Dormancy and dispersal structure bacterial communities across ecosystem boundaries

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Initial Setup

First, we'll load the packages we'll need for the analysis, as well as some other functions.

```
# Import Required Packages
library("png")
library("grid")
library("tidyverse")
library("vegan")
library("xtable")
library("viridis")
library("cowplot")
library("adespatial")
library("ggrepel")
library("gganimate")
library("maps")
library("rgdal")
library("iNEXT")
library("officer")
library("flextable") #must have gdtools installed also
library("broom")
library("ggpmisc")
library("pander")
source("bin/mothur tools.R")
se <- function(x, ...){sd(x, na.rm = TRUE)/sqrt(length(na.omit(x)))}</pre>
```

Next, we'll set the aesthetics of the figures we will produce.

```
my.cols <- RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 4, name = "Greys")[3:4]

# Set theme for figures in the paper
theme_set(theme_classic() +
    theme(axis.title = element_text(size = 20),
        axis.title.x = element_text(margin = margin(t = 15, b = 15)),
        axis.title.y = element_text(margin = margin(1 = 15, r = 15)),
        axis.text = element_text(size = 14),
        axis.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(t = 5)),
        axis.text.y = element_text(margin = margin(r = 5)),
        #axis.line.x = element_line(size = 1),
        axis.line.y = element_blank(),
        axis.line.y = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x = element_line(size = 1),
        axis.ticks.y = element_line(size = 1),
        axis.ticks.y = element_line(size = 1),
</pre>
```

```
axis.ticks.length = unit(.1, "in"),
panel.border = element_rect(color = "black", fill = NA, size = 1.5),
legend.title = element_blank(),
legend.text = element_text(size = 16)
))
```

Import Data

Here, we read in the processed sequence files from mothur (shared and taxonomy) and a design of the sampling. We also load in the environmental data. We then remove the mock community from the dataset and ensure the the design and OTU table are aligned by row.

```
# Define Inputs
# Design = general design file for experiment
# shared = OTU table from mother with sequence similarity clustering
# Taxonomy = Taxonomic information for each OTU
design <- "data/UL.design.txt"</pre>
shared <- "data/ul_resgrad.trim.contigs.good.unique.good.filter.unique.precluster.pick.pick.pick.opti_m</pre>
taxon <- "data/ul_resgrad.trim.contigs.good.unique.good.filter.unique.precluster.pick.pick.pick.opti_m
# Import Design
design <- read.delim(design, header=T, row.names=1)</pre>
# Import Shared Files
OTUs <- read.otu(shared = shared, cutoff = "0.03") # 97% Similarity
# Import Taxonomy
OTU.tax <- read.tax(taxonomy = taxon, format = "rdp")
# Load environmental data
env.dat <- read.csv("data/ResGrad_EnvDat.csv", header = TRUE)</pre>
env.dat <- env.dat[-16,]
# Subset to just the reservoir gradient sites
OTUs <- OTUs[str_which(rownames(OTUs), "RG"),]
OTUs <- OTUs[-which(rownames(OTUs) == "RGMockComm"),]
# make sure OTU table matches up with design order
OTUs <- OTUs[match(rownames(design), rownames(OTUs)),]
```

Clean and transform OTU table

Here, we remove OTUs with low incidence across sites, we remove any samples with low coverage, and we standardize the OTU table by log-transforming the abundances and relativizing by site.

```
# Remove OTUs with less than two occurences across all sites
OTUs <- OTUs[, which(colSums(OTUs) >= 2)]

# Sequencing Coverage
coverage <- rowSums(OTUs)

# Remove Low Coverage Samples (This code removes two sites: Site 5DNA, Site 6cDNA)</pre>
```

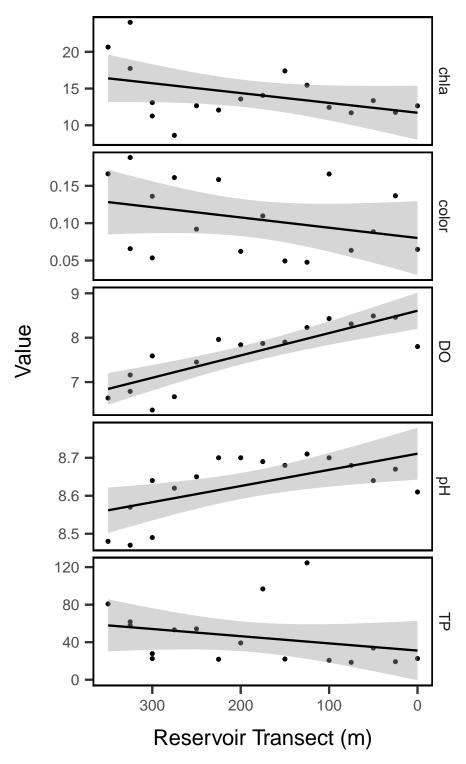
```
lows <- which(coverage < 10000)
OTUs <- OTUs[-which(coverage < 10000), ]
design <- design[-which(coverage < 10000), ]
# Remove OTUs with less than two occurences across all sites
OTUs <- OTUs[, which(colSums(OTUs) >= 2)]
# OTUs <- rrarefy(OTUs, min(coverage))

# Make Relative Abundance Matrices
OTUsREL <- decostand(OTUs, method = "total")

# Log Transform Relative Abundances
OTUsREL.log <- decostand(OTUs, method = "log")</pre>
```

Reservoir environmental gradients

Just to see if there are any strong underlying resource or nutrient gradients in the reservoir, we'll plot them along the distance of the reservoir.



So, there are some weak gradients, but nothing too prevailing.

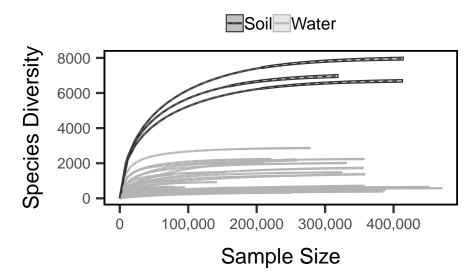
Analyze Diversity

Now, we will analyze the bacterial diversity in the reservoir and nearby soils to figure out how well they support different mechanisms of community assembly.

How does α -diversity vary along the reservoir?

First, we use the method of rarefaction and extrapolation developed by Chao et al. in the iNEXT package.

```
# Observed Richness
S.obs \leftarrow rowSums((OTUs > 0) * 1)
# Simpson's Evenness
SimpE <- function(x = ""){</pre>
  x <- as.data.frame(x)</pre>
  D <- diversity(x, "inv")</pre>
  S \leftarrow sum((x > 0) * 1)
 E \leftarrow (D)/S
  return(E)
simpsE <- round(apply(OTUs, 1, SimpE), 3)</pre>
shan <- diversity(OTUs, index = "shannon")</pre>
exp.shan <- exp(shan)</pre>
alpha.div <- cbind(design, S.obs, simpsE, shan, exp.shan)</pre>
# # estimate asymptotic richness
# divestim <- iNEXT(t(OTUs), datatype = "abundance", nboot = 999)
# saveRDS(divestim, file = "intermediate-data/inext-output-999boots.rda")
divestim <- read_rds("intermediate-data/inext-output-999boots.rda")</pre>
divestim.df <- fortify(divestim) %>%
  mutate(habitat = str_to_title(design[as.character(site),"type"]))
divestim.df %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = x, y = y,
             ymin = y.lwr, ymax = y.upr,
             color = habitat, fill = habitat, group = site)) +
  geom_ribbon(data=subset(divestim.df, method == "extrapolated"), alpha = 0.3) +
  geom_line(data=subset(divestim.df, method == "interpolated"), size = 1, alpha = .8) +
  geom_line(alpha = 1, linetype = "dashed") +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  labs(x = "Sample Size", y = "Species Diversity") +
  theme(legend.position = "top") +
  scale_color_grey(end = .7) +
  scale_fill_grey(end = .7)
```



Next, we'll extract the estimates for the Hill numbers at different levels of q, which differentially weight common versus rare species.

```
hill.estim <- divestim$AsyEst %>% filter(Diversity == "Species richness") %>%

left_join(rownames_to_column(alpha.div), by = c("Observed" = "S.obs")) %>%

select(Site, rowname, station, molecule, type, distance) %>%

left_join(divestim$AsyEst, by = "Site")

hill.water <- as_tibble(hill.estim) %>% filter(type == "water")

hill.water.rich <- subset(hill.water, Diversity == "Species richness")

hill.water.shan <- subset(hill.water, Diversity == "Shannon diversity")

hill.water.simp <- subset(hill.water, Diversity == "Simpson diversity")

hill.water.mod.rich <- lm(Estimator ~ distance * molecule, data = hill.water.rich)

hill.water.mod.shan <- lm(Estimator ~ distance * molecule, data = hill.water.shan)

hill.water.mod.simp <- lm(Estimator ~ distance * molecule, data = hill.water.simp)

summary(hill.water.mod.rich)
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = Estimator ~ distance * molecule, data = hill.water.rich)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -518.38 -137.60
                     0.71
                             98.61
                                   718.25
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                        468.6274
                                   128.2862
                                              3.653 0.000918 ***
                                              9.662 5.22e-11 ***
## distance
                          5.2143
                                     0.5397
## moleculeRNA
                        104.9450
                                   166.1694
                                              0.632 0.532164
## distance:moleculeRNA -5.1222
                                     0.7163 -7.151 4.07e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 258.7 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8714, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8593
```

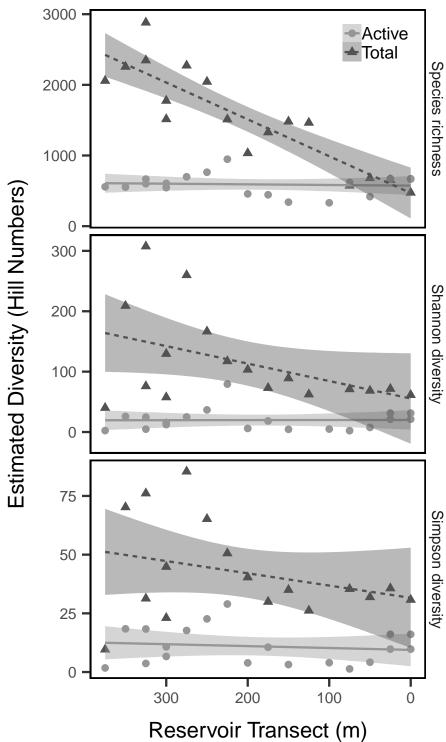
```
## F-statistic: 72.26 on 3 and 32 DF, p-value: 2.431e-14
summary(hill.water.mod.shan)
##
## lm(formula = Estimator ~ distance * molecule, data = hill.water.shan)
## Residuals:
                 1Q Median
##
       Min
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -123.915 -14.841 -3.500
                                6.902 157.964
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        55.5031
                                  24.9703
                                           2.223 0.03342 *
                                   0.1050 2.753 0.00965 **
## distance
                         0.2892
## moleculeRNA
                       -35.5144
                                   32.3441 -1.098 0.28039
## distance:moleculeRNA -0.2905
                                   0.1394 -2.084 0.04525 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 50.35 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5556, Adjusted R-squared: 0.514
## F-statistic: 13.34 on 3 and 32 DF, p-value: 8.138e-06
summary(hill.water.mod.simp)
##
## lm(formula = Estimator ~ distance * molecule, data = hill.water.simp)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -41.589 -7.222 -0.977
                            6.321 39.440
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                   7.45207 4.242 0.000176 ***
## (Intercept)
                        31.61377
## distance
                         0.05218
                                    0.03135
                                             1.664 0.105804
## moleculeRNA
                       -22.18812
                                    9.65268 -2.299 0.028205 *
## distance:moleculeRNA -0.04408
                                    0.04161 -1.059 0.297369
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 15.02 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5693, Adjusted R-squared: 0.529
## F-statistic: 14.1 on 3 and 32 DF, p-value: 4.985e-06
hill.water.mods <- as_tibble(rbind.data.frame(</pre>
 tidy(hill.water.mod.rich) %>% add_column(Diversity = "Species richness"),
 tidy(hill.water.mod.shan) %>% add_column(Diversity = "Shannon diversity"),
 tidy(hill.water.mod.simp) %>% add_column(Diversity = "Simpson diversity")
))
# Summary table of the model results.
hill.water.mods %>%
```

Table 1: Table continues below

| Diversity | Term | Estimate | Std. Error | Statistic |
|-------------------|------------------------------|----------|------------|-----------|
| Species richness | distance | 5.21 | 0.54 | 9.66 |
| Species richness | $\operatorname{moleculeRNA}$ | 105 | 166 | 0.632 |
| Species richness | distance:moleculeRNA | -5.12 | 0.716 | -7.15 |
| Shannon diversity | distance | 0.289 | 0.105 | 2.75 |
| Shannon diversity | $\operatorname{moleculeRNA}$ | -35.5 | 32.3 | -1.1 |
| Shannon diversity | distance:moleculeRNA | -0.291 | 0.139 | -2.08 |
| Simpson diversity | distance | 0.0522 | 0.0313 | 1.66 |
| Simpson diversity | $\operatorname{moleculeRNA}$ | -22.2 | 9.65 | -2.3 |
| Simpson diversity | distance:moleculeRNA | -0.0441 | 0.0416 | -1.06 |

| p-value | |
|----------|--|
| 5.22e-11 | |
| 0.532 | |
| 4.07e-08 | |
| 0.00965 | |
| 0.28 | |
| 0.0453 | |
| 0.106 | |
| 0.0282 | |
| 0.297 | |

```
strip.background = element_blank()) +
scale_x_reverse() +
facet_grid(Diversity ~ ., scales = "free")
```



So, from the basis of these results, we can make the following conclusions. First, we note that diversity in the total community decays from the stream inlet to the dam of the reservoir. That is, all the lines have a negative slope. However, we do not see this decay in the metabolically active community. Second, we note

that the metabolically actively community has much lower diversity than the total community near the soils, but this difference decreases toward the dam. Last, because we quantified diversity across three orders of Hill numbers (q=0, 1, and 2), we can also say something about the relative importance of rare versus common taxa along the reservoir transect. We see the the significance of the distance-by-molecule interaction term decrease as rare taxa are downweighted in favor of common taxa. This suggests that the differences between the active and total communities along the transect is driven primarily by rare taxa. However, the general trend of higher Simpson diversity across the whole transect suggests that low-activity, but relatively common, taxa are maintained in the reservoir.

