Aircraft Risk Analysis

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Business Understanding

Overview

The company plans to diversify its portfolio by entering the aviation industry, focusing on acquiring and operating airplanes for commercial and private clients. This project involves analyzing aviation accident data obtained from Kaggle to identify aircraft with the lowest risk profile. By conducting a descriptive analysis of factors such as accident frequency, severity, and related variables, the study will provide insights into which aircraft present the least safety, financial, and operational risks. This analysis will guide the company's decision-making process in selecting the most suitable airplanes for purchase.

Business Problem

To reduce safety and financial liabilities in aircraft operations, the company can focus on selecting the safest and most reliable airplane models. This project aims to:

- 1. Identify airplane models with minimal risk profiles
- 2. Analyze the severity and frequency of aviation accidents.
- 3. Examine factors contributing to these accidents.
- 4. Offer data-driven recommendations for choosing the most suitable airplanes.

Doing so will help the company to make informed decisions on which airplanes to purchase.

Data Understanding

The aviation accident dataset sourced from Kaggle originally obtained from the National Transportation Safety Board contains comprehensive records of airplane accidents. Each accident is uniquely identified by its 'Accident Number' and includes key details such as the date, location, aircraft make and model, and injury severity. Additionally, the dataset records factors such as weather conditions and the

flight phase, enabling a thorough analysis of accident patterns, risk factors, and the relationships between aircraft models, accident severity, and environmental influences.

```
In [1]:
          # Import standard packages
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
          %matplotlib inline
          # Load dataset
In [2]:
          aviation_data = pd.read_csv('data/Aviation_Data.csv', low_memory=False)
          aviation_data.head()
                   Event.Id Investigation.Type Accident.Number Event.Date
                                                                             Location Country
                                                                                                Latitude Longitude Airport.Code Airport.Name
Out[2]:
                                                                1948-10-
                                                                              MOOSE
                                                                                        United
         0 20001218X45444
                                     Accident
                                                  SEA87LA080
                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                              NaN
                                                                                                                           NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                      24
                                                                            CREEK, ID
                                                                                        States
                                                                1962-07-
                                                                         BRIDGEPORT.
                                                                                        United
         1 20001218X45447
                                     Accident
                                                  LAX94LA336
                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                              NaN
                                                                                                                           NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                     19
                                                                                  CA
                                                                                        States
                                                                1974-08-
                                                                                        United
         2 20061025X01555
                                     Accident
                                                  NYC07LA005
                                                                           Saltville, VA
                                                                                               36.922223 -81.878056
                                                                                                                           NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                      30
                                                                                        States
                                                                1977-06-
                                                                                        United
                                                  LAX96LA321
                                                                           EUREKA, CA
         3 20001218X45448
                                     Accident
                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                              NaN
                                                                                                                           NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                      19
                                                                                        States
                                                                1979-08-
                                                                                        United
         4 20041105X01764
                                     Accident
                                                   CHI79FA064
                                                                           Canton, OH
                                                                                                   NaN
                                                                                                              NaN
                                                                                                                           NaN
                                                                                                                                         NaN
                                                                      02
                                                                                        States
        5 rows × 31 columns
          aviation_data.info()
In [3]:
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 90348 entries, 0 to 90347
         Data columns (total 31 columns):
             Column
                                        Non-Null Count Dtype
```

```
0
                                     88889 non-null object
             Event.Id
             Investigation. Type
                                     90348 non-null
                                                     obiect
         1
             Accident.Number
                                     88889 non-null object
         3
             Event.Date
                                     88889 non-null object
                                     88837 non-null object
             Location
                                     88663 non-null object
             Country
                                     34382 non-null object
             Latitude
         7
             Longitude
                                     34373 non-null object
             Airport.Code
                                     50249 non-null object
         9
             Airport.Name
                                     52790 non-null object
             Injury.Severity
         10
                                     87889 non-null object
         11 Aircraft.damage
                                     85695 non-null object
         12 Aircraft.Category
                                     32287 non-null object
         13 Registration.Number
                                     87572 non-null object
         14 Make
                                     88826 non-null object
         15 Model
                                     88797 non-null object
         16 Amateur.Built
                                     88787 non-null object
         17 Number.of.Engines
                                     82805 non-null float64
         18 Engine. Type
                                     81812 non-null object
         19 FAR.Description
                                     32023 non-null object
                                     12582 non-null object
         20 Schedule
         21 Purpose.of.flight
                                     82697 non-null object
         22 Air.carrier
                                     16648 non-null object
         23 Total.Fatal.Injuries
                                     77488 non-null float64
                                    76379 non-null float64
         24 Total.Serious.Injuries
         25 Total.Minor.Injuries
                                     76956 non-null float64
         26 Total.Uninjured
                                     82977 non-null float64
         27 Weather.Condition
                                     84397 non-null object
         28 Broad.phase.of.flight
                                     61724 non-null object
         29 Report.Status
                                     82508 non-null object
         30 Publication.Date
                                     73659 non-null object
        dtypes: float64(5), object(26)
        memory usage: 21.4+ MB
         aviation data.shape
In [4]:
Out[4]: (90348, 31)
         aviation data.columns
In [5]:
Out[5]: Index(['Event.Id', 'Investigation.Type', 'Accident.Number', 'Event.Date',
                'Location', 'Country', 'Latitude', 'Longitude', 'Airport.Code',
               'Airport.Name', 'Injury.Severity', 'Aircraft.damage',
               'Aircraft.Category', 'Registration.Number', 'Make', 'Model',
               'Amateur.Built', 'Number.of.Engines', 'Engine.Type', 'FAR.Description',
                'Schedule', 'Purpose.of.flight', 'Air.carrier', 'Total.Fatal.Injuries',
               'Total.Serious.Injuries', 'Total.Minor.Injuries', 'Total.Uninjured',
               'Weather.Condition', 'Broad.phase.of.flight', 'Report.Status',
```

