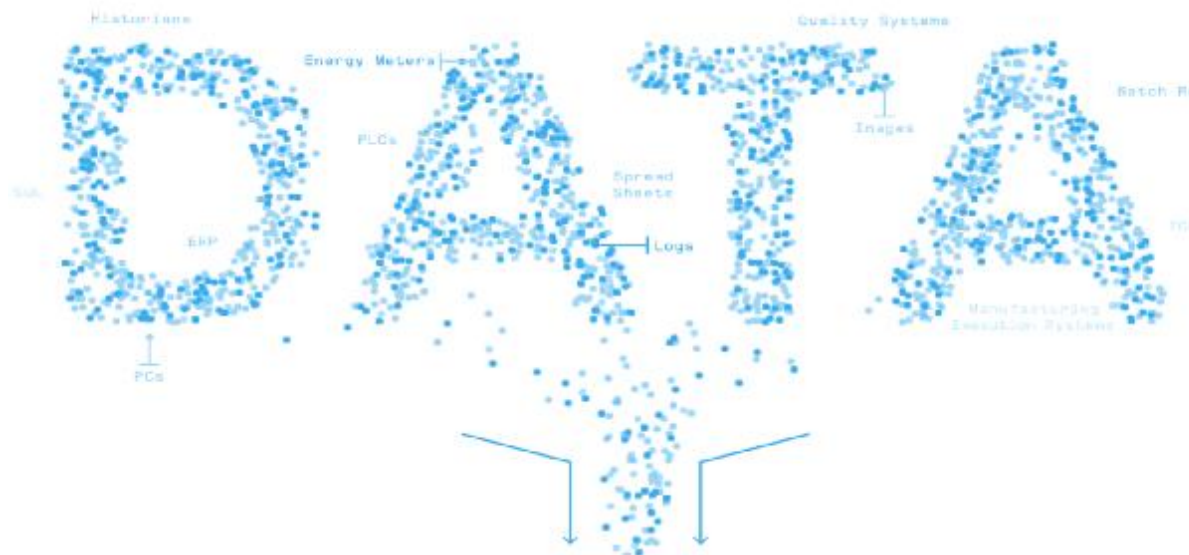


AI-driven Engineering Design for Energy System



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26/May/2021

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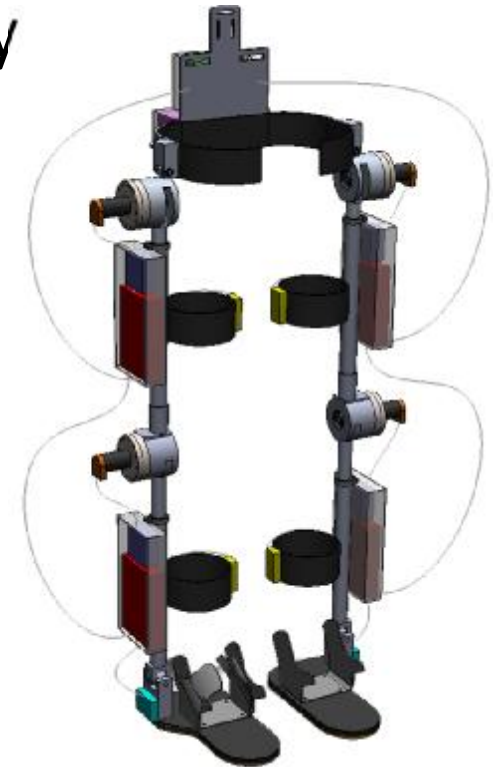
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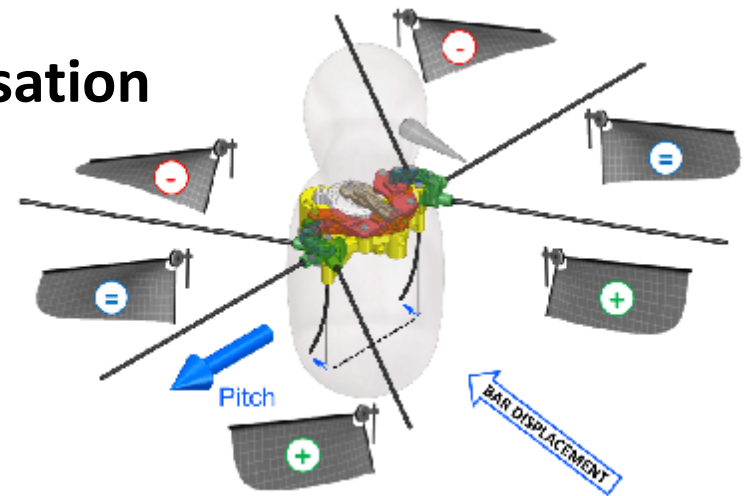
Research Interests

- **Artificial Intelligence** and Cross-disciplinary Applications
- **Industry 4.0**, Digital Twin and Digital Manufacture
- **Robotics** and Autonomous Systems
- **Data Analytics**



Contents

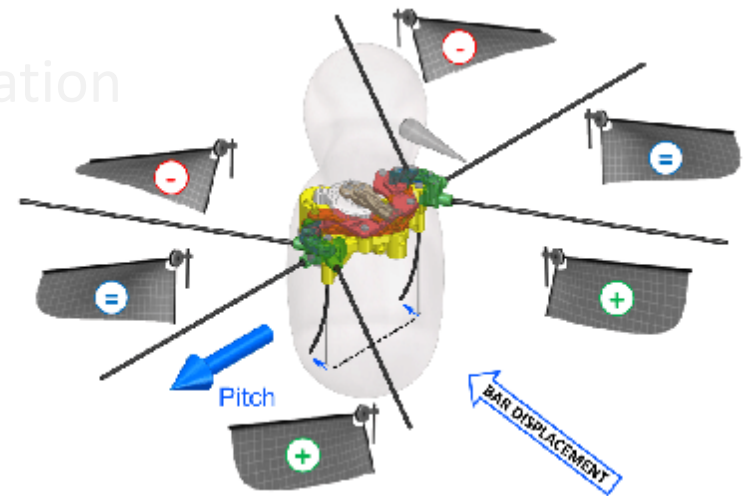
- **Computational Intelligence Aided Design (CIAD)**
- **Electricity Consumption Modelling**
- **Firefly Algorithm**
- **Trend Indices for Evolutionary Optimisation**
- **Simulation and Results**
- **Conclusions and Future Works**



