

Date: / /

統計學練習

e.g

P	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
0.5	0.5000	0.3750	0.2440	0.1755	0.1329
1.0	0.3750	0.2440	0.1755	0.1329	0.1008
2.0	0.2440	0.1755	0.1329	0.1008	0.0770
3.0	0.1755	0.1329	0.1008	0.0770	0.0580
4.0	0.1329	0.1008	0.0770	0.0580	0.0429

Ch4.6. (1) 是, 當金幣的 A101270006 企業 = 甲王律師

$$(2) X \sim B(10, 0.5), P(X=6) = 1 - P(X \leq 5) = 1 - 0.621 = 0.379$$

$$(3) P(X \leq 4) = 0.377$$

$$34. P(X=k) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^k}{k!}$$

$$P(X=k) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^k}{k!} = e^{-\lambda} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\lambda^k}{k!}$$

$$2 \text{ 個月} \rightarrow 1 = e$$

$$10 \text{ 個月} \rightarrow 0.5 = e$$

$$(1) P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-0.5} 0.5^0}{0!} = e^{-0.5} = 0.6065$$

$$(2) P(X \geq 1) = 1 - P(X=0) = 1 - e^{-0.5} = 0.3935$$

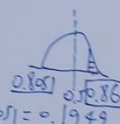
35. 令  $X$  為 10 呎寬、100 呎長的王瑞氣泡理紙的長度, 則  $X \sim P(0.01)$

$$(1) P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-0.01} 0.01^0}{0!} = 0.9900$$

$$(2) P(X=2) = \frac{e^{-0.01} 0.01^2}{2!} = 0.00005$$

39. 令  $X$  為上列長度, 則  $X \sim N(1.5, 1.5^2)$

$$P(X > 8) = P\left(\frac{X-1.5}{1.5} > \frac{8-1.5}{1.5}\right) = P(Z > 4.33) = 1 - 0.9999 = 0.0001$$

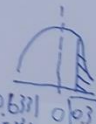


Ch5. 8. (1)  $P(X > 15) = P\left(\frac{X-11.2}{\sqrt{5.1}} > \frac{15-11.2}{\sqrt{5.1}}\right)$

$$= P(Z > 1.4) = 1 - P(Z \leq 1.4)$$

$$= 1 - 0.9191$$

$$= 0.0809$$



(2) 由題意知  $n=16$ , 設  $\bar{X}$  為 16 個樣本的平均值, 則  $\bar{X} \sim N(11.2, \frac{5.1}{16})$ , 且  $\frac{\bar{X}-11.2}{\sqrt{5.1/16}} \sim N(0,1)$

$$P(\bar{X} > 15) = P\left(\frac{\bar{X}-11.2}{\sqrt{5.1/16}} > \frac{15-11.2}{\sqrt{5.1/16}}\right) = P(Z > 3.11) = 1 - P(Z \leq 3.11)$$

$$= 1 - 0.9991$$

$$= 0.0009$$