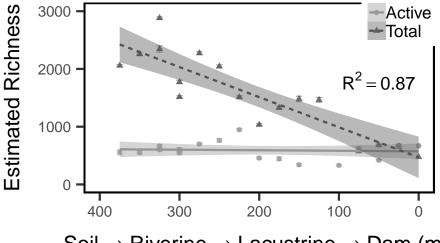
Alpha Diversity Across Gradient

```
alpha.div <- divestim$AsyEst %>% filter(Diversity == "Species richness") %>%
  left_join(rownames_to_column(alpha.div), by = c("Observed" = "S.obs"))
# Seperate data based on lake and soil samples
lake <- alpha.div[alpha.div$type == "water",]</pre>
soil <- alpha.div[alpha.div$type == "soil", ]</pre>
# Calculate Linear Model
model.rich <- lm(lake$Estimator ~ lake$distance * lake$molecule)</pre>
summary(model.rich)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lake$Estimator ~ lake$distance * lake$molecule)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
## -518.38 -137.60
                      0.71
                             98.61
                                    718.25
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   468.6274
                                              128.2862
                                                         3.653 0.000918 ***
## lake$distance
                                                         9.662 5.22e-11 ***
                                     5.2143
                                                0.5397
## lake$moleculeRNA
                                   104.9450
                                              166.1694
                                                         0.632 0.532164
## lake$distance:lake$moleculeRNA -5.1222
                                                0.7163 -7.151 4.07e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 258.7 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8714, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8593
## F-statistic: 72.26 on 3 and 32 DF, p-value: 2.431e-14
# Calculate Confidance Intervals of Model
newdata.rich <- data.frame(cbind(lake$molecule, lake$distance))</pre>
conf95.rich <- predict(model.rich, newdata.rich, interval="confidence")</pre>
# Average Richess in Terrestrial Habitat
mean(soil$Estimator)
## [1] 7276.258
# Dummy Variables Regression Model ("Species Richness")
D1 <- (lake$molecule == "RNA")*1
```

```
fit.Fig.3a <- lm(lake$Estimator ~ lake$distance + D1 + lake$distance*D1)</pre>
summary(fit.Fig.3a)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = lake$Estimator ~ lake$distance + D1 + lake$distance *
##
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
## -518.38 -137.60
                     0.71 98.61 718.25
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                         3.653 0.000918 ***
## (Intercept)
                    468.6274
                               128.2862
## lake$distance
                     5.2143
                                 0.5397
                                          9.662 5.22e-11 ***
                    104.9450
                             166.1694 0.632 0.532164
                                0.7163 -7.151 4.07e-08 ***
## lake$distance:D1 -5.1222
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 258.7 on 32 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8714, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8593
## F-statistic: 72.26 on 3 and 32 DF, p-value: 2.431e-14
D1.R2 <- round(summary(fit.Fig.3a)$r.squared, 2)
DNA.int.3a <- fit.Fig.3a$coefficients[1]
DNA.slp.3a <- fit.Fig.3a$coefficients[2]
RNA.int.3a <- DNA.int.3a + fit.Fig.3a$coefficients[3]
RNA.slp.3a <- DNA.slp.3a + fit.Fig.3a$coefficients[4]
```

Figure 2: Estimated Richness

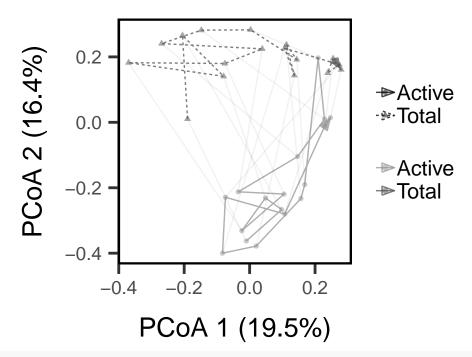
```
lake %>%
  mutate(molecule = ifelse(molecule == "DNA", "Total", "Active")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = Estimator, color = molecule, fill = molecule, shape = molecule)) +
  geom_point(size = 2, alpha = 0.8, show.legend = T) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = Estimator - s.e., ymax = Estimator + s.e.), width = 8, alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_smooth(method = 'lm', show.legend = T, aes(linetype = molecule)) +
  annotate(geom = "text", x = 50, y = 1800, size = 6,
           label = paste0("R^2== ",D1.R2), parse = T) +
  scale x reverse(limits = c(400,0)) +
  labs(x = (expression("Soil" %->% "Riverine" %->% "Lacustrine" %->% "Dam (m.)")),
      y = "Estimated Richness") +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.9, 0.9)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = my.cols) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = my.cols) +
  scale y continuous(limits = c(0, 3000)) +
  ggsave("figures/02_Richness.pdf", bg = "white", width = 7, height = 6) +
  ggsave("figures/02_Richness.png", width = 7, height = 6, dpi = 500)
```



Soil → Riverine → Lacustrine → Dam (m

Track structure across space

```
ul.pcoa <- cmdscale(vegdist(OTUsREL.log, method="bray"), 2, eig = T, add = T)</pre>
explainvars <- round(eigenvals(ul.pcoa)[c(1,2)]/sum(eigenvals(ul.pcoa)),3) *100
water.pcvals <- data.frame(scores(ul.pcoa)) %>%
  rownames_to_column("name") %>%
  left_join(rownames_to_column(design, "name")) %>%
  arrange(desc(distance)) %>% filter(type == "water")
pc dists <- tibble(</pre>
  DNA_dim1 = subset(water.pcvals, molecule == "DNA")$Dim1,
  DNA_dim2 = subset(water.pcvals, molecule == "DNA") $Dim2,
  RNA_dim1 = subset(water.pcvals, molecule == "RNA")$Dim1,
  RNA_dim2 = subset(water.pcvals, molecule == "RNA")$Dim2)
data.frame(scores(ul.pcoa)) %>%
  rownames_to_column("name") %>%
  left_join(rownames_to_column(design, "name")) %>%
  arrange(desc(distance)) %>% filter(type == "water") %>%
  mutate(molecule = ifelse(molecule == "DNA", "Total", "Active")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Dim1, y = Dim2)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.5, aes(color = molecule, shape = molecule)) +
  geom_path(alpha = 0.75, arrow = arrow(angle = 20,
                          length = unit(0.35, "cm"),
                          type = "closed"), aes(color = molecule, linetype = molecule)) +
  scale_color_manual("Community Subset", values = my.cols) +
  geom segment(data = pc dists,
               aes(x = DNA_dim1, y = DNA_dim2,
                   xend = RNA_dim1, yend = RNA_dim2),
               alpha = 0.05) +
  coord_fixed() +
  labs(x = paste0("PCoA 1 (", explainvars[1],"%)"),
       y = paste0("PCoA 2 (", explainvars[2], "%)")) +
  ggsave("figures/active-tot-pcoa-trajectories.pdf", bg = "white", width = 8, height = 8) +
  ggsave("figures/active-tot-pcoa-trajectories.png", width = 8, height = 8)
```



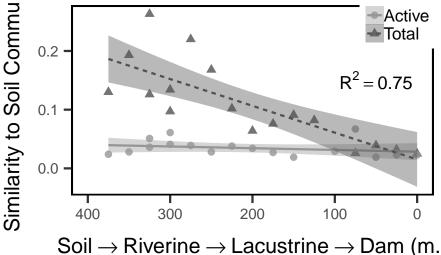
```
# animation
# traj.animate <- data.frame(scores(ul.pcoa)) %>%
   rownames_to_column("name") %>%
#
    left_join(rownames_to_column(design, "name")) %>%
   arrange(desc(distance)) %>% filter(type == "water", station != "UL17", station != "UL18") %>%
#
   mutate(molecule = ifelse(molecule == "DNA", "Total", "Active")) %>%
#
   mutate(transect = desc(distance)) %>%
   ggplot(aes(x = Dim1, y = Dim2, frame = transect, cumulative = TRUE)) +
#
    geom_point(alpha = 0.75, size = 10, aes(color = molecule)) +
#
    geom_path(alpha = 1, size = 1, arrow = arrow(angle = 20,
#
                            length = unit(0.35, "cm"),
#
                            type = "closed"), aes(color = molecule)) +
#
   scale_color_manual(values = my.cols) +
#
   theme(legend.title = element_blank()) +
#
    coord_fixed() +
    labs(x = pasteO("PCoA 1 (", explainvars[1], "%)"),
         y = pasteO("PCoA 2 (", explainvars[2], "%)"))
# gganimate(traj.animate, filename = "../figures/trajectory-animation.mp4", ani.width = 800, ani.height
```

Similarity To Terrestrial Habitat Across Gradient (Terrestrial Influence)

```
# Calculate Confidence Intervals of Model
newdata.terr <- data.frame(cbind(UL.sim$molecule, UL.sim$distance))</pre>
conf95.terr <- predict(model.terr, newdata.terr, interval="confidence")</pre>
# Dummy Variables Regression Model ("Terrestrial Influence")
D2 <- (UL.sim$molecule == "RNA")*1
fit.Fig.3b <- lm(UL.sim$bray.mean ~ UL.sim$distance + D2 + UL.sim$distance*D2)
D2.R2 <- round(summary(fit.Fig.3b)$r.squared, 2)
summary(fit.Fig.3b)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = UL.sim$bray.mean ~ UL.sim$distance + D2 + UL.sim$distance *
##
## Residuals:
        Min
                    1Q
                         Median
                                        30
                                                 Max
## -0.056398 -0.015112 -0.002225 0.009102 0.099423
##
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                       1.524e-02 1.623e-02 0.939 0.355128
## UL.sim$distance
                       4.564e-04 6.828e-05 6.684 2.1e-07 ***
                       1.321e-02 2.281e-02 0.579 0.566904
## UL.sim$distance:D2 -4.269e-04 9.608e-05 -4.443 0.000112 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.03273 on 30 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7499, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7248
## F-statistic: 29.98 on 3 and 30 DF, p-value: 3.68e-09
DNA.int.3b <- fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[1]
DNA.slp.3b <- fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[2]
RNA.int.3b <- DNA.int.3b + fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[3]
RNA.slp.3b <- DNA.slp.3b + fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[4]
```

Figure 3: Similarity to Soils

```
ggsave("figures/03_similarity-to-soils.pdf", bg = "white", height = 6, width = 7) +
ggsave("figures/03_similarity-to-soils.png", dpi = 500, height = 6, width = 7)
```

