

UPLB Alumni System: An Online Yearbook and Social Network for UPLB Alumni

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background of the Study

Books have been very useful in storing and disseminating information since papermaking was invented in AD 105 [1]. However, their accessibility is greatly limited due to their physical nature. With today's modern technology, books have been digitized in great quantities through mass digitization projects such as the Google Books Library Project [2] and the Open Content Alliance [3] in an effort to remove the barriers between people and information [4] and to build a permanent archive of multilingual digitized text and multimedia content [5].

Electronic books (eBooks) are one example of the result of digitization, and although newer printed books are simultaneously produced with their digital counterpart, older books will either undergo document scanning and Optical Character Recognition or a total re-encoding of its contents. Digitization of books are not only limited to journals, novels, and other text-heavy materials. Yearbooks, whose contents mainly consist of relevant information on the graduating class and a portrait of each fresh graduates, have also been digitized in Universities [6].

Developing the UPLB Alumni System offers the convenience of accessing information on UPLB Graduates in a single environment. The UPLB Alumni System will not only be a website hosting digitized copy of UPLB yearbooks but will also offer social networking features that will focus on the helping its users establish connections with other UPLB graduates for the expansion of their professional network.

There are already a number of existing career-oriented social networks such as LinkedIn and even more websites for online job postings. Some companies also accept job applications through email. But with the millions of people who have access to these websites and are capable of sending their applications in seconds, recruits also have lesser time to evaluate all of the resumes they receive and so some end up not getting evaluated at all [7].

B. Statement of the Problem

Yearbooks are usually produced in numbers equal to the number of graduates for the academic year, this presents the problem of having a limited number of copies of the book and very limited access to them.

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In most cases, the production of UPLB yearbooks is initiated by the college student councils. Thus, the yearbooks are decentralized. Packages are usually offered to the graduating students. This includes a pictorial session and a copy of the yearbook, costing around 2,000 pesos. Since the publication of yearbooks in UPLB is not officially handled by the University, purchasing of the yearbook is not part of the requirements for graduation. It is entirely up to the student if they will avail of the package offered or not. Choosing the latter would mean that they will not have a photo in the yearbook. Because purchasing of yearbooks is optional, some students choose to either only avail of a copy of the yearbook or to not avail at all. Thus, some graduates are not included in the yearbook.

C. Significance of the Study

The proposed study will focus on bringing information about the 51,882 alumni UPLB have produced (as of March 2014) [8] in a more accessible medium, the Internet, and in the process would make stronger relations among the alumni and to help increase their professional network. By bringing features that will make professional relations easier such as recommending a person to a company or advertising vacant position in the user's current company, UPLB Alumni System will not only serve as a database for alumni information but also offer career-oriented networking. UPLB Alumni System will also address the problem of having too much competing CVs when applying for jobs by using recommendations from other users as leverage. The system will also provide another study, the Graduate Tracker system, with updated information from active users

D. Objectives

The main objective of the study is to develop a web application that is accessible only to UPLB graduates. The following are the specific objectives:

- 1) To use the Application Programming Interface (API) of the Office of Student Affairs Management (OSAM) System to create an initial profile for each alumni
- 2) To allow the users to create connections with other users
- 3) To implement a smart-suggest feature to notify the user of possible connections of interest based on the user's details, such as course, majors, organizations, etc.
- 4) To create UPLB Alumni System's own API so that other systems will have access to some of the functionalities and data from the it.

E. Scope and Limitation

The UPLB Alumni System will be available to UPLB graduates and it will focus on work-related information (i.e. current workplace, employment history) of the said individuals. The UPLB Alumni System will not cater to UPLB undergraduates and people who have not finished any degree in the university.

II. REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

Social networks are made up of group of people that interact with each other to achieve certain goals [9]. These goals have a wide array of categories to fall onto, such as language learning, sharing of experiences, work collaborations, etc. Together with the rise of the Internet, web-based social networks have sprung out. And by utilizing the services that the Internet offered as its medium, web-based social networks have had a further reach in connecting people –even transcending geographic borders (comScore, Inc, 2007). More and more social networking websites have also surfaced each having a different focus such as on microblogging, photo and video sharing, green living and social activism, and many more.

