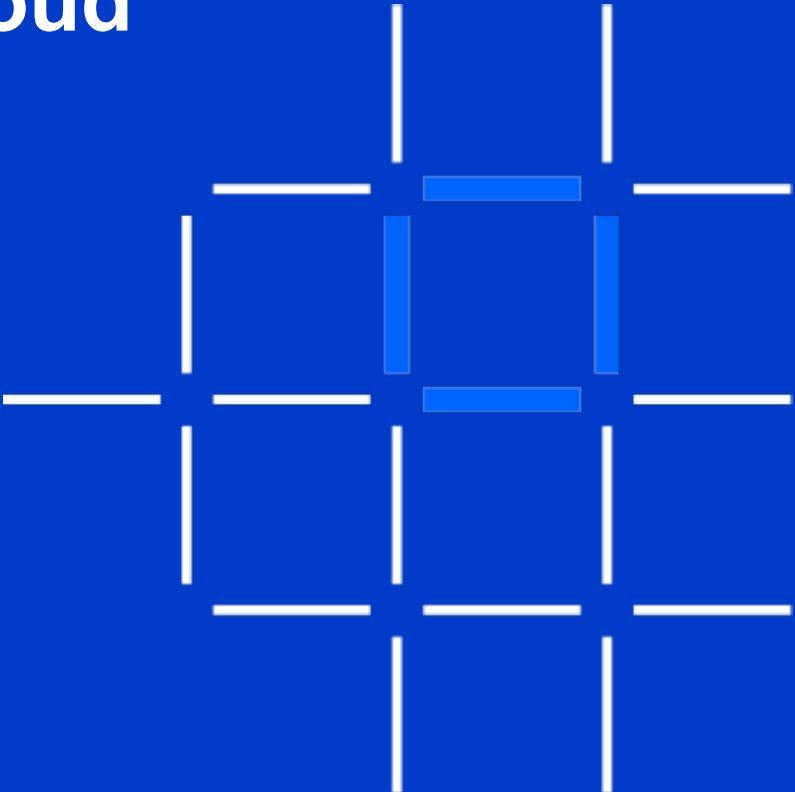


Create and Deploy a Blockchain App in the Cloud

*Lennart Frantzell,
IBM Developer Advocate,
San Francisco
alf@us.ibm.com*



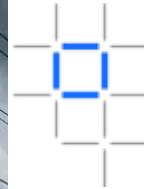
CALL FOR CODE®

Answer the Call for Code by building global solutions for disaster preparedness.

The most impactful project will be implemented with the help of IBM, The Linux Foundation, UN Human Rights, and American Red Cross.

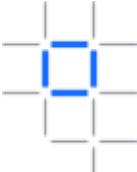
Get started

Answer the call as an organization >



IBM

IBM Blockchain <https://developer.ibm.com/callforcode/resources/financial-networks/>



How did it all start?

October 2008. It all started with Satoshi Nakamoto and his paper [Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System](#) which addressed a key problem in electronic commerce:

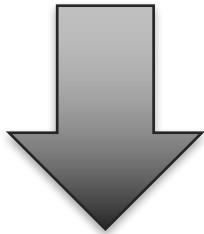
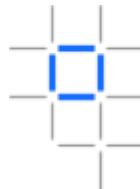
A purely peer-to-peer version of electronic cash would allow online payments to be sent directly from one party to another without going through a financial institution.

Digital signatures provide part of the solution, but the main benefits are lost if a trusted third party is still required to prevent double-spending.

We propose a solution to the double-spending problem using a peer-to-peer network.

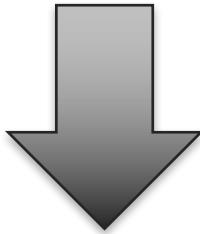
<https://bitcoin.org/bitcoin.pdf>

A View from 50 000 feet



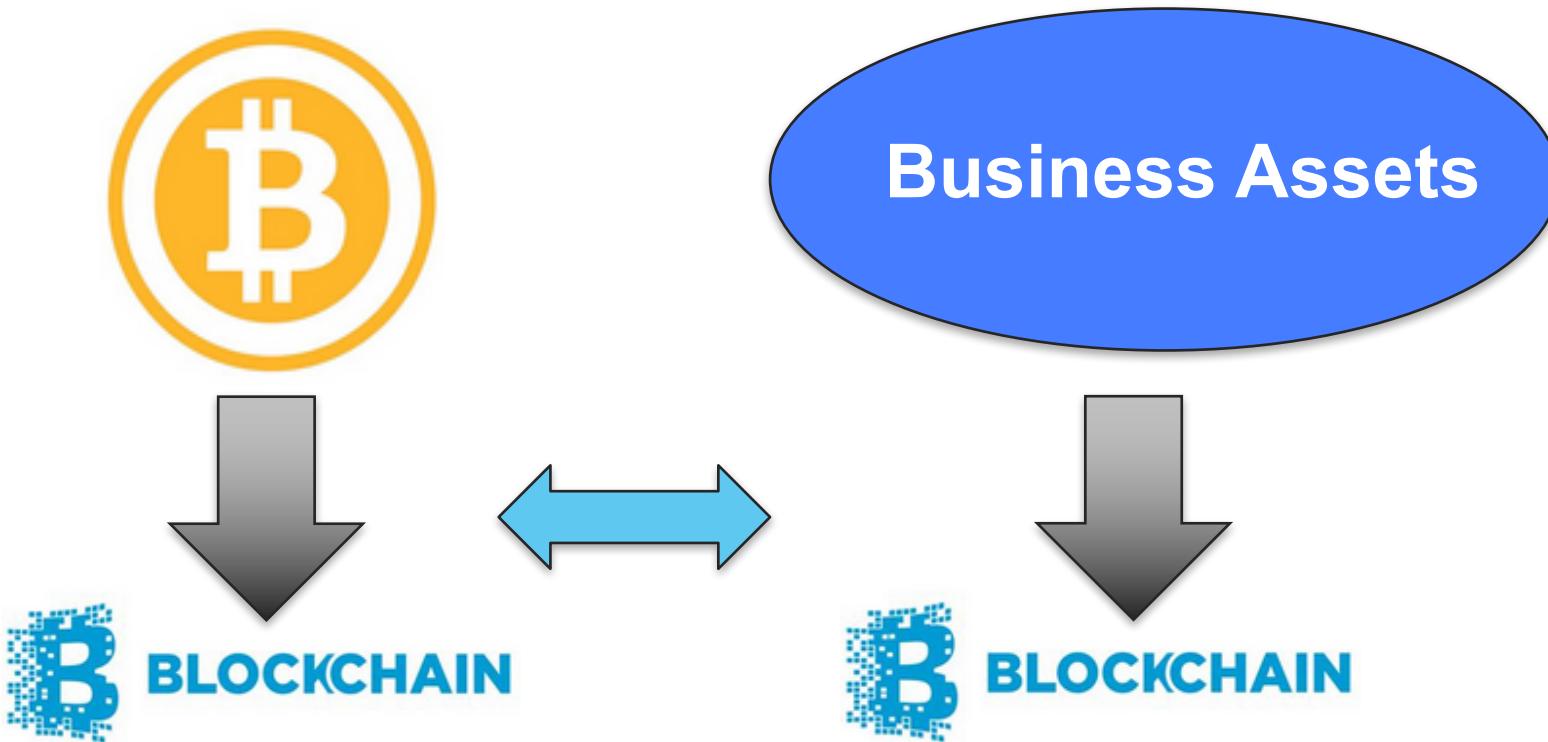
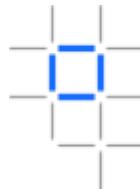
BLOCKCHAIN

