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# TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

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Introduction .....	2
Structure .....	2
Databases .....	2
Front-end .....	4
Back-end .....	5
Features .....	6
User authentication .....	6
Welcome page .....	6
Play film .....	7
Rate film .....	7
Compute stats .....	8
Api management .....	8

# Introduction

This is a web app about movies. Users can log in to watch movies, rate and comment. Administrator-level users can also add, delete, and modify movies. It's necessary to login before any operation.

Databases : Postgresql (Docker) & MongoDB

Front-end : Angular2

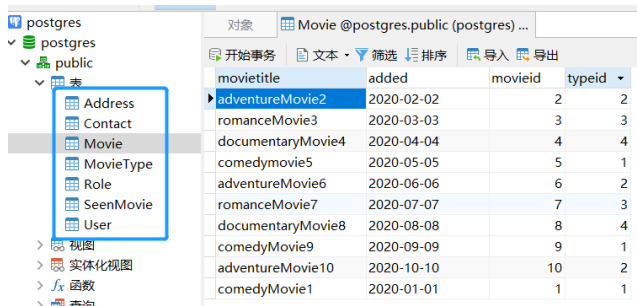
Back-end: Express

Features: User authentication, Welcome page, Play film, Rate film, Compute stats, API gateway

## Structure

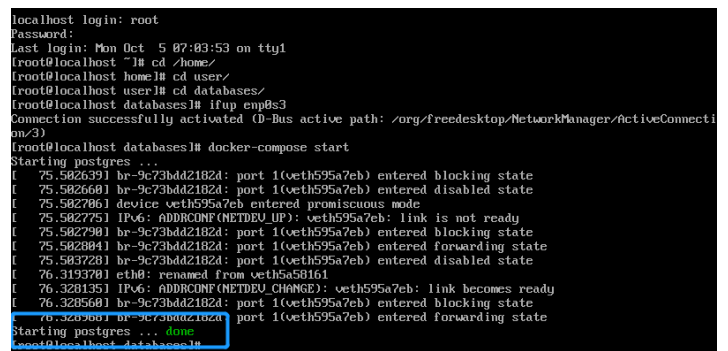
### Databases

Postgresql (Docker):



The screenshot shows the PostgreSQL Docker container interface. On the left, there is a sidebar with a tree view of the database structure, including 'postgres', 'public', and 'Movie'. The 'Movie' table is selected. The main area displays a table with columns: 'movieid', 'added', 'movieid', and 'typeid'. The table contains 10 rows of movie data.

movieid	added	movieid	typeid
adventureMovie2	2020-02-02	2	2
romanceMovie3	2020-03-03	3	3
documentaryMovie4	2020-04-04	4	4
comedyMovie5	2020-05-05	5	1
adventureMovie6	2020-06-06	6	2
romanceMovie7	2020-07-07	7	3
documentaryMovie8	2020-08-08	8	4
comedyMovie9	2020-09-09	9	1
adventureMovie10	2020-10-10	10	2
comedyMovie1	2020-01-01	1	1



The terminal screenshot shows the following commands and output:

```
localhost login: root
Password:
Last login: Mon Oct 5 07:03:53 on tty1
[root@localhost ~]# cd /home/
[root@localhost home]# cd user/
[root@localhost user]# cd databases/
[root@localhost databases]# ifup emp0s3
Connection successfully activated (D-Bus active path: /org/freedesktop/NetworkManager/ActiveConnection/3)
[root@localhost databases]# docker-compose start
Starting postgres ...
[ 75.502639] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered blocking state
[ 75.502660] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered disabled state
[ 75.502706] device veth595a7eb entered promiscuous mode
[ 75.502775] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_UP): veth595a7eb: link is not ready
[ 75.502798] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered blocking state
[ 75.502804] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered forwarding state
[ 75.503728] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered disabled state
[ 76.319370] eth0: renamed from veth5a58161
[ 76.320155] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_CHANGE): veth595a7eb: link becomes ready
[ 76.320560] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered blocking state
[ 76.320560] br-9c73bd4d2182d: port 1(veth595a7eb) entered forwarding state
Starting postgres ... done
[root@localhost databases]#
```

Image Docker

Image pgdb

This is where data about movies and users are stored, and it is also where user login information is stored. The relationship between tables is constructed through foreign keys, ex: we have typeid in "Movie" table, which is the PR key of "MovieType".

