# Resource Heterogeneity Structures Microbial Communities

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#### Introduction

Much is already know about how spatial gradients in resource availability contribution to the structure and fucntion of microbial communities. However, we are begining to appreciate the molecular diversity within the resource pool. In this study, we explore how both the concentration and diversity of resources contribute to the structure and function of aquatic microbial communities.

# **Initial Setup**

```
rm(list=ls())
getwd()
setwd("~/GitHub/ResourceHeterogeneity/analyses")

# Import Tools and Standard Functions
source("../bin/MothurTools.R")
se <- function(x, ...){sd(x, na.rm = TRUE)/sqrt(length(na.omit(x)))}

# Save Standard Plot Settings
opar <- par(no.readonly = TRUE) # Saves plot defaults

# Load Required Packages
require("png")
require("grid")
require("vegan")</pre>
```

# Supplemental Figure 1: Study System Map

We sampled 10 lakes in the Huron Mountains of Michigan. The Huron Mountains are located in the Superior Bedrock Uplands region of the Michigan Upper Peninsula (Schaetzl et al 2013). The region is classified as .... The forests around the lakes are .... The wetershed is ....

#### Lake Nutrient Concentrations

```
# DOC
DOC2011 <- read.delim("../data/2011DOC_data.txt", header=T)
DOC2012 <- read.delim("../data/2012DOC_data.txt", header=T)
DOC <- rbind(DOC2011, DOC2012)</pre>
```

```
DOC <- DOC[grep("MEM*", DOC$Sample), ]</pre>
colnames(DOC) <- c("sample", "conc", "LCL", "UCL", "se")</pre>
DOCkey <- read.delim("../data/DOC_Key_epi.txt", header=T)
DOC$code <- DOC$sample
DOC <- DOC[which(DOC$code %in% DOCkey$Sample.Name), ]
DOC$sample <- DOCkey$Site[match(DOCkey$Sample.Name, DOC$code)]
DOC$year <- substr(DOC$code, 4, 7)</pre>
DOC$conc <- pmax(DOC$conc, 0)
DOC2 <- data.frame("sample" = DOC$sample, "year" = DOC$year,
                    "conc" = DOC$conc)[order(DOC$sample, DOC$year), ]
DOC$sample[grep("Pony", DOC$sample)] <- "Pony"</pre>
DOC <- droplevels(DOC)</pre>
# Total Nitrogen
TN2011 <- read.delim("../data/2011TN_data.txt", header=T)
TN2012 <- read.delim("../data/2012TN_data.txt", header=T)
TN <- rbind(TN2011, TN2012)
TN <- TN[grep("MEM*", TN$Sample), ]</pre>
colnames(TN) <- c("sample", "conc", "LCL", "UCL", "se")</pre>
TNkey <- read.delim("../data/DOC_Key_epi.txt", header=T)</pre>
TN$code <- TN$sample
TN <- TN[which(TN$code %in% TNkey$Sample.Name), ]
TN$sample <- TNkey$Site[match(TNkey$Sample.Name, TN$code)]</pre>
TN$year <- substr(TN$code, 4, 7)</pre>
TN$conc <- pmax(TN$conc, 0)</pre>
TN2 <- data.frame("sample" = TN$sample, "year" = TN$year,
                   "conc" = TN$conc)[order(TN$sample, TN$year), ]
TN$sample[grep("Pony", TN$sample)] <- "Pony"</pre>
TN <- droplevels(TN)
# Total Phosphorus
TP2011 <- read.delim("../data/2011TP_data.txt")</pre>
TP2012 <- read.delim("../data/2012TP_data.txt")</pre>
TP2011$year <- rep("2011", dim(TP2011)[1])
TP2012$year <- rep("2012", dim(TP2012)[1])
TP <- rbind(TP2011, TP2012)
TP <- TP[grep("*iltered", TP$Sample), ]</pre>
colnames(TP) <- c("sample", "conc", "LCL", "UCL", "se", "year")</pre>
TP$code <- TP$sample
TDP <- TP[grep("*Filtered", TP$sample), ]</pre>
TP <- TP[grep("*Unfiltered", TP$sample), ]</pre>
TP$sample <- gsub(" Unfiltered", "", TP$sample)</pre>
TDP$sample <- gsub(" Filtered", "", TDP$sample)</pre>
TP[6,] \leftarrow TDP[6,]
TP <- TP[-c(which(TP$sample == "CanyonHypo" | TP$sample == "CanyonChemo")), ]
TP$sample <- gsub("CanyonEpi", "Canyon", TP$sample)</pre>
TP$sample <- as.factor(TP$sample)</pre>
TP$conc <- pmax(TP$conc, 0)</pre>
TP2 <- data.frame("sample" = TP$sample, "year" = TP$year,
                   "conc" = TP$conc)[order(TP$sample, TP$year), ]
TP$sample[grep("Pony", TP$sample)] <- "Pony"</pre>
TP <- droplevels(TP)</pre>
```

#### Save Data Table

#### Figure 1: Lake Nutrients

```
png(filename="../figures/Figure1.png",
    width = 1600, height =1200, res = 96*2)
par(opar)
par(mfrow = c(1,1), mar = c(0, 6, 0, 0) + 0.5, oma = c(4, 0, 1, 1) + 0.5)
layout(rbind(1, 2, 3), height = c(3, 3, 3))
labs <- c("Ann", "Canyon", "Howe", "Ives", "Lily", "Mountain", "Pony", "Rush",
         "Second\nPine", "Upper\nPine")
# DOC Plot
plot(DOC\$conc \sim DOC\$sample, ylim = c(0, 35), las = 1,
     xaxt="n", xlab = "", yaxt="n", ylab = "")
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1,
     at = c(0, 10, 20, 30)
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 10, 20, 30))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 10, 20, 30))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 10, 20, 30))
mtext(side = 2, expression(paste("DOC (mg C L" ^-1, ")", sep="")), line = 3.5, cex = 1)
legend("topleft", "A", bty = "n", x.intersp = 0, cex = 1.25)
box(1wd = 2)
# Total Nitrogen Plot
plot(TN$conc ~ TN$sample, ylim = c(0,0.65), las = 1,
    xaxt="n", xlab = "", yaxt="n", ylab = "")
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1,
     at = c(0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6))
```

```
mtext(side = 2, expression(paste("TN (mg N L" ^-1, ")")), line = 3.5, cex = 1)
legend("topleft", "B", bty = "n", x.intersp = 0, cex = 1.25)
box(1wd = 2)
# Total Phosphorus Plot
plot(TP\$sample, TP\$conc, ylim = c(0,50), las = 1,
     xaxt="n", xlab = "", yaxt="n", ylab = "")
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1,
     at = c(0, 20, 40))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 20, 40))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks=2, tck=-0.02, labels=F, cex.axis=1, at=c(0, 20, 40))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 20, 40))
mtext(side = 2, expression(paste("TP (",mu, "g P L" ^-1, ")")), line = 3.5, cex = 1)
mtext(side = 1, text = labs, line = 1, at = seq(1:10), padj = 0.5, cex = 0.8)
legend("topleft", "C", bty = "n", x.intersp = 0, cex = 1.25)
box(1wd = 2)
dev.off() # this writes plot to folder
graphics.off() # shuts down open devices
par(opar)
```