VS

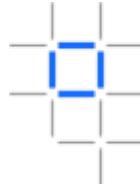


BLOCKCHAIN

A View from 50 000 feet

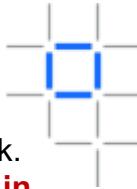


Bitcoin vs Blockchain

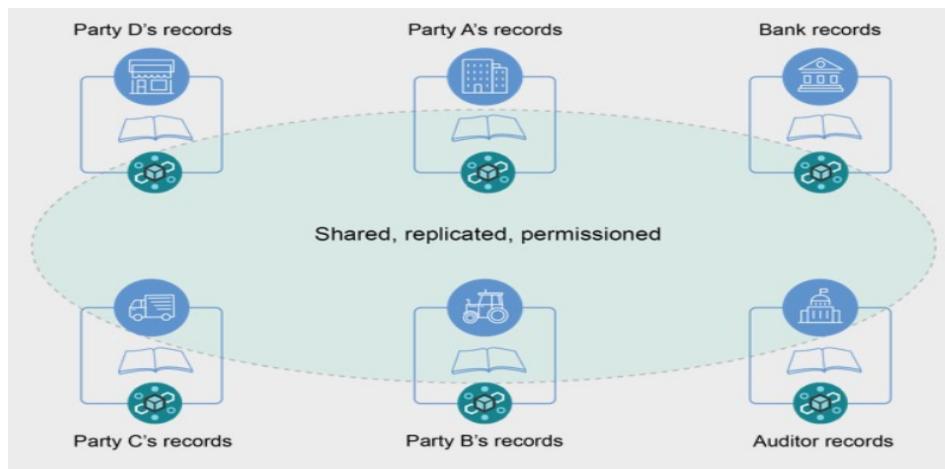


Bitcoin	Blockchain
Cryptocurrency	Assets
Anonymity	Identity
Proof of work (mining)	Selective endorsement (consensus)

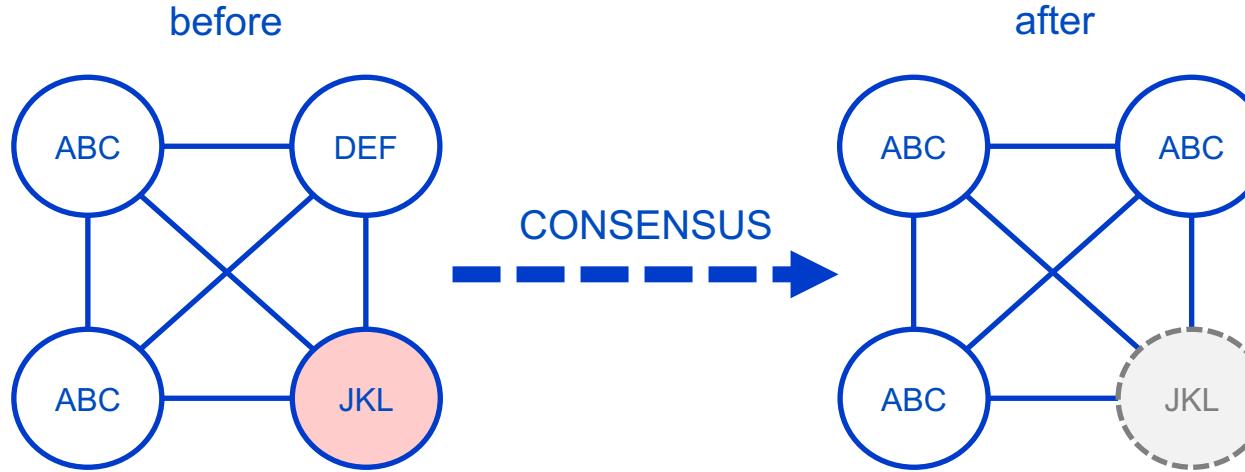
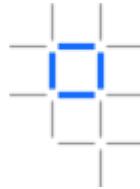
The Blockchain, a shared distributed ledger



- 1) A distributed ledger is a type of database that is shared, replicated, and synchronized among the members of a network. **The distributed ledger records the transactions, such as the exchange of assets or data, among the participants in the network.**
- 2) Every record in the distributed ledger has a timestamp and unique cryptographic signature, **making the ledger immutable** and providing an auditable history of all transactions in the network.
- 3) Participants in the network govern and agree **by consensus** on the updates to the records in the ledger. **No central, third-party mediator, such as a financial institution or clearinghouse, is involved. No reconciliation**

