# Introduction:

- Since 1980s

- reliable, clean, cumbersome

- precisely and quickly
- Puma 260, Scara, Speedy and Puma 560

# Different fields:

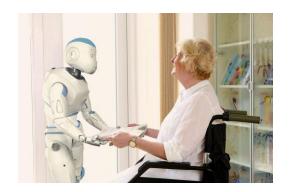
## **Surgical precision:**

- better precision
- smaller accurate incisions



#### Robotic assistance:

- control with remote control
- interact and check
- reduce home visits



#### **Telemedical Network:**

- don't access medical services
- use tablet to communicate
- better treatments

## The powers of Exoskeletons:

- help paralyzed people
- nurses lift elderly person



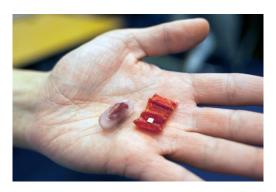
#### **Disinfectant Robots in Healthcare:**

- infection during operation
- use the high intensity ultraviolet light
- reduce workload

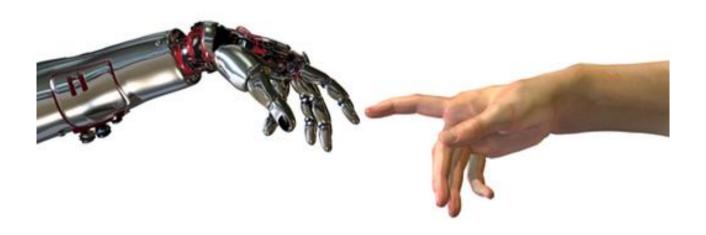


## Robots come in all shapes and sizes:

- capsule
- swallow
- dissolves in the patient's stomach



# **Bionic prosthesis**



## **History**

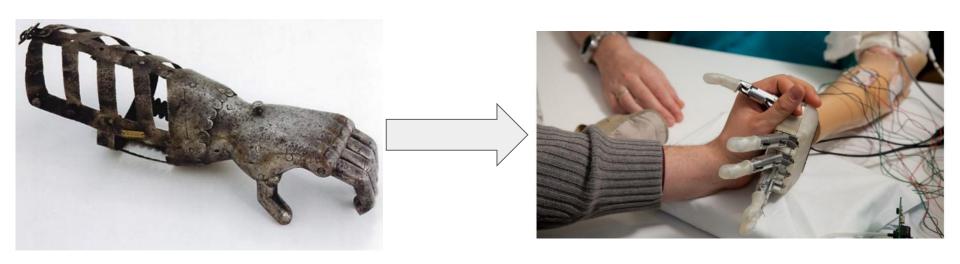
Prosthetics have not been invented recently, indeed the oldest is an Egyptian toe prosthesis.

#### **Problem:**

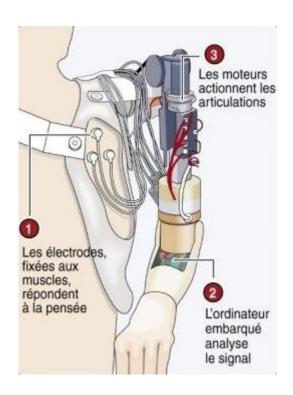
But these prostheses perform only limited functions.



## **Development**



#### **Principle of bionic prosthesis:**



The bionic prosthesis is connected to the muscles and the nerves in the amputee member.

The contraction of muscle send electronic signals to the motors of the prosthesis.

Other prostheses are controlled by mind, electrodes are placed on the muscles, they are activated and create the motion.

# Usage

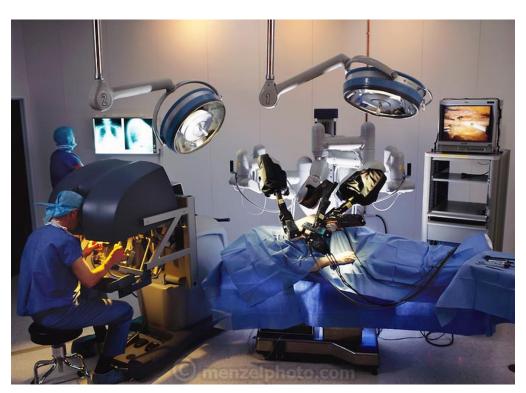
Daily movements



Sport



# The Prostatectomy by Iaparoscopy and Da Vinci robot

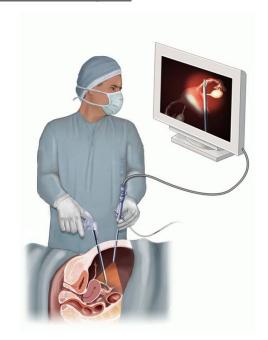


## **Definitions**

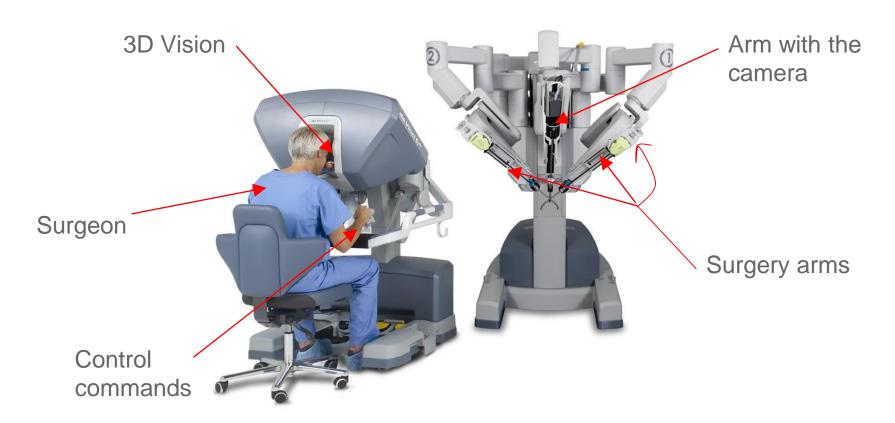
#### **Prostatectomy:**

Prostatectomy involves surgical removal of the prostate. This procedure is indicated for the treatment of localized or locally advanced prostate cancer.

#### Laparoscopy: 2D vision

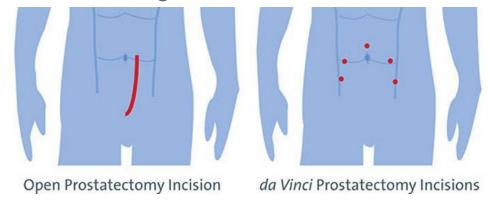


# Description of the robot



# **Advantages**

- Accuracy
- The articulation of the instruments, (7 degrees of freedom, against 2 without this robot)
- Elimination of the eventual tremor of the surgeon's hand
- 3D vision
- Fewer scars after operation



## Disadvantage



an increase of 2000 € per operation for the hospital center

# Conclusion:

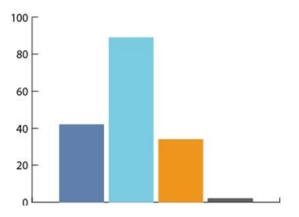
#### Ethical issue:

- If the machine arm has a problem and hits someone, who have wrong?

The arm or the person?

#### Social issue:

People don't have complete confidence towards robots :



- The evolution of robots will increase the number of unemployment?

## Technological limitations:

- If there is a problem during surgery, robots don't have the same reactions that humans. So they can be dangerous.

- For long surgery, robots have not a sufficient battery life yet.