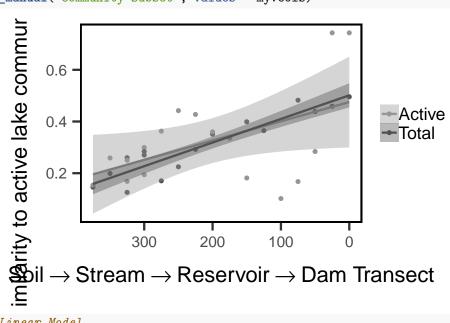


(

Similarity To Lake Habitat Across Gradient

```
# Similarity to Lake Samples 1 and 2
              <- 1 - as.matrix(vegdist(OTUsREL.log, method="bray"))
UL.bray.lake2 <- UL.bray[-c(1:3), 4:7]
              <- cbind(design[-c(1:3), ],
UL.sim2
                       "DNA" = apply(UL.bray.lake2[,c(1,3)], 1, mean),
                       "RNA" = apply(UL.bray.lake2[,c(2,4)], 1, mean))
UL.sim2 %>%
  mutate(molecule = ifelse(molecule == "DNA", "Total", "Active")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = DNA, color = molecule, fill = molecule)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm") +
  labs(y = "Similarity to total lake community (DNA)",
       x = (expression("Soil" %->% "Stream" %->% "Reservoir" %->% "Dam Transect"))) +
  scale_x_reverse() +
  scale_color_manual("Community Subset", values = my.cols) +
  scale_fill_manual("Community Subset", values = my.cols)
```

```
\begin{array}{c} \text{O.75} \\ \text{O.50} \\ \text{O.25} \\
```



```
# Calculate Linear Model
model.lake1 <- lm(UL.sim2$DNA ~ UL.sim2$distance * UL.sim2$molecule)
model.lake2 <- lm(UL.sim2$RNA ~ UL.sim2$distance * UL.sim2$molecule)
summary(model.lake1)</pre>
```

```
## Call:
## lm(formula = UL.sim2$DNA ~ UL.sim2$distance * UL.sim2$molecule)
## Residuals:
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
## -0.242239 -0.086327 0.000567 0.063327 0.271642
## Coefficients:
##
                                         Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                        0.7994111 0.0558603 14.311
## UL.sim2$distance
                                       -0.0016356 0.0002350 -6.960
## UL.sim2$moleculeRNA
                                       -0.4484387 0.0784869 -5.714
## UL.sim2$distance:UL.sim2$moleculeRNA 0.0013571 0.0003307
                                                              4.104
                                       Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                       6.08e-15 ***
## UL.sim2$distance
                                       9.88e-08 ***
## UL.sim2$moleculeRNA
                                       3.11e-06 ***
## UL.sim2$distance:UL.sim2$moleculeRNA 0.000286 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1126 on 30 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6954, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6649
## F-statistic: 22.83 on 3 and 30 DF, p-value: 6.829e-08
summary(model.lake2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = UL.sim2$RNA ~ UL.sim2$distance * UL.sim2$molecule)
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                   1Q
                         Median
                                       3Q
                                                Max
## -0.298879 -0.046626 -0.003357 0.046799 0.286274
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                         Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                        0.5013467 0.0610169
## UL.sim2$distance
                                       -0.0009140 0.0002567 -3.561
## UL.sim2$moleculeRNA
                                       -0.0259821 0.0857323 -0.303
## UL.sim2$distance:UL.sim2$moleculeRNA 0.0001688 0.0003612
                                                               0.467
                                       Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                       3.59e-09 ***
## UL.sim2$distance
                                        0.00126 **
## UL.sim2$moleculeRNA
                                        0.76393
## UL.sim2$distance:UL.sim2$moleculeRNA 0.64353
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.123 on 30 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4156, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3572
## F-statistic: 7.112 on 3 and 30 DF, p-value: 0.0009525
# Calculate Confidance Intervals of Model
newdata.lake <- data.frame(cbind(UL.sim2$molecule, UL.sim2$distance))
```

```
conf95.lake <- predict(model.lake1, newdata.lake, interval="confidence")

# Dummy Variables Regression Model ("Lake Influence")

D3 <- (UL.sim2$molecule == "RNA")*1

fit.Fig.3c <- lm(UL.sim2$DNA ~ UL.sim2$distance + D3 + UL.sim2$distance*D3)

# summary(fit.Fig.3c)

DNA.int.3c <- fit.Fig.3c$coefficients[1]

DNA.slp.3c <- fit.Fig.3c$coefficients[2]

RNA.int.3c <- DNA.int.3c + fit.Fig.3c$coefficients[3]

RNA.slp.3c <- DNA.slp.3c + fit.Fig.3c$coefficients[4]</pre>
```

Identifying the Soil Bacteria

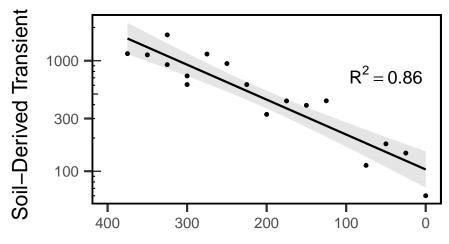
```
soil.only <- OTUs[, which(colSums(OTUs[-c(1:3),]) == 0)] # what is present only in soil
lake.n.soil <- OTUs[, setdiff(colnames(OTUs), colnames(soil.only))] # what is present across all samples
# separate lake and soil samples
lake.total <- OTUs[which(design$molecule == "DNA", design$type == "water"),]</pre>
soil.total <- OTUs[which(design$molecule == "DNA", design$type == "soil"),]</pre>
# which otus are present in both lake and soil samples
lake.and.soil.total <- OTUs[which(design$molecule == "DNA", design$type == "water"),</pre>
                             which(colSums(lake.total) > 0 & colSums(soil.total) > 0)]
# isolate just the dna and rna lake communities
w.dna <- OTUs[which(design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water"), ]
w.rna <- OTUs[which(design$molecule == "RNA" & design$type == "water"), ]</pre>
# pull out the lake rna counds for otus found in lake and soil
lake.and.soil.act <- w.rna[,colnames(lake.and.soil.total)]</pre>
# of these lake and soil taxa, which are never active?
nvr.act <- which(colSums(lake.and.soil.act) == 0)</pre>
# pull out their dna abundances and calculate richness
terr.lake <- w.dna[ , c(names(nvr.act))]</pre>
terr.rich <- rowSums((terr.lake > 0) * 1)
terr.REL <- rowSums(terr.lake) / rowSums(w.dna)</pre>
design.dna <- design[which(design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water"), ]</pre>
terr.rich.log <- log10(terr.rich)</pre>
terr.REL.log <- log10(terr.REL)</pre>
terr.mod1 <- lm(terr.rich.log ~ design.dna$distance)</pre>
summary(terr.mod1)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = terr.rich.log ~ design.dna$distance)
```

```
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                     Median
                 10
                                   30
                                           Max
## -0.23774 -0.13355 0.05749 0.10655 0.22647
##
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                      2.0158897 0.0771478 26.13 6.36e-14 ***
## (Intercept)
                                            9.74 7.06e-08 ***
## design.dna$distance 0.0031610 0.0003245
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1555 on 15 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8635, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8544
## F-statistic: 94.87 on 1 and 15 DF, p-value: 7.059e-08
T1.R2 <- round(summary(terr.mod1)$r.squared, 2)
T1.int <- terr.mod1$coefficients[1]</pre>
T1.slp <- terr.mod1$coefficients[2]
terr.mod2 <- lm(terr.REL.log ~ design.dna$distance)
summary(terr.mod2)
## Call:
## lm(formula = terr.REL.log ~ design.dna$distance)
## Residuals:
##
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   30
                                           Max
## -0.44191 -0.07791 0.01510 0.08124 0.42185
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                      -2.1675684 0.1151258 -18.828 7.56e-12 ***
## (Intercept)
## design.dna$distance 0.0029814 0.0004843
                                             6.156 1.84e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2321 on 15 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7164, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6975
## F-statistic: 37.9 on 1 and 15 DF, p-value: 1.838e-05
T2.R2 <- round(summary(terr.mod2)$r.squared, 2)
T2.int <- terr.mod2$coefficients[1]
T2.slp <- terr.mod2$coefficients[2]
```

Figure 4: Transient decay

```
tibble(transient_rich = terr.rich, distance = design.dna$distance) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = transient_rich)) +
    geom_smooth(method = "lm", color = "black", fill = "grey") +
    geom_point(alpha = 1, color = "black") +
    scale_x_reverse(limits = c(400,0)) +
    scale_y_log10() +
```

```
annotation_logticks(sides = "1") +
labs(x = (expression("Soil" %->% "Riverine" %->% "Lacustrine" %->% "Dam (m.)")),
    y = "Soil-Derived Transients") +
annotate("text", x = 50, y = 750, size = 6, label = paste0("R^2== ",T1.R2), parse = T) +
ggsave("figures/04_transient-rich.pdf", bg = "white", height = 6, width = 7) +
ggsave("figures/04_transient-rich.png", dpi = 500, height = 6, width = 7)
```



Soil → Riverine → Lacustrine → Dam (m

Define Core Lake Taxa

```
# identify otus in soil samples and lake samples
in.soil <- OTUs[, which(colSums(OTUs[c(1:3),]) > 0 )]
in.lake <- OTUs[, which(colSums(OTUs[-c(1:3),]) > 0)]
# isolate just the rna water samples and convert to presence-absence
in.lake.rna <- in.lake[which(design$molecule == "RNA" & design$type == "water"), ]
in.lake.rna.pa <- (in.lake.rna > 0) * 1
# define the 'core' taxa as otus present in 90% of samples
in.lake.core <- w.dna[, which((colSums(in.lake.rna.pa) / nrow(in.lake.rna.pa)) >= 0.8)]
# of the core, how many are also in the soil samples?
in.lake.core.from.soils <- in.lake.core[, intersect(colnames(in.lake.core), colnames(in.soil))]
# of the core which are not in the soil samples
in.lake.core.not.soils <- in.lake.core[, setdiff(colnames(in.lake.core), colnames(in.soil))]</pre>
in.lake.core.from.soils.REL <- in.lake.core.from.soils / rowSums(w.dna)</pre>
in.soil.plot <- as.data.frame(in.lake.core.from.soils.REL) %>%
  rownames_to_column("sample_ID") %>%
  gather(otu_id, rel_abundance, -sample_ID) %>%
  left_join(rownames_to_column(design.dna, "sample_ID")) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = rel_abundance, color = otu_id)) +
  labs(title = "OTUs first found in soil") +
```

```
geom_line(alpha = 0.25, stat = "smooth", method = "lm", se = F, show.legend = F)
in.lake.core.not.soils.REL <- in.lake.core.not.soils / rowSums(w.dna)
in.lake.plot <- as.data.frame(in.lake.core.not.soils.REL) %>%
  rownames_to_column("sample_ID") %>%
  gather(OTU, rel_abundance, -sample_ID) %>%
 left_join(rownames_to_column(design.dna, "sample_ID")) %>%
  left join(OTU.tax) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = rel_abundance, color = OTU)) +
  geom_line(alpha = 0.25, stat = "smooth", method = "lm", se = F, show.legend = F) +
 labs(title = "OTUs first found in the reservoir")
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
plot_grid(in.soil.plot + theme(axis.title.x = element_blank()), in.lake.plot, align = "hv", ncol = 1) +
                          OTUs first found in soil
             rel_abundancerel_abunda
                            0
                                       100
                                                    200
                                                                300
                          OTUs first found in the reservoir
                            0
                                       100
                                                    200
                                                                300
                                              distance
data.frame(mean_relabund = colMeans(in.lake.core.from.soils.REL)) %>%
  rownames_to_column(var = "OTU") %>% left_join(OTU.tax) %>%
  mutate(Taxon = paste(Phylum, Class, Order)) %>%
  arrange(desc(mean_relabund)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_bar(aes(x = Taxon, y = mean_relabund), stat = "identity") +
  coord_flip()
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
```

character vector

```
Verrucomicrobia, unclassified Verrucomicrobia unclas
Verrucomicrobia, unclassified Verrucomicrobia unclas
Verrucomicrobia Spartiopacteria unclas
Verrucomicrobia Spartiopacteria unclas
Proteobacteria Spartiopacteria Unclas
Proteobacteria Proteobacteria Unclassified Proteobacteria Unclas
Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Pseudomona
Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Pseudomona
Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Metrylocoi
Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Metrylocoi
Proteobacteria Beraproteobacteria Burkholde
Proteobacteria Beraproteobacteria Burkholde
Proteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Sphingomona
Proteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Rhizo
Proteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Rhizo
Proteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Rhizo
Proteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Caulobacte
Bacteroidetes Sphingobacteria Sphingobacteria Bacteroidetes I avobacteria Sphingobacteria Bacteroidetes I avobacteria Sphingobacteria Bacteroidetes I avobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Sphingobacteria Bacteroidetes I avobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Sphingobacteria Bacteroidetes I avobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria Alphaproteobacteria I alphapr
```

```
me
soil.core.mods <- apply(in.lake.core.from.soils.REL, MARGIN = 2,</pre>
    FUN = function(x) summary(lm(x ~ design.dna$distance))$coefficients[2,c(1,4)])
rownames(soil.core.mods) <- c("slope", "pval")</pre>
soil.core.decresing <- as.data.frame(t(soil.core.mods)) %>%
 rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
 filter(pval < 0.05 & slope > 0) %>% # rel abund decreases toward dam
 left_join(OTU.tax)
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
soil.core.increasing <- as.data.frame(t(soil.core.mods)) %>%
 rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
 filter(pval < 0.05 & slope < 0) %>% # rel abund increases toward dam
 left_join(OTU.tax)
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
data.frame(mean_relabund = colMeans(in.lake.core.not.soils.REL)) %>%
 rownames_to_column(var = "OTU") %>% left_join(OTU.tax) %>%
  mutate(Taxon = paste(Phylum, Class, Order)) %>%
  arrange(desc(mean_relabund)) %>%
 ggplot() +
 geom_bar(aes(x = Taxon, y = mean_relabund), stat = "identity") +
 coord_flip()
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
```