# Chlorophyll A and Bacterial Respiration

#### Figure 2: Chlorophyll A and BR

# Patterns of Bacterial Diversity

#### Import Raw Data

```
# Define Inputs
# Design = general design file for experiment
# shared = OTU table from mothur with sequence similarity clustering
# Taxonomy = Taxonomic information for each OTU
design.in <- "../data/design.txt"
shared <- "../data/HMWF.bac.final.shared"
taxon <- "../data/HMWF.bac.final.0.03.taxonomy"

# Import Design
design.raw <- read.delim(design.in, header=T, row.names=1)

# Import Shared Files
OTUs.in <- read.otu(shared = shared, cutoff = "0.03") # 97% Similarity</pre>
```

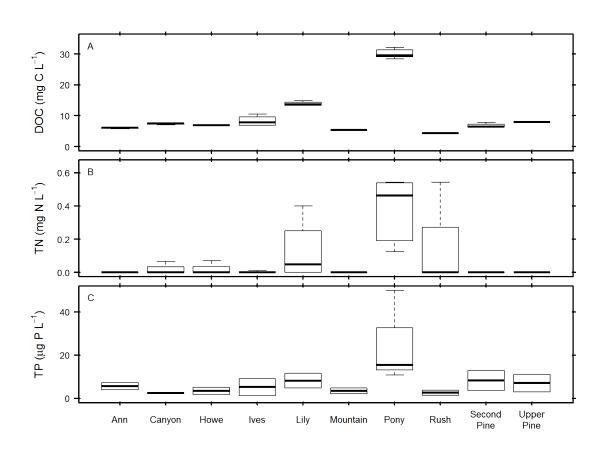


Figure 1: Lake Nutrients

```
# Import Taxonomy
OTU.tax <- read.tax(taxonomy = taxon, format = "rdp")</pre>
```

#### **Data Transformations**

```
# Remove Unwanted Sites
OTUs.hmwf <- OTUs.in[-c(7, 8 , 11, 12), ]
design \leftarrow design.raw[-c(7, 8, 11, 12),]
# Reorder Site
OTUs.hmwf <- OTUs.hmwf[rownames(design), ]
# Remove OTUs with less than two occurences across all sites
OTUs <- OTUs.hmwf[, colSums((OTUs.hmwf > 0) * 1) >= 2 | colSums(OTUs.hmwf >= 10)]
# Sequencing Coverage
coverage <- rowSums(OTUs)</pre>
# Good's Coverage
goods \leftarrow function(x = ""){
 1 - (sum(x == 1) / rowSums(x))
goods.c <- goods(OTUs)</pre>
# Make Presence Absence Matrix
OTUsPA \leftarrow (OTUs > 0) * 1
# Make Relative Abundence Matrices
OTUsREL <- OTUs
for(i in 1:dim(OTUs)[1]){
 OTUsREL[i,] <- OTUs[i,]/sum(OTUs[i,])</pre>
require(vegan)
# Log Transform Relative Abundances
OTUsREL.log <- decostand(OTUs, method="log")
```

### Calculate Alpha Diversity

```
# Observed Richness
S.obs <- rowSums((OTUs > 0) * 1)

# Simpson's Evenness
SimpE <- function(x = ""){
    x <- as.data.frame(x)
    D <- diversity(x, "inv")
    S <- sum((x > 0) * 1)
```

```
E \leftarrow (D)/S
  return(E)
simpsE <- round(apply(OTUs, 1, SimpE), 3)</pre>
# Shannon's Diversity
H \leftarrow function(x = ""){
 x \leftarrow x[x>0]
  H = 0
  for (n_i in x){
   p = n_i / sum(x)
    H = H - p*log(p)
  }
  return(H)
shan <- round(apply(OTUs, 1, H), 2)</pre>
shan2 <- diversity(OTUs, index = "shannon")</pre>
design <- droplevels(design)</pre>
alpha.div <- cbind(design, S.obs, simpsE, shan)</pre>
alpha.div <- alpha.div[order(alpha.div$Lake, alpha.div$Year, alpha.div$Molecule), ]</pre>
```

#### Figure 3: Lake Alpha Diversity

```
png(filename="../figures/Figure3.png",
   width = 1600, height = 1100, res = 96*2)
par(opar)
par(mfrow = c(1,1), mar = c(0, 6, 0, 0) + 0.5, oma = c(3, 0, 1, 1) + 0.5)
layout(rbind(1, 2), height = c(3, 3))
plot(alpha.div$S.obs ~ alpha.div$Lake, ylim = c(0,7000), las = 1,
    xaxt="n", xlab = "", yaxt="n", ylab = "")
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1, las = 1,
     at = c(1000, 3000, 5000, 7000))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1000, 3000, 5000, 7000))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks=2, tck=-0.02, labels=F, cex.axis=1, at=c(1:10))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1000, 3000, 5000, 7000))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1000, 3000, 5000, 7000))
mtext(side = 2, "Richness (S)", line = 4, cex = 1)
legend("topleft", "A", bty = "n", x.intersp = 0, cex = 1.25)
box(lwd = 2)
plot(alpha.div$simpsE ~ alpha.div$Lake, ylim = c(0,0.06), las = 1,
    xaxt="n", xlab = "", yaxt="n", ylab = "")
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=1, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
```

```
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, labels = T, cex.axis = 1, las = 1,
    at = c(0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06))
axis(side=2, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=3, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(1:10))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=-0.02, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06))
axis(side=4, lwd.ticks = 2, tck=0.01, labels = F, cex.axis = 1, at = c(0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06))
axis(side=2, "Simpson's Eveness (E)", line = 4, cex = 1)
axis(side=1, text = labs, line = 0.5, at = seq(1:10), padj = 0.5, cex = 0.8)
legend("topleft", "B", bty = "n", x.intersp = 0, cex = 1.25)
box(lwd = 2)

dev.off() # this writes plot to folder
graphics.off() # shuts down open devices
par(opar)
```

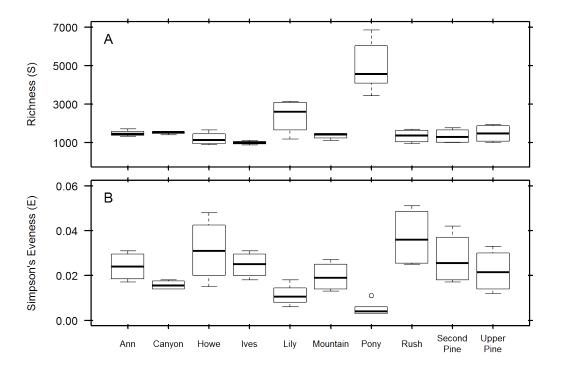


Figure 2: Lake Nutrients

#### Calculate and Visualize Beta Diversity

```
a.bar = mean(c(specnumber(site1), specnumber(site2))) # Mean sample richness
b.w = round(s/a.bar - 1, 3)
return(b.w)
}

# Calculate Bray-Curtis
hmwf.db <- vegdist(OTUsREL.log, method = "bray")</pre>
```

