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In [9]: from IPython.core.display import display, HTML
import pygments

display(HTML("<style>.container { width:266mm !important; }</style>")) # to set cell widths
#to get this into the dissertation,
#1. width (above) was changed from 290 to 266 mm
#2. exported with jupyter notebook as html (space gets wider),
#3. converted to a pdf with https://www.sejda.com/de/html-to-pdf (space gets wider again),
#4. placed as a Verknüpfung into Adobe illustrator, where for each page separate Zeichenflächen
# have been chosen. For their placement the coordinate origin should be changed from "centered"
# to "left".
#5. Each Zeichenfläche was saved separately and loaded in LaTeX
formatter = pygments.formatters.get_formatter_by_name('html', linenos='inline')
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In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
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Calculation: Fiber volume fraction & Relative Density

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In [2]: ## Parameters #####

# warp fiber radius:
r_wa = 75 #[μm],
# horizontal distance between surfaces of fiber 1 (left) and fiber 2 (right):
dh_fls_f2s = np.linspace(0,240,500) #[μm],
# vertical distance between the ground surface and the surfaces of the lower fiber (here fiber 1):
d_gs_fls = np.linspace(0,140,int(500*140/200)) #[μm],
# vertical distance between the lower and higher fiber:
vertical_displ = np.linspace(0,140,3) #[μm]

def calc_fiber_vol_frac(r_wa, dh_fls_f2s, d_gs_fls, vertical_displ):
    # fiber
    fiber_area = 0.5*np.pi * r_wa**2 #[μm²]
    # horizontal distance between the fiber centers:
    b = dh_fls_f2s + 2 * r_wa #[μm]
    # area, in which the fiber volume fraction is calculated
    controll_area = b * (r_wa + d_gs_fls + vertical_displ/2) #[μm²]
    # fiber volume fraction:
    fiber_vol_frac = fiber_area / controll_area #[-]
    return fiber_vol_frac

def calc_rel_density(r_wa, dh_fls_f2s, d_gs_fls, vertical_displ):
    # distance between surfaces of ground and higher fiber
    d_gs_f2s = d_gs_fls + vertical_displ #[μm],
    # horizontal distance between the fiber centers
    b = dh_fls_f2s + 2 * r_wa #[μm],
    # distance between surfaces of fiber 1 (left) and fiber 2 (right):
    d_fls_f2s = (b**2 + vertical_displ**2)**0.5 - 2 * r_wa
    # radius until "CVD surface-to-surface contact" for uniform growth
    r_grown = r_wa + d_fls_f2s/2
    # area, in which the relative density is calculated
    controll_area = b * (r_wa + d_gs_fls + vertical_displ/2) #[μm²]

    # part of the radius "h", for which the circle (fiber) overlaps with the ground,
    h1 = d_fls_f2s - d_gs_fls
    h2 = d_fls_f2s - d_gs_f2s

    def calc_A(h):
        '''
        to calculate the part of the left or right fiber area (A/2) that needs to be removed
        see https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kreissegment
        '''
        if isinstance(h, int) or isinstance(h, float):
            if h < 0: h = 0
        else: #numpy array:
            h[h < 0] = 0

        A = r_grown**2 * np.arccos(1 - h/r_grown) - (r_grown - h) * (2*r_grown*h - h**2)**0.5
        return A

    # solid area = grown fiber area - overlap + grown ground area
    solid_area = np.pi/2 * r_grown**2 - (calc_A(h1) + calc_A(h2))/2 + b*d_fls_f2s/2

    rel_density = solid_area / controll_area

    return rel_density

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Contour plots

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In [3]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.ticker import (MultipleLocator, FormatStrFormatter, AutoMinorLocator)
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
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In [4]: def contourPlot(vertical_displ = 0, markers_x = [], markers_y = [])

fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,1)

### Plot labeling and settings #####
ax.set_title('SY{' } {\!\!f}f$ = ' + str(vertical_displ) + '  $\mu$ m', fontsize = 12)
ax.set_xlabel('SX{' }f$ [ $\mu$ m]')
ax.set_ylabel('SY{' }f$ [ $\mu$ m]')

# grid and ticks
ax.grid(alpha = 0.4)
ax.set_xlim(0, 245)
ax.set_xticks(np.arange(0, 260, 20).tolist())

ax.xaxis.set_minor_locator(MultipleLocator(4))
ax.yaxis.set_minor_locator(MultipleLocator(4))

# rel. density and fiber vol. fraction labels
ax.text(160, 130 - vertical_displ/2, r'$\rho_{rel}$', color = 'g',
        backgroundcolor = 'w', fontsize = 14)
ax.text(90, 130 - vertical_displ/2, r'$\Phi_{V_f}$', color = 'b',
        backgroundcolor = 'w', fontsize = 14)
#####

# for manual contour label positions:
def getLabelPosis(x1, x2, y1, y2, n = 6):
    ylb = y1 + 8 - 0.42*vertical_displ
    y2b = y2 + 8 - 0.42*vertical_displ
    m = (y2b - ylb) / (x2 - x1)
    b = y2b - x2*(y2b - ylb) / (x2 - x1)
    f = lambda x: m*x + b

    x = np.linspace(x1, x2, n)
    result = []
    for i in range(n):
        result += [(x[i], f(x[i]))]
    return result