Verrucomicrobia Opitutae Opitutae_unclassification Proteobacteria Gammaproteobacteria Methylococcal Proteobacteria Betaproteobacteria Nitrosomonadal Proteobacteria Betaproteobacteria Burkholderial Firmicutes Clostridia Clostridial Bacteroidetes Flavobacteriia Flavobacterial Bacteroidetes Bacteroidetes_unclassification Bacteria_unclassification Bacteria_u

mear

```
nonsoil.core.mods <- apply(in.lake.core.not.soils.REL, MARGIN = 2, FUN = function(x) summary(lm(x ~ des
rownames(nonsoil.core.mods) <- c("slope", "pval")</pre>
nonsoil.core.decreasing <- as.data.frame(t(nonsoil.core.mods)) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
 filter(pval < 0.05 & slope > 0) %>% # rel abund decreases toward dam
 left_join(OTU.tax)
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
nonsoil.core.increasing <- as.data.frame(t(nonsoil.core.mods)) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  filter(pval < 0.05 & slope < 0) %>% # rel abund increases toward dam
 left join(OTU.tax)
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
as.data.frame(OTUsREL[,nonsoil.core.increasing$OTU]) %% rownames to column("sampleID") %>%
 left_join(rownames_to_column(design, "sampleID")) %>%
  gather(OTU, rel_abund, -station, -molecule, -type, -distance, -sampleID) %>%
  filter(molecule == "DNA") %>% left_join(OTU.tax) %>%
  mutate(taxon = paste(Class, Order, Family)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = rel_abund, color = taxon)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm") +
 scale_x_reverse()
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
## Warning: Removed 15 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
## Warning: Removed 15 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
             tinobacteria Actinomycetales Actinomycetales_unclassified
             acteroidetes unclassified Bacteroidetes unclassified Bacteroi
as.data.frame(OTUsREL[,soil.core.increasing$OTU]) %>% rownames_to_column("sampleID") %>%
  left_join(rownames_to_column(design, "sampleID")) %>%
  gather(OTU, rel_abund, -station, -molecule, -type, -distance, -sampleID) %>%
  filter(molecule == "DNA") %>% left_join(OTU.tax) %>%
```

```
mutate(taxon = paste(Class, Order, Family)) %>%
 ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = rel_abund, color = taxon)) +
 geom_point(alpha = 0.5) +
 geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE) +
 scale_x_reverse()
## Warning: Column `OTU` joining character vector and factor, coercing into
## character vector
## Warning: Removed 42 rows containing non-finite values (stat smooth).
## Warning: Removed 42 rows containing missing values (geom point).

    Actinobacteria Actinobacteria unclassified Actinobacteria

             - Actinobacteria Actinomycetales Actinomycetales unclassif
             - Actinobacteria Actinomycetales Microbacteriaceae
             - Alphaproteobacteria Rhodospirillales Acetobacteraceae
             - Betaproteobacteria Burkholderiales Comamonadaceae

    Cytophagia Cytophagales Cyclobacteriaceae

    Flavobacterija Flavobacterijales Flavobacterijaceae

    Spartobacteria Spartobacteria unclassified Spartobacteria

    Sphingobacteriia Sphingobacteriales Chitinophagaceae

    Sphingobacteriia Sphingobacteriales Saprospiraceae
```

ce

```
# how much do the different core components contribute to total abundances
in.lake.core.soil.REL <- rowSums(in.lake.core.from.soils) / rowSums(w.dna)
in.lake.core.water.REL <- rowSums(in.lake.core.not.soils) / rowSums(w.dna)</pre>
```

Taxonomic Analysis

```
# Taxa comprising total lake 'core', those from soils, and those not from soils
core.taxa <- OTU.tax[OTU.tax$OTU %in% colnames(in.lake.core),]</pre>
core.soil.taxa <- OTU.tax[OTU.tax$OTU %in% colnames(in.lake.core.from.soils),]</pre>
core.water.taxa <- OTU.tax[OTU.tax$OTU %in% colnames(in.lake.core.not.soils),]</pre>
# Get relative abundances for each of the core taxa
core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL <- OTUSREL[which(design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water"),
                                   as.numeric(rownames(core.soil.taxa))]
core.water.taxa.DNA.REL <- OTUsREL[which(design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water"),
                                    as.numeric(rownames(core.water.taxa))]
core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL <- OTUsREL[which(design$molecule == "RNA" & design$type == "water"),
                                   as.numeric(rownames(core.soil.taxa))]
core.water.taxa.RNA.REL <- OTUsREL[which(designsmolecule == "RNA" & designstype == "water"),
                                    as.numeric(rownames(core.water.taxa))]
core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.max <- as.matrix(apply(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL, 2, max))</pre>
core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL.max <- as.matrix(apply(core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL, 2, max))</pre>
core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.max <- as.matrix(apply(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL, 2, max))</pre>
```

```
core.water.taxa.RNA.REL.max <- as.matrix(apply(core.water.taxa.RNA.REL, 2, max))</pre>
core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.min <- as.matrix(apply(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL, 2, min))</pre>
core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL.min <- as.matrix(apply(core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL, 2, min))</pre>
core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.min <- as.matrix(apply(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL, 2, min))</pre>
core.water.taxa.RNA.REL.min <- as.matrix(apply(core.water.taxa.RNA.REL, 2, min))</pre>
core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.mean <- as.matrix(apply(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL, 2, mean))</pre>
core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL.mean <- as.matrix(apply(core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL, 2, mean))</pre>
core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.mean <- as.matrix(apply(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL, 2, mean))</pre>
core.water.taxa.RNA.REL.mean <- as.matrix(apply(core.water.taxa.RNA.REL, 2, mean))</pre>
core.soil.taxa.soil.max <- as.matrix(apply(OTUsREL[which(design$type == "soil"), rownames(core.soil.tax
core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds <- cbind(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.min, core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.max,
                                         core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL.min, core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL.max,
                                         core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.mean, core.soil.taxa.RNA.REL.mean,
                                         core.soil.taxa.soil.max)
colnames(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds) <- c("DNA.min", "DNA.max", "RNA.min", "RNA.max", "DNA.mean", "R
core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds <- cbind(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.min, core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.max,
                                         core.water.taxa.RNA.REL.min, core.water.taxa.RNA.REL.max,
                                         core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.mean, core.water.taxa.RNA.REL.mean)
colnames(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds) <- c("DNA.min", "DNA.max", "RNA.min", "RNA.max", "DNA.mean", "
# core.soil and core.water are summaries of lake core
core.soil <- as.data.frame(cbind(core.soil.taxa$Family, core.soil.taxa$Genus,</pre>
                                   signif(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds[,c(1:4, 7)], digits = 3)))
colnames(core.soil) <- c("Family", "Genus", "DNA.min", "DNA.max", "RNA.min", "RNA.max", "Soil.max")</pre>
core.water <- as.data.frame(cbind(core.water.taxa$Family, core.water.taxa$Genus,</pre>
                                    signif(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds[,1:4], digits = 3)))
colnames(core.water) <- c("Family", "Genus", "DNA.min", "DNA.max", "RNA.min", "RNA.max")</pre>
# Core Soil LaTeX Table
addtorow <- list()</pre>
addtorow$pos <- list(0, 0)</pre>
addtorow$command <- c("& \\multicolumn{1}{c}{Class} & \\multicolumn{1}{c}{Order} &
                       \mathcal{DNA} & \multicolumn{2}{c}{RNA} \\mathcal{DNA} & \multicolumn{2}{c}{RNA} \\mathcal{RNA} \\mathcal{DNA} \
                       "& & & min & max & min & max \\\\n")
core.soil.tab <- xtable(core.soil)</pre>
align(core.soil.tab) <- "crrrrrr"</pre>
print(core.soil.tab, add.to.row = addtorow, include.colnames = FALSE,
      type= "latex", file="tables/table1.tex")
print(core.soil.tab, add.to.row = addtorow, include.colnames = FALSE, comment = FALSE)
core.water.tab <- xtable(core.water)</pre>
align(core.water.tab) <- "crrrrr"</pre>
print(core.water.tab, add.to.row = addtorow, include.colnames = FALSE,
      type= "latex", file="tables/table2.tex")
print(core.water.tab, add.to.row = addtorow, include.colnames = FALSE, comment = FALSE)
```

Comparisons of relabunds

```
high.activity.soil.core <- as.data.frame(core.soil.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds) %>%
  rownames to column("OTU") %>%
  filter(RNA.max > 0) %>% arrange(desc(RNA.max)) %>%
  left_join(OTU.tax)
high.activity.water.core <- as.data.frame(core.water.taxa.DNA.REL.bounds) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  filter(RNA.max > 0) %>% arrange(desc(RNA.max)) %>%
  left_join(OTU.tax)
mean.soil.abunds.soil.core <- OTUsREL[which(design$type == "soil"), high.activity.soil.core$OTU] %>%
  colMeans %>% data.frame(mean_soil_relabund = .) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>% arrange(desc(mean_soil_relabund))
max.soil.abunds.soil.core <- OTUsREL[which(design$type == "soil"), high.activity.soil.core$OTU] %>%
  apply(X = ., MARGIN = 2, max) %>% data.frame(max_soil_relabund = .) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>% arrange(desc(max_soil_relabund))
mean.soil.abunds.water.core <- OTUsREL[which(designstype == "soil"), high.activity.water.core$OTU] %>%
  colMeans %>% data.frame(mean_soil_relabund = .) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>% arrange(desc(mean_soil_relabund))
max.soil.abunds.water.core <- OTUsREL[which(design$type == "soil"), high.activity.water.core$OTU] %>%
  apply(X = ., MARGIN = 2, max) %>% data.frame(max_soil_relabund = .) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>% arrange(desc(max_soil_relabund))
soil.vs.lake.abunds <- high.activity.soil.core %>%
  left_join(mean.soil.abunds.soil.core) %>% left_join(max.soil.abunds.soil.core) %>%
  mutate(soil_is_source = ifelse(max_soil_relabund > 1e-3 & RNA.max > 1e-3, T, F)) %>%
  mutate(Taxon = ifelse(Genus == "unclassified", paste(Family, "sp."), Genus))
combined.relabunds <- max.soil.abunds.soil.core %>%
  left_join(rownames_to_column(as.data.frame(t(in.lake.core.from.soils.REL)), "OTU"))
rownames(combined.relabunds) <- combined.relabunds$OTU</pre>
combined.relabunds <- combined.relabunds[,-1]</pre>
otus.fold.change <- combined.relabunds / combined.relabunds$max_soil_relabund # Calculate fold changes
fold_change_summary <- otus.fold.change %>% rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  select(-max_soil_relabund) %>%
  gather("sample", "fold_change", -OTU) %>%
  left_join(select(rownames_to_column(design.dna, "sample"), -station, -molecule, -type)) %>%
  group by(OTU) %>%
  summarize(max_change = max(fold_change), min_change = min(fold_change))
otus.fold.change %>% rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  select(-max_soil_relabund) %>%
  gather("sample", "fold_change", -OTU) %>%
  left_join(select(rownames_to_column(design.dna, "sample"), -station, -molecule, -type)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = fold_change, color = OTU)) +
```

```
geom_jitter(alpha = 0.05) +
  geom_smooth(alpha = 0.5, method = "lm", se = F) +
  scale_y_log10()
otus.fold.change %>% rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  select(-max_soil_relabund) %>%
  gather("sample", "fold_change", -OTU) %>%
  left join(select(rownames to column(design.dna, "sample"), -station, -molecule, -type))
foldchanges <- t(otus.fold.change)[-1,]</pre>
foldchangelms <- apply(foldchanges, MARGIN = 2,</pre>
    FUN = function(x) summary(lm(x ~ design.dna$distance))$coefficients[c(1,2,8)])
rownames(foldchangelms) <- c("intercept", "slope", "pval")</pre>
soil.core.decresing <- as.data.frame(t(foldchangelms)) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  filter( slope > 0) %>%  # rel abund decreases toward dam
 left_join(OTU.tax) %% select(-intercept, -slope, -pval, everything()) %%
  arrange(desc(slope))
soil.core.increasing <- as.data.frame(t(foldchangelms)) %>%
  rownames_to_column("OTU") %>%
  filter( slope < 0) %>% # rel abund increases toward dam
 left_join(OTU.tax) %% select(-intercept, -slope, -pval, everything()) %%
  arrange((slope))
soil.decrease.tab <- soil.core.decresing %>% select(-OTU, -Domain) %>% flextable()
soil.increase.tab <- soil.core.increasing %% select(-OTU, -Domain) %>% flextable()
read docx() %>%
  body_end_section_continuous() %>%
  body_add_par("Increasing away from stream inlet", style = "heading 2") %>%
  body_add_flextable(soil.increase.tab) %>%
  body_add_par("Decreasing away from stream inlet", style = "heading 2") %>%
  body_add_flextable(soil.decrease.tab) %>%
  body_end_section_landscape() %>%
  print(target = "tables/soil-core-change-tables.docx")
```

Word Table

```
soil.tab <- core.soil %>% arrange(desc(RNA.max)) %>% flextable() %>% autofit()
water.tab <- core.water %>% arrange(desc(RNA.max)) %>% flextable() %>% autofit()

read_docx() %>%
body_add_par("Table S1", style = "heading 1") %>%
body_end_section_continuous() %>%
body_add_par("Core Reservoir Microbiome (present in soils)", style = "heading 2") %>%
body_add_flextable(soil.tab) %>%
body_add_par("Core Reservoir Microbiome (absent from soils)", style = "heading 2") %>%
body_add_flextable(water.tab) %>%
body_add_flextable(water.tab) %>%
body_end_section_landscape() %>%
print(target = "tables/core_tables.docx")
```

