

How residence time constrains diversity

Ken Locey, Jay Lennon

May 31, 2015

INTRODUCTION

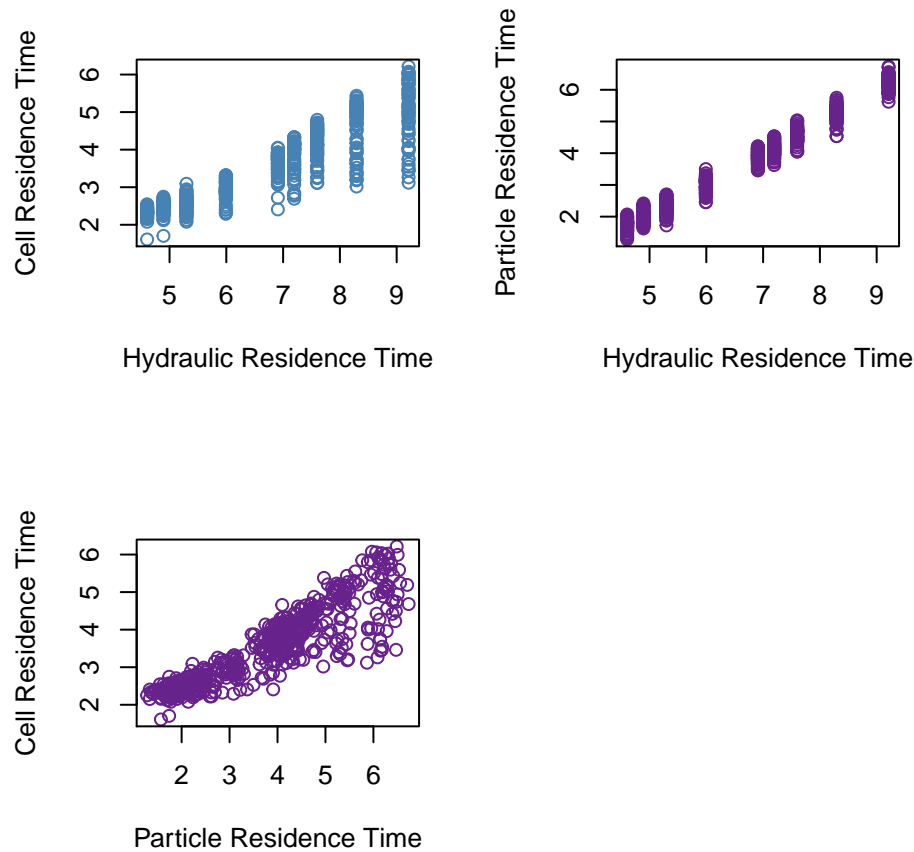
Here, we explore the influence of mean cell residence time, hydraulic residence time, and particle residence time on abundance, local (α) diversity, physiology, and resource availability and diversity.

These simulations

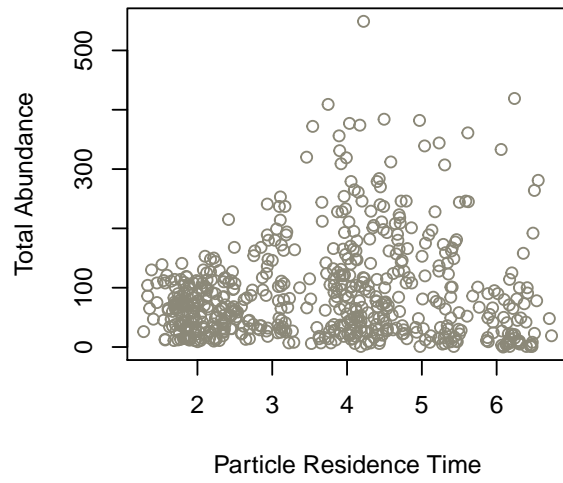
Load Data

```
sim.data <- read.csv("~/GitHub/hydrobide/results/simulated_data/2015June/June7/SimData.csv")
```