The primary key of each table is automatically added as showed above.

This database server is in docker.

```
movieid integer NOT NULL DEFAULT nextval('"Movie_movieid_seq"'::regclass),
typeid integer,
CONSTRAINT "Movie_pkey" PRIMARY KEY (movieid),
CONSTRAINT typeid FOREIGN KEY (typeid)
REFERENCES public."MovieType" (typeid) MATCH SIMPLE
```

Image PR & FR keys

Mongodb:

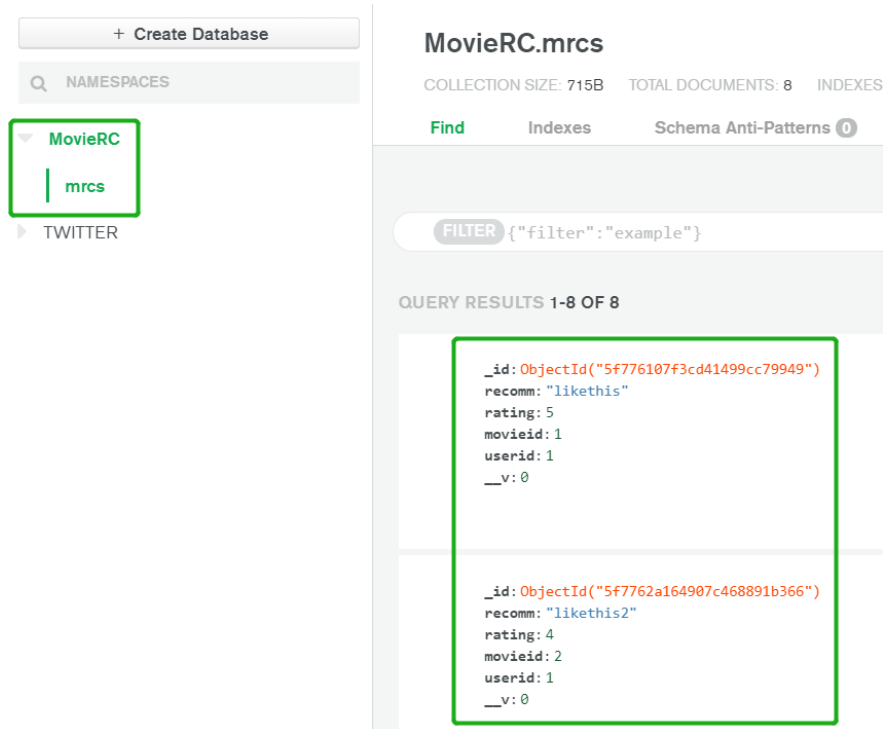


Image mgdb

I store the ratings and reviews of the movie here. The database structure is defined in the backend, and `_id` is automatically generated