Figure 5: Soil vs. Lake Comparisons

Ecosystem Functioning

Fig 1: Microbial metabolism along reservoir gradient

```
Read in data
```

```
metab <- read.table("data/res.grad.metab.txt", sep="\t", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(metab) <- c("dist", "BP", "BR")</pre>
BGE <- round((metab$BP/(metab$BP + metab$BR)),3)
metab <- cbind(metab, BGE)</pre>
# Quadratic regression for BP
dist <- metab$dist</pre>
dist2 <- metab$dist^2</pre>
BP.fit <- lm(metab$BP ~ dist + dist2)</pre>
BP.R2 <- round(summary(BP.fit)$r.squared, 2)</pre>
# Simple linear regression for BR
BR.fit <- lm(metab$BR ~ metab$dist)
BR.R2 <- round(summary(BR.fit)$r.squared, 2)
BR.int <- BR.fit$coefficients[1]</pre>
BR.slp <- BR.fit$coefficients[2]</pre>
# Simple linear regression for BGE
BGE.fit <- lm(metab$BGE ~ metab$dist)</pre>
BGE.R2 <- round(summary(BGE.fit)$r.squared, 2)
BGE.int <- BGE.fit$coefficients[1]
BGE.slp <- BGE.fit$coefficients[2]</pre>
BP.R2
```

```
BR.R2
BGE.R2
BP.plot \leftarrow ggplot(metab, aes(x = dist, y = BP)) +
  geom point() +
  geom\_smooth(method = "lm", formula = y \sim x + I(x^2), color = "black") +
  annotate(geom = "text", x = 50, y = 1.5, size = 5, label = paste0("R^2== ",BP.R2), parse = T) +
  labs(y = expression(paste('BP (', mu ,'M C h'^-1*')')),
       x = (expression("Soil" \%->\% "Riverine" \%->\% "Lacustrine" \%->\% "Dam (m)"))) +
  scale_x_reverse(limits = c(400,0))
BR.plot <- ggplot(metab, aes(x = dist, y = BR)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm", formula = y ~ x, color = "black") +
  annotate("text", x = 50, y = 1.5, size = 5, label = paste("R^2 = ", BR.R2), parse = T) +
  labs(y = expression(paste('BR (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')')),
       x = (expression("Soil" %->% "Riverine" %->% "Lacustrine" %->% "Dam (m)"))) +
  scale_x_reverse(limits = c(400,0))
BGE.plot <- ggplot(metab, aes(x = dist, y = BGE)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom\_smooth(method = "lm", formula = y \sim x + I(x^2), color = "black") +
  annotate("text", x = 50, y = .5, size = 5, label = paste0("R^2== ",BGE.R2), parse = T) +
  labs(y = "BGE",
       x = (expression("Soil" %->% "Riverine" %->% "Lacustrine" %->% "Dam (m)"))) +
  scale_x_reverse(limits = c(400,0))
plot_grid(BP.plot + theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(), axis.text.x = element_blank(),
                           plot.margin = unit(c(1, 1, -1, 0), "cm")),
          BR.plot + theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(), axis.text.x = element_blank(),
                           plot.margin = unit(c(-1, 1, -1, 0), "cm")),
          BGE.plot + theme(plot.margin = unit(c(-1, 1, 0, 0), "cm")), align = "hv", ncol = 1) +
  ggsave("figures/06_ecosystem-functions.pdf", bg = "white", width = 6, height = 11)
              BGE 3R (µM CBP¹) µM
                    3.6 -
                          400
                                     300
                                                200
                                                            100
                                                                        0
                     Soil \rightarrow Riverine \rightarrow Lacustrine \rightarrow Dam (m)
```

Relation of ecosystem functions and community structure

```
# detrend the spatial signal
bp.resid <- resid(lm(BP ~ dist + I(dist)^2, data = metab))</pre>
br.resid <- resid(lm(BR ~ dist, data = metab))</pre>
metab.resids <- metab</pre>
metab.resids$BR_resid <- br.resid + mean(metab$BR)</pre>
metab.resids$BP_resid <- bp.resid + mean(metab$BP)</pre>
transient.metabolism <- data.frame(transients = terr.REL, dist = design.dna$distance) %>%
  left_join(metab.resids)
bp.mod.quad <- lm(BP_resid ~ transients + I(transients^2), data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
bp.mod.lin <- lm(BP_resid ~ transients, data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
bp.mod.int <- lm(BP_resid ~ 1, data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
anova(bp.mod.int, bp.mod.lin, bp.mod.quad)
AIC(bp.mod.quad, bp.mod.lin, bp.mod.int)
br.mod.quad <- lm(BR_resid ~ transients + I(transients^2), data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
br.mod.lin <- lm(BR_resid ~ transients, data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
br.mod.int <- lm(BR_resid ~ 1, data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
anova(br.mod.int, br.mod.lin, br.mod.quad)
AIC(br.mod.int, br.mod.lin, br.mod.quad)
bge.mod.quad <- lm(BGE ~ transients + I(transients^2), data = transient.metabolism)
bge.mod.lin <- lm(BGE ~ transients, data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
bge.mod.int <- lm(BGE ~ 1, data = transient.metabolism)</pre>
anova(bge.mod.int, bge.mod.lin, bge.mod.quad)
AIC(bge.mod.int, bge.mod.lin, bge.mod.quad)
round(summary(br.mod.quad)$r.squared, 2)
round(summary(bp.mod.quad)$r.squared, 2)
total_core <- rowSums(OTUsREL[design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water",
                                subset(rbind.data.frame(high.activity.water.core,
                                                         high.activity.soil.core), RNA.max > .01) $0TU])
summary(lm(BP ~ transients * dist, transient.metabolism))
summary(lm(BR ~ transients * dist, transient.metabolism))
data.frame(
  soil_core = rowSums(OTUsREL[design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water",
           subset(soil.vs.lake.abunds, RNA.max > .01)$0TU]),
  dist = design.dna$distance) %>%
  left_join(metab.resids) %>% select(-BGE, -BP, -BR) %>% gather(metab, value, -soil_core, -dist) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = soil_core, y = value, color = metab, fill = metab)) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_smooth(alpha = .25, method = 'lm', formula = y \sim x + I(x^2)) +
```

```
labs(x = "Relative Abundance of Soil-derived Core",
       y = expression(paste('Metabolism (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')'))) +
  scale_color_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
  scale_fill_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
  ggsave("figures/06_soilcore-function.pdf", bg = "white", width = 7, height = 6)
data.frame(
  water core = rowSums(OTUsREL[design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water",
                               subset(high.activity.water.core, RNA.max > .01)$0TU]),
  dist = design.dna$distance) %>%
  left_join(metab.resids) %>% select(-BGE,-BR,-BP) %>% gather(metab, value, -water_core, -dist) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = water_core, y = value, color = metab, fill = metab)) +
  geom_point(size = 2) +
  geom_smooth(alpha = .25, method = 'lm', formula = y ~ x + I(x^2)) +
  labs(x = "Relative Abundance of non-soil-derived Core",
       y = expression(paste('Metabolism (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')'))) +
  scale_color_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
  scale_fill_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
  ggsave("figures/06_nonsoilcore-function.pdf", bg = "white", width = 7, height = 6)
data.frame(transients = resid(lm(terr.REL ~ design.dna$distance)) + mean(terr.REL), dist = design.dna$d
  left_join(metab.resids) %>% select(-BGE, -BP, -BR) %>% gather(metab, value, -transients, -dist) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = transients, y = value, color = metab, fill = metab)) +
  geom_point(size = 2, show.legend = F) +
  geom_smooth(alpha = .25, method = 'lm', formula = y ~ x, show.legend = F) +
  annotation_logticks(sides = "b") +
  labs(x = "Relative Abundance of Transient Taxa",
      y = expression(paste('Metabolism (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')'))) +
  scale_color_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
  scale_fill_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
  scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,3)) +
  theme(plot.margin = unit(c(1,1,0,0), "cm")) +
  ggsave("figures/06_transients-function.pdf", bg = "white", width = 7, height = 6)
core.metab <- data.frame(</pre>
  total_core = rowSums(OTUsREL[design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water",
                               subset(rbind.data.frame(high.activity.water.core,
                                                       high.activity.soil.core), RNA.max > .01) $OTU]),
 dist = design.dna$distance) %>%
 left_join(metab.resids)
summary(lm(BP ~ total_core * dist, core.metab))
summary(lm(BR ~ total_core + dist, core.metab))
core.metab <- data.frame(</pre>
  total_core = rowSums(OTUsREL[design$molecule == "DNA" & design$type == "water",
                               subset(rbind.data.frame(high.activity.water.core,
                                                       high.activity.soil.core), RNA.max > .01) $ OTU]),
 dist = design.dna$distance) %>%
```

```
left_join(metab.resids)
core.metab$total_core_resid <- resid(lm(total_core ~ dist + I(dist^2), core.metab)) + mean(core.metab$t
summary(lm(BP_resid ~ total_core, core.metab))
summary(lm(BR_resid ~ total_core + I(total_core^2), core.metab))

core.metab %>% select(-BGE, -BP, -BR, -total_core) %>% gather(metab, value, -total_core_resid, -dist) %
    ggplot(aes(x = total_core_resid, y = value, color = metab, fill = metab)) +
    geom_point(size = 2, show.legend = F) +
    geom_smooth(alpha = .25, method = 'lm', formula = y ~ x, show.legend = F) +
    labs(x = "Relative Abundance of Core Taxa",
        y = expression(paste('Metabolism (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')'))) +
    scale_color_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
    scale_fill_viridis("Ecosystem Function", discrete = T, begin = .1, end = .6, option = "D") +
    scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,3)) +
    theme(plot.margin = unit(c(1,1,0,0), "cm")) +
    ggsave("figures/06_core-function.pdf", bg = "white", width = 7, height = 6)
```

Analyze environmental controls

```
# library(AEM)
# # pull out the in-lake samples
# in.lake.dna.samples <- which(design$type == "water" & design$molecule == "DNA" & design$distance < 30
# env <- env.dat[which(env.dat$sample.ID %in% design$station[in.lake.dna.samples]),c("temp", "pH", "DO"
# env <- scale(env)
# geo_dist <- as.vector(dist(design[in.lake.dna.samples,]$distance))</pre>
# env_dist <- as.vector(dist(env))</pre>
# com_dist <- as.vector(vegdist(decostand(lake.tot, "total")))</pre>
# data.frame(env_dist = resid(lm(env_dist ~ geo_dist))),
             com_dist = com_dist,
#
             qeo dist = resid(lm(qeo dist ~ env dist))) %>%
#
  ggplot(aes(x = env\_dist, y = com\_dist)) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.5) +
    geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
# data.frame(env_dist = resid(lm(env_dist ~ geo_dist)),
#
             com \ dist = com \ dist,
#
             qeo_dist = resid(lm(qeo_dist ~ env_dist))) %>%
#
  ggplot(aes(x = geo\_dist, y = com\_dist)) +
   geom\_point(alpha = 0.5) +
   geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
# data.frame(env_dist = resid(lm(env_dist ~ geo_dist)),
             com_dist = com_dist,
#
             geo_dist = resid(lm(geo_dist ~ env_dist))) %>%
#
   qqplot(aes(x = env_dist, y = qeo_dist)) +
#
   geom\_point(alpha = 0.5) +
#
    geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
# # construct asymetric eigenvector maps along transect
# n <- nrow(env)
\# aem.out \leftarrow aem.time(n, moran = T, plot.moran = T)
# colnames(aem.out\$aem) <- pasteO("AEM", seq(1, n-1))
```

```
# aems <- aem.out$aem[,which(aem.out$Moran$p.value < 0.05)]</pre>
#
#
\# prcomp(env, scale. = T)
# round(cor(cbind(aems, env)),2)
# lake.tot <- OTUs[in.lake.dna.samples,]</pre>
# vp.tot.pos <- varpart(lake.tot, aems[,c("AEM1", "AEM2", "AEM3")], env, transfo = "hellinger")
# up.tot.pos
# plot(vp.tot.pos)
# vp.tot.neg <- varpart(lake.tot, aems[,c("AEM8", "AEM9", "AEM10")], env, transfo = "hellinger")</pre>
# vp.tot.neg
# plot(vp.tot.neg)
# # rna
# in.lake.rna.samples <- which(design$type == "water" & design$molecule == "RNA" & design$distance < 30
\# env <- env.dat[which(env.dat\$sample.ID \%in\% design\$station[in.lake.rna.samples]),c("temp", "pH", "DO"
# env <- scale(env)</pre>
# # construct asymetric eigenvector maps along transect
# n <- nrow(env)
\# aem.out <- AEM::aem.time(n, moran = T, plot.moran = T)
\# colnames(aem.out$aem) <- pasteO("AEM", seq(1, n-1))
# aems <- aem.out$aem[,which(aem.out$Moran$p.value < 0.05)]
\# prcomp(env, scale. = T)
# round(cor(cbind(aems, env)),2)
# lake.act <- OTUs[in.lake.rna.samples,]</pre>
# geo_dist <- as.vector(dist(design[in.lake.rna.samples,]$distance))</pre>
# env_dist <- as.vector(dist(env))</pre>
# com_dist <- as.vector(vegdist(decostand(lake.act, "total")))</pre>
# data.frame(env_dist = resid(lm(env_dist ~ qeo_dist)),
#
             com_dist = com_dist,
             qeo_dist = resid(lm(qeo_dist ~ env_dist))) %>%
#
#
  ggplot(aes(x = env\_dist, y = com\_dist)) +
  qeom_point(alpha = 0.5) +
#
    geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
# data.frame(env_dist = resid(lm(env_dist ~ geo_dist)),
#
             com_dist = com_dist,
#
             geo_dist = resid(lm(geo_dist ~ env_dist))) %>%
#
    ggplot(aes(x = geo\_dist, y = com\_dist)) +
#
   geom\_point(alpha = 0.5) +
   geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
# data.frame(env_dist = resid(lm(env_dist ~ geo_dist)),
#
             com_dist = com_dist,
#
             geo_dist = resid(lm(geo_dist ~ env_dist))) %>%
#
   qqplot(aes(x = env_dist, y = qeo_dist)) +
   geom\_point(alpha = 0.5) +
#
#
    geom_smooth(method = 'lm')
\# vp.act.pos \leftarrow varpart(lake.act, aems[,c("AEM1", "AEM2", "AEM3")], env, transfo = "hellinger")
```

```
# vp.act.pos
# plot(vp.act.pos)
#
# vp.act.neg <- varpart(lake.act, aems[,c("AEM8", "AEM9", "AEM10")], env, transfo = "hellinger")
# vp.act.neg
# plot(vp.act.neg)</pre>
```