380.000000

699.000000

```
'Publication.Date'], dtype='object')
```

In [6]: aviation_data.describe()

Out[6]:			Total.Fatal.Injuries	Total.Serious.Injuries	Total.Minor.Injuries	Total.Uninjured
	count	82805.000000	77488.000000	76379.000000	76956.000000	82977.000000
	mean	1.146585	0.647855	0.279881	0.357061	5.325440
	std	0.446510	5.485960	1.544084	2.235625	27.913634
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	25%	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	50%	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
	75%	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2.000000

349.000000

Data Preparation

8.000000

Data Cleaning

max

161.000000

```
event_id
                                        1
Out[10]:
         investigation type
                                        0
          accident number
                                        1
          event date
                                        1
          location
                                       53
          country
                                      227
          latitude
                                    54501
          longitude
                                    54510
          airport_code
                                    38631
          airport name
                                    36090
          injury_severity
                                      991
         aircraft_damage
                                     3186
          aircraft_category
                                    56601
          registration_number
                                     1318
          make
                                       64
          model
                                       93
          amateur_built
                                      103
          number_of_engines
                                     6075
                                     7058
          engine type
          far description
                                    56867
          schedule
                                    76288
          purpose of flight
                                     6182
          air carrier
                                    72229
          total fatal injuries
                                    11402
          total_serious_injuries
                                    12511
          total minor injuries
                                    11934
          total uninjured
                                     5913
          weather condition
                                     4482
          broad_phase_of_flight
                                    27140
          report status
                                     6362
          publication_date
                                    15219
          dtype: int64
          # Drop rows with null values in the primary key column; 'accident number'
In [11]:
           aviation_data = aviation_data.dropna(subset = ['accident_number'])
In [12]:
          # Check the percentage of mising values for every column
           aviation_data.isna().sum()/len(aviation_data)*100
Out[12]: event_id
                                     0.000000
          investigation type
                                     0.000000
          accident number
                                     0.000000
          event_date
                                     0.000000
          location
                                     0.058517
          country
                                     0.254324
```

latitude

61.330362

```
longitude
                                    61.340490
          airport code
                                    43.471411
          airport name
                                    40.611953
          injury severity
                                     1.114074
          aircraft damage
                                     3.584169
          aircraft category
                                    63.693551
          registration_number
                                     1.482057
          make
                                     0.070896
          model
                                     0.103530
          amateur built
                                     0.114783
          number of engines
                                     6.835241
          engine type
                                     7.941438
          far description
                                    63.992888
          schedule
                                    85.847878
          purpose of flight
                                     6.955651
          air carrier
                                    81.280173
          total fatal injuries
                                    12.829862
          total serious injuries
                                    14.077850
          total minor injuries
                                    13,428536
          total uninjured
                                     6.652938
          weather condition
                                     5.042594
          broad_phase_of_flight
                                    30.540270
          report status
                                     7.158210
          publication_date
                                    17.125238
          dtype: float64
          # Drop columns that have more than 35% of their data missing
In [13]:
           drop columns = ['latitude', 'longitude', 'airport code', 'airport name', 'aircraft category', 'far description', 'schedu
                           'air carrier']
          aviation data = aviation data.drop(columns = drop columns)
In [14]:
          # Drop columns that are irrelevant to my analysis
          drop_columns_2 = ['event_id', 'accident_number', 'location', 'country', 'registration_number', 'broad_phase_of_flight',
                             'publication date'l
          aviation data = aviation data.drop(columns = drop columns 2)
In [15]:
          aviation_data.isna().sum()
Out[15]: investigation_type
                                        0
          event date
                                        0
          injury severity
                                      990
          aircraft_damage
                                     3185
          make
                                       63
                                       92
          model
```

```
amateur built
                                      102
         number of engines
                                     6074
         engine type
                                     7057
         purpose of flight
                                     6181
         total fatal injuries
                                    11401
         total serious injuries
                                    12510
         total_minor_injuries
                                    11933
         total uninjured
                                     5912
         weather_condition
                                     4481
         dtype: int64
          # Drop the rows with missing values
In [16]:
          aviation_data = aviation_data.dropna(subset=['make', 'model', 'amateur_built', 'number_of_engines', 'total_fatal_injuries
                                                       'total_serious_injuries', 'total_minor_injuries', 'total_uninjured'])
In [17]:
          # Fill missing values of dtype object columns with 'Unknown'
          aviation data.fillna('Unknown', inplace=True)
          aviation data.isna().sum()
In [18]:
Out[18]: investigation_type
                                    0
         event_date
         injury severity
                                    0
         aircraft damage
                                    0
         make
                                    0
         model
                                    0
         amateur built
                                    0
         number of engines
         engine type
                                    0
         purpose of flight
                                    0
         total_fatal_injuries
                                    0
         total_serious_injuries
         total minor injuries
                                    0
         total uninjured
                                    0
         weather_condition
                                    0
         dtype: int64
          # Format the columns with entries of type string
In [19]:
          columns = ['investigation_type', 'aircraft_damage', 'make', 'amateur_built', 'engine_type', 'purpose_of_flight',
                      'weather_condition']
          for column in columns:
```

```
aviation_data[column] = aviation_data[column].str.strip()
aviation_data[column] = aviation_data[column].str.lower()
```

```
In [20]: # Standardize missing data representations

aviation_data['injury_severity'].replace('unavailable', 'unknown', inplace=True)
aviation_data['engine_type'].replace('unk', 'unknown', inplace=True)
aviation_data['weather_condition'].replace('unk', 'unknown', inplace=True)
aviation_data['model'].replace('unk', 'unknown', inplace=True)
```

```
In [21]: # Create year column for future analysis
aviation_data['year'] = [date[:4] for date in aviation_data['event_date']]
```

```
In [22]: # Reset the index of the dataframe
aviation_data.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
```