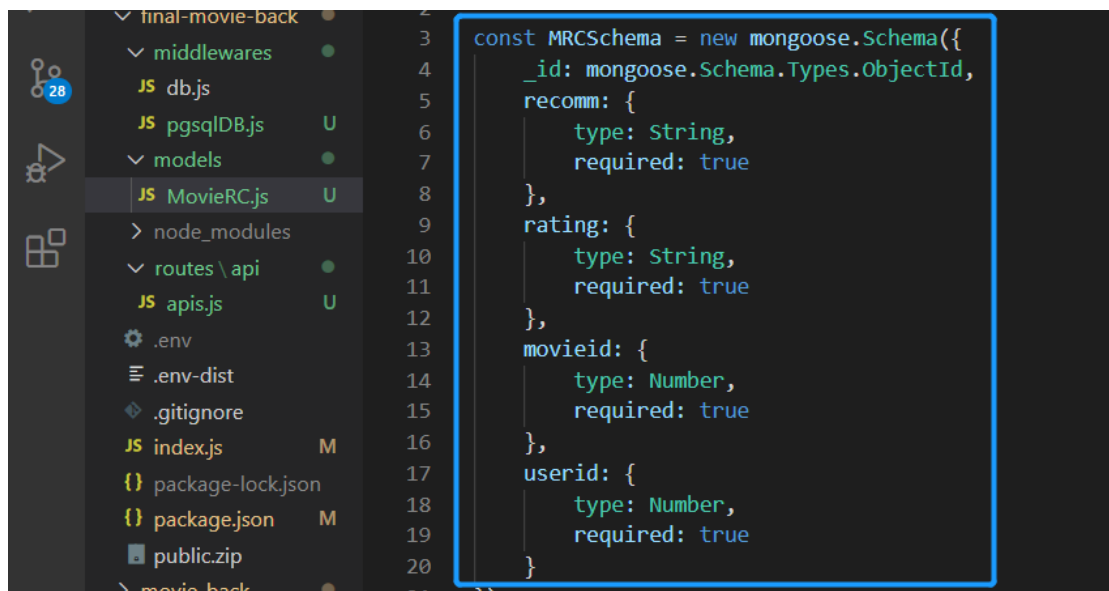


Image mgdb structure

# Front-end

## Angular2

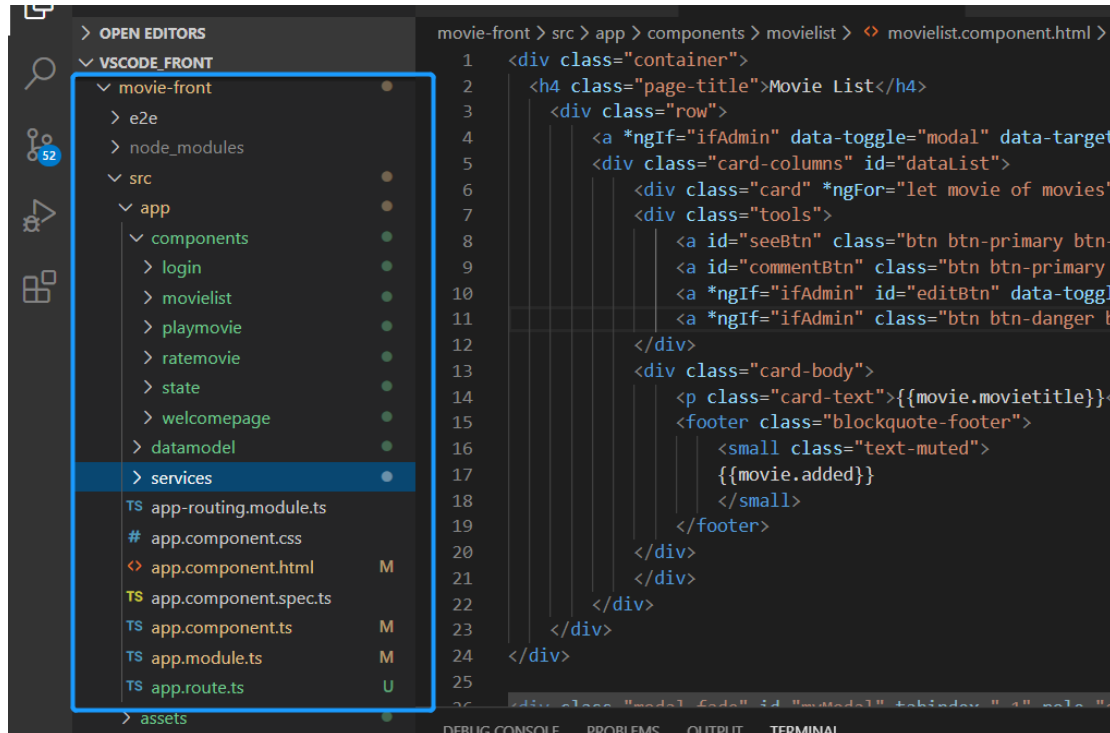


Image front-end

In order to facilitate the display of data, I used angular2 as the front end. But I found a flaw, I will explain it in the “Api management” section.