Contents

- **Computational Intelligence Aided Design (CIAD)**

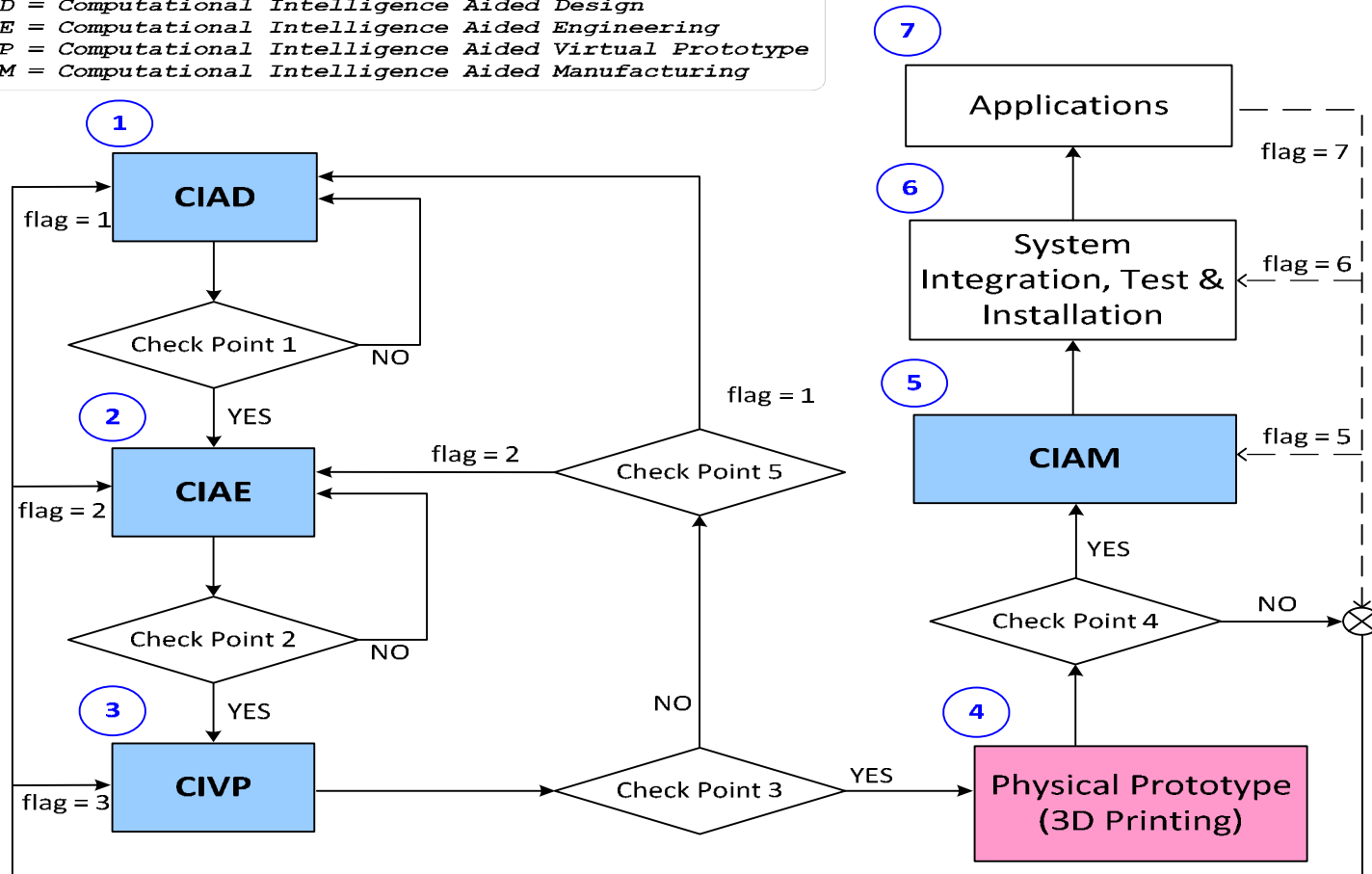
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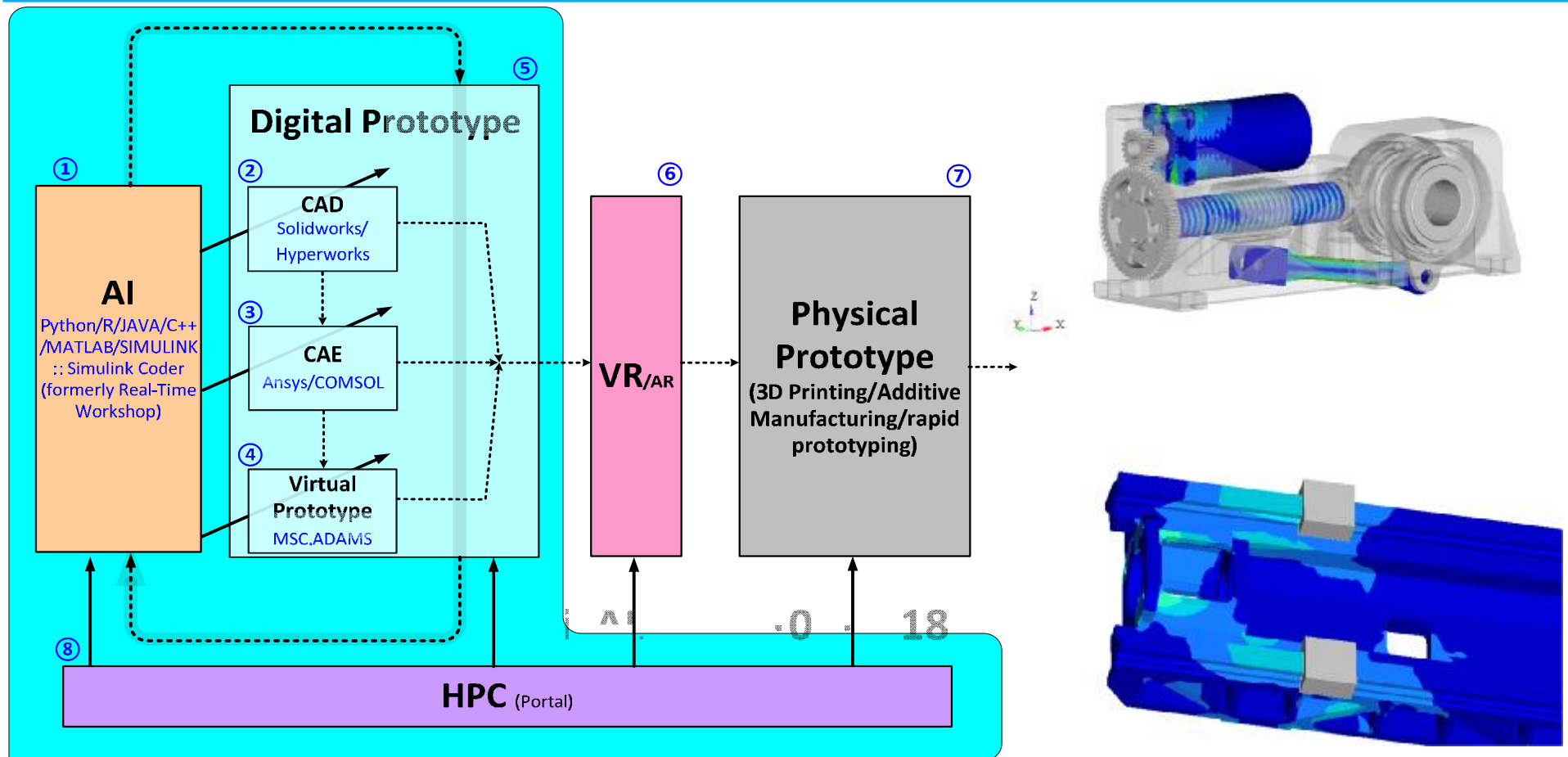
Computational Intelligence Aided Design (CIAD)