In [23]:	aviation_data					
----------	---------------	--	--	--	--	--

Out[23]:	investigation_type	event_date	injury_severity	aircraft_damage	make	model	amateur_built	number_of_engines	engine_type pu
	0 accident	1948-10- 24	Fatal(2)	destroyed	stinson	108-3	no	1.0	reciprocating
	1 accident	1962-07- 19	Fatal(4)	destroyed	piper	PA24- 180	no	1.0	reciprocating
	2 accident	1977-06- 19	Fatal(2)	destroyed	rockwell	112	no	1.0	reciprocating
	3 accident	1981-08- 01	Fatal(4)	destroyed	cessna	180	no	1.0	reciprocating
	4 accident	1982-01- 01	Non-Fatal	substantial	cessna	140	no	1.0	reciprocating
									
6957	74 accident	2022-12- 13	Non-Fatal	substantial	piper	PA42	no	2.0	unknown
6957	75 accident	2022-12- 14	Non-Fatal	substantial	cirrus design corp	SR22	no	1.0	unknown

	investigation_type	event_date	injury_severity	aircraft_damage	make	model	amateur_built	number_of_engines	engine_type	рι
69576	accident	2022-12- 15	Non-Fatal	substantial	swearingen	SA226TC	no	2.0	unknown	
69577	accident	2022-12- 16	Minor	substantial	cessna	R172K	no	1.0	unknown	
69578	accident	2022-12- 26	Non-Fatal	substantial	american champion aircraft	8GCBC	no	1.0	unknown	

69579 rows × 16 columns

```
In [24]: # Save cleaned data as excel
    aviation_data.to_csv('./data/cleaned_aviation_data.csv', index=False)
```

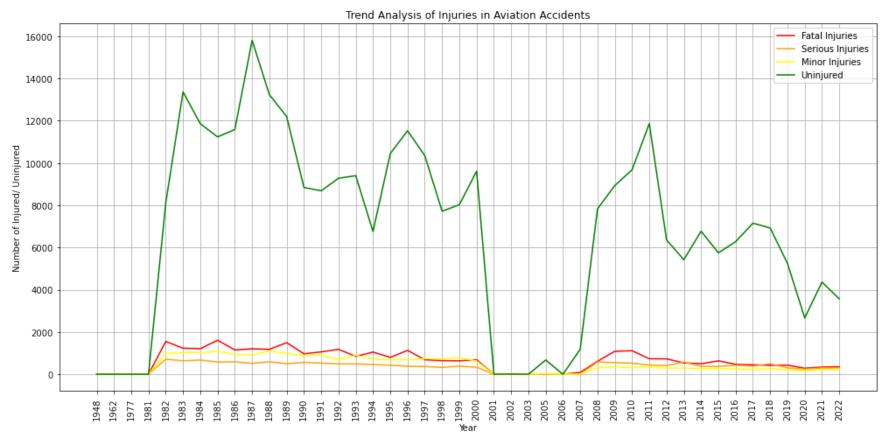
Data Analysis

Trend Analysis of Injuries and Uninjured Passengers in Aviation Accidents Over Time

```
# Group by year
In [25]:
          year_grouped = aviation_data.groupby('year').agg({
              'total_fatal_injuries': 'sum',
              'total_serious_injuries': 'sum',
              'total minor injuries': 'sum',
              'total_uninjured': 'sum'
          }).reset index()
          # PLot
          plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))
          plt.plot(year_grouped['year'], year_grouped['total_fatal_injuries'], label='Fatal Injuries', color='red')
          plt.plot(year_grouped['year'], year_grouped['total_serious_injuries'], label='Serious Injuries', color='orange')
          plt.plot(year_grouped['year'], year_grouped['total_minor_injuries'], label='Minor Injuries', color='yellow')
          plt.plot(year_grouped['year'], year_grouped['total_uninjured'], label='Uninjured', color='green')
          # Adding labels and title
          plt.title('Trend Analysis of Injuries in Aviation Accidents')
          plt.xlabel('Year')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Number of Injured/ Uninjured')
plt.legend()
plt.xticks(rotation=90)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.grid()
```



It appears that the total number of uninjured passengers has consistently been higher than the total number of fatal, serious, or minor injuries from 1948 to 2022, which is a positive sign. While there have been fluctuations throughout this period, it's worth noting that the number of uninjured passengers has generally decreased since 1987.