null model to control for richness

```
# require("progress")
# Calculate abundance-weighted Raup-Crick dissimilarities
# rcbraycurtis <- function(OTUs){</pre>
  regional.abunds \leftarrow t(as.matrix(colSums(OTUs)))
  regional.relabunds <- decostand(regional.abunds, method = "total")
  occupancy.probs \leftarrow t(as.matrix(colSums(decostand(OTUs, method = "pa")) / nrow(OTUs)))
   site.abunds <- rowSums(OTUs)</pre>
#
   site.rich <- specnumber(OTUs)</pre>
   a <- regional.relabunds * occupancy.probs
#
#
   # Create a null community based on Stegen et al. 2015
#
   r \leftarrow nrow(OTUs)
#
   c <- ncol(OTUs)
#
   spec.vec <- 1:ncol(OTUs)</pre>
#
   RCbc.nulls \leftarrow array(NA, c(r, r, 999))
#
#
   # stochastic community assembly nulls
#
   for(i in 1:999){
#
     if(i == 1) pb \leftarrow progress\_bar$new(total = 999, force = T)
#
      pb$update(ratio = i/999)
#
#
      null.comm <- OTUs * 0
#
      # for first simulation:
#
      for(row.i in 1:nrow(null.comm)){
#
        #print(paste("run :", i, " -> ", row.i, " : ", site.abunds[row.i], " inds"))
#
#
        while(rowSums(null.comm)[row.i] < site.abunds[row.i]){</pre>
#
#
#
          # choose a species based on its occupancy
#
          local.specs <- sample(x = spec.vec, size = site.rich[row.i],</pre>
#
                                  prob = as.vector(occupancy.probs), replace = FALSE)
#
#
          local.probs <- decostand(t(as.matrix(regional.abunds[,local.specs])), method = "total")</pre>
#
#
          local.inds <- sample(x = local.specs, size = site.abunds[row.i],</pre>
#
                                 prob = as.vector(local.probs), replace = TRUE)
#
#
          local.abunds <- rle(sort(local.inds))</pre>
#
          # add an individual to the local community
```

```
null.comm[row.i, local.abunds$values] <- local.abunds$lengths</pre>
#
        }
#
#
#
      null.bc <- as.matrix(veqdist(decostand(null.comm, method = "loq"), method = "bray"))</pre>
#
      RCbc.nulls[,,i] <- null.bc
#
# }
# RCbc.nulls.total <- rcbraycurtis(OTUs = OTUs[which(design$molecule == "DNA"),])
# RCbc.nulls.active <- rcbraycurtis(OTUs = OTUs[which(design$molecule == "RNA"),])</pre>
# saveRDS(RCbc.nulls.total, file = "intermediate-data/RCbc.null.total.rda")
# saveRDS(RCbc.nulls.active, file = "intermediate-data/RCbc.null.active.rda")
# RCbc.nulls.total <- readRDS(file = "intermediate-data/RCbc.null.total.rda")
# RCbc.nulls.active <- readRDS(file = "intermediate-data/RCbc.null.active.rda")
# obs.bc.total <- as.matrix(vegdist(OTUsREL[which(design$molecule == "DNA"),], method = "bray"))
# obs.bc.active <- as.matrix(veqdist(OTUsREL[which(design$molecule == "RNA"),], method = "bray"))
# get.rcbrayvals <- function(obs.bc, RCbc.nulls){</pre>
   r \leftarrow nrow(as.matrix(obs.bc))
   site.compares <- expand.grid(site1 = 1:r, site2 = 1:r)
   RC.bray \leftarrow matrix(NA, nrow = r, ncol = r)
#
#
#
   for(row.i in 1:nrow(site.compares)){
     site1 <- site.compares[row.i,1]</pre>
#
     site2 <- site.compares[row.i,2]
#
    pairwise.null <- RCbc.nulls[site1,site2,]</pre>
#
#
    pairwise.bray <- obs.bc[site1,site2]</pre>
#
     num.greater <- sum(pairwise.null > pairwise.bray)
#
     num.ties <- sum(pairwise.null == pairwise.bray)</pre>
#
      val \leftarrow (((1 * num.greater) + (0.5 * num.ties))/1000 - 0.5) * 2
#
      RC.bray[site1, site2] <- val
#
#
    return(RC.bray)
# }
# RC.bray.active <- qet.rcbrayvals(obs.bc.active, RCbc.nulls.active)
\# rownames(RC.bray.active) <- rownames(subset(design, molecule == "RNA"))
# colnames(RC.bray.active) <- rownames(subset(design, molecule == "RNA"))</pre>
# RC.bray.active.dist <- as.dist(RC.bray.active)
# RC.bray.total <- get.rcbrayvals(obs.bc.total, RCbc.nulls.total)
# rownames(RC.bray.total) <- rownames(subset(design, molecule == "DNA"))</pre>
# colnames(RC.bray.total) <- rownames(subset(design, molecule == "DNA"))</pre>
# RC.bray.total.dist <- as.dist(RC.bray.total)</pre>
# # Similarity to Soil Sample
              <- 1-as.matrix(veqdist(OTUsREL.log, method="bray"))
# UL.bray
# UL.bray.lake <- UL.bray[-c(1:3), 1:3]
# bray.mean <- round(apply(UL.bray.lake, 1, mean), 3)</pre>
# bray.se
              <- round(apply(UL.bray.lake, 1, se), 3)</pre>
```

```
<- cbind(design[-c(1:3), ], bray.mean, bray.se)</pre>
# UL.sim
#
#
# # Calculate Linear Model
# model.terr <- lm(UL.sim$bray.mean ~ UL.sim$distance * UL.sim$molecule)
# # Calculate Confidance Intervals of Model
# newdata.terr <- data.frame(cbind(UL.sim$molecule, UL.sim$distance))</pre>
# conf95.terr <- predict(model.terr, newdata.terr, interval="confidence")
# # Dummy Variables Regression Model ("Terrestrial Influence")
# D2 <- (UL.sim$molecule == "RNA")*1
# fit.Fig.3b <- lm(UL.sim$bray.mean ~ UL.sim$distance + D2 + UL.sim$distance*D2)
# D2.R2 <- round(summary(fit.Fig.3b)$r.squared, 2)
# summary(fit.Fiq.3b)
# DNA.int.3b <- fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[1]
# DNA.slp.3b <- fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[2]</pre>
# RNA.int.3b <- DNA.int.3b + fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[3]
# RNA.slp.3b <- DNA.slp.3b + fit.Fig.3b$coefficients[4]
#
#
# UL.sim %>%
  mutate(molecule = ifelse(UL.sim$molecule == "DNA", "Total", "Active")) %>%
#
  ggplot(aes(x = distance, y = bray.mean, color = molecule, fill = molecule)) +
#
#
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm") +
#
#
  labs(y = "Community Similarity to Soils",
         x = (expression("Soil" \%->\% "Riverine" \%->\% "Lacustrine" \%->\% "Dam (m)"))) +
#
#
  scale_color_manual("Community Subset", values = my.cols) +
#
  scale_fill_manual("Community Subset", values = my.cols) +
#
   scale_x_reverse(limits = c(400,0)) +
#
  annotate(geom = "text", x = 50, y = 0.2, size = 5,
#
             label = pasteO("R^2== ",round(summary(fit.Fiq.3b)$r.squared, 2)), parse = T) +
#
   ggsave("../figures/03_similarity-to-soils.pdf", bg = "white", height = 6, width = 8)
# RC.bray.total.dist
```

Import Phototrophs

```
# # The phototrophs
# cyanos.in <- "../data/UL.cyano.final.shared"
# phytos.in <- "../data/UL.euks.final.shared"
#
# cyanos <- read.otu(shared = cyanos.in, cutoff = "0.03")
# phytos <- read.otu(shared = phytos.in, cutoff = "0.03")
#
# # Remove OTUs with less than two occurences across all sites
# cyanos <- cyanos[, which(colSums(cyanos) >= 2)]
# phytos <- phytos[, which(colSums(phytos) >= 2)]
# # Remove sites where we have low coverage
```

```
# cyanos <- cyanos[-which(coverage < 10000), ]</pre>
# phytos <- phytos[-which(coverage < 10000), ]</pre>
# # Remove Non Intersecting Sites
# ratio.sites <- intersect(intersect(rownames(cyanos), rownames(phytos)), rownames(OTUs))</pre>
# cyanos <- cyanos[ratio.sites, ]</pre>
# phytos <- phytos[ratio.sites, ]</pre>
# heteros <- OTUs[ratio.sites, ]</pre>
# design.int <- design[ratio.sites, ]</pre>
# # Remove RNA Sites
# DNA.samps <- which(design.int$molecule == "DNA")</pre>
# cyanos <- cyanos[DNA.samps, ]</pre>
# phytos <- phytos[DNA.samps, ]</pre>
# heteros <- OTUs[DNA.samps, ]</pre>
# design.dna <- design[DNA.samps, ]</pre>
# # Observed Richness
\# S. cyano \leftarrow rowSums((cyanos > 0) * 1)
# S.phyto <- rowSums((phytos > 0) * 1)
\# S.hetero \leftarrow rowSums((heteros > 0) * 1)
# N. cyano <- rowSums(cyanos)
# N.phyto <- rowSums(phytos)
# N.hetero <- rowSums(heteros) - rowSums(cyanos)
# HtoC <- N.hetero / N.cyano
# HtoP <- N.hetero / N.phyto
# HtoBoth <- N.hetero / (N.cyano + N.phyto)
#
# data_frame(S.cyano, S.phyto, S.hetero,
             metric = "richness",
#
#
             location = design.dna$distance) %>%
#
  qather(qroup, richness, -metric, -location) %>%
   filter(!is.na(location)) %>%
#
   ggplot(aes(x = location, y = richness, color = group)) +
#
#
  qeom_jitter(alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_smooth() +
#
   scale_y_log10() +
#
   scale_x_reverse()
#
# data_frame(N.cyano, N.phyto, N.hetero,
#
             metric = "abundance",
#
              location = design.dna$distance) %>%
#
   gather(group, abundance, -metric, -location) %>%
#
   filter(!is.na(location)) %>%
#
   ggplot(aes(x = location, y = abundance, color = group)) +
   qeom_jitter(alpha = 0.5) +
#
   qeom\_smooth() +
#
   scale_y_log10() +
#
   scale_x_reverse()
# data_frame(HtoC, HtoP, HtoBoth,
```

```
# metric = "ratio",
# location = design.dna$distance) %>%
# gather(group, ratio, -metric, -location) %>%
# filter(!is.na(location)) %>%
# ggplot(aes(x = location, y = ratio, color = group)) +
# geom_jitter(alpha = 0.5) +
# geom_smooth() +
# scale_y_log10() +
# scale_x_reverse()
```