Of the many web-based social networks available to date, Facebook still tops the list with the most monthly active users at 1.35 billion monthly active users as of September 30, 2014 [10], followed by Google+ at 540 million [11], Twitter with 284 million monthly active users [12], Instagram with 200 million [13] and LinkedIn with 187 million [14]. Among the top 5 social networking websites who cater towards the general idea of networking, microblogging, and media sharing, LinkedIn stands out by focusing on business and professional networking.

According to a study conducted across the United States by Achievers (formerly I Love Rewards) on the graduating class of 2012, 35% plan to utilize LinkedIn as their top social media platform to look for a job [15]. This figure increased by 29 percent on their latest comprehensive survey on the graduating class of 2013 [16]. Possibly one reason for the gaining popularity of LinkedIn and one of the advantage in using similar professional networking services is that, with the public availability of the information provided by the users for their resume, claims written in the users resume require greater honesty especially on verifiable information and less on unverifiable information. Compared to people using a traditional resume, it is the opposite of the previous scenario, those who made and used traditional resumes lied more on verifiable information and less on unverifiable information, presumably because there is lesser risk of being caught and information deemed important by both the applicant and the employer such as work history are verifiable. [17]

With the rate of unemployment in the country at 7.5 percent, and underemployment rate at 19.5 percent, it is not a surprise if some people would alter information presented in their resume to be more appealing towards the employer. [18]

Another popular practice that gained momentum during the recent years is Job Hopping. Job hopping is the term used when an employee does not stay in the company for longer than a year or two. A survey conducted by CareerBuilder among 2,138 hiring managers and Human Resources (HR)

professionals, and 3022 workers showed that more than 55 percent of employers hired a job hopper and 32 percent said that they are expecting workers to job hop [19]. Another study by The Marketers Forum found that 42 percent left their jobs after 18 months since starting, and 20 percent quit after just six months. The respondents reason for quitting their job quickly revolved around not being able to progress up the career ladder fast enough. Many also used their first job to try out the industry and 15 percent of them realized that they had picked the wrong career [20].

Some Universities that have Online Copies of their Digitized Yearbooks

- 1) University of Maryland
 - The University Archives of the University of Maryland contains digitized copies of yearbooks dating from 1897 and are available for online viewing and for download in Portable Document Format (PDF). [21]
- 2) University of Pennsylvania: Penn
 - The website of the University's University Archives and Records Center offers downloadable copies of their undergraduate yearbooks. Twentieth century yearbooks are available in 10 year bundles, and while earlier yearbooks of the nineteenth century are also available, copies of yearbooks for each year since 1863 are not all available. [22]
- 3) University of Iowa
 - The University of Iowa Libraries hosts digitized copies of the University's Hawkeye yearbook. Yearbooks published from 1892–1992 are available for online viewing only. [23]
- 4) University of Delaware
 - The University of Delaware Libraries has a collection of yearbooks published by students of Delaware College and later the University of Delaware. Copies of the yearbooks are available for downloading by chapter. [24]
- 5) Creighton University
 - Copies of Creighton's University yearbook, the Bluejay, are available through Creighton University's online resources. Digitized copies of the yearbooks are hosted by the Internet Archive and is available for online viewing and also for download in multiple formats. [25]
- 6) University of Nebraska
 - The Archives of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln Libraries contains digitized copies of all of the University's yearbooks from 1884 and can be viewed online, with some copies being searchable. [26]