Use Case to ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 Artificial intelligence Sub committee

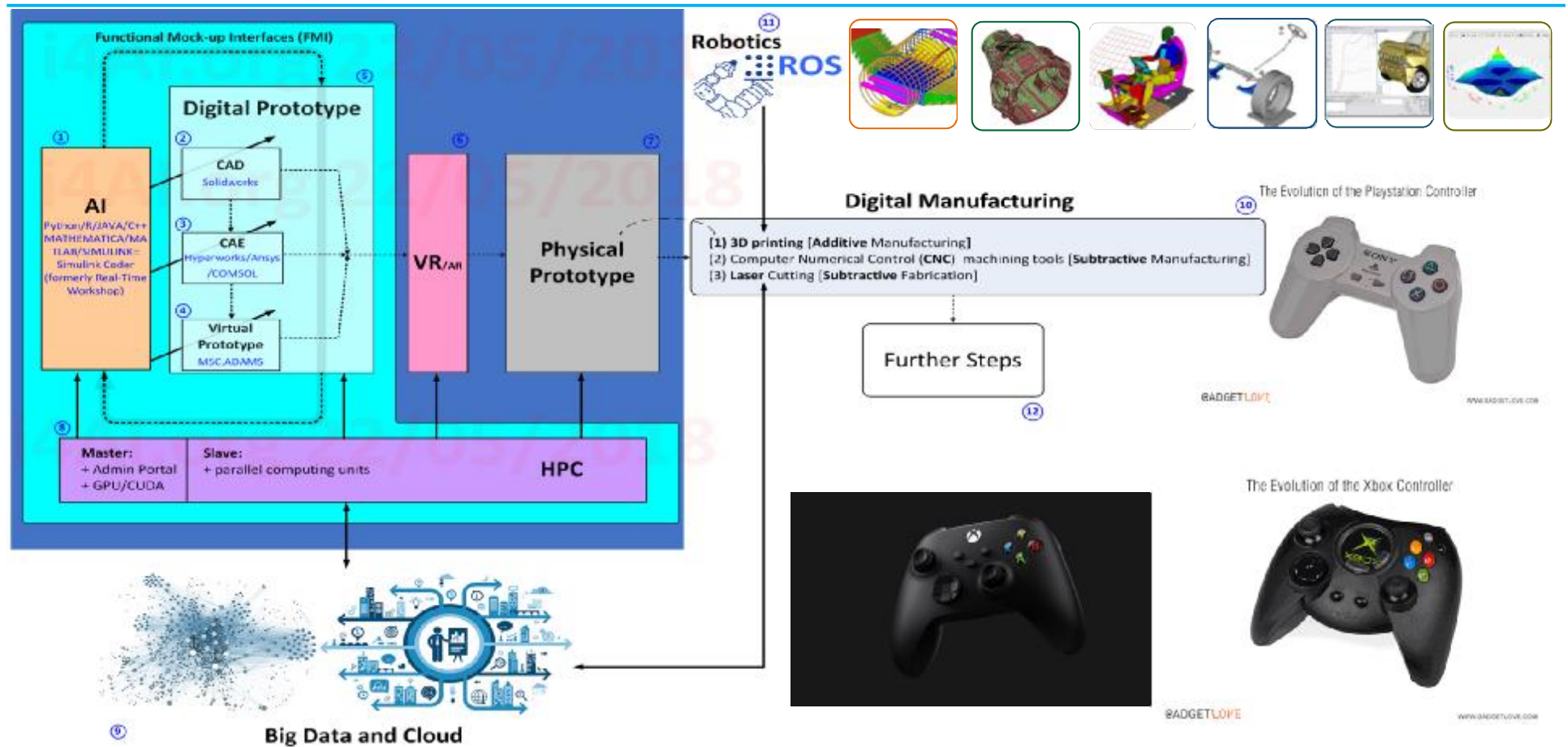
CIAD = Computational Intelligence Aided Design
CIAE = Computational Intelligence Aided Engineering
CIVP = Computational Intelligence Aided Virtual Prototype
CIAM = Computational Intelligence Aided Manufacturing