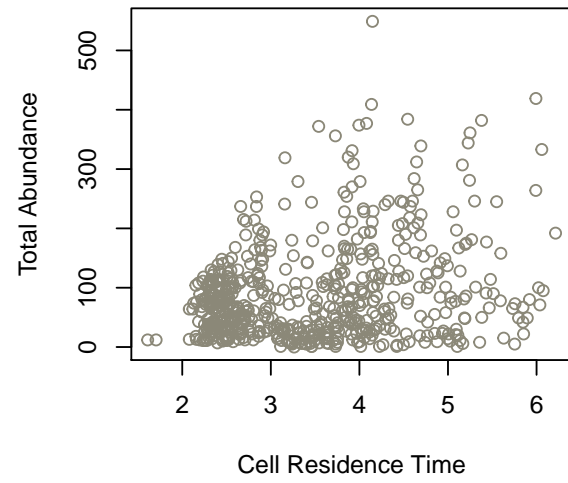
Univariate relationships



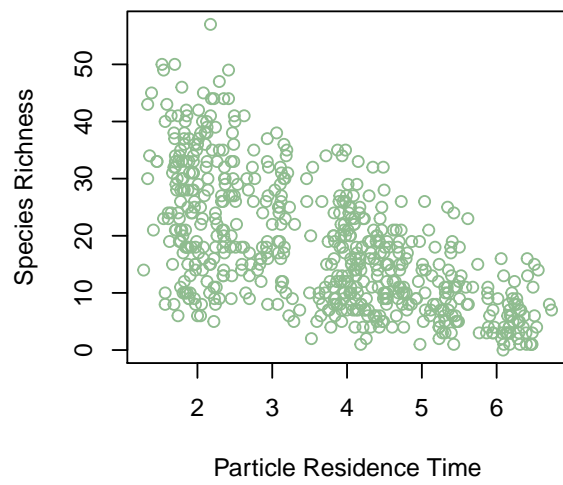
N vs. Tau



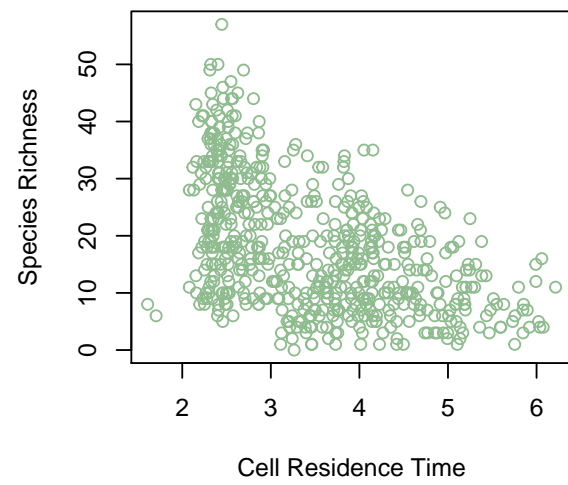
N vs. Tau



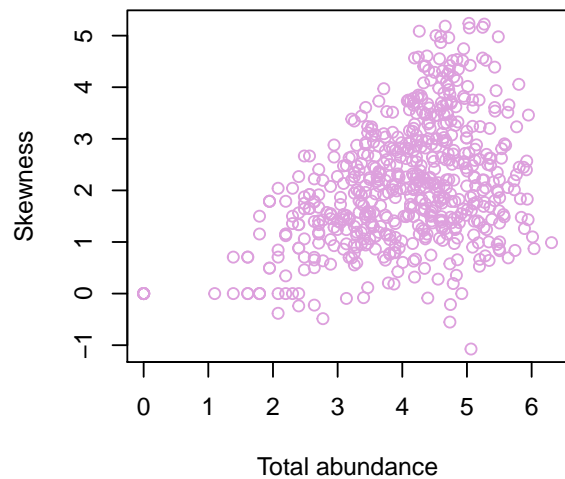
S vs. Tau



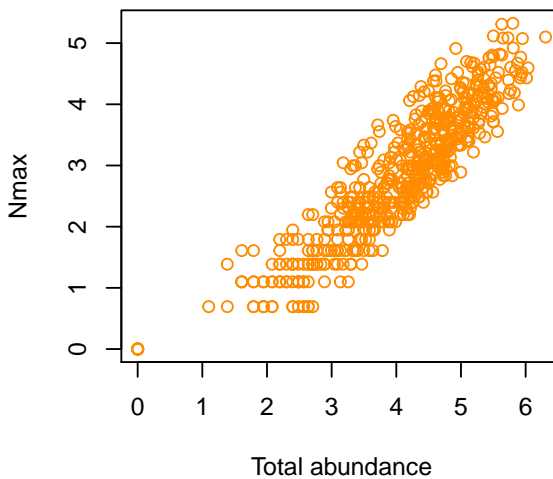