#### Principal Coordinates Analysis

```
par(opar)
hmwf.pcoa <- cmdscale(hmwf.db, eig = TRUE, k = 3)</pre>
explainvar1 <- round(hmwf.pcoa$eig[1] / sum(hmwf.pcoa$eig), 3) * 100
explainvar2 <- round(hmwf.pcoa$eig[2] / sum(hmwf.pcoa$eig), 3) * 100
explainvar3 <- round(hmwf.pcoa$eig[3] / sum(hmwf.pcoa$eig), 3) * 100
sum.eig <- sum(explainvar1, explainvar2, explainvar3)</pre>
# Define Plot Parameters
par(mar = c(5, 5, 1, 2) + 0.1)
# Plot Eigenvalues
plot(hmwf.pcoa$eig, xlab = "PCoA Axis", ylab = "Eigenvalue",
     las = 1, cex.lab = 1.5, pch = 16)
# Add Expectation based on Kaiser-Guttman criterion and Broken Stick Model
abline(h = mean(hmwf.pcoa$eig), lty = 2, lwd = 2, col = "blue")
b.stick <- bstick(42, sum(hmwf.pcoa$eig))</pre>
lines(1:42, b.stick, type = "l", lty = 4, lwd = 2, col = "red")
# Add Legend
legend("topright", legend = c("Avg Eigenvalue", "Broken-Stick"),
       lty = c(2, 4), bty = "n", col = c("blue", "red"))
```

### Figure 4: Bacterial Community Composition Ordination Figure

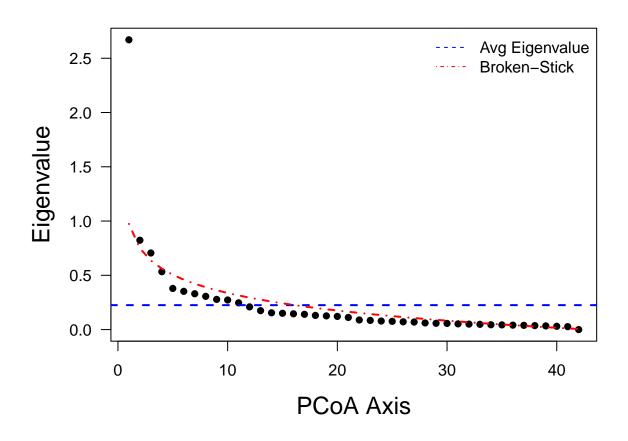


Figure 3:

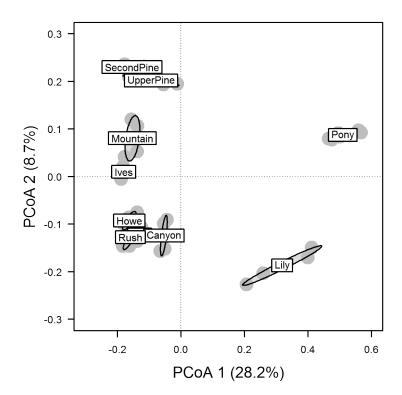


Figure 4: Lake Nutrients

#### Statistical Analyses

What are the differences between lakes and does resource concentration explain differences

nuts

## sample year DOC TP TN

```
## 1
           Ann 2011 6.149285 3.977949 0.000000000
## 2
        Canyon 2011 7.615331 2.452633 0.000000000
## 3
          Howe 2011 6.875177 1.859455 0.035116957
          Ives 2011 9.537734 1.351016 0.005848597
## 4
## 5
          Lily 2011 13.358296 4.740607 0.249393025
## 6
      Mountain 2011 5.411983 2.113674 0.000000000
## 7
          Pony 2011 29.280871 15.417817 0.463248295
## 8
          Pony 2011 31.648222 1.520496 0.541116330
## 9
          Rush 2011 4.437947 3.554250 0.271601973
## 10 SecondPine 2011 7.197479 10.757130 0.000000000
      UpperPine 2011 7.990399 2.961072 0.000000000
           Ann 2012 5.973806 7.267117 0.000000000
## 12
## 13
        Canyon 2012 7.233826 2.638631 0.032606559
## 14
          Howe 2012 7.037040 5.210013 0.000000000
## 15
          Ives 2012 6.913681 9.152797 0.000000000
## 16
          Lily 2012 14.351915 11.552753 0.000000000
## 17
      Mountain 2012 5.270368 4.867162 0.000000000
## 18
          Pony 2012 28.986069 49.952043 0.158174426
          Rush 2012 4.223288 3.838609 0.000000000
## 19
## 20 SecondPine 2012 6.261643 12.924156 0.000000000
     UpperPine 2012 7.840340 11.209902 0.000000000
nuts2 <- data.frame(nuts[rep(seq_len(nrow(nuts)), each=2),])</pre>
nuts2$molecule <- rep(c("DNA", "RNA"), 21)</pre>
nuts2 <- nuts2[order(nuts2$sample, nuts2$year, nuts2$molecule), ]</pre>
as.character(nuts2$sample) == as.character(design$Lake)
beta.dis <- betadisper(vegdist(OTUsREL, "bray"), design$Lake)</pre>
permutest(beta.dis)
## Permutation test for homogeneity of multivariate dispersions
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Response: Distances
##
           Df
               Sum Sq
                                   F N.Perm Pr(>F)
                       Mean Sq
## Groups
            9 0.023336 0.0025929 1.0852
                                        999 0.413
## Residuals 32 0.076459 0.0023894
adonis(OTUsREL ~ design$Lake + design$Molecule + design$Year, method = "bray", permutations = 999)
##
## Call:
## adonis(formula = OTUsREL ~ design$Lake + design$Molecule + design$Year,
                                                                   permutations = 999, met
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
```

```
##
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
                  Df SumsOfSqs MeanSqs F.Model
##
                                                 R2 Pr(>F)
## design$Lake
                   9
                        5.7126 0.63473 9.6782 0.65353 0.001 ***
## design$Molecule 1
                       0.8004 0.80037 12.2038 0.09156 0.001 ***
## design$Year
                 1 0.2607 0.26069 3.9749 0.02982 0.001 ***
                  30 1.9675 0.06558
## Residuals
                                              0.22509
## Total
                  41
                        8.7412
                                              1.00000
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
chem.dbrda <- capscale(OTUsREL ~ nuts2$DOC + nuts2$TN + nuts2$TP, add = T, distance = "bray")
anova(chem.dbrda)
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: capscale(formula = OTUsREL ~ nuts2$DOC + nuts2$TN + nuts2$TP, distance = "bray", add = T)
##
           Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
           3
                2.9476 4.4983 0.001 ***
## Model
## Residual 38 8.3002
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
RsquareAdj (chem.dbrda)
## $r.squared
## [1] 0.2620626
##
## $adj.r.squared
## [1] 0.2038044
coef(chem.dbrda)
                    CAP1
                                CAP2
                                            CAP3
## nuts2$DOC 0.020151356 -0.007345761 0.03829894
## nuts2$TN -0.053186394 0.895450602 -1.74044847
## nuts2$TP -0.001050423 -0.010015276 -0.01945302
anova.cca(chem.dbrda, step=1000)
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: capscale(formula = OTUsREL ~ nuts2$DOC + nuts2$TN + nuts2$TP, distance = "bray", add = T)
           Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
           3
                2.9476 4.4983 0.001 ***
## Model
## Residual 38 8.3002
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

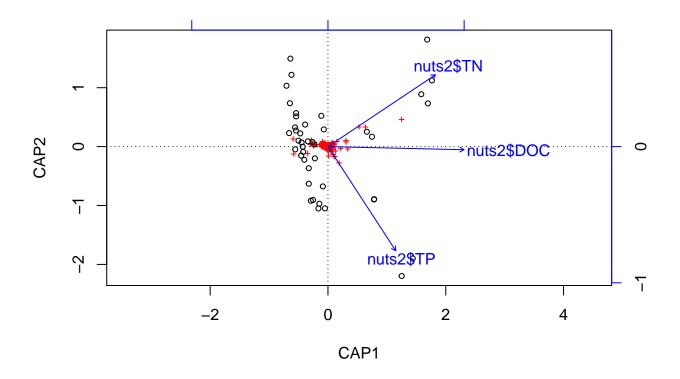


Figure 5:

```
lmod <- as.mlm(chem.dbrda)</pre>
lmod
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = x$CCA$wa ~ . - 1, data = as.data.frame(X))
##
## Coefficients:
##
                CAP1
                           CAP2
                                      CAP3
## `nuts2$DOC`
               0.020151 -0.007346
                                      0.038299
                -0.053186
                           0.895451 -1.740448
## `nuts2$TN`
## `nuts2$TP`
                -0.001050 -0.010015 -0.019453
summary(lmod)
## Response CAP1 :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CAP1 ~ (`nuts2$DOC` + `nuts2$TN` + `nuts2$TP`) -
```

```
##
      1, data = as.data.frame(X))
##
## Residuals:
##
                        Median
        Min
                   1Q
                                      3Q
## -0.062237 -0.026040 -0.006134 0.023474 0.111846
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## `nuts2$DOC`
              ## `nuts2$TN`
             -0.0531864 0.0865557 -0.614
                                              0.542
## `nuts2$TP` -0.0010504 0.0009683 -1.085
                                              0.285
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.04421 on 39 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9292, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9237
## F-statistic: 170.6 on 3 and 39 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Response CAP2 :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CAP2 ~ (`nuts2$DOC` + `nuts2$TN` + `nuts2$TP`) -
      1, data = as.data.frame(X))
##
## Residuals:
##
                        Median
        Min
                   1Q
                                      3Q
                                               Max
## -0.141550 -0.058758 0.006012 0.063185 0.248419
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## `nuts2$DOC` -0.007346
                         0.004068 -1.806
                                           0.0787 .
## `nuts2$TN`
               0.895451
                          0.181445
                                    4.935 1.54e-05 ***
## `nuts2$TP`
                         0.002030 -4.934 1.54e-05 ***
              -0.010015
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.09267 on 39 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7491, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7298
## F-statistic: 38.82 on 3 and 39 DF, p-value: 8.634e-12
##
##
## Response CAP3 :
##
## lm(formula = CAP3 ~ (`nuts2$DOC` + `nuts2$TN` + `nuts2$TP`) -
##
      1, data = as.data.frame(X))
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                    Median
## -0.41902 -0.09057 0.01869 0.09790 0.26632
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## `nuts2$DOC` 0.038299
                  0.006332 6.049 4.43e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1442 on 39 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5521, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5176
## F-statistic: 16.02 on 3 and 39 DF, p-value: 6.08e-07
```

#### Generalists

##

0.5404130

## CanyonEpi2012\_DNA

```
active <- OTUs[design$Molecule == "RNA", ]</pre>
activePA \leftarrow (active > 0) * 1
total <- OTUs[design$Molecule == "DNA", ]</pre>
totalPA <- (total > 0) * 1
gens <- data.frame(matrix(NA, 21, 3))
colnames(gens) <- c("sites", "taxaA", "taxaT")</pre>
genssites <- c(1:21)
for (i in 1:21){
  gens$taxaA[i] <- sum(colSums(activePA) == i)</pre>
  gens$taxaT[i] <- sum(colSums(totalPA) == i)</pre>
# Define Plot Parameters
par(mar = c(5, 5, 1, 1) + 0.1)
plot(gens$taxaA ~ gens$sites, xlab = "Number of Sites", ylab = "Number of Taxa")
plot(gens$taxaT ~ gens$sites, xlab = "Number of Sites", ylab = "Number of Taxa")
# Total Taxa
total <- OTUs[design$Molecule == "DNA", ]</pre>
totalPA \leftarrow (total > 0) * 1
# Inactive Taxa
inactivePA <- totalPA - activePA
inactivePA <- pmax(inactivePA, 0)</pre>
sum(colSums(inactivePA) > 10)
## [1] 13
rowSums(inactivePA)/rowSums(totalPA)
##
           Ann2011_DNA
                               Ann2012_DNA
                                                Canyon2011_DNA
```

0.5364583

Howe2012 DNA

0.4817619

Howe2011\_DNA

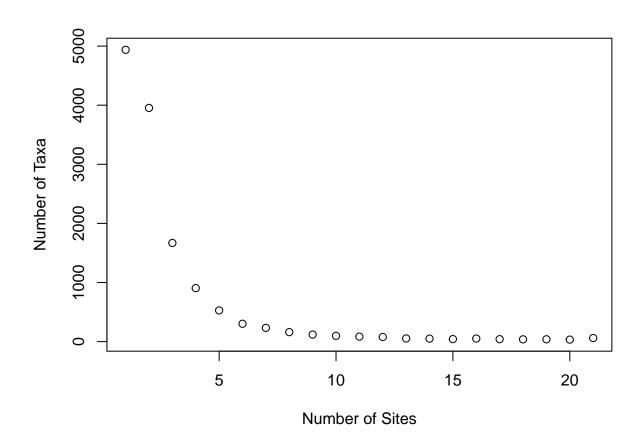


Figure 6:

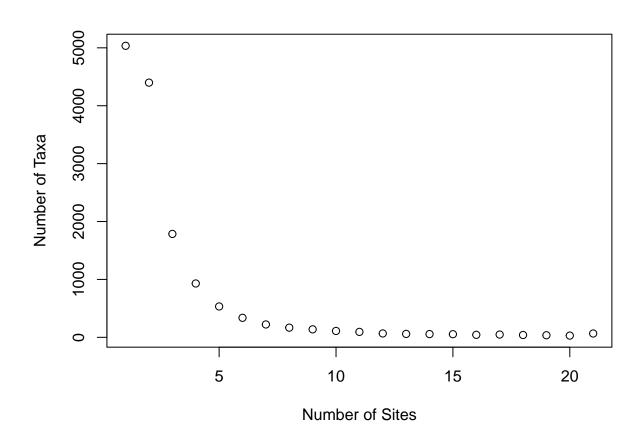


Figure 7:

```
##
            0.5402447
                                0.6549424
                                                   0.5311005
##
         Ives2011 DNA
                            Ives2012_DNA
                                                Lily2011_DNA
##
            0.5036430
                                0.4282869
                                                   0.6358517
##
         Lily2012_DNA
                        Mountain2011_DNA
                                            Mountain2012_DNA
##
            0.3909898
                                0.4671683
                                                   0.5374150
                                                Pony2012 DNA
##
   NorthPony2011 DNA SouthPony2011 DNA
##
            0.3323388
                                0.5204007
                                                   0.3596533
##
         Rush2011 DNA
                            Rush2012_DNA SecondPine2011_DNA
##
            0.5092317
                                0.4916300
                                                   0.4213960
## SecondPine2012_DNA UpperPine2011_DNA UpperPine2012_DNA
            0.3968566
                                0.4870666
                                                   0.4771300
rowSums(activePA)/rowSums(totalPA)
##
          Ann2011_RNA
                             Ann2012_RNA
                                              Canyon2011_RNA
##
            0.8572271
                                0.9029594
                                                   1.0162760
##
    CanyonEpi2012_RNA
                            Howe2011_RNA
                                                Howe2012_RNA
##
            0.8969736
                                0.5300182
                                                   0.7886762
##
         Ives2011_RNA
                            Ives2012_RNA
                                                Lily2011_RNA
                                0.9820717
##
            0.7877960
                                                   0.5527921
##
         Lily2012 RNA
                        Mountain2011 RNA
                                            Mountain2012 RNA
##
            1.0302532
                                0.9377565
                                                   0.7503401
##
    NorthPony2011 RNA SouthPony2011 RNA
                                                Pony2012 RNA
            1.1359191
##
                                0.8394820
                                                   1.1918633
         Rush2011 RNA
                            Rush2012_RNA SecondPine2011_RNA
##
            0.9416319
##
                                0.8264317
                                                   1.1467710
## SecondPine2012_RNA UpperPine2011_RNA UpperPine2012_RNA
            0.9813360
                                1.0528343
                                                   0.8968610
plot(rowSums(activePA)/rowSums(totalPA), rowSums(inactivePA)/rowSums(totalPA))
inactive <- total * inactivePA</pre>
active.N <- total * (1-inactivePA)</pre>
active.NPA <- (active.N > 0) * 1
plot(rowSums(active.NPA)/rowSums(totalPA), rowSums(inactivePA)/rowSums(totalPA))
plot(rowSums(active.NPA)/rowSums(totalPA) ~ nuts2$TP[nuts2$molecule == "DNA"],
     xlab = "Total Phosphorus", ylab = "Proportion of Active Taxa")
phos <- lm(rowSums(active.NPA)/rowSums(totalPA) ~ nuts2$TP[nuts2$molecule == "DNA"])</pre>
abline(phos)
dim(activePA)
## [1]
          21 15998
dim(totalPA)
```

## [1]

21 15998

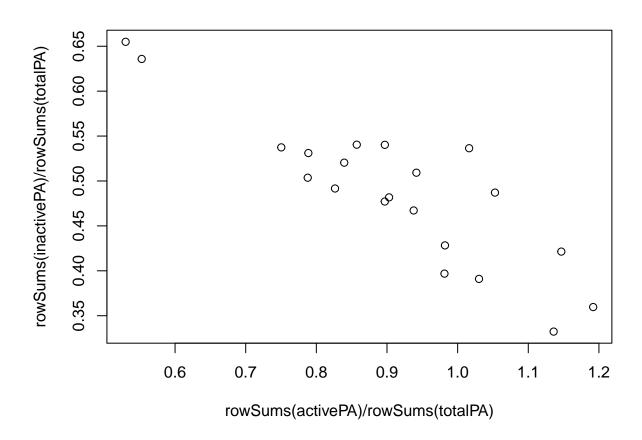


Figure 8:

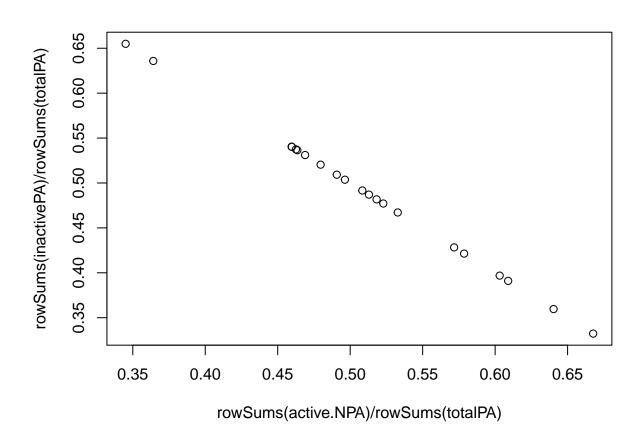


Figure 9:

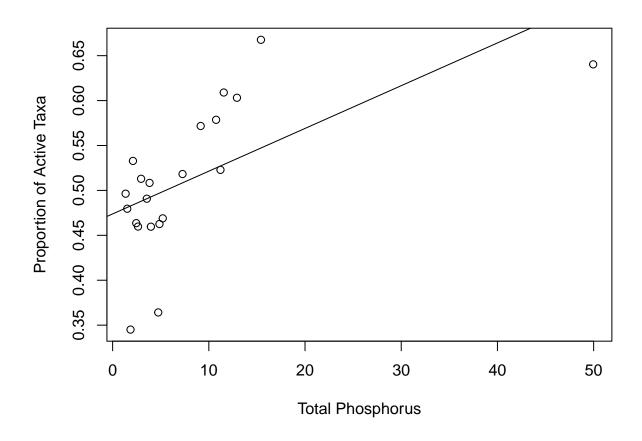


Figure 10:

## Patterns of Resource Diversity

```
# Define Inputs
# Resource = raw site-by-resource matrix
resource.pos <- "../data/SpecAbundAvePos.csv"
resource.neg <- "../data/SpecAbundAveNeg.csv"
# Import Resources
res.in <- read.csv(resource.pos, header=T, row.names=1)</pre>
rownames (res.in)
                                                        "Canyon Chemo-NA"
##
    [1] "Ann Lake-5.1906"
                                "blank-5.7312"
   [4] "Canyon_Epi-8.0847"
##
                                "Canyon_Hypo-5.2494"
                                                        "Canyon_I-8.72"
   [7] "Canyon_II-5.4808"
                                "Canyon_III-7.392"
                                                        "Canyon_IV-5.41395"
## [10] "Cowe_Lake-5.39"
                                "Ives_Lake-7.512"
                                                        "Jordan_River-0"
## [13] "Lily Pond-7.6638"
                                "Mountain lake-12.915" "Pony Lake-8.9376"
## [16] "Rush-16.299"
                                "Second_Pine-9.0368"
                                                        "Upper_Pine-13.9104"
rownames(res.in) <- c("Ann", "blank", "CanyonChemo", "Canyon", "CanyonHypo",
                       "CanyonI", "CanyonIII", "CanyonIII", "CanyonIV", "Howe",
                       "Ives", "Jordan", "Lily", "Mountain", "Pony", "Rush",
                       "SecondPine", "UpperPine")
blank <- unlist(res.in["blank", ])</pre>
res.hmwf <- res.in[-c(which(rownames(res.in) %in% c("blank", "CanyonChemo",
                           "CanyonHypo", "CanyonI", "CanyonII",
                           "CanyonIII", "CanyonIV", "Jordan"))), ]
```

#### Remove Major Peaks from Blanks