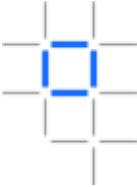


Consensus: The process of maintaining a consistent ledger



Keep all peers up-to-date
Fix any peers in error
Ignoring all malicious nodes





Consensus algorithms have different strengths and weaknesses



Solo /
No-ops

Validators apply received transactions without consensus

PROs: Very quick; suited to development

CONS: No consensus; can lead to divergent chains

Example usage: Hyperledger Fabric V1



PBFT-based

Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance implementations

PROs: Reasonably efficient and tolerant against malicious peers

CONS: Validators are known and totally connected

Example usage: Hyperledger Fabric V0.6



Kafka /
Zookeeper

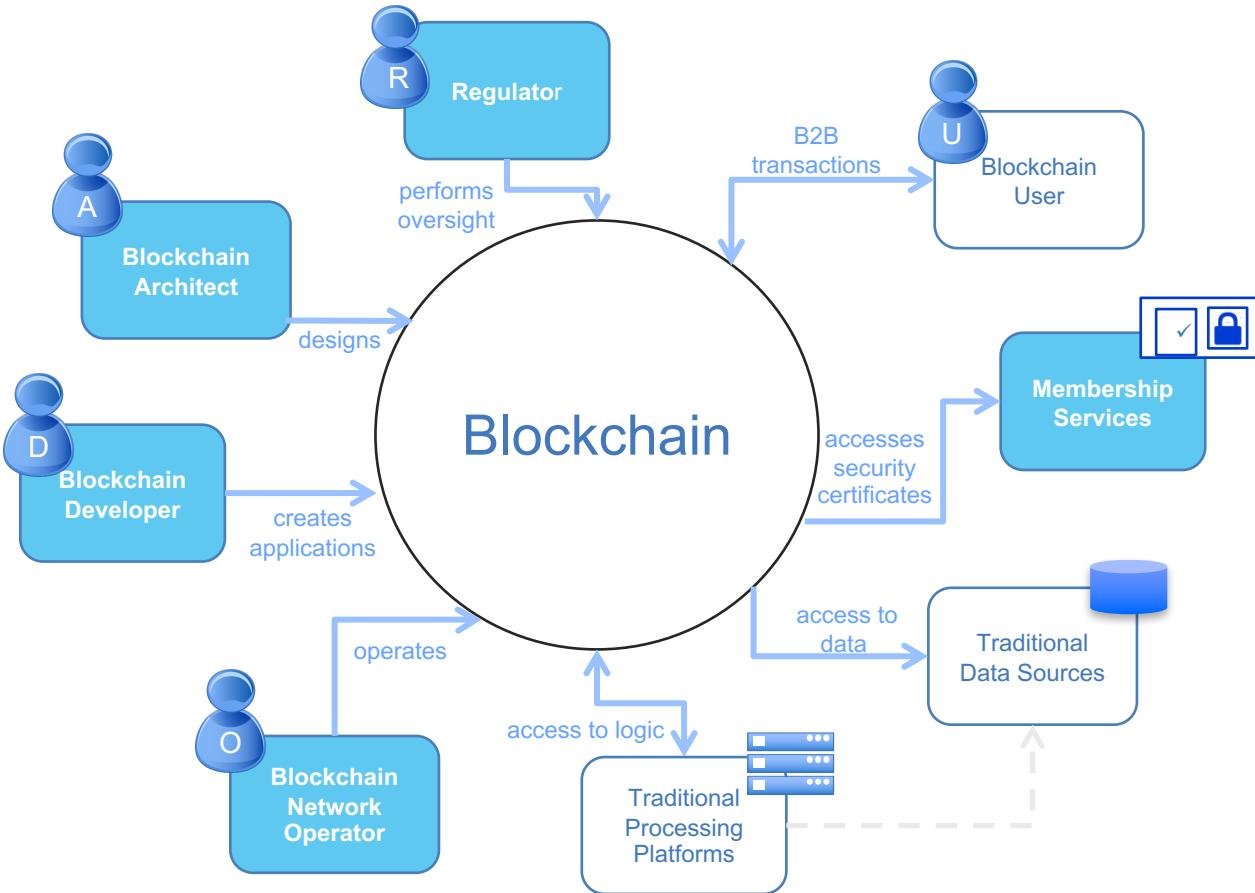
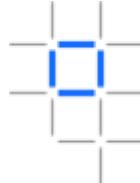
Ordering service distributes blocks to peers

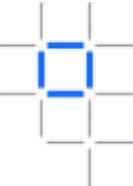
PROs: Efficient and fault tolerant

CONS: Does not guard against malicious activity

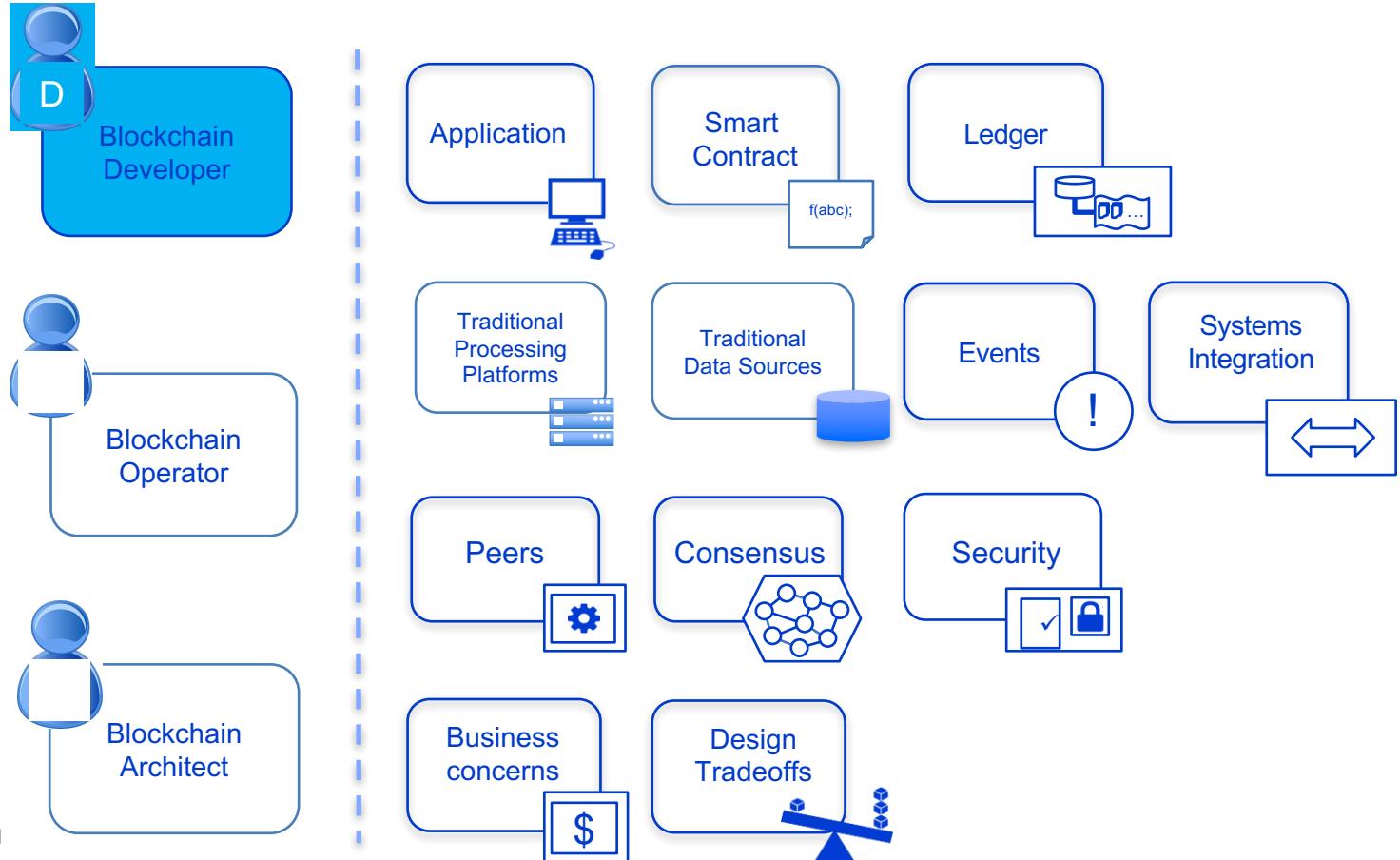
Example usage: Hyperledger Fabric V1

Actors in a Blockchain solution

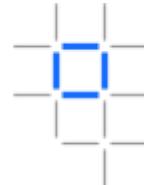




Summary of Key Concepts



Blockchain Use Cases



Supply chain, asset registration, identity services, fraud prevention and compliance