In contrast, the number of fatal, serious, and minor injuries has remained relatively low, staying below 2,000 people over the 74-year period. This steady trend suggests that overall, injuries have decreased over the years, indicating that safety standards in aviation have improved significantly.

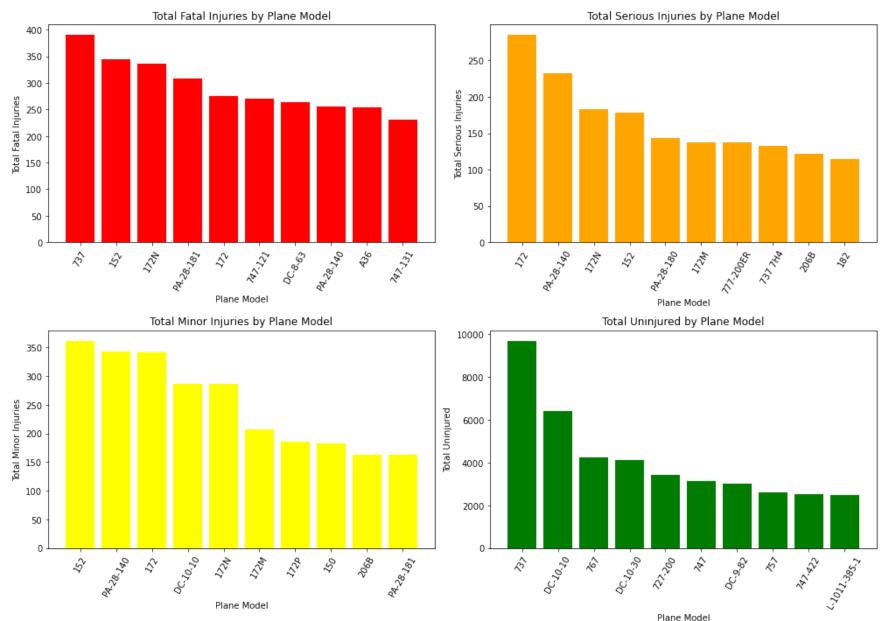
These trends highlight the effectiveness of safety measures and innovations over time, which have contributed to reducing the severity and frequency of injuries in aviation accidents.

Injured Passengers by the Plane Model

```
# Group by model
In [26]:
          model grouped = aviation_data.groupby('model').agg({
              'total fatal injuries': 'sum',
              'total serious_injuries': 'sum',
              'total_minor_injuries': 'sum',
              'total uninjured': 'sum'
          }).reset index()
          # Create subplots
          fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = (14, 10))
          # Plot total fatal injuries
          fatal_injuries = model_grouped.sort_values(by='total_fatal_injuries', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[0, 0].bar(fatal injuries['model'], fatal injuries['total fatal injuries'], color='red')
          axes[0, 0].set title('Total Fatal Injuries by Plane Model')
          axes[0, 0].set_xlabel('Plane Model')
          axes[0, 0].set_ylabel('Total Fatal Injuries')
          axes[0, 0].tick params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total serious injuries
          serious_injuries = model_grouped.sort_values(by='total_serious_injuries', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[0, 1].bar(serious injuries['model'], serious injuries['total serious injuries'], color='orange')
          axes[0, 1].set title('Total Serious Injuries by Plane Model')
          axes[0, 1].set_xlabel('Plane Model')
          axes[0, 1].set_ylabel('Total Serious Injuries')
          axes[0, 1].tick params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total minor injuries
          minor injuries = model grouped.sort values(by='total minor injuries', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[1, 0].bar(minor injuries['model'], minor injuries['total minor injuries'], color='yellow')
          axes[1, 0].set title('Total Minor Injuries by Plane Model')
          axes[1, 0].set xlabel('Plane Model')
          axes[1, 0].set_ylabel('Total Minor Injuries')
          axes[1, 0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total uninjured
          uninjured = model_grouped.sort_values(by='total_uninjured', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[1, 1].bar(uninjured['model'], uninjured['total uninjured'], color='green')
          axes[1, 1].set_title('Total Uninjured by Plane Model')
```

```
axes[1, 1].set_xlabel('Plane Model')
axes[1, 1].set_ylabel('Total Uninjured')
axes[1, 1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



- Model 737 has the most fatal injuries.
- Model 172 has the most serious injuries.
- Model 152 has the most minor injuries.
- Model 737 has the most uninjured.

Even though model 737 has the most fatal injuries, it also has the most uninjured which is positive.

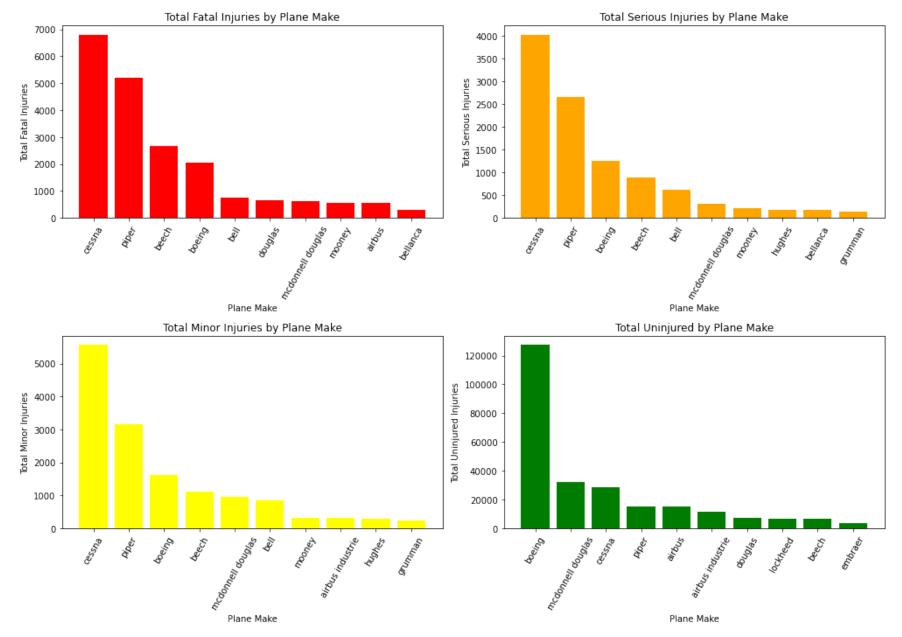
Injured Passengers by Plane Make

