## 第六章部分习题解答

9. 此题有误。应加上条件 $a,b,c,d\in R$ ,否则结论不对。例如 $w=z=\frac{iz}{i}$ ,则w是恒同映射,但 $ad-bc=i^2-0=-1<0$ .

10. 此题也有误。应改|w|<1为|w|=1. 当 $z\to\infty$ 时,有 $|w|\to 1$ ,故有|a|=|c|, $ad-bc\neq 0$ .

12. 令 $w^1 = w - 1$ ,则有 $|z| < 1 \rightarrow |w^1| < 1$ ,因而有

$$w^{1} = w - 1 = e^{i\theta} \frac{z - z_{0}}{1 - \overline{z_{0}}z},$$

即

$$w = 1 + e^{i\theta} \frac{z - z_0}{1 - \overline{z_0}z}, \ \theta \in R, \ |z_0| < 1.$$

17. 令 $w = \frac{(z-i)}{cz+d}$ ,分别将 $z_1 = 1$ , $z_2 = -i$ 代入,分别得 $w_1 = 1$ , $w_2 = -1$ ,从而得到c,d的值。再将z = 0代入,如果 $Im(w(0)) = \frac{-i}{d} > 0$ ,则映为上复平面,否则为下复平面。

19(3).

$$z_1 = z^4$$
,  $z_2 = \frac{z_1 + 2^4}{z_1 - 2^4}$ ,  $w = z_2^2 = \left(\frac{z^4 + 2^4}{z^4 - 2^4}\right)^2$ .

19(8).

$$z_1 = \frac{z+2}{2-z}, (ad-bc>0), \ z_2 = z_1\pi, \ z_3 = z_2i, \ w = e^{z_3} = e^{\pi i \left(\frac{z+2}{2-z}\right)}.$$

19(9).

$$z_1 = \frac{z-a}{b-a}\pi$$
,  $z_2 = z_1i$ ,  $w = e^{z_2} = e^{\frac{z-a}{b-a}\pi i}$ .