IBM Blockchain government point of view

[PDF](#) See the infographic (50.6KB)



Payment and digital currency

IBM's universal blockchain payments solution

[PDF](#) See the infographic (1.4MB)



Payment and digital currency

IBM announces major blockchain solution to speed up global payments

→ Read the press release

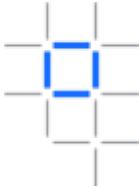


European trade finance network: we.trade

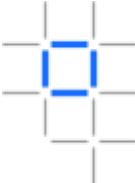
Spreading opportunity to small and medium sized businesses in traditionally underserved markets.

[D](#) Watch the video (02:48)

<https://www.ibm.com/blockchain/use-cases/>

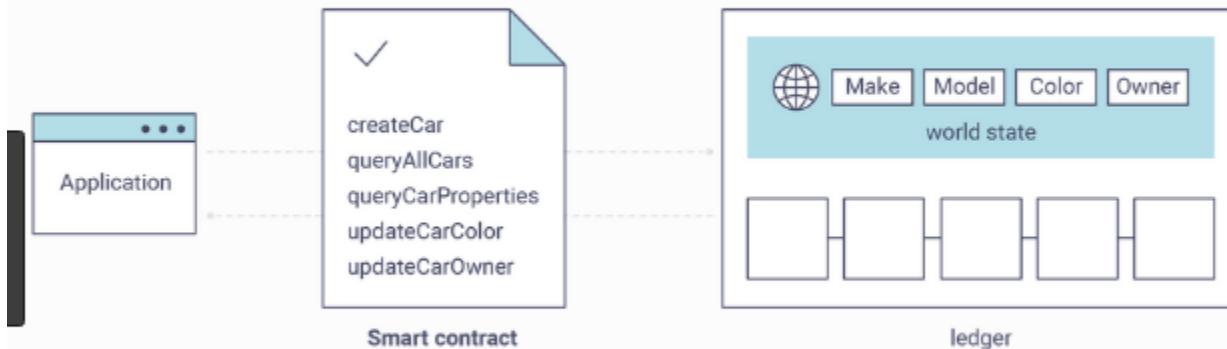


How do we program the ledger?



With Chaincode, aka Smart Contracts

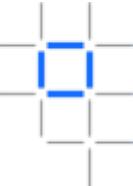
Below is a representation of how an app would call different functions in chaincode. Each function must be coded against an available API in the chaincode shim interface, which in turn allows the smart contract container to properly interface with the peer ledger.



We can see our `queryAllCars` function, as well as one called `createCar`, that will allow us to update the ledger and ultimately append a new block to the chain in a moment.

Like Stored Procedures in databases

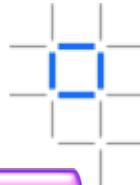
<https://hyperledger-fabric.readthedocs.io/en/release-1.1/>



The banner features the Hyperledger Composer logo with three interconnected cubes on the left. To the right, the text "HYPERLEDGER" is stacked above "COMPOSER" in large, bold, white letters. Below the logo, there's a faint background image of a computer monitor displaying code and a terminal window. In the bottom left corner, two blue buttons are visible: "GET THE CODE" and "GET STARTED". On the right side, a network graph with green nodes and connecting lines is overlaid on the banner.

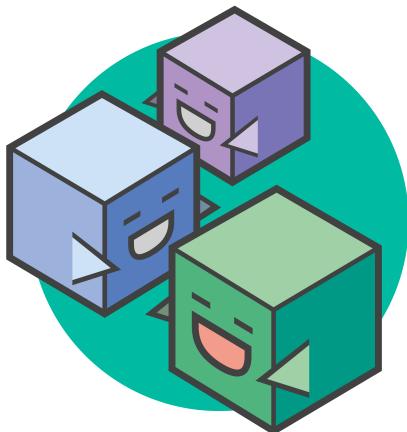
<https://composer-playground.mybluemix.net/>

Hyperledger Composer: Accelerating time to value

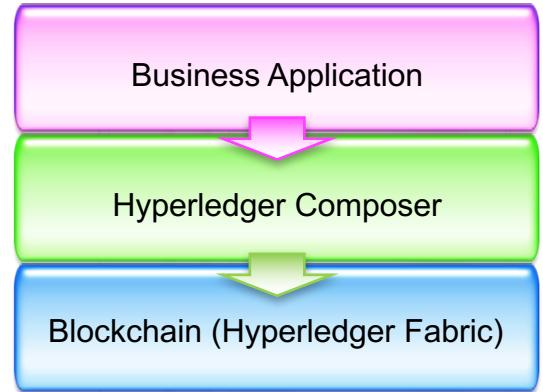


<https://hyperledger.github.io/composer/>

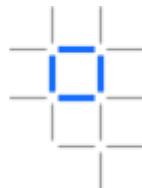
- A suite of high level application **abstractions** for business networks
- Emphasis on business-centric vocabulary for quick solution creation
- Reduce risk, and increase understanding and flexibility



- Features
 - Model your business networks, test and expose via APIs
 - Applications invoke APIs transactions to interact with business network
 - Integrate existing systems of record using loopback/REST
- Fully open and part of Linux Foundation Hyperledger
- Try it in your web browser now: <http://composer-playground.mybluemix.net/>



Extensive, Familiar, Open Development Toolset

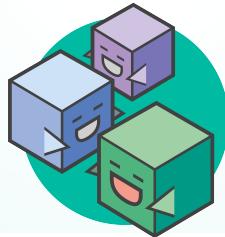


```
asset Animal identi  
  o String animal]  
  o AnimalType sp  
  o MovementStatu  
  o ProductionTyp
```

Data modelling

A yellow square containing the letters "JS" in black.

JavaScript
business logic



Web playground

```
composer-client  
composer-admin
```

The npm logo, consisting of the word "npm" in a red sans-serif font.

Client libraries



Editor support

```
$ composer
```

CLI utilities



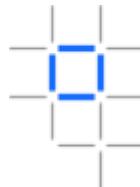
Code generation

Powered by
 LoopBack
Node.js Framework

The Swagger logo, which is a green circle with three dots inside, accompanied by the word "Swagger".

Existing systems and
data

<https://composer-playground.mybluemix.net/>



Welcome to Hyperledger Composer Playground!