```
summary(blank)
##
       Min.
               1st Qu.
                         Median
                                      Mean
                                             3rd Qu.
                                                          Max.
##
       44.82
               1316.00
                         2538.00
                                   3257.00
                                             4153.00 301900.00
blank[which(blank > 2 * sd(blank))]
                                                           C79
##
         C18
                   C30
                             C51
                                       C71
                                                 C74
                                                                    C100
##
   14959.37 22063.16 106190.60
                                26631.05
                                           20680.04 17271.76
                                                                22571.21
##
        C101
                  C138
                            C188
                                      C196
                                                C359
                                                          C370
                                                                    C442
   30197.26 301905.92
                                            14751.05 143840.32
                                                                63741.27
##
                       33679.78
                                 41662.87
##
       C485
                 C530
                            C694
                                      C789
                                               C1100
                                                         C1184
                                                                   C1938
##
   15882.99 17158.63
                       15492.82 16451.88
                                           13853.99 56389.92 14744.39
##
      C1939
                C1941
                          C1942
                                               C1944
                                                         C1945
                                                                   C1950
                                     C1943
##
   16596.80 15668.18 23674.26 14348.07 14463.70 16458.16 18022.09
##
       C1955
                C2613
                           C3285
                                     C3659
                                               C3662
                                                         C3664
                                                                   C3666
##
   18956.26 25926.43 14089.19 28085.24 16266.40 15196.54 14060.33
      C3667
                C3668
  13874.05 16777.74
##
```

```
# res.hmwf <- res.hmwf[, -c(which(blank > sd(blank)))]

# What other peaks should be removed
for (i in 1:dim(res.hmwf)[1]){
   res.hmwf[i, ] <- res.hmwf[i, ] - blank * 1.1
}

res.hmwf[res.hmwf < 0] <- 0
res.hmwf <- res.hmwf[,colSums(res.hmwf) > 0]
```

#### **Data Transformations**

```
# Remove OTUs with less than two occurences across all sites
res <- res.hmwf

# Sequencing Coverage
coverage <- rowSums(res)

# # Remove Low Coverage Samples (This code removes two sites: Site 5DNA, Site 6cDNA)
# lows <- which(coverage < 10000)
# OTUs <- OTUs[-which(coverage < 10000), ]
# design <- design[-which(coverage < 10000), ]

# Make Relative Abundence Matrices
resREL <- res
for(i in 1:dim(res)[1]){
    resREL[i,] <- res[i,]/sum(res[i,])
}</pre>
```

#### Calculate Alpha Diversity

```
# Observed Richness
S.res <- rowSums((res > 0) * 1)

# Simpson's Evenness
res.simpsE <- round(apply(res, 1, SimpE), 3)

# Shannon's Diversity
res.shan <- round(apply(res, 1, H), 2)
res.shan2 <- round(diversity(res, index = "shannon"), 2)

res.div <- as.data.frame(cbind(S.res, res.simpsE, res.shan2))</pre>
```

#### Figure 5: Resource Diversity

```
png(filename="../figures/Figure5.png",
  width = 1600, height = 1200, res = 96*2)
```

```
par(opar)
par(mfrow = c(1,1), mar = c(0, 9, 0, 0) + 0.5, oma = c(5, 0, 1, 1) + 0.5)
layout(rbind(1, 2, 3), height = c(3, 3, 3))
labs <- c("Ann", "Canyon", "Howe", "Ives", "Lily", "Mountain", "Pony", "Rush",
         "Second\nPine", "Upper\nPine")
rich <- barplot(res.div$S.res, names.arg = NULL, las =1, ylim=c(0, 2000),
     xlab = "", ylab = "")
mtext(side = 2, text = "Resource\nRichness", cex.lab = 1.2, line = 4.5)
even <- barplot(res.div$res.simpsE, names.arg = NULL, las =1, ylim=c(0, 0.27),
     xlab = "", ylab = "")
mtext(side = 2, text = "Simpson's\nEvenness", cex.lab = 1.2, line = 4.5)
shan <- barplot(res.div$res.shan, names.arg = NULL, las = 1, ylim = c(0, 9),</pre>
     xlab = "", ylab = "")
mtext(side = 2, text = "Shannon\nDiversity", cex.lab = 1.2, line = 4.5)
mtext(side = 1, text = labs, line = 2, at = shan, padj = 0.5, cex = 0.8)
dev.off() # this writes plot to folder
graphics.off() # shuts down open devices
par(opar)
```

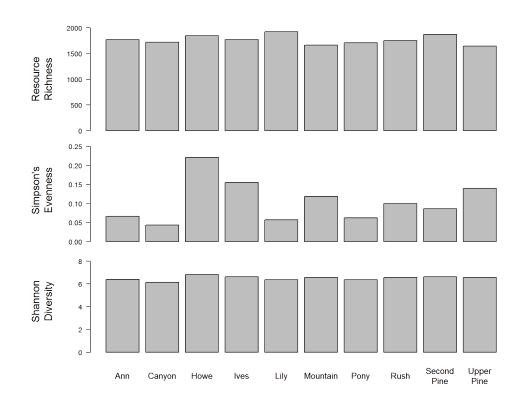


Figure 11: Resource Alpha Diversity

Hypothesis that resource diversity is related to nutrient concentration

```
nuts2012 <- nuts2[nuts2$year == "2012" & nuts2$molecule == "DNA", ]</pre>
evenmod <- lm(res.div$res.simpsE ~ nuts2012$DOC*nuts2012$TN*nuts2012$TP)
richmod <- lm(res.div$S.res ~ nuts2012$DOC*nuts2012$TN*nuts2012$TP)
summary(evenmod)
##
## lm(formula = res.div$res.simpsE ~ nuts2012$DOC * nuts2012$TN *
##
      nuts2012$TP)
##
## Residuals:
                       2
                                  3
                                             4
## -7.338e-02 2.082e-17 2.423e-02 1.873e-02 -9.299e-03 -9.183e-03
           7
                       8
                                  9
                                            10
## -3.469e-18 2.028e-02 -6.428e-03 3.505e-02
## Coefficients: (2 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                          Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                                         -0.257513 0.201644 -1.277
## nuts2012$DOC
                                          0.075643 0.036349
                                                                2.081
## nuts2012$TN
                                        -22.014401 8.533039 -2.580
## nuts2012$TP
                                          0.034057
                                                    0.018697
                                                               1.822
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN
                                          2.180300 0.927042
                                                              2.352
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TP
                                         -0.006968
                                                     0.003213 -2.168
## nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
                                                           NA
                                                                   NA
                                                NA
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
                                                NA
                                                           NA
                                                                   NA
##
                                        Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                          0.2707
## nuts2012$DOC
                                          0.1059
## nuts2012$TN
                                          0.0613 .
## nuts2012$TP
                                          0.1426
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN
                                          0.0784 .
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TP
                                          0.0960 .
## nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
                                              NA
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.04521 on 4 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7004, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3258
## F-statistic: 1.87 on 5 and 4 DF, p-value: 0.282
summary(richmod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = res.div$S.res ~ nuts2012$DOC * nuts2012$TN * nuts2012$TP)
##
## Residuals:
##
                       2
                                  3
                                             4
   1.202e+01 2.087e-14 5.657e+01 -1.038e+01 2.630e+01 -8.083e+01
```

10

##

7

8

9