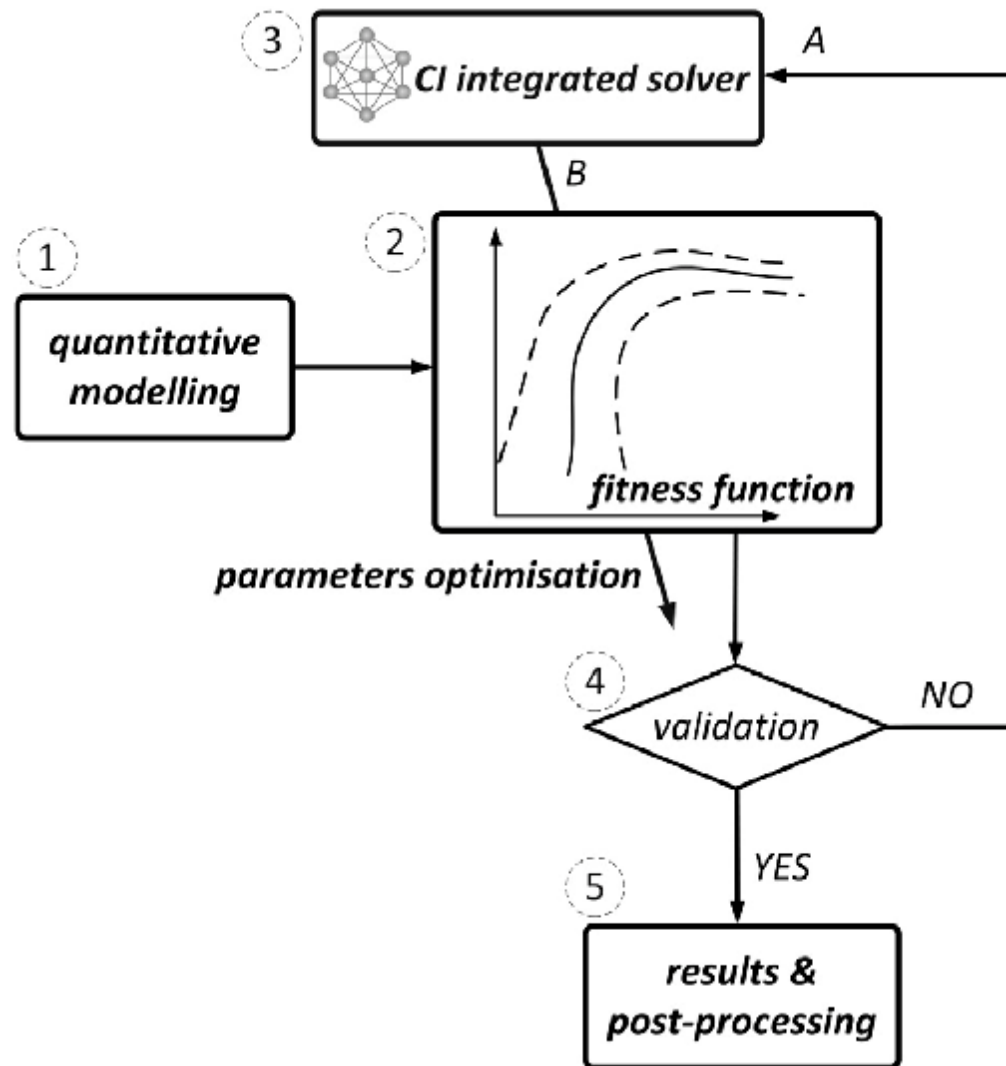


CIAD Implementation Supported by HPC



CIAD for Digital Manufacturing

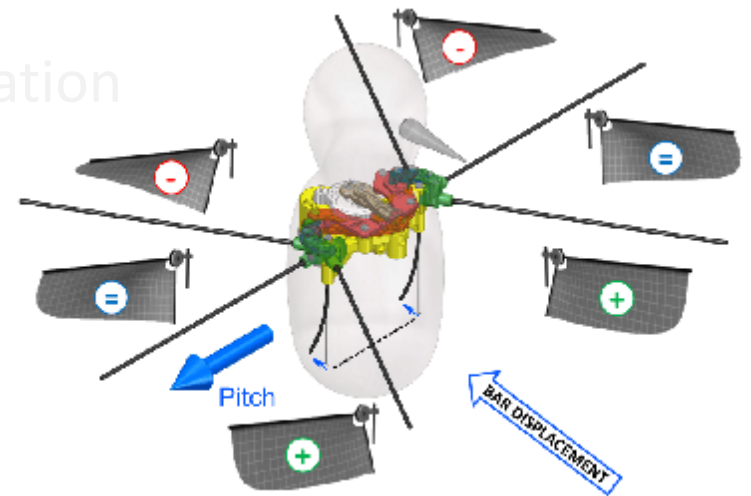




CIAD Framework for Energy Modelling

Contents

- Computational Intelligence Aided Design (CIAD)
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Electricity Consumption Modelling^[1]

$$\hat{EC}(C_0, \Theta, \Omega) = C_0 + \theta_1 X_1^{\omega_1} + \theta_2 X_2^{\omega_2} + \theta_3 X_3^{\omega_3} + \theta_4 X_4^{\omega_4} + \theta_5 X_5^{\omega_5}$$