S vs. Tau



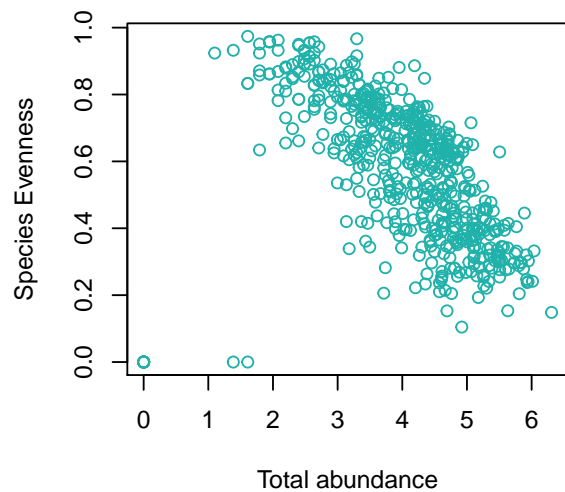
Rarity vs. N



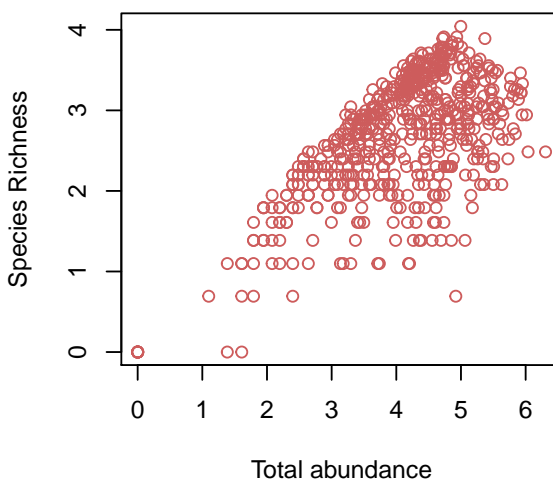
Nmax vs. N



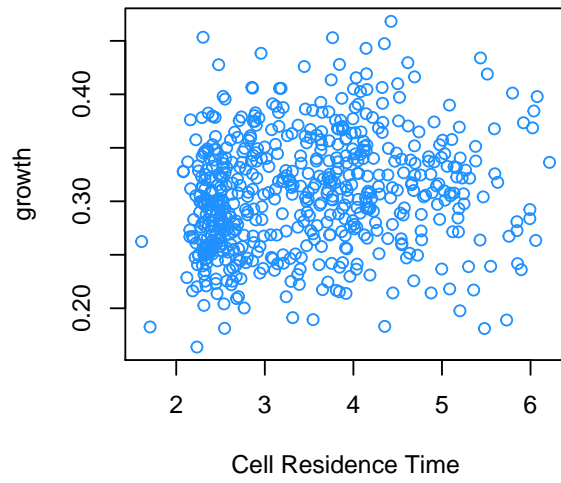
Evenness vs. N



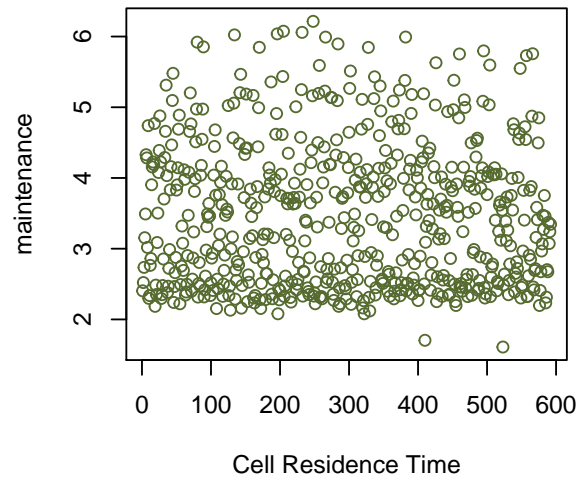
S vs. N



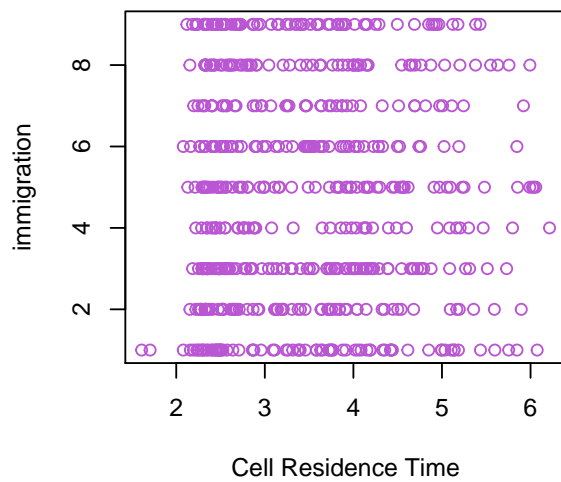