# slice contour plot color map
def sliceCmap(cmap_name, lo = 0.5, hi = 0.9):
    cmap = plt.cm.get_cmap(cmap_name, 512)
    return ListedColormap(cmap(np.linspace(lo, hi, 256)))

x = dh_fls_f2s
y = d_gs_fls
X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)

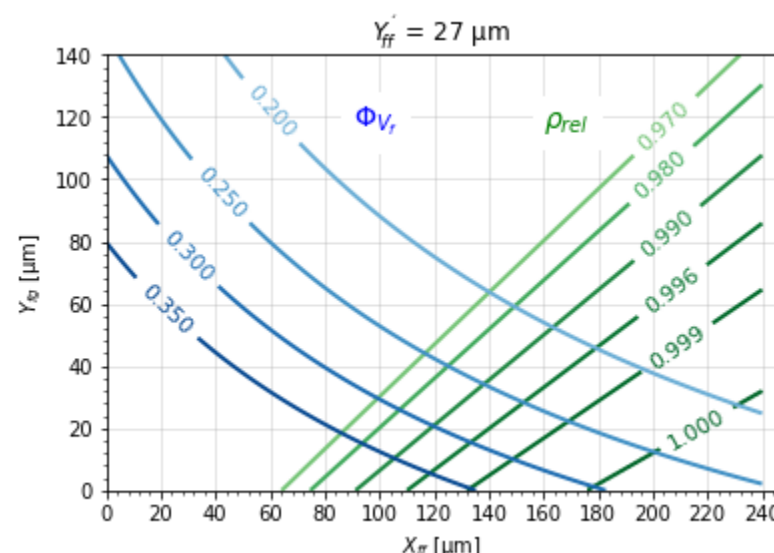
# cotour plot for rel. density
Z = calc_rel_density(r_wa, X, Y, vertical_displ)
rel_dens_levels=[0.97,0.98,0.99,0.996,0.999,1]
CS = plt.contour(X, Y, Z, levels=rel_dens_levels, linewidths = 2, cmap = sliceCmap('Greens'))
label_x_pos = 200
ax.clabel(CS, inline=1, fontsize=11,
          manual = getLabelPosis(x1 = 205, x2 = 215, y1 = 120, y2 = 25, n = len(rel_dens_levels)))

# cotour plot for fiber vol. fraction
Z = calc_fiber_vol_frac(r_wa, X, Y, vertical_displ)
f_frac_levels = [0.2,0.25,0.30,0.35]
CS = plt.contour(X, Y, Z, levels=f_frac_levels, linewidths = 2, cmap = sliceCmap('Blues'))
label_x_pos = 30
ax.clabel(CS, inline=1, fontsize=11,
          manual = getLabelPosis(x1 = 20, x2 = 60, y1 = 60, y2 = 125, n = len(f_frac_levels)))

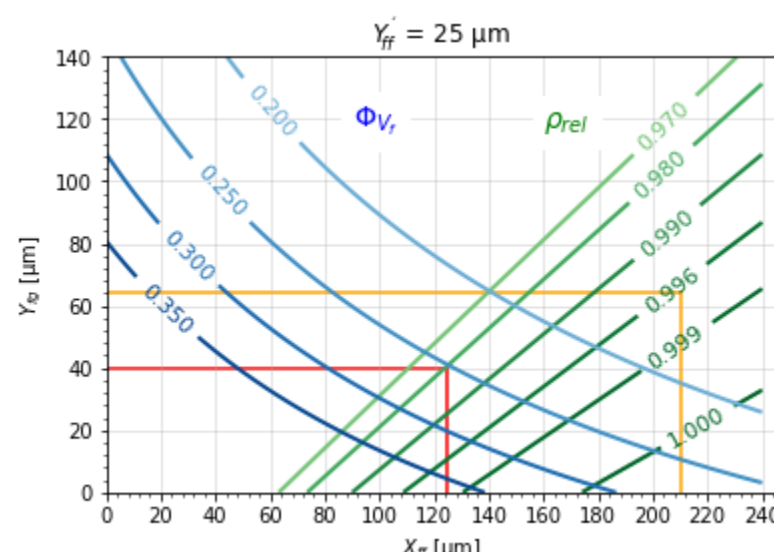
# xy marker lines
marker_colors = ['r', 'orange']
for i in range(len(markers_x)):
    ax.plot((0, markers_x[i]),(markers_y[i], markers_y[i]), color = marker_colors[i], zorder = -1)
    ax.plot((markers_x[i], markers_x[i]),(0, markers_y[i]), color = marker_colors[i], zorder = -1)

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In [5]: contourPlot(vertical_displ = 27, markers_x = [], markers_y = [])
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In [6]: contourPlot(vertical displ = 25, markers_x = [125,210], markers_y = [40,64])
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