- \hat{EC} is the estimation of annual national electricity consumption, GW h/year;
- C_0 is a design variable of data shifting;
- $\Theta = [\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \theta_i, \dots, \theta_{n_1}]$ is a design variable of the coefficient vector of X_i , n_1 is the number of design variable;
- $\Omega = [\omega_1, \omega_2, \dots, \omega_i, \dots, \omega_{n_1}]$ is a design variable of the exponent vector of X_i ;
- $X_i = [X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4, X_5]$ is the vector of the impact factors, in which, X_1 is the GDP; X_2 is the electricity price; X_3 is the efficiency, which is the ratio of national output over electricity consumption; X_4 is the economic structure, which is the ratio of residential consumption over industrial production; X_5 is the CO₂ emission in billion of metric tons.

Definition of fitness function

$$\text{fitness} = \text{Maximise} : \left\{ \text{mmAP} \left(- \text{RMS} \left(\hat{EC}(C_0, \Theta, \Omega) - EC_0 \right) \right) \right\}$$

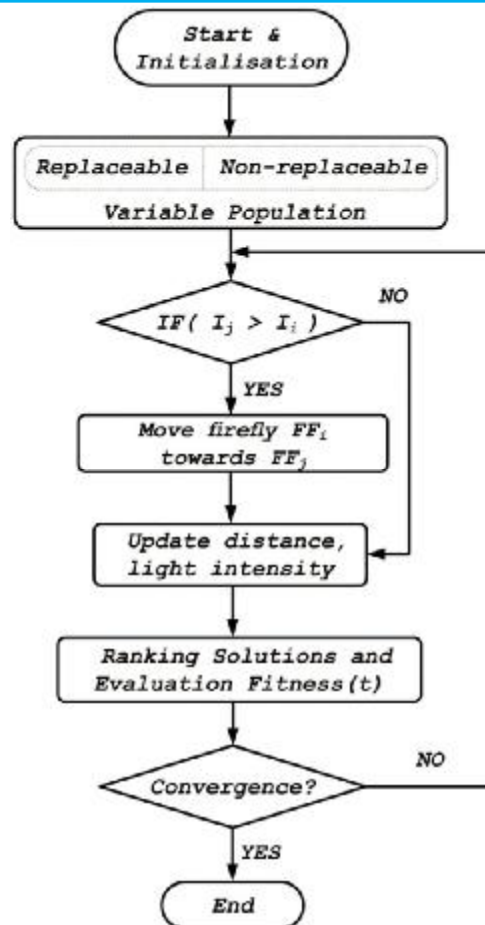
in which,

- **RMS** - root mean square
- **mmAP** in section 'Trend indices'

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Firefly Algorithm^[2]



```

Begin (1)

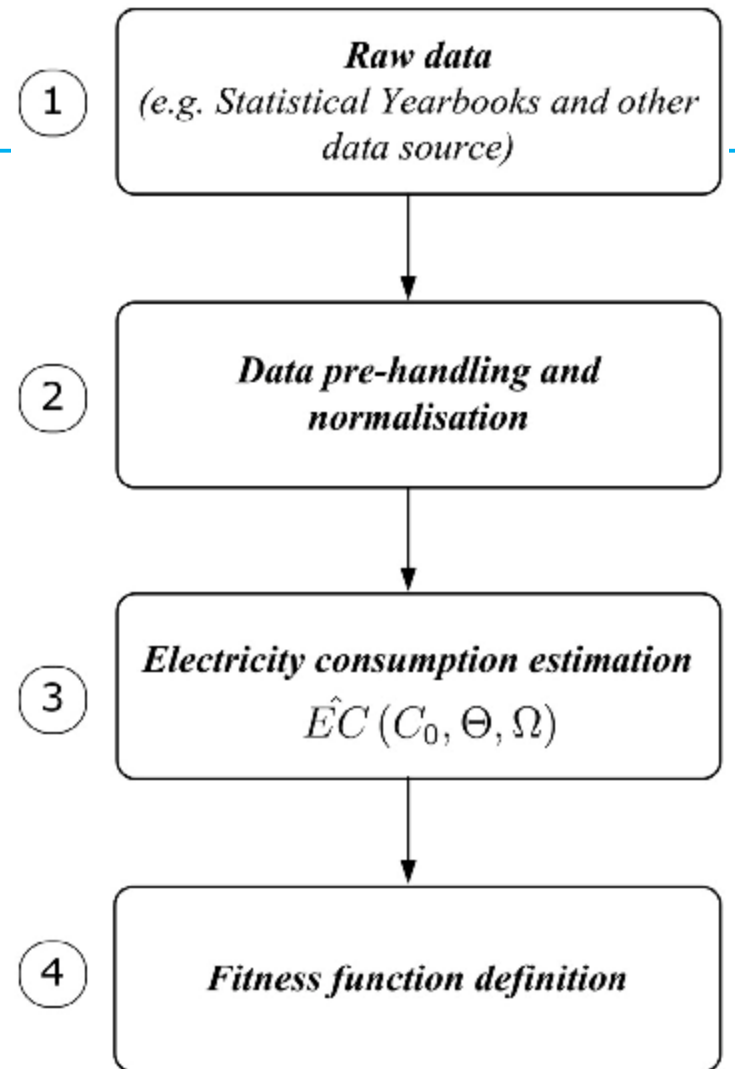
t = 0 ;
Initialise all parameters:
xi with variable population P, fitness(xi),
Light Intensity Ii, Initial Distances Di, etc.

While ( Not termination-condition) do
  Begin (2)
    t = t + 1;
    FOR i = 1: Population
      FOR j = 1: Population
        IF( Ij > Ii)
          Move firefly i towards firefly j;
        ENDIF
        update distance;
        light intensity;
        attractiveness
      ENDj
    ENDi
    rank all fireflies;
    evaluation fitness(x);
    best solutions;
  End (2)
End (1)
  
```

Firefly Algorithm

SwarmFireFly - The Firefly Swarm Algorithm (FFSA).