```
In [27]:
          # Group by make
          make grouped = aviation_data.groupby('make').agg({
              'total fatal injuries': 'sum',
              'total_serious_injuries': 'sum',
              'total_minor_injuries': 'sum',
              'total uninjured': 'sum'
          }).reset_index()
          # Create subplots
          fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = (14, 10))
          # Plot total fatal injuries
          fatal injuries = make_grouped.sort_values(by='total_fatal_injuries', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[0, 0].bar(fatal injuries['make'], fatal injuries['total fatal injuries'], color='red')
          axes[0, 0].set_title('Total Fatal Injuries by Plane Make')
          axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Plane Make')
          axes[0, 0].set_ylabel('Total Fatal Injuries')
          axes[0, 0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total serious injuries
          serious_injuries = make_grouped.sort_values(by='total_serious_injuries', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[0, 1].bar(serious injuries['make'], serious injuries['total serious injuries'], color='orange')
          axes[0, 1].set title('Total Serious Injuries by Plane Make')
          axes[0, 1].set_xlabel('Plane Make')
          axes[0, 1].set ylabel('Total Serious Injuries')
          axes[0, 1].tick params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total minor injuries
          minor_injuries = make_grouped.sort_values(by='total_minor_injuries', ascending=False)[:10]
          axes[1, 0].bar(minor_injuries['make'], minor_injuries['total_minor_injuries'], color='yellow')
          axes[1, 0].set title('Total Minor Injuries by Plane Make')
          axes[1, 0].set_xlabel('Plane Make')
          axes[1, 0].set_ylabel('Total Minor Injuries')
```

```
axes[1, 0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)

# Plot total uninjured
uninjured = make_grouped.sort_values(by='total_uninjured', ascending=False)[:10]
axes[1, 1].bar(uninjured['make'], uninjured['total_uninjured'], color='green')
axes[1, 1].set_title('Total Uninjured by Plane Make')
axes[1, 1].set_xlabel('Plane Make')
axes[1, 1].set_ylabel('Total Uninjured Injuries')
axes[1, 1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)

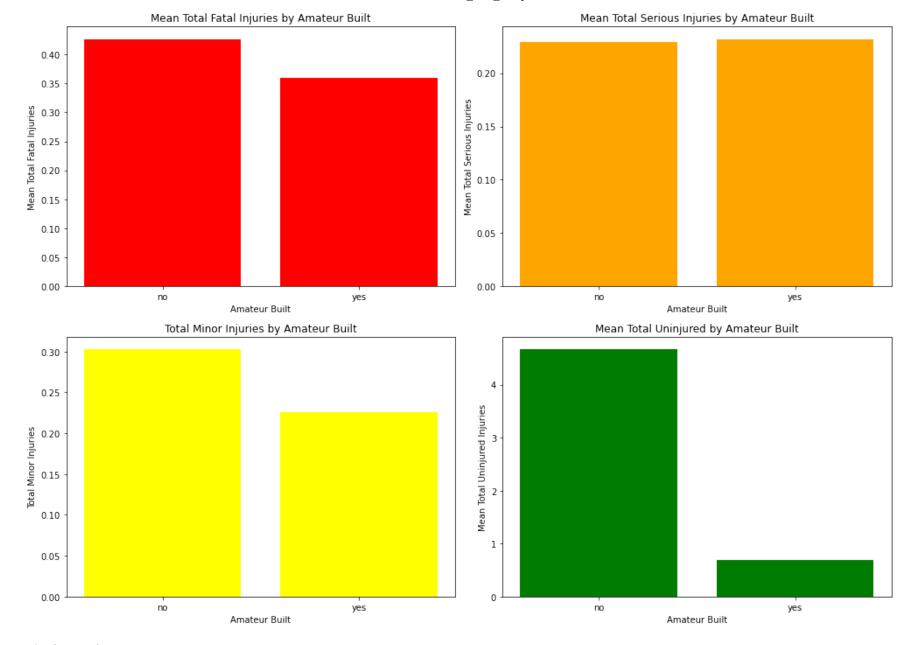
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



