

Compte Rendu

TP n°1

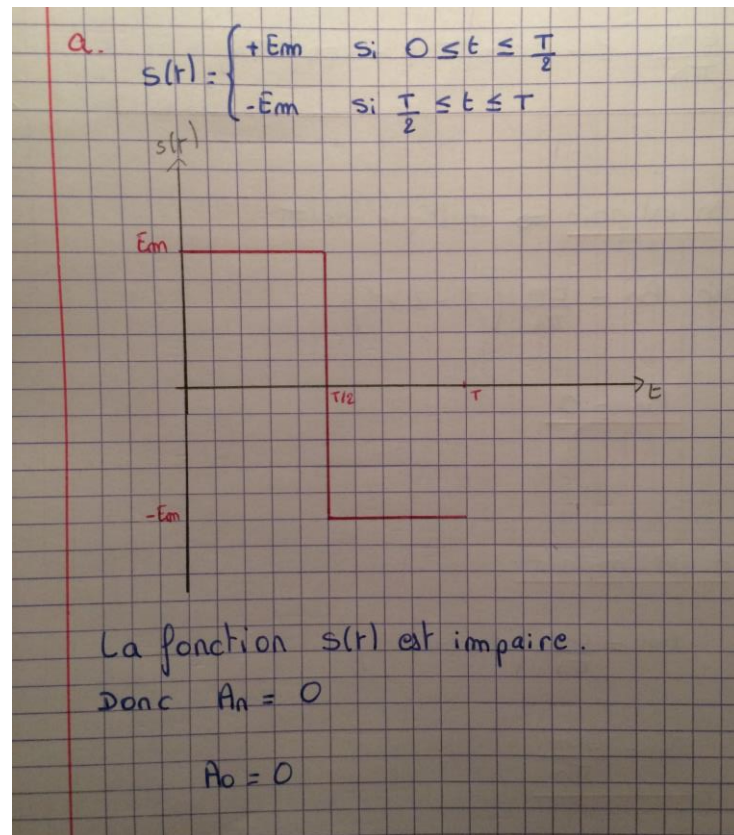
Legris Thomas / Guilpain Léo



2.2 Travail demandé

2.2.1 Préparation

a.



$$B_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T s(t) \sin\left(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t\right) dt$$
$$B_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_0^{T/2} E_m \sin\left(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t\right) dt + \frac{2}{T} \int_{T/2}^T E_m \sin\left(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t\right) dt$$
$$B_n = \frac{2E_m}{T} \left[\frac{-\cos\left(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t\right)}{2\pi \frac{n}{T}} \right]_0^{T/2} + \frac{2E_m}{T} \left[\frac{-\cos\left(2\pi \frac{n}{T} t\right)}{2\pi \frac{n}{T}} \right]_{T/2}^T$$
$$B_n = \frac{2E_m}{T} \left(\frac{-\cos(\pi n)}{2\pi \frac{n}{T}} + \frac{1}{2\pi \frac{n}{T}} - \frac{\cos(\pi n)}{2\pi \frac{n}{T}} + \frac{\cos(2\pi n)}{2\pi \frac{n}{T}} \right)$$
$$B_n = \frac{E_m}{\pi n} \left(1 - 2\cos(\pi n) + \cos(2\pi n) \right)$$

Si n est pair \Rightarrow multiple de π

$$\text{Donc } B_n = \frac{Em}{\pi n} (1 - 2 + 1)$$

$$\underline{B_n = 0}$$

Si n est impair:

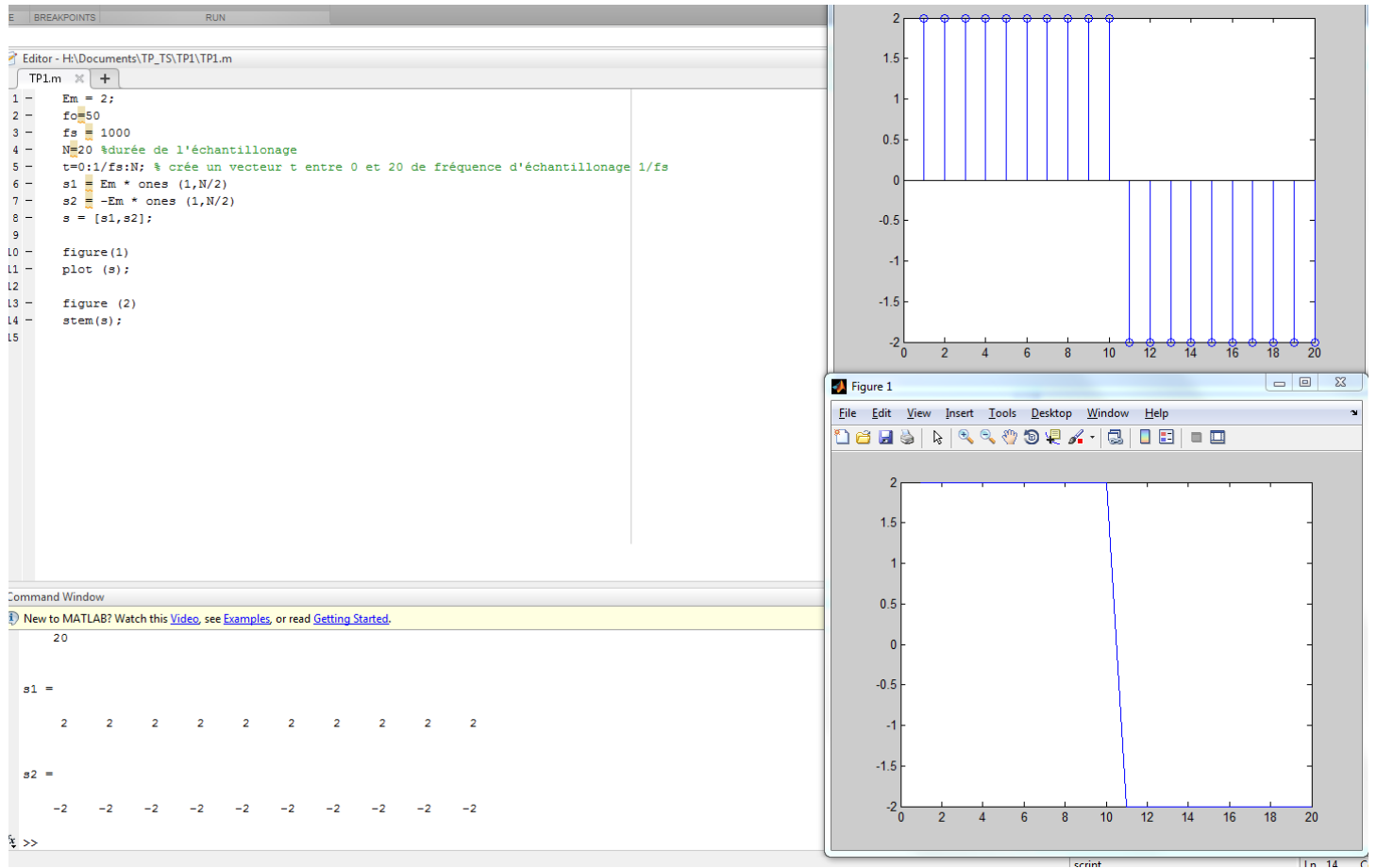
$$B_n = \frac{Em}{\pi n} (1 - (-2) + 1)$$

$$\underline{B_n = \frac{4Em}{\pi n}}$$

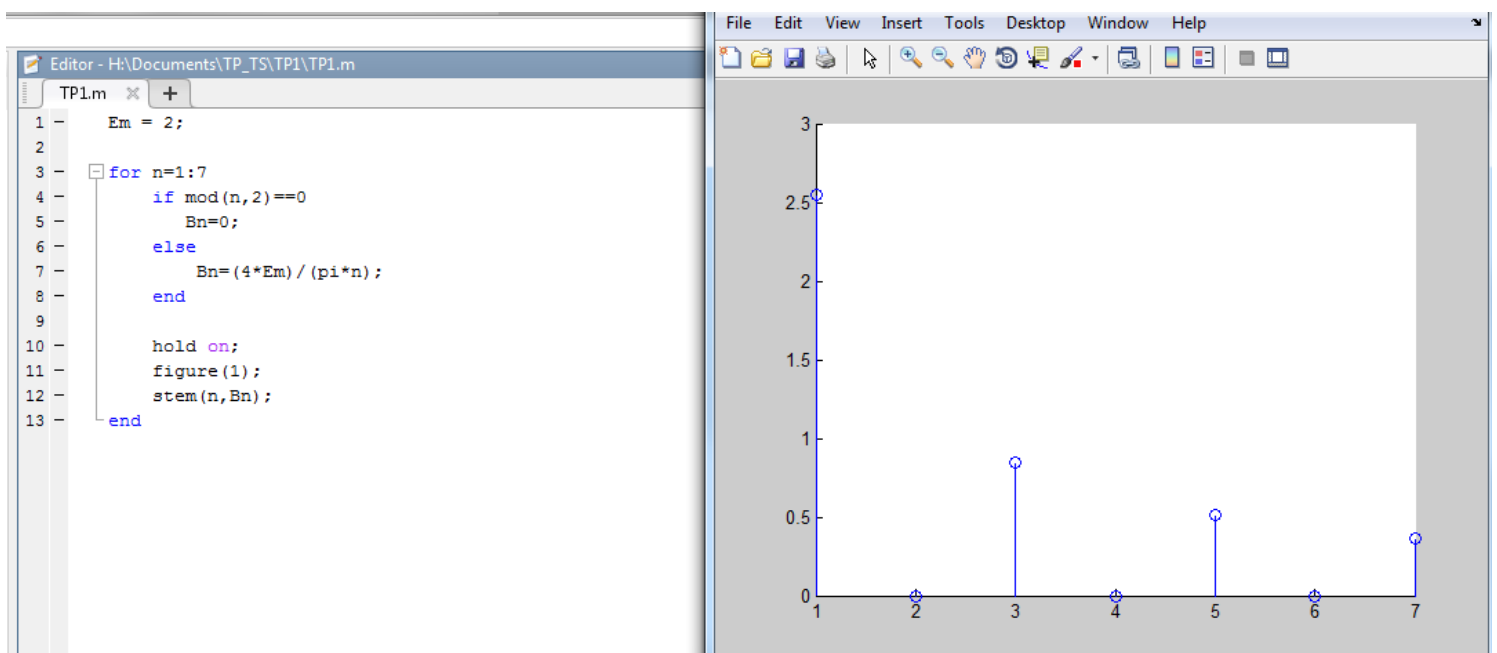
b.