Old Figures

Figure 2: Bacterial Richness and Terrestrial Influence Across Gradient

```
# # Set Plot Symbol Parameters
# mol <- rep(NA, length(lake$molecule))</pre>
   for (i in 1:length(mol)){
      if (lake$molecule[i] == "DNA"){
#
       mol[i] \leftarrow 22
#
      } else {
#
        mol[i] \leftarrow 24
#
   }
#
# cols <- rep(NA, length(lake$molecule))</pre>
   for (i in 1:length(cols)){
#
#
      if (lake$molecule[i] == "DNA"){
#
        cols[i] <- "qray15"
#
      } else {
#
        cols[i] <- "gray75"
#
    7
#
# # Initial Plot
# png(filename="../figures/Figure2.png",
      width = 1200, height =1200, res = 96*2)
\# par(mfrow = c(1,1), mar = c(0, 5, 0, 1) + 0.5, oma = c(4, 2, 0, 0) + 0.5)
# bar.layout \leftarrow layout(rbind(1, 2), height = c(4, 4))
# # Richness Across Gradient Plot
# plot(lake$S.obs ~ lake$distance, col= "black", bg = cols, pch=mol, las = 1,
       xlim = c(400, -15), ylim = c(0, 2750), cex = 1.5,
       xlab="", ylab="", xaxt="n")
#
#
# #
     matlines(lake$distance[lake$molecule == "DNA"], conf95.rich[lake$molecule == "DNA", ],
# #
              lty = c(1, 0, 0), col=c("black", "gray50", "gray50"), lwd=c(2, 1, 1))
      matlines(lake$distance[lake$molecule == "RNA"], conf95.rich[lake$molecule == "RNA", ],
# #
             lty = c(1, 0, 0), col = c("black", "qray50", "qray50"), lwd = c(2, 1, 1))
# #
# # Add multiple regression lines
# clip(400, 0, 0, 2800)
```

```
\# abline(a = DNA.int.3a, b = DNA.slp.3a, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
\# abline(a = RNA.int.3a, b = RNA.slp.3a, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 4)
\# text(40, 1500, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(D1.R2)), cex = 1)
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# mtext("Richness \setminus n(S)", side = 2, line = 4, cex=1.5)
# legend("topright", legend = levels(lake$molecule), pch=c(22, 24),
         pt.bg = c("gray15", "gray75"), bty='n', cex = 1, ncol=2)
# box(lwd=2)
# # Terrestrial Influence Plot
# plot(UL.sim$bray.mean ~ UL.sim$distance, col= "black", bg = cols, pch=mol,
      las = 1, xlim = c(400, -15), ylim = c(0, 0.25), cex = 1.5,
#
      xlab="", ylab="", xaxt="n")
#
# #
    matlines(lake$distance[lake$molecule == "DNA"], conf95.terr[lake$molecule == "DNA", ],
             lty = c(1, 0, 0), col=c("black", "gray50", "gray50"), lwd=c(2, 1, 1))
# #
     matlines(lake$distance[lake$molecule == "RNA"], conf95.terr[lake$molecule == "RNA", ],
# #
             lty = c(1, 0, 0), col = c("black", "qray50", "qray50"), lwd = c(2, 1, 1))
# #
# # Add multiple regression lines
# clip(400, 0, 0, 0.27)
\# abline(a = DNA.int.3b, b = DNA.slp.3b, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# abline(a = RNA.int.3b, b = RNA.slp.3b, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 4)
\# text(40, 0.125, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(D2.R2)), cex = 1)
# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1, las = 1,
      labels = c("400", "300", "200", "100", "0"), at = c(400, 300, 200, 100, 000))
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(400, 300, 200, 100, 000))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(400, 300, 200, 100, 000))
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(400, 300, 200, 100, 000))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
```

```
# mtext("Terrestrial\nInfluence" , side = 2, line = 4, cex=1.5)
# mtext("Distance (m)" , side = 1, line = 3, cex=1.5)
## legend("topright", legend = levels(UL.sim$molecule), pch=c(22, 24),
# #
          pt.bg = c("gray15", "gray75"), bty='n', cex = 1.25)
#
# box(lwd=2)
# # # Lake Influence Plot
### plot(UL.sim2$DNA \sim UL.sim2$distance, col= "black", bg = cols, pch=mol, las = 1,
# # #
           xlim = c(400, 0), ylim = c(0, 1), cex = 1.5,
# # #
           xlab="", ylab="")
# #
# # #
       matlines(lake$distance[lake$molecule == "DNA"], conf95.lake[lake$molecule == "DNA", ],
# # #
               lty = c(1, 0, 0), col = c("black", "qray50", "qray50"), lwd = c(2, 1, 1))
# # #
      matlines(lake$distance[lake$molecule == "RNA"], conf95.lake[lake$molecule == "RNA", ],
# # #
               lty = c(1, 0, 0), col=c("black", "gray50", "gray50"), lwd=c(2, 1, 1))
# #
# # # Add multiple regression lines
# # clip(400, 0, 0, 1)
## abline(a = DNA.int.3c, b = DNA.slp.3c, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# #
# # clip(400, 0, 0, 1)
## abline(a = RNA.int.3c, b = RNA.slp.3c, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 4)
# #
# # axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
# # axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
# # axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.05, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# \# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# # axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# # axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# # axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# # axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# #
# # mtext("Distance (m)" , side = 1, line = 3, cex=1.5)
# # mtext("Lake \setminus nInfluence", side = 2, line = 4, cex=1.5)
## legend("topleft", legend = levels(UL.sim$molecule), pch=c(22, 24),
# #
          pt.bg = c("gray15", "gray75"), bty='n', cex = 1.25)
# #
# # box(lwd=2)
# # Close Plot Defice
# dev.off()
# graphics.off()
# par(opar)
```

Figure 3: Soil Organisms Plot

```
# # Initial Plot
# png(filename="../figures/Figure3.png",
```

```
width = 1200, height =1200, res = 96*2)
\# par(mfrow = c(1,1), mar = c(0, 7, 0, 1) + 0.5, oma = c(4, 2, 0, 0) + 0.5)
# bar.layout \leftarrow layout(rbind(1, 2), height = c(4, 4))
# # Soil OTU Richness Across Gradient Plot
# plot(terr.rich.log ~ design.dna$distance, col= "black", pch=22, las = 1,
               xlim = c(400, -15), ylim = c(1.5, 3.5), cex = 1.5,
               xlab="", ylab="", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
#
# clip(0, 375, 1.5, 3.4)
\# abline(a = T1.int, b = T1.slp, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# text(40, 3, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(T1.R2)), cex = 1)
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = -0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, at = c(2, 3), labels = c(10^2, 10^3), cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = -0.02, at = loq10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), tck = -0.02))
                seq(100, 1000, by = 100), seq(1000, 10000, by = 1000))), labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
\# \ axis(side = 2, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ at = c(2, 3), \ tck=0.01, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1)
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.005, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), tck = 0.005))
                seq(100, 1000, by = 100), seq(1000, 10000, by = 1000))), labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
\# \ axis(side = 4, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ at = c(2, 3), \ tck=-0.01, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1)
\# \ axis(side = 4, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ at = c(2, 3), \ tck=0.02, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1)
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, at = log10(c(seq(10, 100, by = 10), lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.01, lwd.ticks =
               seq(100, 1000, by = 100), seq(1000, 10000, by = 1000))), labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
# box(lwd=2)
# # Soil OTU Relative Abundance Across Gradient Plot
# plot(terr.REL.log ~ design.dna$distance, col= "black", pch=22, las = 1,
               xlim = c(400, -15), ylim = c(-2.5, -.5), cex = 1.5,
               xlab="", ylab="", xaxt="n", yaxt="n")
# clip(0, 375, -2.5, -0.5)
\# abline(a = T2.int, b = T2.slp, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# text(40, -1, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(T2.R2)), cex = 1)
        axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
#
        axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
#
        axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
#
#
        axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
#
        axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, at = c(-2, -1), labels = c(0.01, 0.1), cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
#
        axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = -0.02, at = log10(c(seq(0.001, 0.01, by = 0.001), at = log10(c(seq(0.001, 
#
                    seq(0.01, 0.1, by = 0.01), seq(0.1, 1, by = 0.1)), labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
#
        axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, at = c(-2, -1), tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
#
        axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck = 0.005, at = log10(c(seq(0.001, 0.01, by = 0.001), log1))
                    seq(0.01, 0.1, by = 0.01), seq(0.1, 1, by = 0.1))), labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
#
#
       axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, at = c(-2, -1), tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
       axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, at = c(-2, -1), tck=0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
```

Core

Model Fit

```
# terrestrial <- data.frame(in.lake.core.soil.REL, design.dna$distance)
# terrestrial$distance[1] <- 10^-8</pre>
# colnames(terrestrial) <- c("t.rel.abund", "distance")</pre>
# mm \leftarrow function(x, V, K){
   (V * x)/(K + x)
# }
\# fit.t.1 \leftarrow lm(terrestrial\$t.rel.abund \sim terrestrial\$distance)
\# fit.t.2 \leftarrow lm(terrestrial\$t.rel.abund \sim poly(terrestrial\$distance,2,raw=TRUE))
\# \ fit.t.3 \leftarrow lm(terrestrial\$t.rel.abund \sim poly(terrestrial\$distance,3,raw=TRUE))
\# fit.t.mm <- nls(t.rel.abund ~ mm((400-distance[1:15]), max, halfsat), data = terrestrial[1:15,], star
# summary(fit.t.mm)$coefficients
# lake <- data.frame(in.lake.core.water.REL, design.dna$distance)
# lake$distance[1] <- 10^-8
# colnames(lake) <- c("l.rel.abund", "distance")</pre>
# fit.l.1 <- lm(lake$l.rel.abund ~ lake$distance)</pre>
# fit.1.2 <- lm(lake$1.rel.abund ~ poly(lake$distance,2,raw=TRUE))
# fit.1.3 <- lm(lake$1.rel.abund ~ poly(lake$distance,3,raw=TRUE))
\# fit.l.mm <- nls(l.rel.abund \sim mm((400-distance), max, halfsat), data = <math>lake[1:15,], start = list(max)
##fit.l.pow = nls(l.rel.abund \sim I(distance \hat{p}ower), data=lake, start=list(power = -0.06590247), trace =
```

Figure 4: Plot Core Community

```
# png(filename="../figures/Figure4.png",
# width = 1000, height = 1000, res = 96*2)
# par(mar = c(5,7,4,1))
# plot(in.lake.core.soil.REL ~ design.dna$distance,
# ylim = c(0, 1), xlim = c(400, -15), pch = 22, bg = "black",
# ylab = "", xlab = "", xaxt = "n", yaxt = "n", cex = 2, cex.lab = 2)
```

```
# points(in.lake.core.water.REL ~ design.dna$distance, cex = 2, pch = 22)
# mtext("Distance (m)", side = 1, line = 3, cex = 1.5)
# mtext("Relative abundance of \ncore microbiome", side = 2, line = 3, cex = 1.5)
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1)
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, at = c(0, .25, .5, .75, 1), cex.axis = 1, las = 1)
\# \ axis(side = 2, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ at = c(0, \ .25, \ .5, \ .75, \ 1), \ tck=0.01, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1, \ l
\# \ axis(side = 4, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ at = c(0, \ .25, \ .5, \ .75, \ 1), \ tck=-0.01, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1, \ 
\# \ axis(side = 4, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ at = c(0, .25, .5, .75, 1), \ tck=0.01, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1, 
# legend("topright", c("Terrestrial", "Lake"), col = c("black", "black"),
                                                      pt.bg = c("black", "white"), pch = 22, cex = 1.25, bty = "n")
# box(lwd=2)
\# x \leftarrow lake distance[1:15]
# #lines(terrestrial$distance, predict(fit.t.2, data.frame(x=x)))
# #lines(lake$distance, predict(fit.l.2, data.frame(x=x)))
# #power <- round(summary(fit.t.pow)$coefficients[1], 3)</pre>
# #power.se <- round(summary(m)$coefficients[2], 3)</pre>
# lines(x, predict(fit.t.mm, list(x = x)), lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# lines(x, predict(fit.l.mm, list(x = x)), lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# dev.off()
# graphics.off()
```

Figure S2: chemical and physical variables along reservoir gradient

```
\# \ axis(side = 1, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1, \ mgp = c(3, \ 1.5, \ 0),
     \#labels = c("0", "100", "200", "300", "400"),
#
     at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# mtext(expression(paste('Total Phosphorus (',mu,'g P L'^-1*')')), side = 2, line = 4, cex = 1)
\# par(mar = c(5, 5, 1, 3) + 0.5)
# # Chlorophyll
# chla <- plot(rev(env.dat$dist.dam), env.dat$chla,
       ylab = "", xlab = "", cex.lab = 2, las = 1,
       ylim = c(0,30), xlim = c(-15, 400),
       pch = 22, cex = 2, bg = "white", col = "black", lwd = 2,
#
       yaxt = "n", xaxt = "n")
\# box(lwd = 2)
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.5, las = 1,
     labels = c("0", "10", "20", "30"), at = c(0, 10, 20, 30))
#
\# \ axis(side = 1, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ labels = F, \ cex.axis = 2, \ las = 1, \ mgp = c(3, \ 1.5, \ 0),
   #labels = c("0", "100", "200", "300", "400"),
   at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
#
# mtext(expression(paste('Chlorophyll a (',mu,'g L'^-1*')')), side = 2, line = 4, cex = 1)
\# par(mar = c(5, 6, 0, 2) + 0.5)
# #Dissolved Oxygen
# plot(rev(env.dat$dist.dam), env.dat$DO,
       ylab = "", xlab = "", cex.lab = 2, las = 1,
#
       ylim = c(5,10), xlim = c(-15, 400),
       pch = 22, cex = 2, bg = "white", col = "black", lwd = 2,
#
       yaxt = "n", xaxt = "n")
\# box(lwd = 2)
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.5, las = 1,
#
      labels = c("5", "7.5", "10"), at = c(5,7.5, 10))
\# \ axis(side = 1, \ lwd.ticks = 2, \ cex.axis = 1.5, \ las = 1, \ mgp = c(3, \ 1.5, \ 0),
   labels = c("0", "100", "200", "300", "400"),
#
   at = rev(c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400)))
# mtext(expression(paste('Dissolved Oxygen (mq L'^-1*')')), side = 2, line = 4, cex = 1)
# text(x = 35, y = 5.1, "STREAM", font = 2)
# text(x = 375, y = 5.1, "DAM", font = 2)
#
# #pH
\# par(mar = c(5, 5, 0, 3) + 0.5)
# plot(rev(env.dat$dist.dam), env.dat$pH,
       ylab = "", xlab = "", cex.lab = 2, las = 1,
```