The top menu bar is generated from “app.component”, uses “RouterLink” for navigation. Each option in the menu corresponds to a component.

In addition to components, there are also “datamodel” and “services” in the front end. The “components” will call the method in the “services”, and then the “services” send the requests to the back-end through the API. About “withCredentials” (in Image request), I will explain it in the “User authentication”.

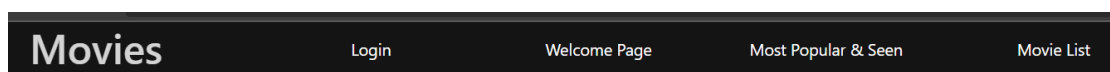


Image top menu bar

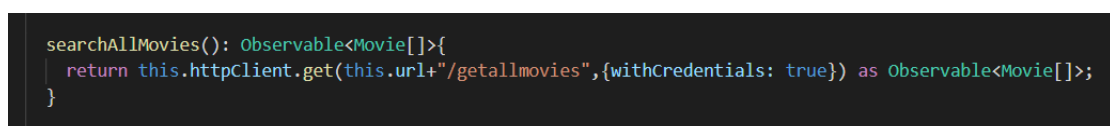


Image request

# Back-end

## Express

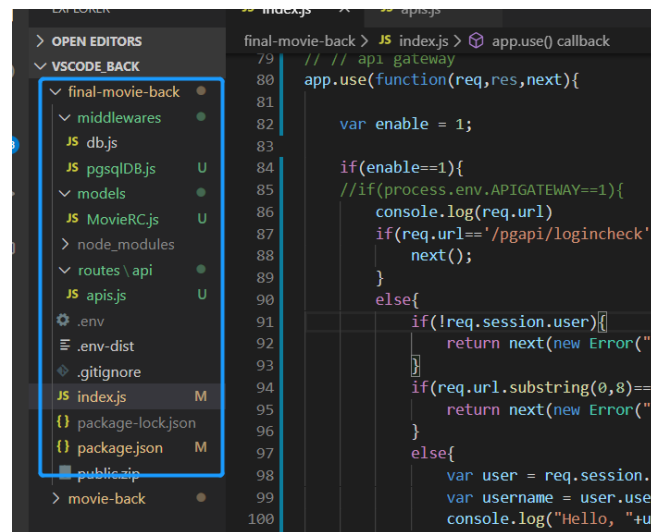


Image back-end

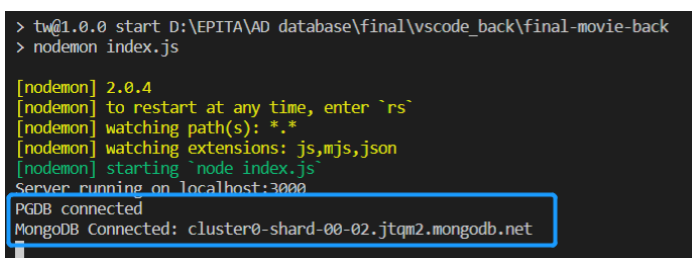


Image database connection

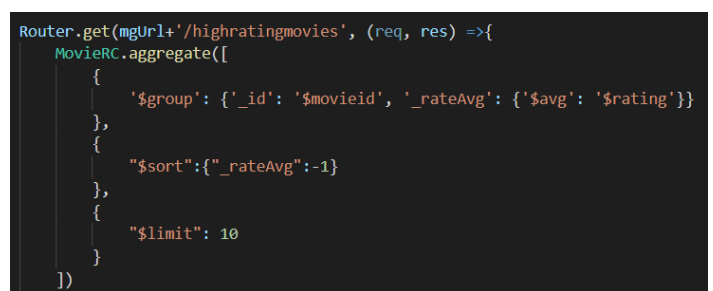


Image MGDB query

I used express on the back end to connect to the two databases.