- Cessna has the most fatal, serious and minor injuries reported.
- Boeing has the most uninjured reported.

Injured Passengers by Amateur Built

```
# Group by amateur built
In [28]:
          amateur built grouped = aviation data.groupby('amateur built').agg({
              'total fatal injuries': 'mean',
              'total serious injuries': 'mean',
              'total minor injuries': 'mean',
              'total_uninjured': 'mean'
          }).reset index()
          # Create subplots
          fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = (14, 10))
          # Plot total fatal injuries
          axes[0, 0].bar(amateur_built_grouped['amateur_built'], amateur_built_grouped['total_fatal_injuries'], color='red')
          axes[0, 0].set_title('Mean Total Fatal Injuries by Amateur Built')
          axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Amateur Built')
          axes[0, 0].set ylabel('Mean Total Fatal Injuries')
          # Plot total serious injuries
          axes[0, 1].bar(amateur_built_grouped['amateur_built'], amateur_built_grouped['total_serious_injuries'], color='orange')
          axes[0, 1].set title('Mean Total Serious Injuries by Amateur Built')
          axes[0, 1].set xlabel('Amateur Built')
          axes[0, 1].set ylabel('Mean Total Serious Injuries')
          # Plot total minor injuries
          axes[1, 0].bar(amateur built grouped['amateur built'], amateur built grouped['total minor injuries'], color='yellow')
          axes[1, 0].set_title('Total Minor Injuries by Amateur Built')
          axes[1, 0].set xlabel('Amateur Built')
          axes[1, 0].set ylabel('Total Minor Injuries')
          # Plot total amateur built grouped
          axes[1, 1].bar(amateur built_grouped['amateur_built'], amateur_built_grouped['total_uninjured'], color='green')
          axes[1, 1].set title('Mean Total Uninjured by Amateur Built')
          axes[1, 1].set xlabel('Amateur Built')
          axes[1, 1].set_ylabel('Mean Total Uninjured Injuries')
          plt.tight layout()
          plt.show()
```



It is shown that:

- Non-amateur-built planes have more fatal, minor and uninjured.
- Amateur-built planes have more serious injuries. As shown in the data, the gap between non-amateur-built and amateur-built planes in terms of uninjured passengers is more significant than the gap for fatal injuries. This suggests that non-amateur-built planes tend to

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have a higher number of uninjured passengers, which implies that they are generally safer, even though they report a higher number of fatal injuries.

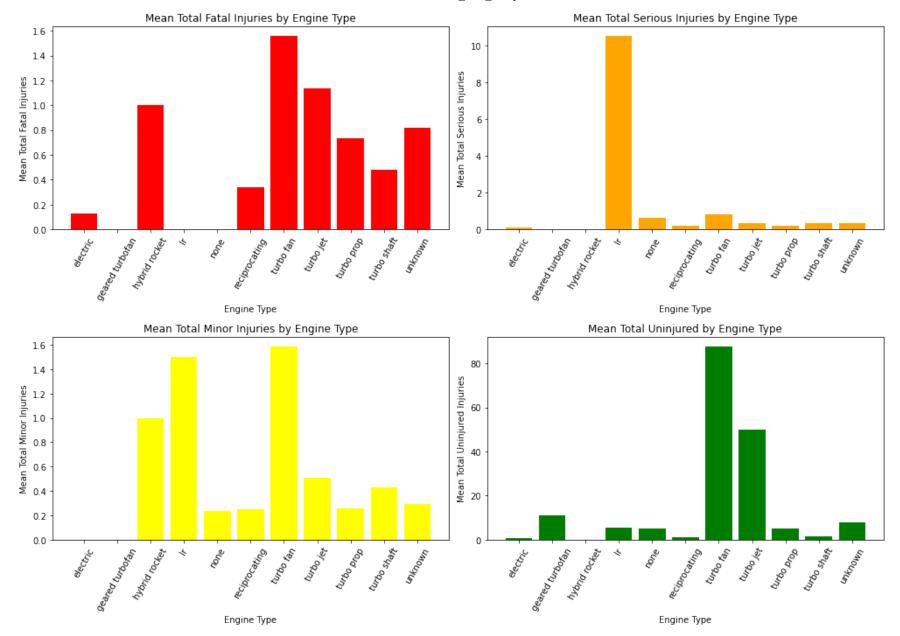
While non-amateur-built planes may experience more fatal injuries, the overall safety profile, as indicated by the higher number of uninjured passengers, suggests that professionally built aircraft are better equipped to protect passengers in the event of an accident. This further supports the idea that the safety features and design of professionally built planes contribute to minimizing the severity of injuries.