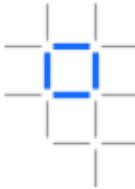


In this web sandbox, you can deploy, edit and test business network definitions. Have a play and learn what Hyperledger Composer Playground is all about.

Let's Blockchain!



Not sure where to start? View our Playground tutorial.



My Business Networks

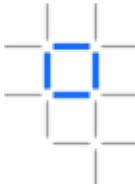
Connection: Web Browser

The screenshot shows the main interface of the Hyperledger Composer Playground. At the top, there's a greeting in Japanese: "こんにちは" (Hello) with a small globe icon. Below it, the text "Hello, Composer!" is displayed. A call-to-action button says "Get started with the basic-sample-network, or view our [Playground tutorial](#)". Underneath, a section titled "BUSINESS NETWORK" shows a network named "basic-sample-network". At the bottom, a large blue button labeled "Get Started →" is visible.

The screenshot shows a separate section of the interface. It features a dashed-line box containing a small icon of two overlapping documents with a plus sign. Below the icon, the text "Deploy a new business network" is displayed.

Choose a Business Network Definition to start with:

Choose a sample to play with, start a new project, or import your previous work



Samples on npm



FILES

About
README.md, package.json

Model File
models/sample.cto

Script File
lib/sample.js

Access Control
permissions.acl

Add a file... Export

UPDATE NETWORK

From: 0.2.6-20180530153450

To: 0.2.6-deploy.0

Deploy changes

About File README.md



Basic Sample Business Network

This is the "Hello World" of Hyperledger Composer samples, which demonstrates the core functionality of Hyperledger Composer by changing the value of an asset.

This business network defines:

Participant SampleParticipant

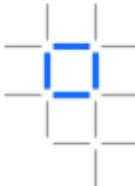
Asset SampleAsset

Transaction SampleTransaction

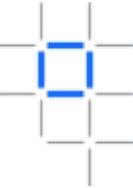
Event SampleEvent

SampleAssets are owned by a SampleParticipant, and the value property on a SampleAsset can be modified by submitting a SampleTransaction. The SampleTransaction emits a SampleEvent that notifies applications of the old and new values for each modified SampleAsset.

To test this Business Network Definition in the **Test** tab:

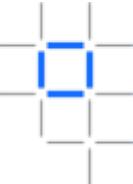


```
13  /*
14
15  /**
16  * Sample business network definition.
17  */
18 namespace org.example.basic
19
20 asset SampleAsset identified by assetId {
21   o String assetId
22   --> SampleParticipant owner
23   o String value
24 }
25
26 participant SampleParticipant identified by participantId {
27   o String participantId
28   o String firstName
29   o String lastName
30 }
31
32 transaction SampleTransaction {
33   --> SampleAsset asset
34   o String newValue
35 }
36
37 event SampleEvent {
38   --> SampleAsset asset
39   o String oldValue
40   o String newValue
41 }
42
```

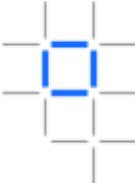


Script File

```
13  /*
14
15  /* global getAssetRegistry getFactory emit */
16
17 /**
18 * Sample transaction processor function.
19 * @param {org.example.basic.SampleTransaction} tx The sample transaction instance.
20 * @transaction
21 */
22 async function sampleTransaction(tx) { // eslint-disable-line no-unused-vars
23
24     // Save the old value of the asset.
25     const oldValue = tx.asset.value;
26
27     // Update the asset with the new value.
28     tx.asset.value = tx.newValue;
29
30     // Get the asset registry for the asset.
31     const assetRegistry = await getAssetRegistry('org.example.basic.SampleAsset');
32     // Update the asset in the asset registry.
33     await assetRegistry.update(tx.asset);
34
35     // Emit an event for the modified asset.
36     let event = getFactory().newEvent('org.example.basic', 'SampleEvent');
37     event.asset = tx.asset;
38     event.oldValue = oldValue;
39     event.newValue = tx.newValue;
40     emit(event);
41 }
42 }
```



```
* Sample access control list.  
*/  
rule EverybodyCanReadEverything {  
    description: "Allow all participants read access to all resources"  
    participant: "org.example.basic.SampleParticipant"  
    operation: READ  
    resource: "org.example.basic.*"  
    action: ALLOW  
}  
  
rule EverybodyCanSubmitTransactions {  
    description: "Allow all participants to submit transactions"  
    participant: "org.example.basic.SampleParticipant"  
    operation: CREATE  
    resource: "org.example.basic.SampleTransaction"  
    action: ALLOW  
}  
  
rule OwnerHasFullAccessToTheirAssets {  
    description: "Allow all participants full access to their assets"  
    participant(p): "org.example.basic.SampleParticipant"  
    operation: ALL  
    resource(r): "org.example.basic.SampleAsset"  
    condition: (r.owner.getIdentifier() === p.getIdentifier())  
    action: ALLOW  
}
```



```
rule SystemACL {  
    description: "System ACL to permit all access"  
    participant: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.Participant"  
    operation: ALL  
    resource: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.**"  
    action: ALLOW  
}  
  
rule NetworkAdminUser {  
    description: "Grant business network administrators full access to user resources"  
    participant: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.NetworkAdmin"  
    operation: ALL  
    resource: "**"  
    action: ALLOW  
}  
  
rule NetworkAdminSystem {  
    description: "Grant business network administrators full access to system resources"  
    participant: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.NetworkAdmin"  
    operation: ALL  
    resource: "org.hyperledger.composer.system.**"  
    action: ALLOW  
}|
```

FILES

About
README.md, package.json

Model File
models/sample.cto

Script File
lib/sample.js

Access Control
permissions.acl

Add a file... Export

UPDATE NETWORK

From: 0.2.6-20180530153450

To: 0.2.6-deploy.0

Deploy changes

About File README.md



Basic Sample Business Network

This is the "Hello World" of Hyperledger Composer samples, which demonstrates the core functionality of Hyperledger Composer by changing the value of an asset.

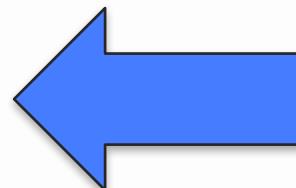
This business network defines:

Participant SampleParticipant

Asset SampleAsset

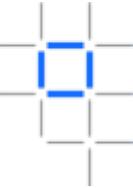
Transaction SampleTransaction

Event SampleEvent



SampleAssets are owned by a SampleParticipant, and the value property on a SampleAsset can be modified by submitting a SampleTransaction. The SampleTransaction emits a SampleEvent that notifies applications of the old and new values for each modified SampleAsset.