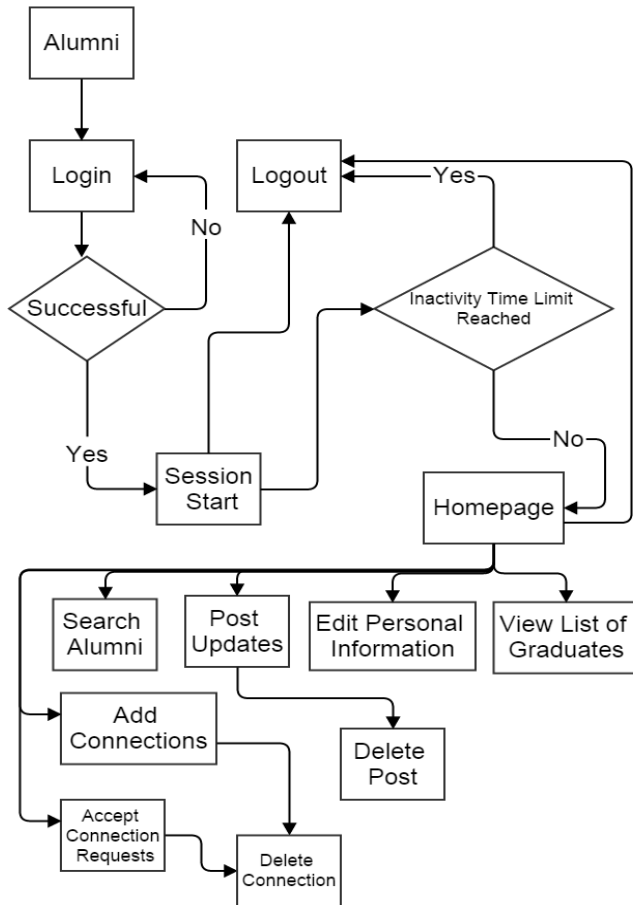


Fig. 1. Alumni Workflow Diagram

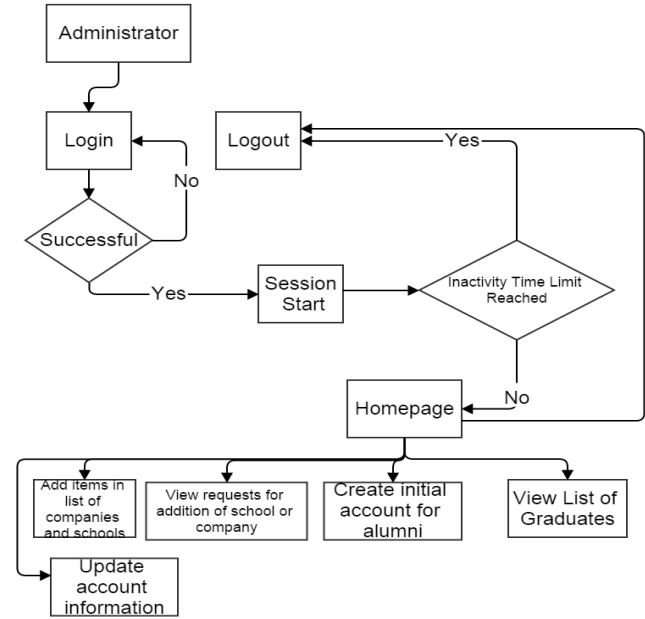


Fig. 2. Administrator Workflow Diagram

1) An Alumni will be able to use the following functionalities of the system:

- Request and/or remove connections with other alumni
- Approve or decline requests of connections from other alumni
- Update personal information
- Change account password
- Post and/or remove updates
- Search and view alumni by:
 - Affiliated Organizations
 - Year of Graduation
 - Workplace
- Request for the addition of a missing school/academy/university in the list of previous schools
- Request for the addition of a company that is not included in the list of companies
- View all UPLB graduates using the yearbook page

2) Administrators of the system will be able to access the following privileges of the system:

- Add a school in the list of schools that users can add as their former school
- Add a company in the list of companies
- Create initial accounts of alumni
- View requests for addition of company or school in respective lists

III. METHODOLOGY

A. Development Tools

In order to implement the system, the following are necessary:

- 1) Programming Language: PHP 5.4.12 will be used as the programming language of the system. PHP is a general-purpose scripting language that is popularly used for web development.
- 2) Database: The database that will be used by system will be MySQL 5.6.12 MySQL is an open-source relational database management system and is currently the database used by the OSAM system. Using the same database as the OSAM system will ensure compatibility and an easier way of accessing information from the OSAM system.
- 3) Front-end Framework: Foundation will be used in building and customizing the front-end of the system.

B. Functional Requirements

The system is to be used by two (2) types of users; the Administrator, and the Alumni. Each user will be given different privileges in using the system.

