PCA

```
In [1]:
         import csv
         import numpy as np
In [2]: data = []
         with open('pca-data.txt') as file:
             reader = csv.reader(file, delimiter='\t')
             for line in reader:
                 data.append([float(line[0]),float(line[1]),float(line[2])])
         data = np.array(data)
In [3]: # step 0: centralize
         def data centralize(data):
             mu = np.mean(data,axis=0)
             data_std = data-mu
             return data std
In [4]: # step 1: Calculate the covariance
         def calculate covariance(data std):
             data_covar = np.cov(data_std, rowvar=False, bias=True)
             return data_covar
In [5]: # Step 2: Calculate eigenvalues and eigenvectors
         def calculate eigen(data covar):
             eigenvalues,eigenvectors = np.linalg.eig(data_covar)
             return eigenvalues,eigenvectors
In [6]: # Step 3: Pick k eigenvalues and form a matrix of eigenvectors
         def build k dim eigenvectorMatrix(eigenvectors, k):
             k_eigen = eigenvectors[:,0:k]
             return k_eigen
In [15]: def PCA(data, k):
             data_std = data_centralize(data)
             data covar = calculate covariance(data std)
             eigenvalues,eigenvectors = calculate_eigen(data_covar)
             k_eigen = build_k_dim_eigenvectorMatrix(eigenvectors, k)
             print(k_eigen)
             new_data = np.matmul(data_std, k_eigen)
             return new_data
In [16]: new_data = PCA(data, k=2)
         new_data
         [[ 0.86667137 -0.4962773 ]
          [-0.23276482 -0.4924792 ]
          [ 0.44124968  0.71496368]]
Out[16]: array([[ 10.87667009,
                                7.37396173],
                [-12.68609992, -4.24879151],
                [ 0.43255106,
                               0.26700852],
                [-2.92254009,
                               2.41914881],
                [ 11.18317124,
                                 4.20349275],
                [ 14.2299014 ,
                                 5.64409544]])
```

```
In [17]: # Part 2: Software Familiarization
    from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
    import pandas as pd
    pca = PCA(n_components=2)
    principalComponents = pca.fit_transform(data)
    principalComponents

Out[17]: array([[-10.87667009, 7.37396173],
        [ 12.68609992, -4.24879151],
        [ -0.43255106, 0.26700852],
        ...,
        [ 2.92254009, 2.41914881],
        [-11.18317124, 4.20349275],
        [-14.2299014, 5.64409544]])
```

FastMap

```
In [1]: import csv
    import random
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [2]: fastmap_data = []
    with open('fastmap-data.txt') as file:
        reader = csv.reader(file, delimiter='\t')
        for line in reader:
            fastmap_data.append([float(line[0]),float(line[1]),float(line[2])])
    fastmap_data = np.array(fastmap_data)

In [3]: fastmap_wordlist = []
    with open('fastmap-wordlist.txt') as file:
        reader = csv.reader(file)
        for line in reader:
            fastmap wordlist+=line
```

Find Oa and Ob

```
In [6]: def find_farthest_pair(fastmap_wordlist, fastmap_data):
    Ob = random.sample(fastmap_wordlist,1)[0]
    Ob_idx = fastmap_wordlist.index(Ob)+1
    old_ob_idx = Ob_idx
    while 1:
        Oa_idx = find_farthest_obj(Ob_idx, fastmap_data)
        Ob_idx = find_farthest_obj(Oa_idx, fastmap_data)
        if old_ob_idx == Ob_idx:
            return Oa_idx, Ob_idx
        else:
            old_ob_idx = Ob_idx
```

```
In [8]: def distance function(obj1_idx, obj2_idx, fastmap_data):
             idx = []
             idx.append(obj1_idx)
             idx.append(obj2_idx)
             idx.sort()
             for idx_objs in range(len(fastmap_data)):
                 if fastmap_data[:,0][idx_objs]==idx[0] and fastmap_data[:,1][idx_objs]==idx[1]:
                     d = fastmap data[:,2][idx objs]
                     return d
                 else:
                     d = 0
             return d
In [12]: def FastMap(k, fastmap_data, fastmap_wordlist, coordinate_idx):
             # Stopping criteria
             if k<=0:
                 return output k coordinate
                 coordinate_idx+=1
             # Find each farthest pair of fastmap_data
             Oa idx, Ob idx = find farthest pair(fastmap wordlist, fastmap data)
             # Calculate the coordinate for each iteration
             for obj idx in range(1,len(fastmap wordlist)+1):
                 d ai = distance function(Oa idx, obj idx, fastmap data)
                 d_ab = distance_function(Oa_idx, Ob_idx, fastmap_data)
                 d_ib = distance_function(Ob_idx, obj_idx, fastmap_data)
                 x = (d_ai**2+d_ab**2-d_ib**2)/(2*d_ab)
                 output_k_coordinate[obj_idx-1][coordinate_idx]=x
             # Create new distance function which is new fastmap data
             new fastmap data = fastmap data.copy()
             for row in range(len(new_fastmap_data)):
                 D_old = distance_function(new_fastmap_data[row][0],
                                           new_fastmap_data[row][1],
                                           fastmap_data)
                 xi = output_k_coordinate[int(new_fastmap_data[row][0]-1)][coordinate_idx]
                 xj = output k coordinate[int(new fastmap data[row][1]-1)][coordinate idx]
                 new_fastmap_data[row][2] = (D_old**2-(xi-xj)**2)**0.5
             # Call FastMap function again with the input of new fastmap
             FastMap(k-1, new fastmap data, fastmap wordlist, coordinate idx)
             return output_k_coordinate
In [19]: output k coordinate = np.zeros((len(fastmap_wordlist),2)) # k=2
         result = FastMap(2, fastmap_data, fastmap_wordlist, -1)
         result
         /Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.6/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel launche
         r.py:24: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in double scalars
Out[19]: array([[ 3.875
                               5.25
                                         ],
                [ 3.
                              7.75
                                         ],
                            , 4.
                [ 0.
                                         ١,
                [ 1.04166667, 2.5
                                         ],
                [ 2.45833333, 1.
                                         ],
                        , 4.
                [ 9.5
                                         ],
                [ 2.45833333, 8.
                                         1,
                        , 0.25
                                        1,
                [ 2.45833333, 0.
                                        1,
                        , 4.
                ſ12.
                                        ]])
```

```
In [21]: x = result[:,0]
y = result[:,1]
plt.plot(x,y,'o')
for xx,yy,word in zip(x,y,fastmap_wordlist):
    plt.annotate(word,(xx,yy))
```