To test this Business Network Definition in the **Test** tab:



Create a `SampleParticipant` participant:

```
{  
  "$class": "org.example.basic.SampleParticipant",  
  "participantId": "Toby",  
  "firstName": "Tobias",  
  "lastName": "Hunter"  
}
```

Create a `SampleAsset` asset:

```
{  
  "$class": "org.example.basic.SampleAsset",  
  "assetId": "assetId:1",  
  "owner": "resource:org.example.basic.SampleParticipant#Toby",  
  "value": "original value"  
}
```

Submit a `SampleTransaction` transaction:

```
{  
  "$class": "org.example.basic.SampleTransaction",  
  "asset": "resource:org.example.basic.SampleAsset#assetId:1",  
  "newValue": "new value"  
}
```

After submitting this transaction, you should now see the transaction in the Transaction Registry and that a `SampleEvent` has been emitted. As a result, the value of the `assetId:1` should now be `new value` in the Asset Registry.

Participant registry for org.example.basic.SampleParticipant

[+ Create New Participant](#)

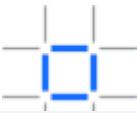
ID

Data

Toby

```
{  
    "$class": "org.example.basic.SampleParticipant",  
    "participantId": "Toby",  
    "firstName": "Tobias",  
    "lastName": "Hunter"  
}
```



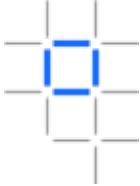


Asset registry for org.example.basic.SampleAsset

+ Create New Asset

ID	Data	
assetId:1	<pre>{ "\$class": "org.example.basic.SampleAsset", "assetId": "assetId:1", "owner": "resource:org.example.basic.SampleParticipant#Toby", "value": "original value" }</pre>	

Submit Transaction



Transaction Type

SampleTransaction



JSON Data Preview

```
1  {
2    "$class": "org.example.basic.SampleTransaction",
3    "asset": "resource:org.example.basic.SampleAsset#assetId:1",
4    "newValue": "new value"
5 }
```

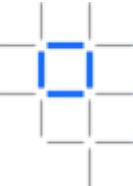


Optional Properties

Just need quick test data? [Generate Random Data](#)

Cancel

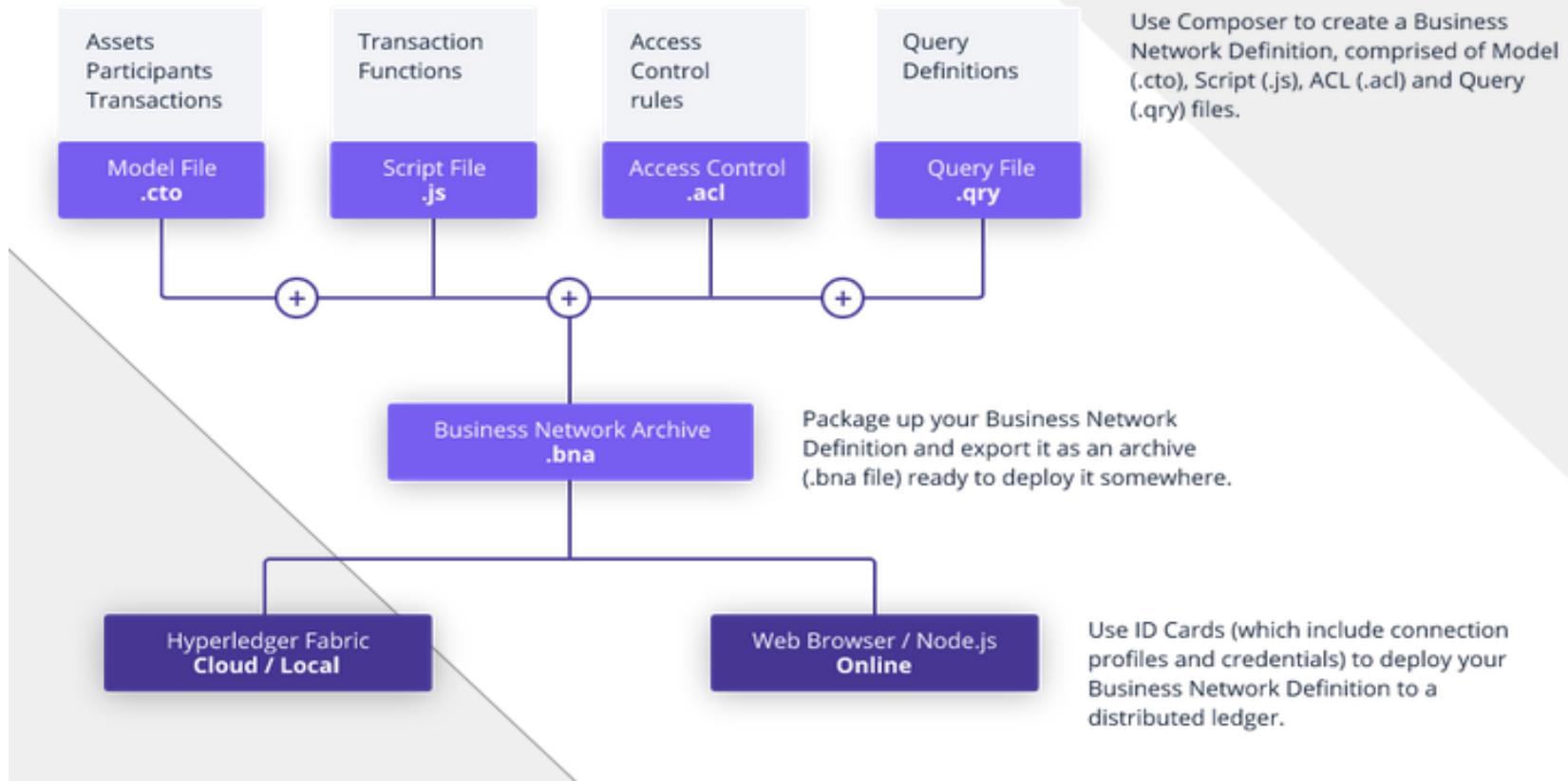
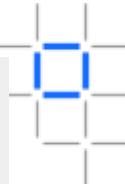
Submit

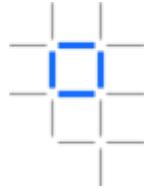


Historian Record

Transaction Events (1)