For PGDB, I used "Router" to simply excute sql query.

For MGDB, we need to use a specific queries.




Image Router & sql query

# Features

## User authentication

The process of user login is mainly like this. The user enters the user name and password in the fore-end, and the data is received in the back-end and compared with the data in the database. If they are the same, put user data in the session and return, if they are inconsistent, an error will be reported.

After that, each request from the front-end, the session data will be added through “withCredentials: true”. The back-end will determine whether the user is logged in and has the right to use the API based on the session.

A screenshot of a code editor (VS Code) showing a file explorer on the left and a code editor on the right. The file explorer shows a project structure with folders like 'final-movie-back', 'middlewares', 'models', and 'routes'. The 'index.js' file is selected. The code editor shows the following JavaScript code:

```
48 // // login check
49 app.post('/pgapi/logincheck',function(req,res,next){
50   console.log(req.body);
51   PGDBpool.connect(function(err, client, done) {
52     client.query('SELECT * FROM public."User" WHERE username = $1 AND password = $2 ',[req.body
53     if(err) {
54       return console.error('failed to find', err);
55     }
56     else{
57       console.log(data.rows);
58       if(data.rowCount==0){
59         console.log("Wrong Username or Password!");
60         res.status(202).json({userid:null, username:null, password:null, roleid:null});
61       }
62       else{
63         console.log("Hello, " + req.body.username + ", welcome!");
64         var user = {
65           userid: data.rows[0].userid,
66           username: req.body.username,
67           password: null,
68           roleid: data.rows[0].roleid
69         };
70         req.session.user = user;
71         res.status(201).json({userid:data.rows[0].userid, username:req.body.username, pa
```

Image login function in “index.js”

## Welcome page

### Last seen films

The last seen films are simply based on “SeenMovies” database.

### New movies

I arrange the data in the database in reverse order, and take the first three of them.

### Recommendations

According to the movies that the user has watched, I analyzed the user’s favorite movie genre and showed the recommended movies based on this genre (send the movie type as a param to the back-end).

```

153 })
154
155 Router.get(pgUrl+'/recommovies/:typeid', (req, res) => {
156   PGDBpool.connect(function(err, client, done) {
157     client.query('SELECT movietitle, to_char(added,\'YYYY-MM-DD\')
158     ORDER BY movieid ASC LIMIT 3',[req.params.typeid], function(err,
159       if(err) {
160         return (method) Response<any>.status(code: number): Respo
161       }
162       else{
163         Set status code .
164         res.status(200).json(data.rows);
165       }
166     });
167     client.release();
168   });
169 })

```

Image function recommend films

## Play film

After the user clicks the blue eye icon in the upper right corner of the movie tab, the page will jump to watch the movie. After clicking the play button, the “userid”, “movieid” and current time will be saved in the “SeenMovies” table.

### Movie List

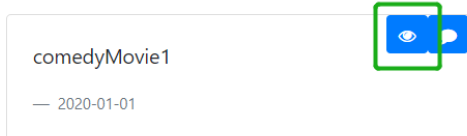


Image watch movie

### Play Movie

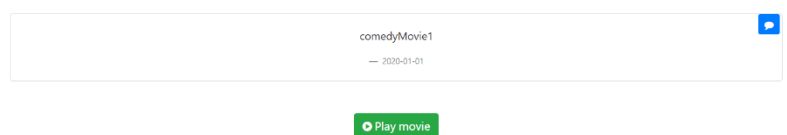


Image play movie page

## Rate film

Same as the previous function, after the user clicks the blue comment icon in the upper right corner of the movie tab, the page will jump to rate & recommend the movie. After clicking the save button, the “userid”, “movieid”, rating and recommendation will be saved in the MongoDB.

