

15.11: STORING THE FRIEND RELATIONSHIP



Contributed by [Chuck Severance](#)
Clinical Associate Professor (School of Information) at [University of Michigan](#)

Once we know the key value for both the Twitter user and the friend in the JSON, it is a simple matter to insert the two numbers into the `Follows` table with the following code:

```
cur.execute('INSERT OR IGNORE INTO Follows (from_id, to_id) VALUES (?, ?)',
            (id, friend_id) )
```

Notice that we let the database take care of keeping us from "double-inserting" a relationship by creating the table with a uniqueness constraint and then adding `OR IGNORE` to our `INSERT` statement.

Here is a sample execution of this program:

```
Enter a Twitter account, or quit:
No unretrieved Twitter accounts found
Enter a Twitter account, or quit: drchuck
Retrieving http://api.twitter.com/1.1/friends ...
New accounts= 20 revisited= 0
Enter a Twitter account, or quit:
Retrieving http://api.twitter.com/1.1/friends ...
New accounts= 17 revisited= 3
Enter a Twitter account, or quit:
Retrieving http://api.twitter.com/1.1/friends ...
New accounts= 17 revisited= 3
Enter a Twitter account, or quit: quit
```

We started with the `drchuck` account and then let the program automatically pick the next two accounts to retrieve and add to our database.

The following is the first few rows in the `People` and `Follows` tables after this run is completed:

```
People:
(1, 'drchuck', 1)
(2, 'opencontent', 1)
(3, 'lhawthorn', 1)
(4, 'steve_coppin', 0)
(5, 'davidkocher', 0)
55 rows.
Follows:
(1, 2)
(1, 3)
(1, 4)
(1, 5)
(1, 6)
60 rows.
```

You can see the `id`, `name`, and `visited` fields in the `People` table and you see the numbers of both ends of the relationship in the `Follows` table. In the `People` table, we can see that the first three people have been visited and their data has been retrieved. The data in the `Follows` table indicates that `drchuck` (user 1) is a friend to all of the people shown in the first five rows. This makes sense because the first data we retrieved and stored was the Twitter friends of `drchuck`. If you were to print more rows from the `Follows` table, you would see the friends of users 2 and 3 as well.