<https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/38931-swarmfirefly-the-firefly-swarm-algorithm-ffsa>



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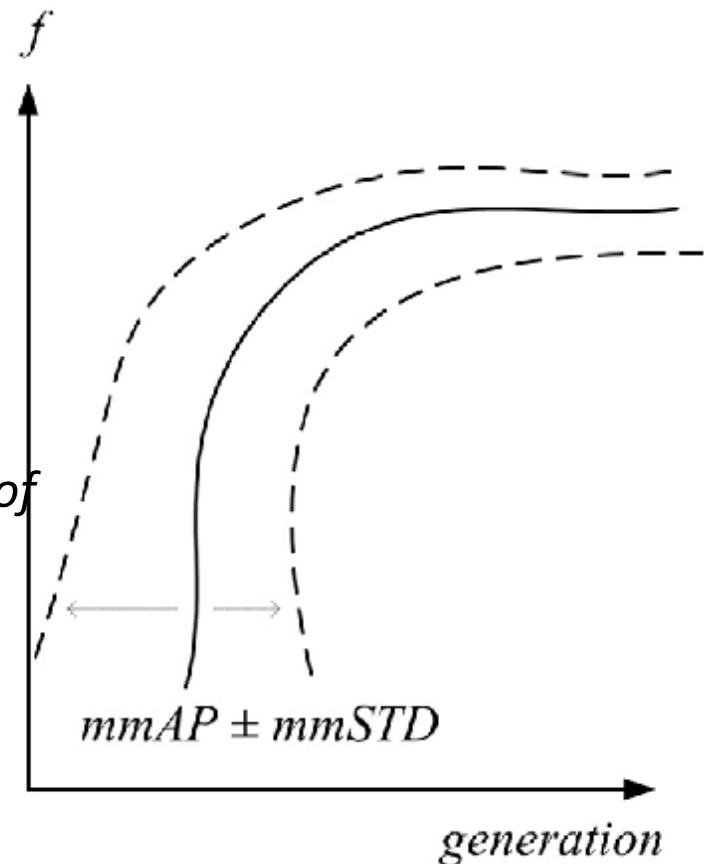
Trend Indices for Evolutionary Optimisation

- The index of **mmAP** is a **moving average** score of the **mean value** of vector f_j

$$mmAP(f_j) = \frac{1}{p} \sum_{i=1}^p \left(\frac{1}{i} \sum_{j=1}^i MEAN(f_j) \right)$$

- The index of **mmSTD** is a **moving average** score of the **STD** value of vector f_j

$$mmSTD(f_j) = \frac{1}{p} \sum_{i=1}^p \left(\frac{1}{i} \sum_{j=1}^i STD(f_j) \right)$$