### Movie List

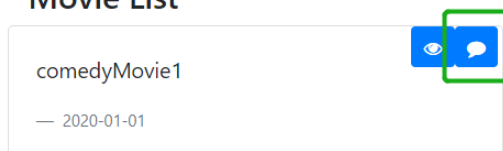


Image rate movie

### Rating Page

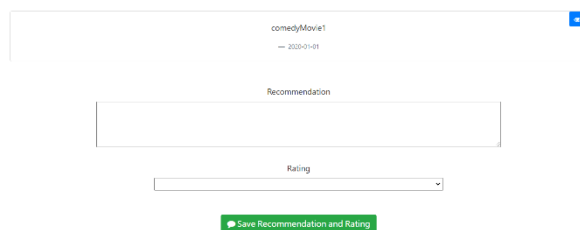


Image rate movie page



## Compute stats

### 10 most popular movies

Since movie ratings are stored in mongodb, we need to use a special query to get movie ratings. “\$group”, “\$avg”, “\$sort”, “\$limit” help me to get the average rating of each movie.

Then I select the first ten of them and get the movie INFO from “Movie” table in PGDB.

```
Router.get(mgUrl+'/highratingmovies', (req, res) =>{
  MovieRC.aggregate([
    {
      '$group': {'_id': '$movieid', '_rateAvg': {'$avg': '$rating'}}
    },
    {
      '$sort': {'_rateAvg': -1}
    },
    {
      '$limit': 10
    }
  ])
})
```

Image MongoDB query

### 10 most viewed movies

It's much more simple than the previous one. I just count the data from the “SeenMovie” and get the movie INFO by the FR key movie\_id.

## Api management

For the API management, since I chose to create my own session as login, I didn't use Apiiman, instead of which, I create a simple API Gateway in the back-end part.

```
VS CODE BACK
final-movie-back
  middlewares
    db.js
    pgsqlDB.js
  models
    JS MovieRC.js
  node_modules
  routes \ api
    JS apis.js
.env
.env-dist
.gitignore
JS index.js
package-lock.json
package.json
public.zip
> movie-back

79 // // api gateway
80 app.use(function(req,res,next){
81
82     var enable = 1;
83
84     if(enable==1){
85         //if(process.env.APIGATEWAY==1){
86             console.log(req.url)
87             if(req.url=='/pgapi/logincheck'){
88                 next();
89             }
90             else{
91                 if(!req.session.user){
92                     return next(new Error("Sorry, you have not logged in"))
93                 }
94                 if(req.url.substring(0,8)=='/pgadmin' && req.session.user.roleid!=3){
95                     return next(new Error("Sorry, you have no rights for that api"))
96                 }
97                 else{
98                     var user = req.session.user;
99                     var username = user.username;
100                     console.log("Hello, "+username+", you can use this api");
101                     next();
102                 }
103             }
104         }
105         else{
106             next();
107         }
108     })
109 }
```

Image API gateway

First, we check whether the request from the front-end is a login request. If it is, we do not perform session verification and directly let the request pass.

If the request is not a login request, but some request from the administrator, we will verify whether the user in the session is an administrator (check "roleid" in the "session.user").

The last case is a request from an ordinary user. We only need to check whether there is a user in the session to determine whether the request is passed.

```
searchAllMovies(): Observable<Movie[]>{  
  return this.httpClient.get(this.url+"/getallmovies",{withCredentials: true}) as Observable<Movie[]>;  
}
```

Image withCredentials

The session data will be added in the request through "withCredentials: true". But I found that, this only works for the GET request. And the people online have the same problem like me: we can't pass the session through the POST request.

Reference: <https://github.com/angular/angular/issues/24283>

So, I changed all requests to GET methods, which put the params in the URL. I know that it will cause some security problems, but unfortunately I have no choice.

Thank you for reading !