```
## -5.329e-15 4.465e+01 1.009e+02 -1.492e+02
##
## Coefficients: (2 not defined because of singularities)
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                       1552.050
                                                   473.645 3.277
                                                                    0.0306
## nuts2012$DOC
                                         34.749
                                                    85.382 0.407
                                                                    0.7049
## nuts2012$TN
                                       -5272.547 20043.447 -0.263
                                                                    0.8055
## nuts2012$TP
                                                           0.241
                                         10.596
                                                    43.917
                                                                    0.8212
                                                  2177.549 0.188
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN
                                        409.064
                                                                    0.8601
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TP
                                         -1.673
                                                    7.548 -0.222
                                                                    0.8354
## nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
                                             NA
                                                        NA
                                                               NA
                                                                        NA
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
                                             NA
                                                        NA
                                                               NA
                                                                        NA
## (Intercept)
## nuts2012$DOC
## nuts2012$TN
## nuts2012$TP
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TP
## nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
## nuts2012$DOC:nuts2012$TN:nuts2012$TP
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 106.2 on 4 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3762, Adjusted R-squared: -0.4035
## F-statistic: 0.4825 on 5 and 4 DF, p-value: 0.7778
Hypothesis that resource diversity influences consumer diversity
```

```
alpha.div2012 <- alpha.div$Year == "2012" & alpha.div$Molecule == "DNA", c(1, 4:6)]
rownames(alpha.div2012) <- alpha.div2012[, 1]</pre>
alpha.div2012 <- alpha.div2012[, -1]</pre>
rownames(res.div) == rownames(alpha.div2012)
   cor(res.div, alpha.div2012)
##
                  S.obs
                             simpsE
## S.res
              0.06268514 -0.02491091 -0.09933677
## res.simpsE -0.47586109 0.18756375 -0.20676202
## res.shan2 -0.47661995 0.34065546 -0.12295892
rich.mod1 <- lm(alpha.div2012$S.obs ~ res.div$S.res)</pre>
rich.mod2 <- lm(alpha.div2012$S.obs ~ res.div$res.simpsE)</pre>
summary(rich.mod1)
##
```

## Call:

```
## lm(formula = alpha.div2012$S.obs ~ res.div$S.res)
##
## Residuals:
##
   Min
             1Q Median
                          3Q
                                 Max
## -776.9 -562.7 -394.0 -143.7 2479.3
## Coefficients:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
              431.3215 7260.7275 0.059
                                               0.954
## res.div$S.res 0.7284
                             4.1002 0.178
                                               0.863
## Residual standard error: 1102 on 8 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.003929, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 0.03156 on 1 and 8 DF, p-value: 0.8634
summary(rich.mod2)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = alpha.div2012$S.obs ~ res.div$res.simpsE)
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                           3Q
                                 Max
## -871.8 -625.8 -276.7 403.8 2048.1
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                       2664.0
                                  689.3
                                         3.865 0.00478 **
## (Intercept)
## res.div$res.simpsE -9001.6
                                  5882.2 -1.530 0.16447
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 971.6 on 8 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2264, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1297
## F-statistic: 2.342 on 1 and 8 DF, p-value: 0.1645
```

#### Between site comparisions of resources

```
# Calculate Bray-Curtis
res.db <- vegdist(resREL, method = "bray")

res.pcoa <- cmdscale(res.db, eig = TRUE, k = 3)
explainvar1 <- round(res.pcoa$eig[1] / sum(res.pcoa$eig), 3) * 100
explainvar2 <- round(res.pcoa$eig[2] / sum(res.pcoa$eig), 3) * 100
explainvar3 <- round(res.pcoa$eig[3] / sum(res.pcoa$eig), 3) * 100
sum.eig <- sum(explainvar1, explainvar2, explainvar3)

# Define Plot Parameters
par(mar = c(5, 5, 1, 2) + 0.1)

# Plot Eigenvalues</pre>
```

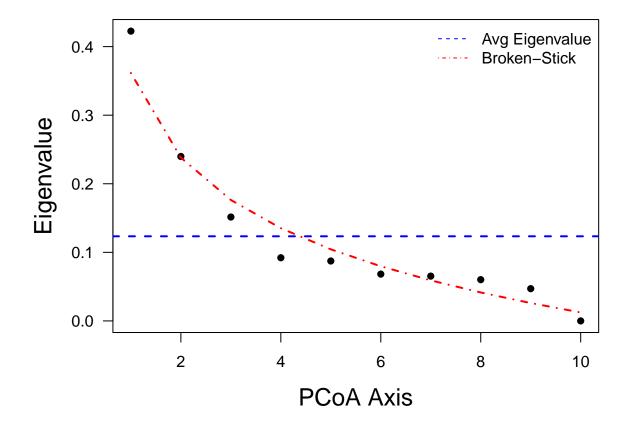


Figure 12:

Figre 6: Resource Differences Across Sites

```
png(filename="../figures/Figure6.png",
    width = 1200, height = 1200, res = 96*2)

# Define Plot Parameters
par(mar = c(5, 5, 1, 1) + 0.1)
```

```
# Initiate Plot
plot(res.pcoa\$points[,1], res.pcoa\$points[,2], ylim = c(-0.2, 0.4),
     xlim = c(-0.5, 0.5),
     xlab = paste("PCoA 1 (", explainvar1, "%)", sep = ""),
     ylab = paste("PCoA 2 (", explainvar2, "%)", sep = ""),
     pch = 16, cex = 2.0, type = "n", cex.lab = 1.5, cex.axis = 1.2, axes = FALSE)
# Add Axes
axis(side = 1, labels = T, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1)
axis(side = 2, labels = T, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1)
abline(h = 0, v = 0, lty = 3)
box(lwd = 2)
# Add Points & Labels
points(res.pcoa$points[ ,1], res.pcoa$points[ ,2],
       pch = 19, cex = 3, bg = "gray", col = "gray")
text(res.pcoa$points[ ,1], res.pcoa$points[ ,2],
     labels = row.names(res.pcoa$points))
dev.off() # this writes plot to folder
graphics.off() # shuts down open devices
par(opar)
```

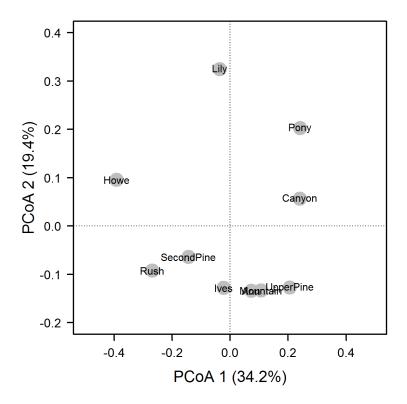


Figure 13: Resource Ordination

#### Resource Explainations of Differences

```
OTUSREL2012.DNA <- OTUSREL[which(design$Year == "2012" & design$Molecule == "DNA"), ]
OTUSREL2012.DNA <- OTUSREL2012.DNA[ , colSums(OTUSREL2012.DNA > 0)]
OTUSREL2012.RNA <- OTUSREL[which(design$Year == "2012" & design$Molecule == "DNA"), ]
OTUSREL2012.RNA <- OTUSREL2012.RNA[ , colSums(OTUSREL2012.RNA > 0)]
active.N2012 <- active.N[grep("2012", rownames(active.N)), ]</pre>
rownames(OTUsREL2012.DNA) <- design$Lake[which(design$Year == "2012" & design$Molecule == "DNA")]
rownames(OTUsREL2012.RNA) <- design$Lake[which(design$Year == "2012" & design$Molecule == "DNA")]
rownames(active.N2012) <- design$Lake[which(design$Year == "2012" & design$Molecule == "DNA")]
# DNA
dbrda2012 <- capscale(OTUsREL2012.DNA ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, add =T, distance = "b
anova(dbrda2012)
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: capscale(formula = OTUsREL2012.DNA ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, distance = "br
          Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
## Model
           3 0.16451 1.8665 0.151
## Residual 6 0.17628
RsquareAdj (dbrda2012)
## $r.squared
## [1] 0.4827334
##
## $adj.r.squared
## [1] 0.2241002
coef (dbrda2012)
                        CAP1
                                   CAP2
                                                CAP3
##
## nuts2012$DOC
                 0.13283664 0.02907314 0.05137881
## nuts2012$TN -11.22365318 -1.67797999 13.95264996
## nuts2012$TP -0.03461051 0.01447238 -0.07330024
dbrda2012 <- capscale(OTUsREL2012.RNA ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, add =T, distance = "b
anova(dbrda2012)
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: capscale(formula = OTUsREL2012.RNA ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, distance = "br
##
          Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
           3 0.16451 1.8665 0.172
## Model
## Residual 6 0.17628
```