2.2.2 Manipulation

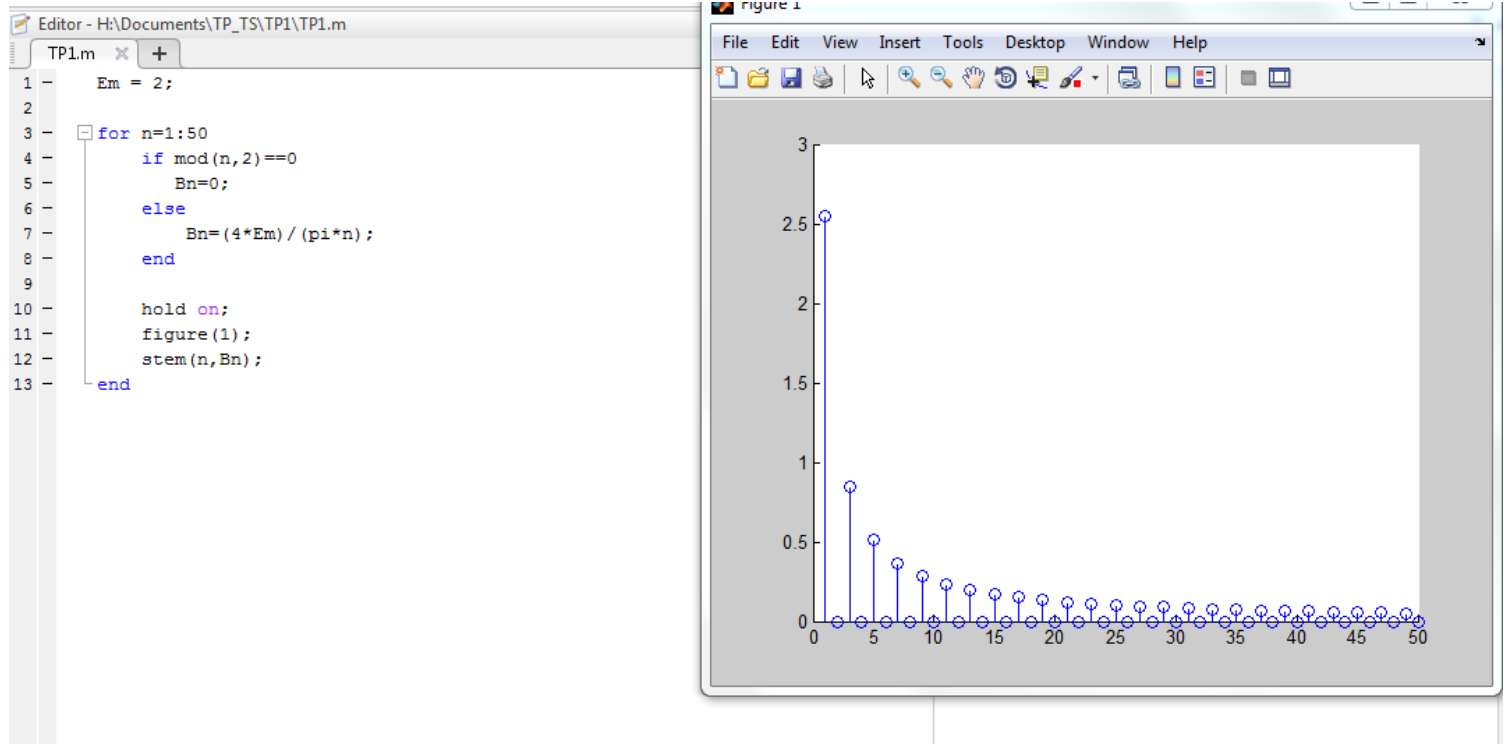
a & b.



c.



d. On a fait varier N en le faisant passer de 7 à 50. La courbe est plus précise.



e.

