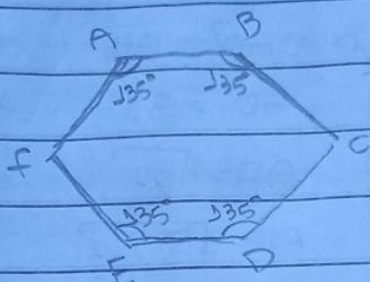
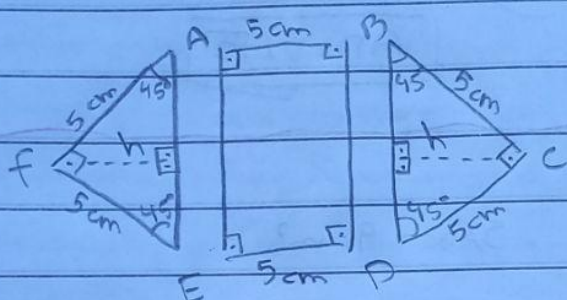


Tarefa Básica - Aula 1

1.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Soma dos ângulos internos} &= (n-2) \cdot 180^\circ \\ &= (6-2) \cdot 180^\circ \\ &= 720^\circ \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} A+B+D+E = 540^\circ \\ F+C = 180^\circ \end{array} \right.$$



$$AE^2 = 5^2 + 5^2$$

$$AE = \sqrt{50}$$

$$AE = \sqrt{2 \cdot 5^2}$$

$$AE = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \overline{) 250} \\ 25 \\ \hline 50 \\ 50 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{sen } 45^\circ = \frac{h}{5}$$

$$S_{ABDE} = 5\sqrt{2} \cdot 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$S_{ABDE} = 25\sqrt{2} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{h}{5}$$

$$S_{AEF} = \frac{(5\sqrt{2}) \cdot \left(\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)}{2}$$

$$2h = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$h = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$S_{AEF} = \frac{25\sqrt{4}}{2}$$

$$S_{ABCDEF} = 25\sqrt{2} + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{25}{2}\right)$$

$$S_{AEF} = \frac{50}{2}$$

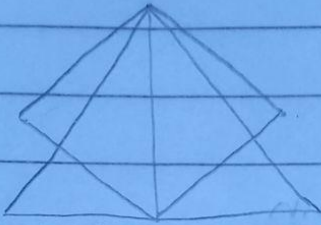
$$= 25\sqrt{2} + 25$$

$$= 25(\sqrt{2} + 1) \text{ cm}^2$$

$$S_{AEF} = \frac{25 \text{ cm}^2}{2}$$



2.



$$S_{\Delta} = 16\sqrt{3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{l^2 \cdot \sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$16\sqrt{3} = \frac{l^2 \sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$l = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$l = \frac{8\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$64\sqrt{3} = l^2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$l^2 = 64$$

$$l = 8 \text{ m}$$

$$l = 4\sqrt{3} = d$$

$$d = l\sqrt{2}$$

$$4\sqrt{3} = l\sqrt{2}$$

$$l = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$l = \frac{4\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

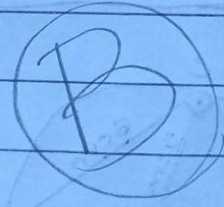
$$l = 2\sqrt{6}$$

$$S_{\square} = l^2$$

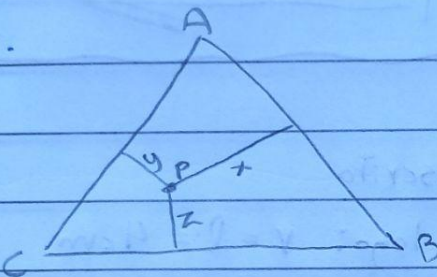
$$S_{\square} = (2\sqrt{6})^2$$

$$S_{\square} = 4 \cdot 6$$

$$S_{\square} = 24 \text{ m}^2$$



3.



$$S_{APB} + S_{BPC} + S_{APC} = S_{ABC} = \sqrt{3}$$

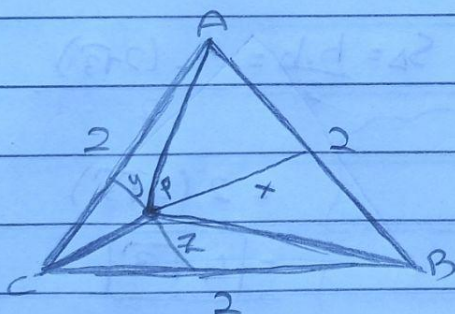
$$S_{APB} = \frac{2 \cdot x}{2}$$

$$S_{BPC} = \frac{2 \cdot z}{2}$$

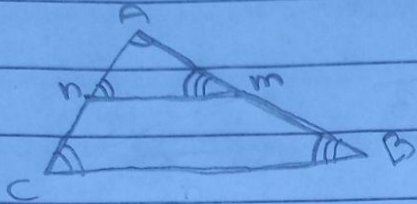
$$S_{APC} = \frac{2 \cdot y}{2}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} + \frac{2z}{2} + \frac{2y}{2} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$x + z + y = \sqrt{3}$$



4.



$$S_{ABC} = 96 \text{ m}^2$$

$$mn = \frac{1}{2} BC$$

$$\triangle ABC \sim \triangle Amn$$

$$\frac{S_{Amn}}{S_{ABC}} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$S_{Bmnc} = S_{ABC} - S_{Amn}$$

$$S_{Bmnc} = 96 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 96$$

$$S_{Amn} = \frac{1}{4} S_{ABC}$$

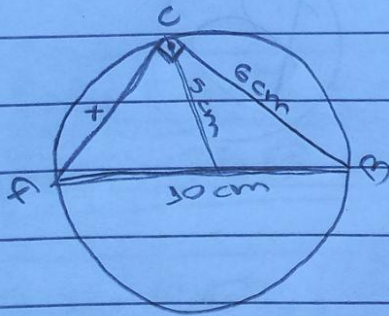
$$S_{Bmnc} = 96 - 24$$

$$S_{Amn} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 96 \text{ m}^2$$

$$S_{Bmnc} = 72 \text{ m}^2$$

$$72 \text{ m}^2$$

5.



$$10^2 = 6^2 + x^2$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

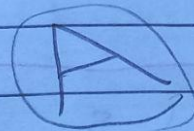
$$100 = 36 + x^2$$

$$x^2 = 64$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{8 \cdot 6}{2}$$

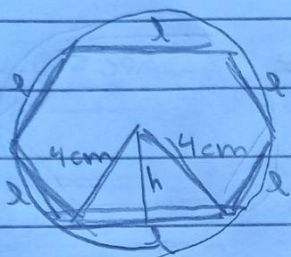
$$x = 8 \text{ cm}$$

$$S_{ABC} = 4 \cdot 6$$



$$S_{ABC} = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

6.



Hexágono regular inscrito

na circunferência, logo: $r = l = 4 \text{ cm}$

Quadrado:

$$(4\sqrt{3})^2 = 16 \cdot 3$$

$$48$$

$$2p = \frac{r\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$2p = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{2} = 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{b \cdot h}{2} = \frac{4 \cdot (2\sqrt{3})}{2}$$

$$= 2(2\sqrt{3})$$

$$= 4\sqrt{3}$$