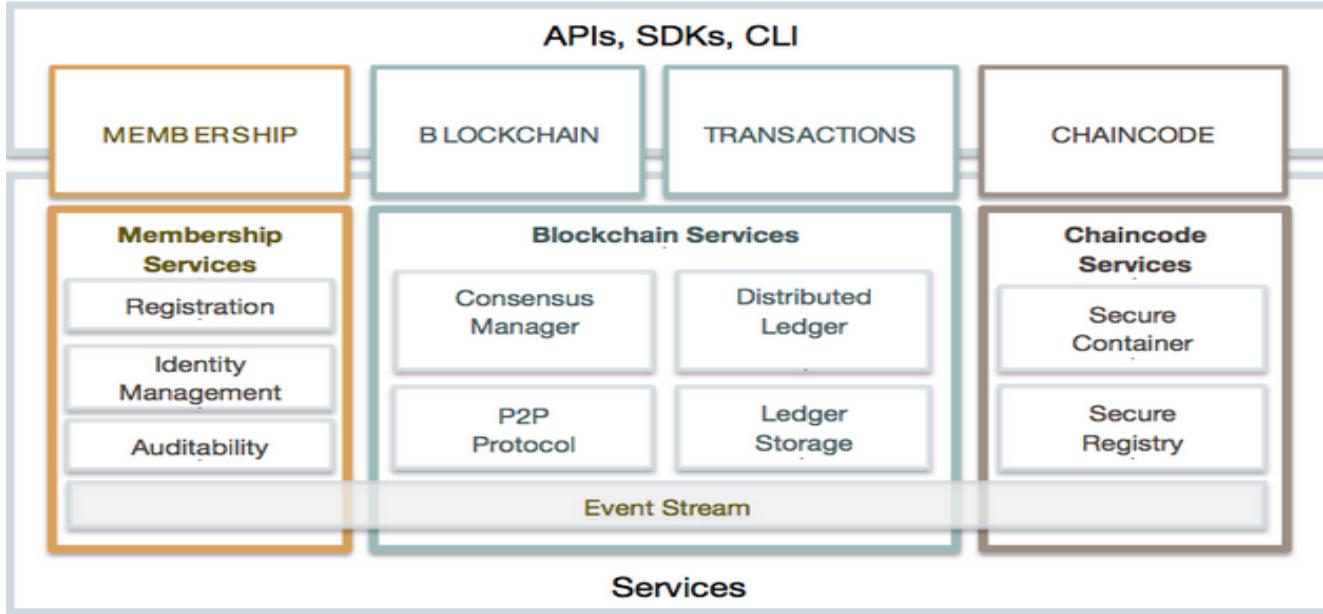
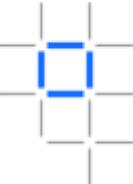
```
1  {  
2    "$class": "org.example.basic.SampleTransaction",  
3    "asset": "resource:org.example.basic.SampleAsset#assetId:1",  
4    "newValue": "new value",  
5    "transactionId": "a100b354-4ae3-47c5-a341-d255a724fdee",  
6    "timestamp": "2018-06-23T19:26:21.501Z"  
7  }
```



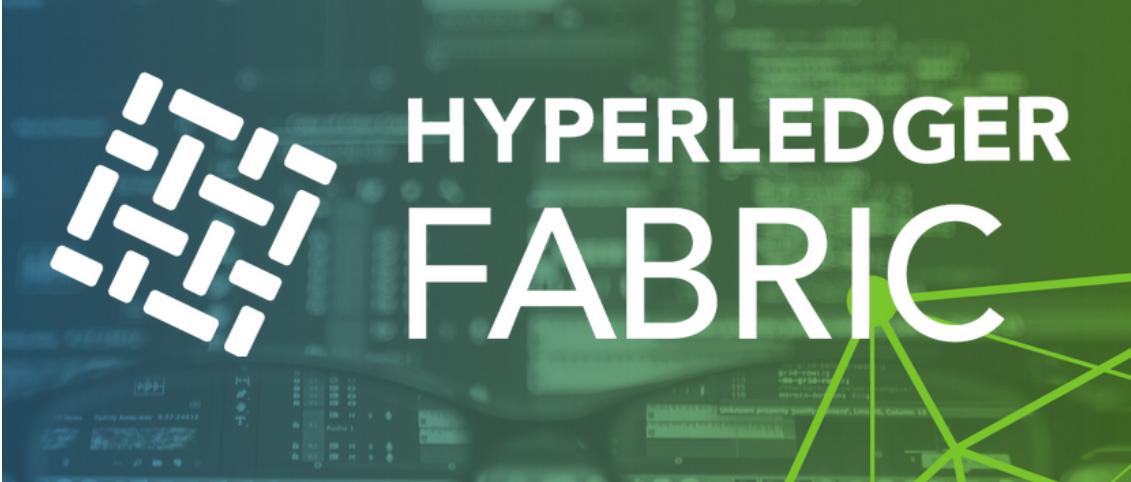


Deploying to Hyperledger Fabric and the Cloud

Hyperledger Fabric overview



- Hyperledger Fabric allows components, such as consensus and membership services, to be **plug-and-play**.
- Hyperledger Fabric leverages **container technology** (Docker) to host **smart contracts called “chaincode”** that comprise the application logic of the system.
- Chaincode is like Stored Procedures in the traditional database world



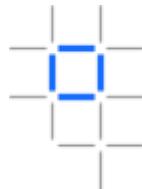
Hyperledger Fabric is an **open source blockchain framework** hosted by The Linux Foundation.

<https://www.hyperledger.org/projects/fabric>

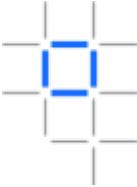
<https://github.com/hyperledger/fabric>

<https://hyperledger-fabric.readthedocs.io/en/release-1.1/>

The role of the Cloud for Enterprise deployment



- Integration with existing enterprise systems
- Enterprise scale Performance
- High Availability and Global deployment
- Security and failover
- Backup and restore
- Connection to existing cloud-based enterprise business systems



IBM Blockchain Starter Plan Beta

Blockchain /

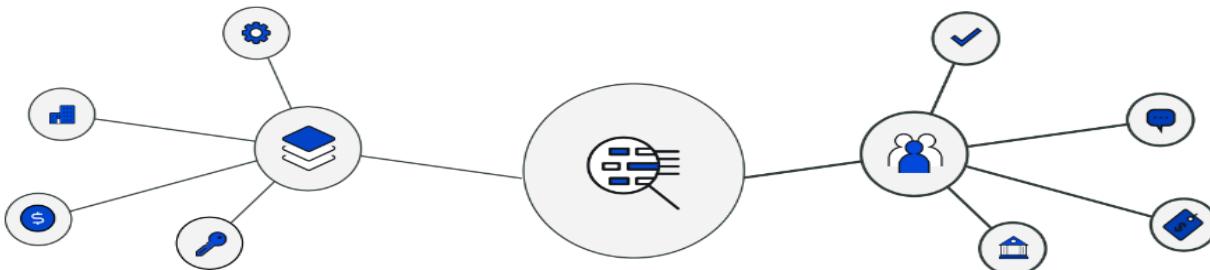
 Blockchain-BostonWed

Location: US South

Org: Developer Advocacy

Space: dev

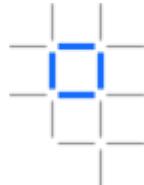
Welcome back, alf



Use the Network Monitor to view and add network nodes, create channels, install chaincode applications, and test confidential transactions.