Contents

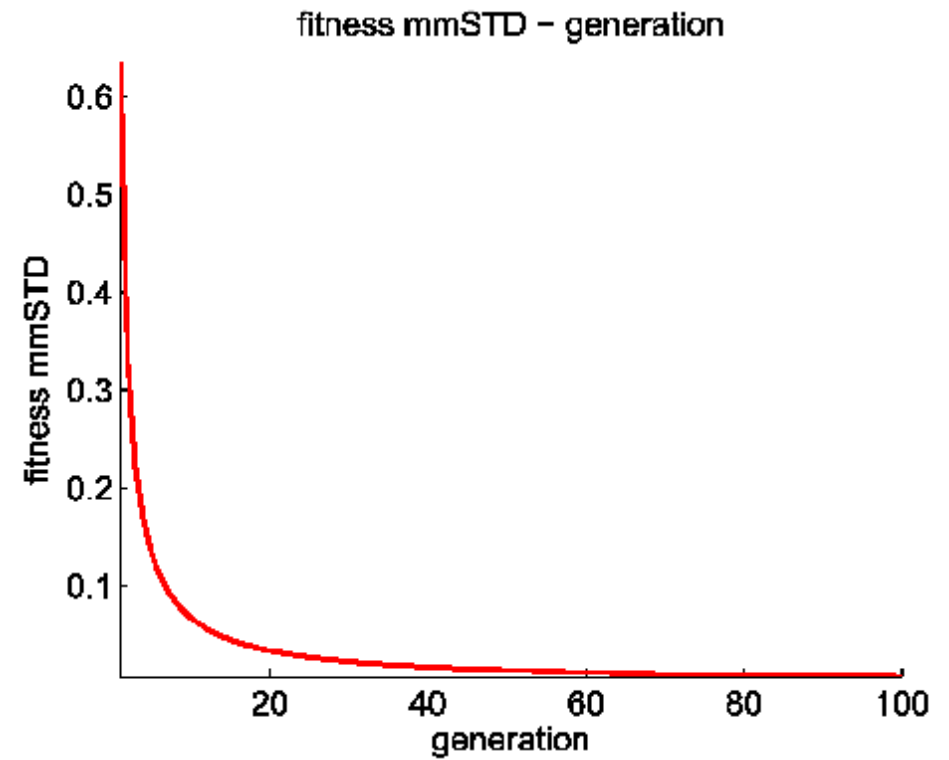
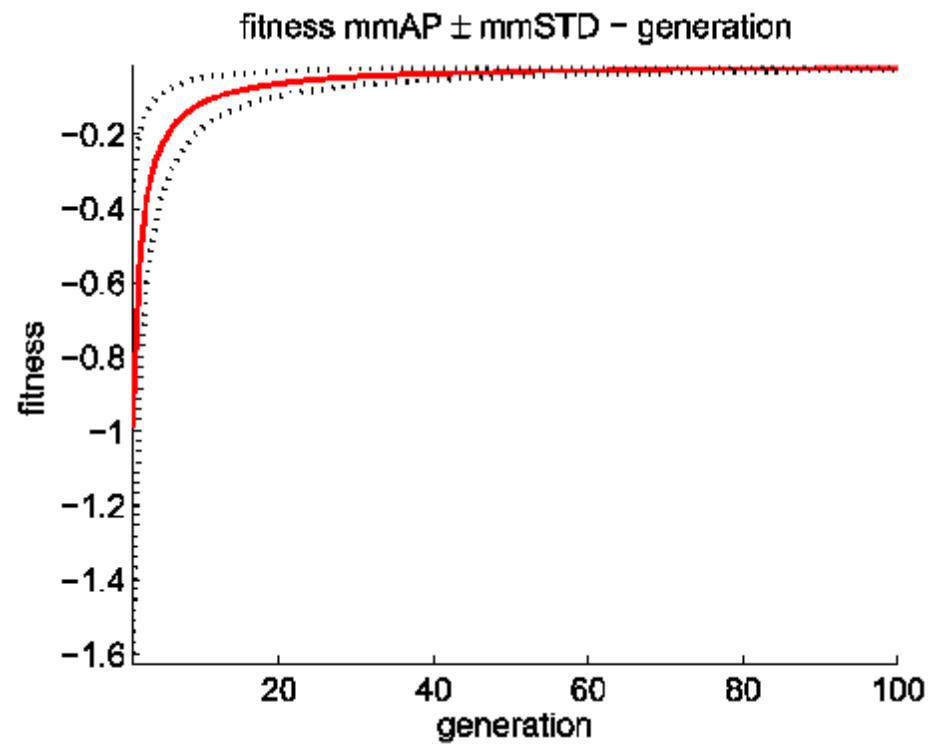
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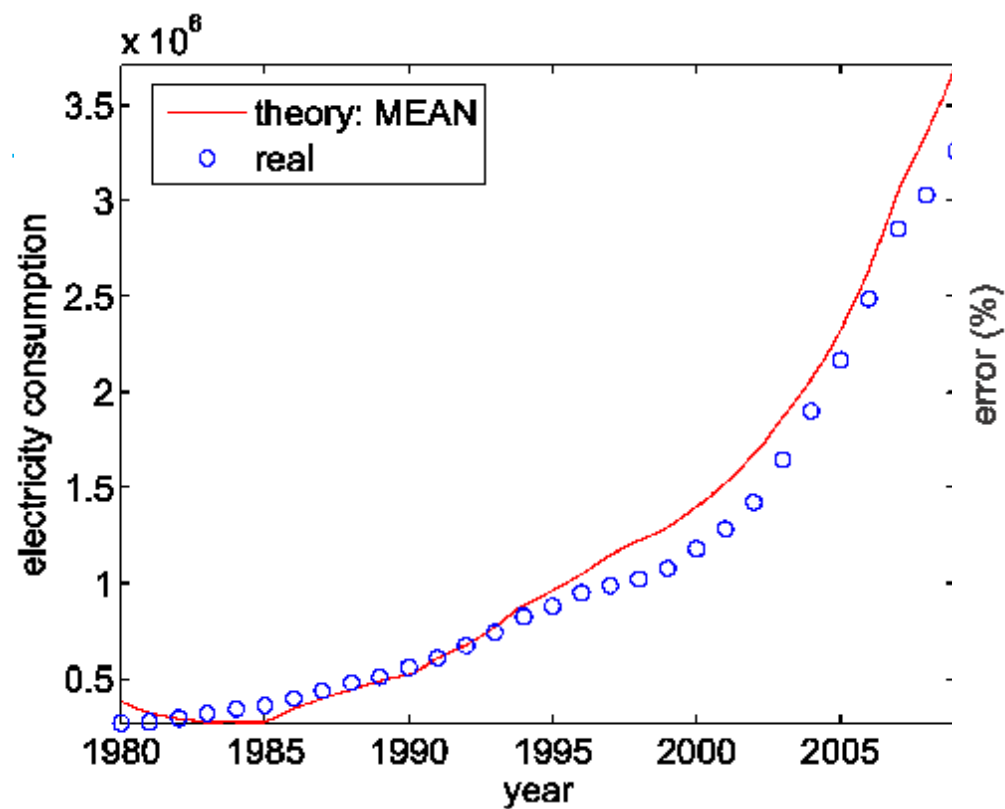
Simulation and Results

Initial parameters of the Swarmfirefly.