Injured Passengers by Type of Engine of the Plane

```
In [29]:
          # Group by engine type
          engine type grouped = aviation data.groupby('engine type').agg({
              'total fatal injuries': 'mean',
              'total serious injuries': 'mean',
              'total_minor_injuries': 'mean',
              'total uninjured': 'mean'
          }).reset index()
          # Create subplots
          fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = (14, 10))
          # Plot total fatal injuries
          axes[0, 0].bar(engine_type_grouped['engine_type'], engine_type_grouped['total_fatal_injuries'], color='red')
          axes[0, 0].set_title('Mean Total Fatal Injuries by Engine Type')
          axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Engine Type')
          axes[0, 0].set_ylabel('Mean Total Fatal Injuries')
          axes[0, 0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total serious injuries
          axes[0, 1].bar(engine_type_grouped['engine_type'], engine_type_grouped['total_serious_injuries'], color='orange')
          axes[0, 1].set_title('Mean Total Serious Injuries by Engine Type')
          axes[0, 1].set_xlabel('Engine Type')
          axes[0, 1].set ylabel('Mean Total Serious Injuries')
          axes[0, 1].tick params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total minor injuries
          axes[1, 0].bar(engine_type_grouped['engine_type'], engine_type_grouped['total_minor_injuries'], color='yellow')
          axes[1, 0].set_title('Mean Total Minor Injuries by Engine Type')
          axes[1, 0].set_xlabel('Engine Type')
          axes[1, 0].set ylabel('Mean Total Minor Injuries')
          axes[1, 0].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)
          # Plot total uninjured
          axes[1, 1].bar(engine_type_grouped['engine_type'], engine_type_grouped['total_uninjured'], color='green')
```

```
axes[1, 1].set_title('Mean Total Uninjured by Engine Type')
axes[1, 1].set_xlabel('Engine Type')
axes[1, 1].set_ylabel('Mean Total Uninjured Injuries')
axes[1, 1].tick_params(axis='x', rotation=60)

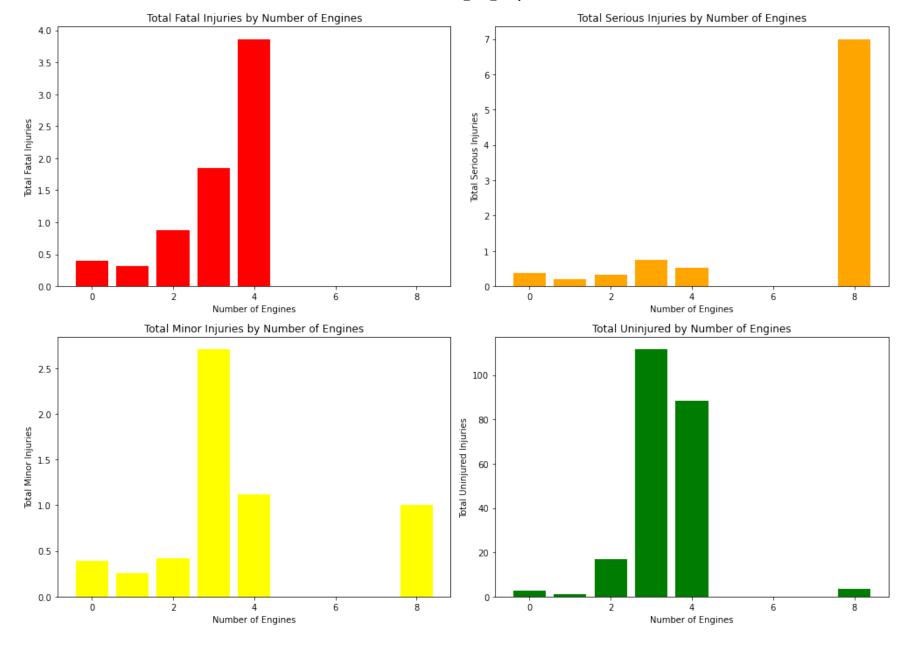
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



- Turbo tan engine has the most fatal, minor injuries and uninjured.
- Lr engine has the most serious injuries.

Injured Passengers by Number of Engines in a Plane