[Enter Monitor](#)

Overview



Overview

View and manage network resources for your organization. You can stop or start your resources and view the log file of the resource by selecting View Logs under "Actions". [Learn more](#)

↑↓ Connection Profile

Type	Name	Status
Orderer	orderer	● Running
CA	org1-ca	● Running
Peer	org1-peer1	● Running

Members

View and manage the members (organizations) of the network on the Members tab. You can invite other organizations to the network or add more organizations in addition to the two organizations that you own by default. You can also view and manage admin certificates that are associated to your organizations on the Certificates tab. [Learn more](#)

Members

Certificates

 Add Member

MEMBERS (2/16)	MSP ID	REQUESTER	STATUS	ACTION
Company A alf@us.ibm.com	org1	--	 Joined	
Company B alf@us.ibm.com	org2	--	 Joined	

Channels

You must have a channel to propose a transaction. If you're not a member of any channels, you can create one by clicking "Request Channel". [Learn more](#)

 Search Channels

 Request Channel

ID	TIME CREATED	BLOCK HEIGHT	PEERS	ACTIONS
defaultchannel	04/18/18 10:39 PDT	23	org1-peer1	
				

* Channels created with the SDK cannot be edited here (yet)

APIs

Interact with the network by using APIs in the Swagger UI. You can also use the network credentials and integrate the APIs to your own application. [Learn more](#)



API reference list

Use the Swagger UI to try out the available catalog of REST APIs against the network.

[Swagger UI](#)



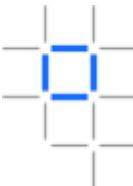
Network credentials

Use these network credentials to access the resource endpoints that your application needs to. Use "key" as your "Username" and "secret" as your "Password" when you authorize your APIs in the Swagger UI.

```
{  
  "url": "https://ibmblockchain-starter.ng.bluemix.net",  
  "network_id": "nabbe2cb650394e3794e233bd1b5153c3",  
  "key": "org1",  
  "secret": [REDACTED]  
}
```

[Show secret](#)

Notifications



Notifications

You get a notification whenever a creation or update request for a channel that you are included is submitted. Review, vote, and submit channel requests with the buttons under "ACTION". [Learn more](#)

[All \(2\)](#)[Pending \(1\)](#)[Completed \(1\)](#)

Search notifications

<input type="checkbox"/>	NAME ▾	DATE UPDATED ▾	MY STATUS ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel Request Join "bostonchannel"	By: Company A 20 April, 2018 - 11:44:36 AM	● Vote Accepted
<input type="checkbox"/>	Channel Request Join "defaultchannel"	By: Company A 18 April, 2018 - 10:39:28 AM	● Vote Accepted

Write code

You can develop your blockchain use case with IBM Blockchain Platform development environment, and then deploy the use case back to this network. [Learn more.](#)

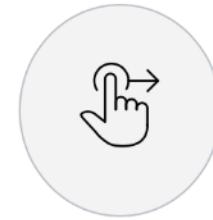


Develop code

The IBM Blockchain Platform provides a free development environment based on industry standard tools and technologies (Hyperledger Composer, Javascript, Docker, Yeoman, and more) that you can use to model and code a ready-to-deploy use case.

You can trial this environment online or install it on your local machine. Learn more and download the tools at our website.

[Visit website](#)



Deploy code

After you create your blockchain use case, you can deploy it to this network in the cloud platform following the Deployment Guide.

[Deployment guide](#)

Install code

Chaincode must be installed on a peer. Select a peer and then install a chaincode on it. After you install the chaincode, you can request to instantiate it on a channel by clicking the **Instantiate** button under "Actions" for that chaincode. Clicking elsewhere on the chaincode will show you what channels the chaincode is instantiated on. [Learn more](#). Do you already have a .bna file to deploy? See our [deployment guide](#).

Choose peer...

▼

Install Chaincode

CODE ID	VERSION	ACTIONS
marbles_sample	3a30a0df1829	⋮

Try samples

Sample applications provide you a better understanding of blockchain networks. You can also develop your own apps by installing our developer tools. This sample deployment approach leverages IBM Cloud Toolchains and helps to deploy sample applications, including chaincode, front-end apps, and a dev-ops pipeline in a single step. [Learn more](#)

Cloud Toolchain. Each sample deployment comes with source control, deployment pipeline, and the "chaincode" running on your blockchain network.

After you deploy the sample, any changes you push to the source control are automatically deployed to your Blockchain Platform service via the deployment pipeline.



The screenshot shows the "Toolchain Management" interface. At the top, there are "Setup" and "Settings" buttons. Below them is a search bar and a progress indicator "3/3". A section titled "United Marbles - 3/3" displays a preview of the application. The preview shows a dark background with several colored circles (red, orange, black) and the name "Amy". Below this, the title "Marbles" is shown, followed by the deployment date "Deployed on 04/20/18". There is a link "Toolchain Management" and two buttons: "Remove" and "Launch" with a blue icon. On the right side of the interface, there is a vertical sidebar with a blue gradient.

Vehicle Manufacture

A diagram showing a smartphone icon above a car icon, suggesting a connection or tracking between the two.

- Track a new car from order to delivery
- Composer model and javaScript
- Angular web app

[Deploy via Toolchain](#)

[View on GitHub](#)



Build Proposal



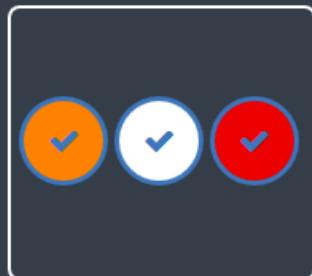
The invocation needs to be signed and packaged as a proposal. This is done here, in the Marbles application.

Endorsement



Next, we send the transaction proposal to our peer for endorsement. The peer will simulate the transaction, verify the proposal, and then sign the proposal. It is then sent back to Marbles.

Ordering



Then Marbles will send our endorsed proposal to the orderer. The orderer will sequence transactions from throughout the network including ours.

Validate & Commit



The block containing our transaction is sent from the orderer to our peer. Finally it is validated by the peer and then committed to the peer's ledger.

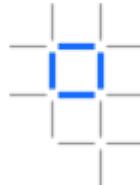
* Note the speed of this process is slowed down for demonstration purposes

Invoke Complete

Close

Support

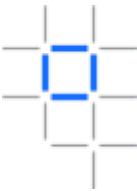
Get help with your blockchain network. [Learn more](#)



Support

Release Notes

- > **GETTING STARTED**
- > **COMMUNITY HELP**
- > **SUPPORT TICKET**
- > **BLOCKCHAIN SAMPLE APPLICATIONS**
- > **HYPERLEDGER FABRIC**
- > **HYPERLEDGER COMPOSER**



Appendix