C. System Design

In creating the System Design, generation of a Unified Modeling Language (UML) diagram was necessary to provide a visual representation of the database that the system will be

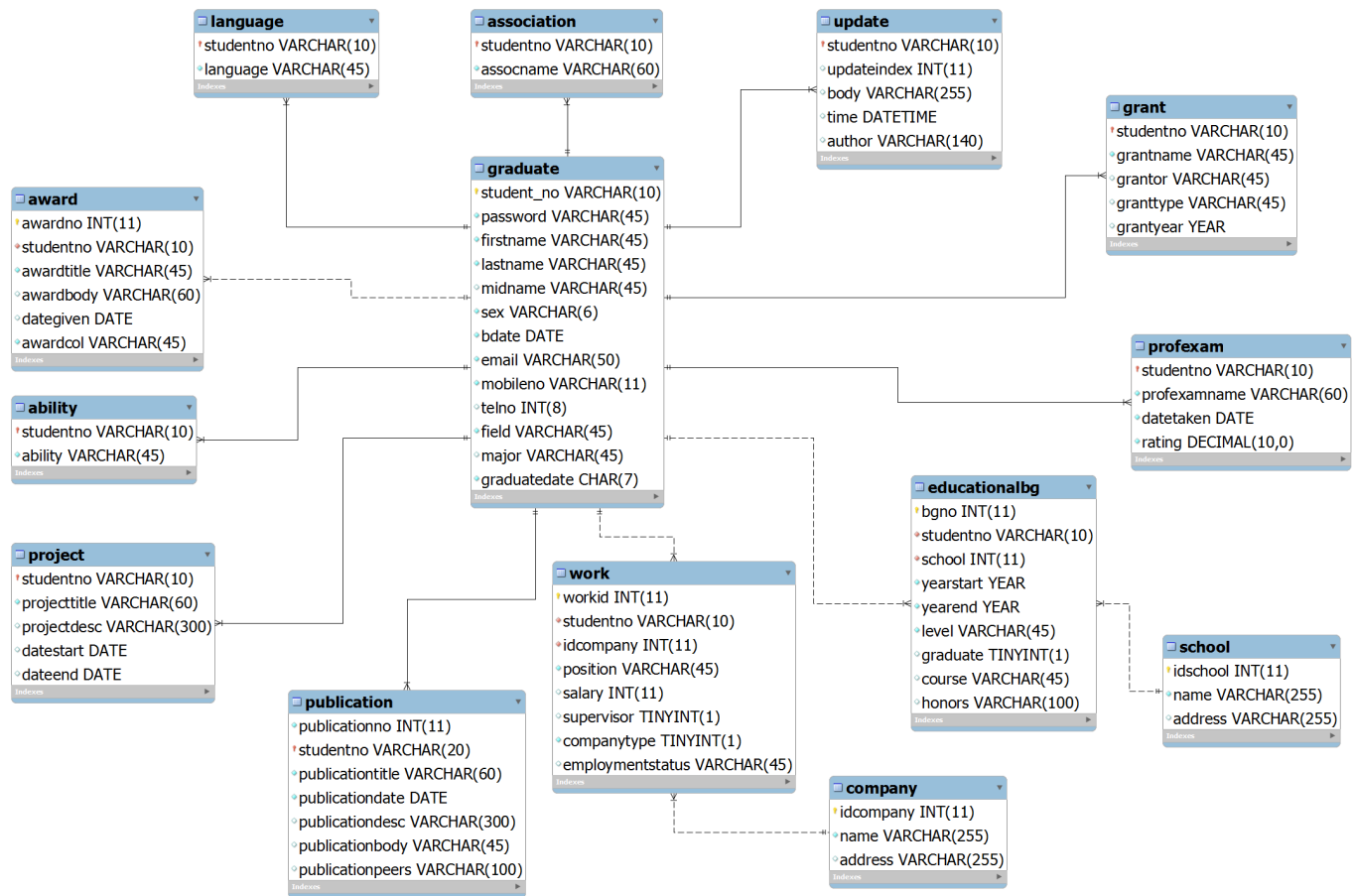


Fig. 3. Unified Modeling Language Class Diagram

using. The UML diagram also shows the connection between the entities in the database as shown in Figure 3.