Figure 1: Microbial Processes Across the Gradient

```
# png(filename="../figures/Figure1.png",
    width = 1200, height =1200, res = 96*2)
\# par(mfrow = c(1,1), mar = c(0, 5, 0, 1) + 0.5, oma = c(6, 2, 0, 0) + 0.5)
# bar.layout <- layout(rbind(1, 2, 3), height = c(3, 3, 3))
# #layout.show(bar.layout)
# # Baterial Producivity (BP)
# plot(metab$dist, metab$BP, ylab = "", xlab = "", pch = 22, ylim = c(0, 2),
      xlim = c(400, -15), cex = 2, bq = "white", col = "black", cex.lab = 2,
      las = 1, lwd = 2, yaxt = "n", xaxt = "n")
#
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.5, las = 1,
    labels = c("0.0", "1.0", "2.0"), at = c(0, 1.0, 2.0))
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
  at = c(0, 1.0, 2.0))
# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
     at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
     at = c(0, 1.0, 2.0))
# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
   at = c(0, 1.0, 2.0))
\# box(lwd = 2)
```

```
\# mtext(expression(paste('BP (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')')), side = 2, line = 4, cex = 1.25)
# # Quadratic regression for BP
# dist <- metab$dist
# dist2 <- metab$dist^2
# BP.fit <- lm(metab$BP ~ dist + dist2)</pre>
# BP.R2 <- round(summary(BP.fit)$r.squared, 2)
# dist.vals <- seg(0, 375, 25)
# BP.pred <- predict(BP.fit, list(dist = dist.vals, dist2 = dist.vals^2))
# lines(dist.vals, BP.pred, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
\# text(40, 1.8, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(BP.R2)), cex = 1.5)
# # Bacterial Respiration (BR)
# plot(metab\$dist, metab\$BR, ylab = "", xlab = "", pch = 22, ylim = c(0, 4),
       xlim = c(400, -15), cex = 2, bq = "white", col = "black", cex.lab = 2,
       las = 1, lwd = 2, yaxt = "n", xaxt = "n")
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.5, las = 1,
      labels = c("0.0", "2.0", "4.0"), at = c(0, 2, 4))
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
# at = c(0, 2, 4))
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
     at = c(0, 2, 4))
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
   at = c(0, 2, 4))
\# box(lwd = 2)
\# mtext(expression(paste('BR (', mu ,'M C h'^-1* ')')), side = 2, line = 4, cex = 1.25)
# # Simple linear regression for BR
# BR.fit <- lm(metab$BR ~ metab$dist)</pre>
# BR.R2 <- round(summary(BR.fit)$r.squared, 2)
# BR.int <- BR.fit$coefficients[1]
# BR.slp <- BR.fit$coefficients[2]
# clip(0, 375, 0, 4.1)
\# abline(a = BR.int, b = BR.slp, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# text(40, 3.75, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(BR.R2)), cex = 1.5)
# # Bacterial Growth Efficiency
# plot(metab$dist, metab$BGE, ylab = "", xlab = "", pch = 22, ylim = c(0, 0.6),
       xlim = c(400, -15), cex = 2, bq = "white", col = "black", cex.lab = 2,
#
       las = 1, lwd = 2, yaxt = "n", xaxt = "n")
#
```

```
# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.5, las = 1,
# labels = c("400", "300", "200", "100", "0"), at = c(400, 300, 200, 100, 000))
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.5, las = 1,
# labels = c("0.0", "0.3", "0.6"), at = c(0, 0.3, 0.6))
\# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
       at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
# at = c(0, 0.3, 0.6))
\# axis(side = 1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
     at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
# axis(side = 2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
# 	 at = c(0, 0.3, 0.6))
# axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
      at = c(0, 100, 200, 300, 400))
\# axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 2, las = 1,
   at = c(0, 0.3, 0.6))
\# box(lwd = 2)
# mtext("BGE", side = 2, line = 4, cex = 1.25)
# mtext("Distance (m)", side = 1, line = 4, cex = 1.25)
# # Simple linear regression for BGE
# BGE.fit <- lm(metab$BGE ~ metab$dist)</pre>
# BGE.R2 <- round(summary(BGE.fit)$r.squared, 2)
# BGE.int <- BGE.fit$coefficients[1]</pre>
# BGE.slp <- BGE.fit$coefficients[2]</pre>
# clip(0, 375, 0, 0.58)
# abline(a = BGE.int, b = BGE.slp, col = "black", lwd = 2.5, lty = 6)
# text(40, 0.535, labels = bquote(italic(R)^2 == .(BGE.R2)), cex = 1.5)
# dev.off() # this writes plot to folder
# graphics.off() # shuts down open devices
# par(opar)
```

| | Class | Order | DI | NA | RNA | |
|----------------------|---|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | \min | max | \min | 1 |
| Otu00001 | Comamonadaceae | Comamonadaceae_unclassified | 0.00465 | 0.026 | 5.1e-05 | 0.0 |
| Otu00002 | Actinomycetales_unclassified | Actinomycetales_unclassified | 0.00327 | 0.127 | 0 | 0. |
| Otu00003 | Spartobacteria_unclassified | Spartobacteria_unclassified | 0.0016 | 0.06 | 2.69 e-05 | 0. |
| Otu00005 | Chitinophagaceae | Sediminibacterium | 0.00155 | 0.0369 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00006 | Saprospiraceae | Saprospiraceae_unclassified | 0.000158 | 0.00806 | 0 | 0 |
| Otu00008 | Actinomycetales_unclassified | Actinomycetales_unclassified | 0.000716 | 0.0288 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00009 | Pseudomonadaceae | Pseudomonas | 0 | 0.0412 | 3.1e-05 | 0 |
| Otu00010 | Proteobacteria_unclassified | Proteobacteria_unclassified | 0.00297 | 0.134 | 4.25 e-05 | 0.0 |
| Otu00011 | $Beta proteobacteria_unclassified$ | $Beta proteo bacteria_unclassified$ | 0.000108 | 0.0731 | 5.23e-06 | 0.0 |
| Otu00012 | Comamonadaceae | $Comamon adace a e_unclassified$ | 0.00616 | 0.0186 | 8.5e-06 | (|
| Otu00014 | Actinomycetales_unclassified | Actinomycetales_unclassified | 0.00108 | 0.0512 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00015 | Actinobacteria_unclassified | Actinobacteria_unclassified | 0.000363 | 0.0675 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00016 | Microbacteriaceae | $Microbacteriaceae_unclassified$ | 0.000115 | 0.0268 | 0 | (|
| Otu00017 | Actinomycetales_unclassified | Actinomycetales_unclassified | 0.00103 | 0.0141 | 0 | 0. |
| Otu00018 | Pseudomonadaceae | Pseudomonas | 4.21e-05 | 0.0328 | 3.12e-05 | 0 |
| Otu00019 | Cytophagaceae | Cytophagaceae_unclassified | 0.000697 | 0.0844 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00020 | Alcaligenaceae | Alcaligenaceae_unclassified | 0.000777 | 0.0399 | 0 | (|
| Otu00022 | Opitutae_unclassified | Opitutae_unclassified | 0.00421 | 0.0332 | 5.23e-06 | 0. |
| Otu00023 | Moraxellaceae | Acinetobacter | 0 | 0.00186 | 1.55e-05 | 0 |
| Otu00024 | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | 0.000367 | 0.00679 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00025 | Microbacteriaceae | ${\bf Microbacteriaceae_unclassified}$ | 0.00233 | 0.0271 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00028 | Pseudomonadaceae | Pseudomonas | 0 | 0.0232 | 5.23e-06 | 0 |
| Otu00030 | Micrococcaceae | Micrococcus | 6.84 e-05 | 0.0215 | 1.56e-05 | 0 |
| Otu00031 | Cyclobacteriaceae | Algoriphagus | 0.000735 | 0.0293 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00032 | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | 0.00101 | 0.0326 | 0 | 0 |
| Otu00033 | Rhizobiales_unclassified | Rhizobiales_unclassified | 0.00136 | 0.0398 | 5.16e-06 | 0 |
| Otu00039 | Comamonadaceae | Comamonas | 0.000143 | 0.0142 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00040 | Acetobacteraceae | Roseomonas | 0.00021 | 0.015 | 0 | |
| Otu00042 | Burkholderiaceae | Burkholderia | 0 | 0.0129 | 0 | 0 |
| Otu00045 | Oxalobacteraceae | Oxalobacteraceae_unclassified | 0.00103 | 0.0214 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Otu00053 | Clostridiales_Incertae_Sedis_XI | Finegoldia | 0 | 0.00102 | 0 | 0 |
| Otu00057 | Methylococcaceae | Methylococcaceae_unclassified | 0.000373 | 0.0179 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00059 | Micrococcaceae | Arthrobacter | 0 | 0.0435 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Otu00063 | Verrucomicrobia_unclassified | Verrucomicrobia_unclassified | 0.000573 | 0.0317 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00065 | Sphingobacteriaceae | Pedobacter | 0 | 0.0344 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00069 | Xanthomonadaceae | Stenotrophomonas | 0 | 0.000679 | 0 | 0 |
| Otu00072 | Sphingomonadaceae | Sphingomonas | 7.52e-05 | 0.118 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00078 | Flavobacteriaceae | Flavobacterium | 5.63e-06 | 0.00306 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Otu00081 | Flavobacteriaceae | Flavobacterium | 0 000057 | 0.0154 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Otu00082 Otu00087 | Oxalobacteraceae | Janthinobacterium Produmbia a bium | 0.000957 | 0.0141 0.000906 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00087 Otu00089 | Bradyrhizobiaceae | Bradyrhizobium | 7.74e-06 | 0.000900 | 0 | 0.00 |
| Otu00089 Otu00094 | Sphingobacteriales_unclassified | Sphingobacteriales_unclassified Sphingobacterium | 3.82e-05 | 0.0103 0.0142 | $0 \\ 0$ | 0.00 |
| Otu00094 Otu00095 | Sphingobacteriaceae Oxalobacteraceae | | 0 4.56e-05 | 0.0142 0.0269 | 5.23e-06 | 0.00 |
| Otu00093 Otu00098 | | Duganella Sphingomonadaceae_unclassified | | 0.0209 | | 0.000 |
| Otu00098 Otu00118 | Sphingomonadaceae Comamonadaceae | | 0.00023 | 0.00101 0.00495 | 0 | 0.000 |
| Otu00118 Otu00144 | Methylococcaceae | Comamonadaceae_unclassified Methylobacter | 0.00023 | 0.00495 0.000353 | $0 \\ 0$ | 8.86 |
| Otu00144 Otu00145 | Caulobacteraceae | * | | 0.000333 0.00107 | | 1.12 |
| Otu00145 Otu00158 | Sphingomonadaceae | Phenylobacterium Sphingomonas | $0 \\ 0$ | 0.00107 0.000484 | $0 \\ 0$ | 0.000 |
| Otu00158 Otu00162 | Aeromonadaceae | Aeromonas | 0 | 0.000484 0.000611 | 0 | 7.07 |
| Otu00102 Otu00279 | Rhizobiaceae | Rhizobiaceae_unclassified | 7.74e-06 | 0.000011 0.00201 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Otu00279 Otu00838 | Chitinophagaceae | Chitinophagaceae_unclassified | 0 | 0.00201 0.000162 | 0 | 0.000 |
| Otu00838 Otu01248 | Subdivision3_unclassified | Subdivision3_unclassified | 0 | 2.87e-05 | 0 | 1.78 |
| - Juli 1240 | Dabatvisionio_unciassined | Subdivisions_unclassified | 0 | 2.010-00 | 0 | 1.10 |

| | Class | Order | DNA | | RNA | |
|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-------------|--------|----------|
| | | | \min | max | \min | max |
| Otu00004 | Actinomycetales_unclassified | Actinomycetales_unclassified | 0.00348 | 0.0602 | 0 | 0.0227 |
| Otu00007 | Burkholderiaceae | Polynucleobacter | 0.000697 | 0.0207 | 0 | 0.0865 |
| Otu00038 | Actinomycetales_unclassified | Actinomycetales_unclassified | 0.00153 | 0.0222 | 0 | 0.0986 |
| Otu00080 | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | 1.91e-05 | 0.0189 | 0 | 0.0188 |
| Otu00090 | Opitutae_unclassified | Opitutae_unclassified | 0 | 0.00123 | 0 | 0.187 |
| Otu00136 | Methylococcaceae | Methylomonas | 0 | 0.00192 | 0 | 0.0121 |
| Otu00140 | Cryomorphaceae | Fluviicola | 0 | 0.000679 | 0 | 0.15 |
| Otu00142 | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | 0.000101 | 0.0053 | 0 | 0.0537 |
| Otu00172 | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | 9.55e-06 | 0.00224 | 0 | 0.00231 |
| Otu00173 | Bacteria_unclassified | Bacteria_unclassified | 0 | 0.000459 | 0 | 0 |
| Otu00532 | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | Bacteroidetes_unclassified | 0 | 0.000772 | 0 | 0.000571 |
| Otu00633 | Nitrosomonadaceae | Nitrosomonas | 0 | 0.000561 | 0 | 2.69e-05 |
| Otu01046 | Clostridiales_Incertae_Sedis_XI | Anaerococcus | 0 | 6.54 e - 05 | 0 | 1.41e-05 |
| Otu01198 | $Burkholderiales_unclassified$ | $Burkholderiales_unclassified$ | 0 | 0.000274 | 0 | 4.24e-05 |