Per capita growth vs. Tau



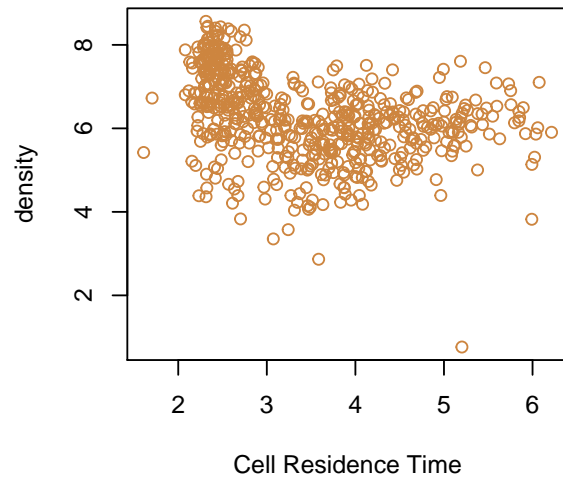
Per capita maintenance vs. Tau



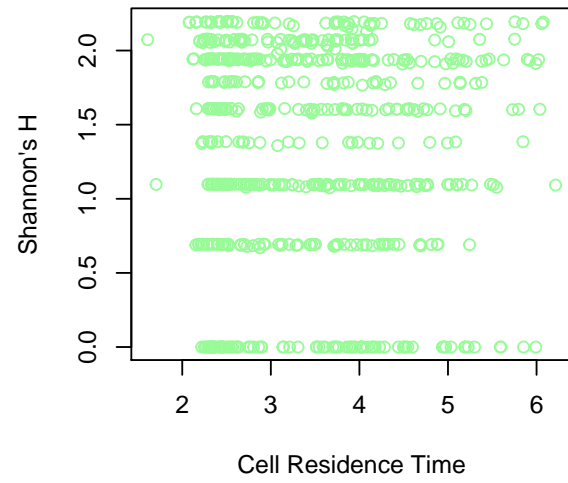
Immigration vs. Tau



Resource density vs. Tau



Resource diversity vs. Tau



Resource richness vs. Tau