```
# Group by number of engines
In [30]:
          number of engines grouped = aviation data.groupby('number of engines').agg({
              'total fatal injuries': 'mean',
              'total serious injuries': 'mean',
              'total minor injuries': 'mean',
              'total_uninjured': 'mean'
          }).reset index()
          # Create subplots
          fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = (14, 10))
          # Plot total fatal injuries
          axes[0, 0].bar(number_of_engines_grouped['number_of_engines'], number_of_engines_grouped['total_fatal_injuries'], color='
          axes[0, 0].set_title('Total Fatal Injuries by Number of Engines')
          axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Number of Engines')
          axes[0, 0].set ylabel('Total Fatal Injuries')
          # Plot total serious injuries
          axes[0, 1].bar(number_of_engines_grouped['number_of_engines'], number_of_engines_grouped['total_serious_injuries'], color
          axes[0, 1].set title('Total Serious Injuries by Number of Engines')
          axes[0, 1].set xlabel('Number of Engines')
          axes[0, 1].set ylabel('Total Serious Injuries')
          # Plot total minor injuries
          axes[1, 0].bar(number of engines grouped['number of engines'], number of engines grouped['total minor injuries'], color='
          axes[1, 0].set_title('Total Minor Injuries by Number of Engines')
          axes[1, 0].set xlabel('Number of Engines')
          axes[1, 0].set ylabel('Total Minor Injuries')
          # Plot total uninjured
          axes[1, 1].bar(number of engines grouped['number of engines'], number of engines grouped['total uninjured'], color='green
          axes[1, 1].set title('Total Uninjured by Number of Engines')
          axes[1, 1].set xlabel('Number of Engines')
          axes[1, 1].set_ylabel('Total Uninjured Injuries')
          plt.tight layout()
          plt.show()
```



- Planes with 4 engines have the most fatal injuries.
- Plane with 8 engines have the most serious injuries.
- Planes with 3 engines have the most minor injuries and uninjured.

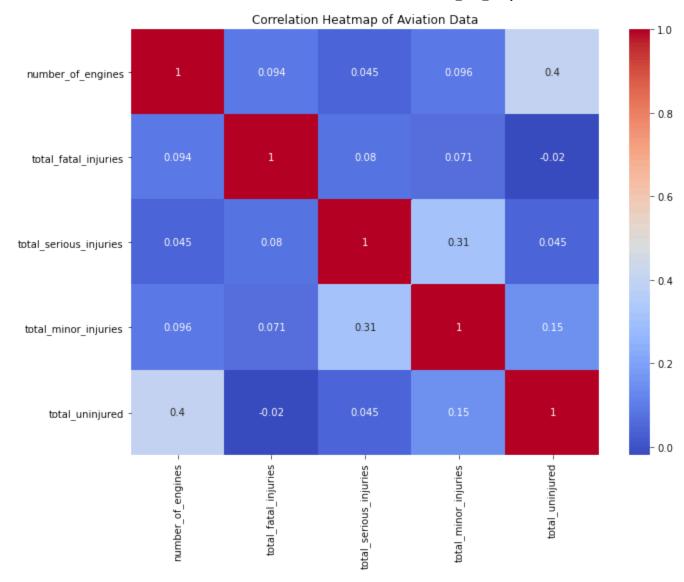
However, I do not think the number of engines in a plane affects the number of injured/uninjured. Let's find the correlation between the number of engines and the injuries/ uninjured.

Correlation Between Number of Engines and Injuries/ Uninjured

```
In [31]: # Create subplots
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (10, 8))

# Plot
sns.heatmap(aviation_data.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
ax.set_title('Correlation Heatmap of Aviation Data')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Upon examining the heatmap, the highest correlation coefficient, apart from 1, is 0.4, indicating a weak positive correlation between certain variables. The lowest correlation is -0.02, representing a very weak negative correlation.

Notably, when focusing on the number of engines column, its correlation with other variables is consistently below 0.1. This suggests that the number of engines does not have a significant relationship with the number of injuries or uninjured passengers. Therefore, it cannot be concluded that the number of engines in an aircraft directly affects the severity of injuries or the likelihood of passengers being uninjured.

This observation reinforces the idea that other factors, such as aircraft model, make, and engine type, are more influential in determining injury outcomes, rather than the number of engines alone.

Conclusion

Accidents are an unfortunate reality in aviation, and while some may be preventable, it's unrealistic to claim that any aircraft can be entirely accident-proof. Factors such as the make, model, and other features of a plane may influence the likelihood and severity of accidents, but it is equally important for the company to implement additional safety measures to minimize risk.

Based on the analysis, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- **Model, Make, and Engine Type**: These factors do influence the number of injuries and uninjured passengers. Different aircraft characteristics can impact safety outcomes, highlighting the importance of selecting the right combinations for better risk management.
- **Number of Engines**: There is no significant correlation between the number of engines in a plane and the number of injuries or uninjured passengers. This suggests that other factors, beyond engine count, play a more substantial role in influencing safety outcomes.

These insights emphasize that while aircraft specifications are important, safety measures and other preventive strategies should also be prioritized by the company.

Recommendations

I would suggest the company consider the following points:

- **Aircraft Model**: Consider the model 737. While it has a high number of fatalities, it also reports the highest number of uninjured passengers. By implementing additional safety measures, it's possible to reduce injuries and potentially increase the number of uninjured passengers.
- **Aircraft Make**: Boeing emerges as the safest option, with a high number of uninjured passengers and moderate injury figures. This make demonstrates strong safety performance overall.
- **Professionally Built Planes**: Opt for professionally built aircraft, as they tend to have a higher number of uninjured passengers compared to amateur-built planes, highlighting the benefits of expert craftsmanship in ensuring passenger safety.
- **Engine Type**: A turbojet engine should be prioritized, as it is associated with the highest number of uninjured passengers. This engine type offers a safer profile in terms of passenger injury outcomes.

If interested in a number of options, consider the following makes:

- Boeing
- Mcdonnel
- Douglas
- Piper
- Airbus

These recommendations aim to optimize safety by focusing on proven models, makes, and engineering standards.