```
RsquareAdj (dbrda2012)
## $r.squared
## [1] 0.4827334
## $adj.r.squared
## [1] 0.2241002
coef(dbrda2012)
##
                       CAP1
                                   CAP2
                                               CAP3
## nuts2012$DOC 0.13283664 0.02907314 0.05137881
## nuts2012$TN -11.22365318 -1.67797999 13.95264996
## nuts2012$TP -0.03461051 0.01447238 -0.07330024
# Active
dbrda2012 <- capscale(active.N2012 ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, add =T, distance = "bray
anova(dbrda2012)
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Model: capscale(formula = active.N2012 ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, distance = "bray"
##
          Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
## Model 3 0.88006 2.4136 0.004 **
## Residual 6 0.72925
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
RsquareAdj (dbrda2012)
## $r.squared
## [1] 0.5468577
## $adj.r.squared
## [1] 0.3202866
coef(dbrda2012)
                      CAP1
                                  CAP2
## nuts2012$DOC 0.10137061 -0.09407207 0.04477777
## nuts2012$TN -6.38022991 8.71627698 14.37990370
## nuts2012$TP -0.01310565 0.03550141 -0.07313108
# Resoruces
chem.dbrda <- capscale(resREL ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, add =T, distance = "bray")
```

anova(chem.dbrda)

```
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Model: capscale(formula = resREL ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, distance = "bray", add
           Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
           3 0.45421 1.1649 0.257
## Residual 6 0.77985
RsquareAdj (chem.dbrda)
## $r.squared
## [1] 0.3680597
##
## $adj.r.squared
## [1] 0.05208953
coef(chem.dbrda)
##
                      CAP1
                                   CAP2
                                                CAP3
## nuts2012$DOC 0.10045342 0.09751333 -0.03912624
## nuts2012$TN 1.61289193 -14.38332312 -10.67619053
## nuts2012$TP -0.04053988 -0.01129384 0.07077591
anova.cca(chem.dbrda, step=1000)
## Permutation test for capscale under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: capscale(formula = resREL ~ nuts2012$DOC + nuts2012$TN + nuts2012$TP, distance = "bray", add
          Df Variance
                            F Pr(>F)
           3 0.45421 1.1649 0.242
## Model
## Residual 6 0.77985
plot(chem.dbrda)
lmod <- as.mlm(chem.dbrda)</pre>
lmod
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = x$CCA$wa ~ . - 1, data = as.data.frame(X))
## Coefficients:
                  CAP1
                             CAP2
                                       CAP3
## `nuts2012$DOC`
                  0.10045
                             0.09751 -0.03913
## `nuts2012$TN`
                   1.61289 -14.38332 -10.67619
## `nuts2012$TP`
                   -0.04054
                             -0.01129
                                          0.07078
```

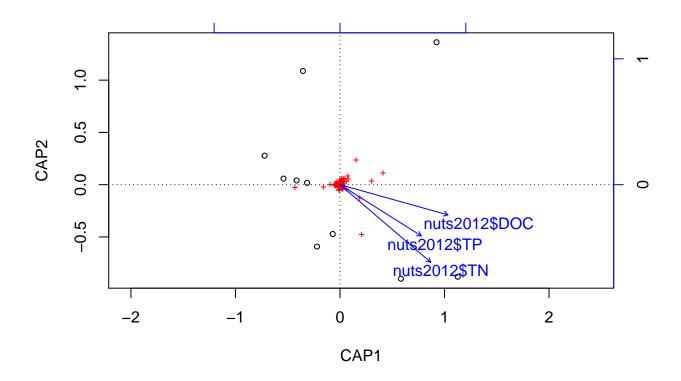


Figure 14:

#### summary(lmod)

```
## Response CAP1 :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CAP1 ~ (`nuts2012$DOC` + `nuts2012$TN` + `nuts2012$TP`) -
      1, data = as.data.frame(X))
##
## Residuals:
                 1Q Median
##
       Min
                                   3Q
                                          Max
## -0.19464 -0.04927 0.02239 0.08138 0.14234
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## `nuts2012$DOC` 0.10045
                           0.01885 5.330 0.00109 **
                             2.33193 0.692 0.51143
## `nuts2012$TN`
                 1.61289
## `nuts2012$TP` -0.04054
                            0.01068 -3.797 0.00674 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1297 on 7 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8947, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8496
## F-statistic: 19.83 on 3 and 7 DF, p-value: 0.0008449
##
##
## Response CAP2 :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CAP2 ~ (`nuts2012$DOC` + `nuts2012$TN` + `nuts2012$TP`) -
##
      1, data = as.data.frame(X))
##
## Residuals:
                1Q Median
##
       Min
                                   3Q
## -0.38734 -0.15254 0.00246 0.06711 0.47775
##
## Coefficients:
##
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                      2.321
## `nuts2012$DOC`
                 0.09751
                           0.04202
                                               0.0533 .
## `nuts2012$TN` -14.38332
                              5.19862 -2.767
                                               0.0278 *
## `nuts2012$TP`
                 -0.01129
                             0.02380 -0.475
                                               0.6496
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2891 on 7 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.631, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4728
## F-statistic: 3.99 on 3 and 7 DF, p-value: 0.05996
##
## Response CAP3 :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = CAP3 ~ (`nuts2012$DOC` + `nuts2012$TN` + `nuts2012$TP`) -
      1, data = as.data.frame(X))
```

```
##
## Residuals:
##
                    1Q
                         Median
## -0.214008 -0.070633 0.004382 0.049866
                                           0.226041
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## `nuts2012$DOC`
                                       -1.896 0.099825 .
                  -0.03913
                              0.02064
  `nuts2012$TN`
                 -10.67619
                               2.55352
                                       -4.181 0.004132 **
                   0.07078
                                        6.054 0.000514 ***
## `nuts2012$TP`
                               0.01169
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.142 on 7 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8763, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8233
## F-statistic: 16.54 on 3 and 7 DF, p-value: 0.001472
require(cocorresp)
## Loading required package: cocorresp
#test1 <- coca(OTUsREL2012.RNA, resREL, n.axes = 4)</pre>
```

# Phylogenetic Approach

Resource distirubiton is not able to explain the distribution of all organisms combined. But why should we expect this assumption?

#### Remove Cyanobacteria

# Microbial Functional Groups

Define RDP microbial groups Test each along with resource differences Who are the generalist taxa (which are active everywhere) Are generalists more abundant when resource concentration is higher?

# Can we group resources

What are the similar groups of resources: cluster resources based on abundance Can we cluster based on chemical data?