The Administrator creates the accounts of alumni by using the API of the OSAM system to obtain basic information such as full name, student number, year of graduation, and organizations that the alumnus/alumna is affiliated with. The Alumni can then log in to their initial accounts and will be asked to change their initial password. The Alumni will also be asked to update information such as current workplace, etc. After logging in, an Alumni will be able to post updates in his Homepage that other Alumni in his/her connections list can see. Alumni users will also be able to use the search function of the system to search for people they know, and to limit the scope of their search (e.g., within their affiliated organizations, specified year of graduation, or workplace).

IV. INITIAL RESULTS

Mockup User Interface

The following are mockup designs for the User Interface (UI) of the web site. Shown in Figure 4 is the mockup design for the Login page or the Index page of the website. In this page, people who would want to use the website will have to input their login credentials to gain access to the privileges given to the type of account they have.

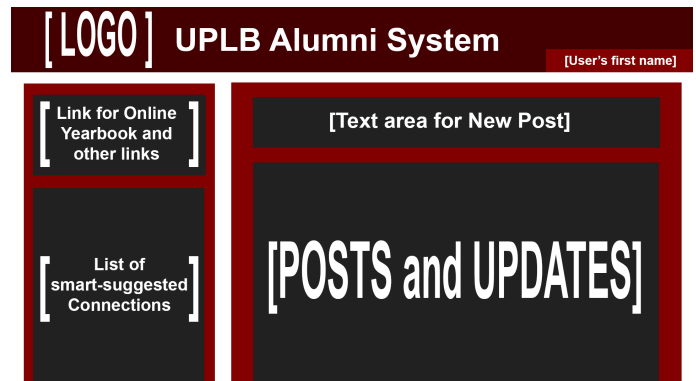


Fig. 5. Alumni Homepage

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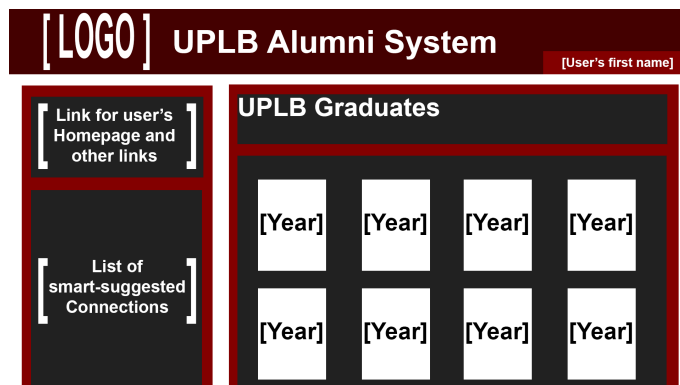


Fig. 6. Yearbook index page

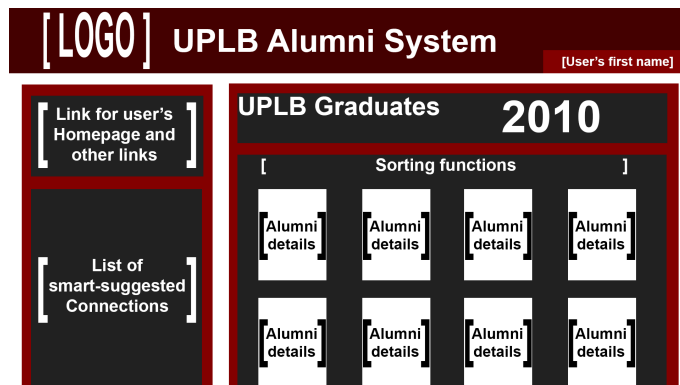


Fig. 7. After selecting a year from the yearbook index page

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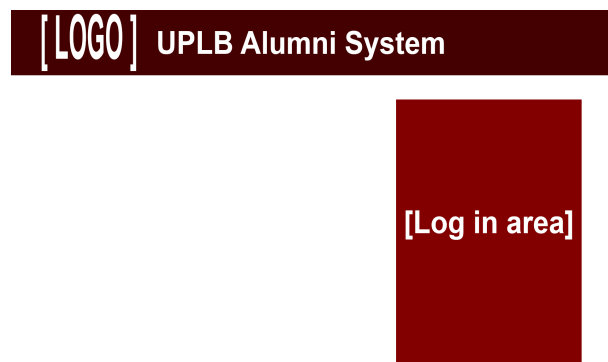


Fig. 4. Login page