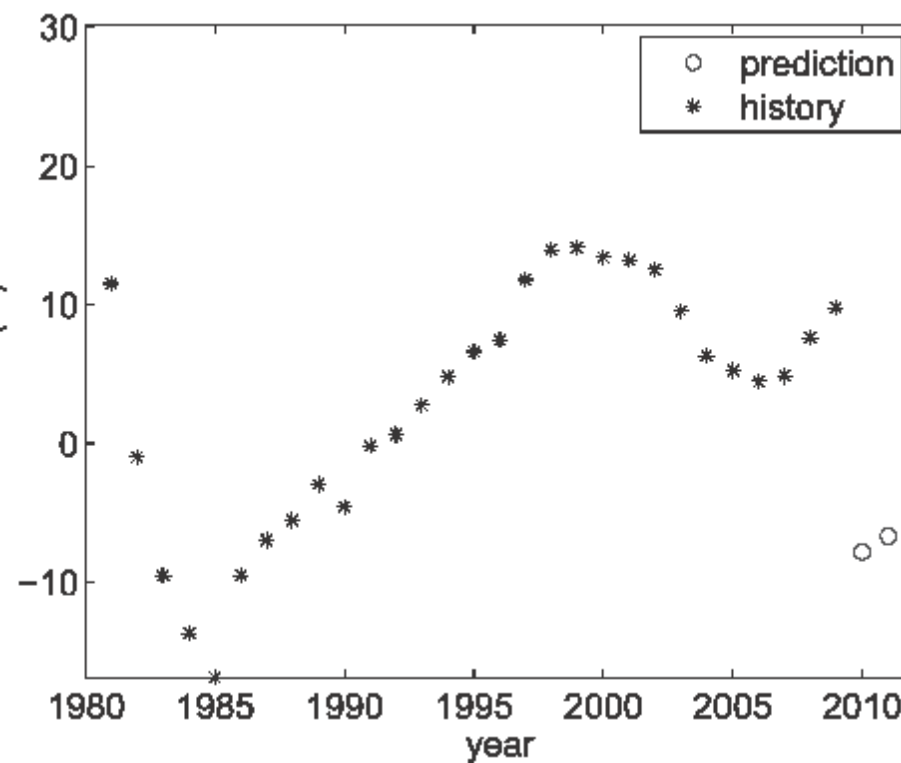
Max-Generations	100
Test number	100
Randomness	0.2
Randomness reduction	0.98
Population	50
Non-replaceable population	40
Replaceable population	10
Absorption coefficient	1
C_0	$[-100, 100]$
Θ	$[-10, 10]$
Ω	$[0, 3]$

Simulation and Results





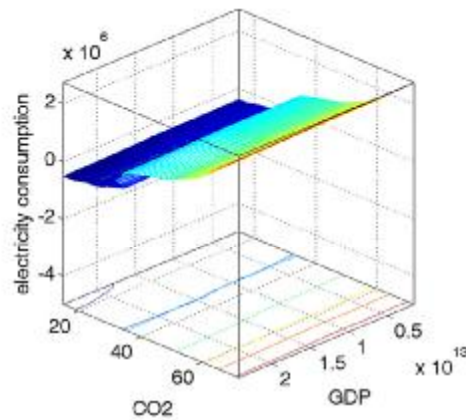
EC approximation,
years 1980 - 2009.



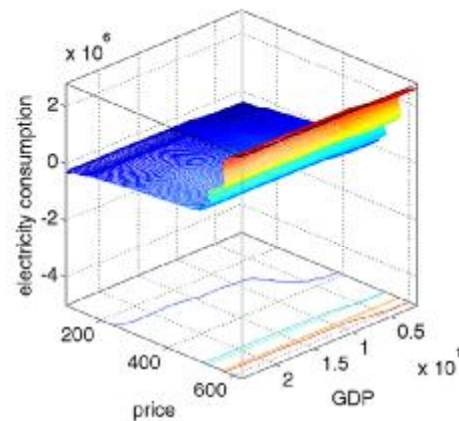
Error of EC approximation and
prediction for years 1980 - 2012.

Error of EC approximation and prediction.

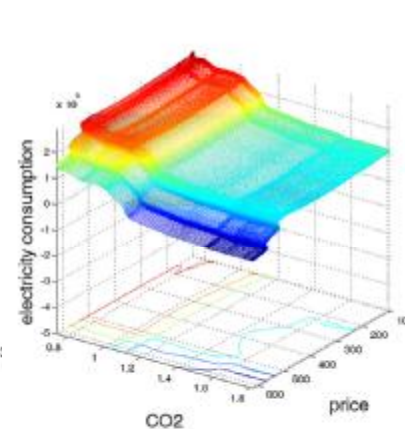
	Year	Error (%)
Approximation	1980–2009	5.9250 ± 13.9429
Prediction	2010	-7.7111 ± 5.45
Prediction	2011	-6.6781 ± 6.78
Prediction	2012	-5.6106 ± 5.49



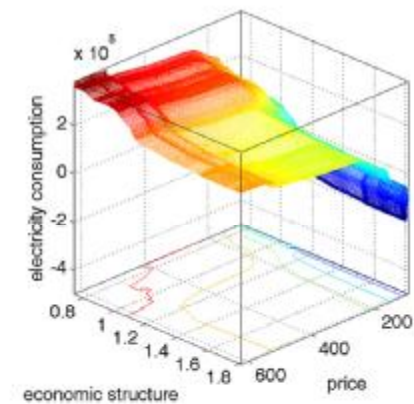
(a) EC vs. GDP, CO₂



(b) EC vs. GDP, price



(c) EC vs. price, CO₂



(d) EC vs. economic structure, price

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Conclusions

1. The proposed prediction model for the national electricity consumption has a good **agreement** with the actual consumption data.
2. Under current social-economic structure, EC has a **direct impact** on the environment due to the heavy dependency on the conventional generation technology.
3. Energy consumption may **not** be able to directly boost the GDP growth under current social-economic **condition** and industry infrastructure, though GDP growth always implies a higher demand for **electricity**.

Future Works

- To develop **new** types of CI **algorithms**, such as swarm bat algorithm, swarm fish algorithm, and multi-objective genetic algorithm, to optimise energy consumption
- To **validate** the models based on sustainable and renewable energy data.
- To achieve long-term energy savings and carbon reduction, more **experimental** research is expected to establish social, economic, and environmental coupled behaviours.

Reference

[1] Quantitative modelling of electricity consumption using computational intelligence aided design. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 69, pp.143-152. (IF= 6.395)

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0959652614000717>

[2] Computational Intelligence Assisted Design - In Industrial Revolution 4.0

<https://www.routledge.com/Computational-Intelligence-Assisted-Design-In-Industrial-Revolution-40/Chen-Li/p/book/9780367781040>

Thanks and Questions

