

Lecture 3

16/05/2018 [W]

3.1 More Numbers (100+)

	10s	100s	1000s	10,000s
	[n]- juu ni-juu	[n]- hyaku ni-hyaku	[n]- sen ni-sen	[n]- man ni-man
Exceptions				
1x	juu	hyaku	sen	ichi-man
3x	-	san-byaku	sanzen	-
6x	-	roppyaku	-	-
8x	-	happyaku	hassen	-

3.2 Talking About Things

	Japanese	English	Situation
Kore	wa <i>Noun</i> desu.	This is <i>Noun</i> .	You are close.
Sore	wa <i>Noun</i> desu.	This is <i>Noun</i> .	They are close.
Are	wa <i>Noun</i> desu.	This is <i>Noun</i> .	Neither you nor them are close.
Dore	wa <i>Noun</i> desu.	Which is <i>Noun</i> .	-
Kono Noun1	wa <i>Noun2</i> desu.	This <i>Noun1</i> is <i>Noun2</i> .	You are close.
Sono Noun1	wa <i>Noun2</i> desu.	This <i>Noun1</i> is <i>Noun2</i> .	They are close.
Ano Noun1	wa <i>Noun2</i> desu.	This <i>Noun1</i> is <i>Noun2</i> .	Neither you nor them are close.
Dono Noun1	wa <i>Noun2</i> desu.	Which <i>Noun1</i> is <i>Noun2</i> .	-

Examples

- *Kore wa tokee desu.* — *This is a watch.*
- *Kono booshi wa ni-sen-en desu.* — *This watch is 2000 yen.*
- *Dono kaban wa ikura desu ka.* — *How much does that bag cost?*

3.3 More Terms

Japanese	English
Ikura	How much
Dare	Who
Donato	Who (formal)

Ex. *Kanojo wa dare desu ka.* — *Who is she?*

3.4 Double Consonants

- Double consonants are replaced with a small tsu (っ).
- **Ex.** Kitte (Postal Stamp) = きって.

3.5 Double Vowels

- ee: Represent second *e* using i (い).
- oo: Represent second *o* using u (う).
- **Note:** There are exceptions.

Examples

- Sensee (teacher) = せんせい.
- Ohayoo (good morning) = おはよう.