```
In [1]: ! pip3 install Pillow
        Requirement already satisfied: Pillow in /Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.6/lib/
        python3.6/site-packages (8.0.1)
        WARNING: You are using pip version 19.1.1, however version 20.2.4 is available.
        You should consider upgrading via the 'pip install --upgrade pip' command.
In [2]: import csv
        import os
        from PIL import Image
        import numpy as np
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        import random
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [3]: | test_down_labels = []
        with open('downgesture_test.list.txt') as f:
            file = csv.reader(f)
            for line in file:
                test down labels.append(line[0])
        len(test down labels)
Out[3]: 83
In [4]: train down labels = []
        with open('downgesture_train.list.txt') as f:
            file = csv.reader(f)
            for line in file:
                train_down_labels.append(line[0])
        len(train_down_labels)
Out[4]: 184
In [5]: data path = '/Users/leo/Desktop/Analytics/2020 Fall/DSCI552/HW5_1028due/gestures'
```

read data

```
In [6]: def read imgs(data path, labels):
            all_files = os.listdir(data_path)
            imgs_data = []
            imgs_label = []
            for folder in all_files:
                folder_path = os.path.join(data_path, folder)
                 # check if it is foler
                 if os.path.isdir(folder path):
                     all_imgs = os.listdir(folder_path)
                     for img_name in all_imgs:
                         name = 'gestures/'+folder+'/'+img_name
                         if name in labels:
                             img_path = os.path.join(folder_path,img_name)
                             img = Image.open(img path)
                             img_bytes = np.array(img)
                             img_gray_scale = img_bytes/255
                             imgs_data.append(img_gray_scale.flatten())
                             if 'down' in name:
                                 imgs_label.append(1)
                             else:
                                 imgs label.append(0)
            return np.array(imgs_data), np.array(imgs_label)
```

Forward Propagation

```
In [8]: # Initialize a network
         def initialize_NN(n_inputs, n_hidden, n_outputs):
             network = []
             np.random.seed(0)
             hidden layer = np.random.randint(-100,100, size=(n inputs+1,n hidden))/10000
             network.append(hidden_layer)
             np.random.seed(0)
             output_layer = np.random.randint(-100,100, size=(n_hidden+1,n_outputs))/10000
             network.append(output_layer)
             return network
In [9]: def calculate_activation(w, inputs):
             s = inputs.dot(w)
In [10]: def sigmoid(s):
             return 1/(1+np.exp(-s))
In [11]: # Forward propagate input to a network output
         def forward_propagate(network, row):
             inputs = row
             output_list = []
             for layer in network:
                 s = inputs.dot(layer)
                 new_inputs = sigmoid(s)
                 output_list.append(new_inputs)
                 inputs = np.insert(new_inputs,0,1)
             return new_inputs, output_list
```

Back Propagate

```
In [16]: def backpropagate(yhat, output_list, xi, yi, NN):
    delta = 2*(yhat-yi)*(yhat*(1-yhat))
    deltaj = (yhat*(1-yhat))*NN[1]*delta
    deltaj = np.delete(deltaj,0)
    NN[0] = NN[0] - 0.1*xi.reshape(-1,1)*deltaj
    xj = np.insert(output_list[0],0,1)
    NN[1] = NN[1] - 0.1*delta*xj.reshape(-1,1)
    return NN
```

Model train

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In [18]: NN = train(Xtrain ,ytrain, 1000)
```

Predict test data

```
In [19]: def predict(NN, Xtest, ytest, threshold):
             y_pred_list = []
             for xi, yi in zip(Xtest, ytest):
                 yhat, output_list = forward_propagate(NN, xi)
                 if yhat > threshold:
                     y_pred_list.append(1)
                 else:
                     y_pred_list.append(0)
             acc = accuracy_score(ytest, y_pred_list)
             return y_pred_list, acc
In [20]: test_imgs_data, test_imgs_label = read_imgs(data_path, test_down_labels)
         ytest = test_imgs_label
         Xtest = np.concatenate((np.ones((len(test_imgs_data),1)), test_imgs_data), axis=1)
         y_pred_list, acc = predict(NN, Xtest, ytest, 0.5)
         np.array(y_pred_list), acc
Out[20]: (array([1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 1,\ 1,\ 1,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 1,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,\ 0,
                 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
                 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0]), 0.8148148148148148)
In [ ]:
```