Brouillon 2

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1 Problem

Goal:

$$\min_{f} \mathcal{L}(f)$$
.

We will study the variations of the loss made by the variations of S, with other parameters fixed. Hence we will study

$$\arg\min_{S}\mathcal{L}(S)$$

with

$$S = X W_O W_K^\top X^\top$$

First order approximation:

$$\mathcal{L}(S + dS) = \mathcal{L}(S) + \langle G, dS \rangle + o(\|(dS)\|)$$

with $G = \nabla_S \mathcal{L}(S)$, and

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{d}S &= X \big(W_Q + \mathrm{d}W_Q \big) (W_K + \mathrm{d}W_K)^\top X^\top - X W_Q W_K^\top X^\top \\ &= X W_Q \, \mathrm{d}W_K^\top X^\top + X \, \mathrm{d}W_Q W_K^\top X^\top + X \, \mathrm{d}W_Q \, \mathrm{d}W_K^\top X^\top \\ &= X \big(W_Q \, \mathrm{d}W_K^\top + \mathrm{d}W_Q W_K^\top \big) X^\top + o \big(\| \mathrm{d}W_Q \| \cdot \| \mathrm{d}W_K \| \big) \end{split} \tag{1.1}$$

 \oint Link between the two approximations $o(\|dS\|)$ and $o(\|dW_Q\| \cdot \|dW_K\|)$, is it okay to do the later as we did the former?

We will consider that $dS = X(W_Q dW_K^\top + dW_Q W_K^\top)X^\top$.

We will attempt to resolve the following problem:

$$\arg\min_{dS} \langle G, dS \rangle$$
 s.t. $\|dS\| \le \gamma$

with $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}_+$.

 γ is similar to the learning rate, and constrains dS to respect the first order approximation.

 ϕ Then γ must always be small? How small?

The solution dS has a norm $\|dS\| = \gamma$ when there exists a dS such that $\langle G, dS \rangle \leq 0$.

We make the hypothesis that we can always find such a dS.

We then have the following problem:

$$\arg\min_{dS} \langle G, dS \rangle \quad \text{s.t. } ||dS|| = \gamma$$

$$\left(\iff \gamma \cdot \arg\min_{dS} \langle G, dS \rangle \text{ s.t. } ||dS|| = 1 \right)$$

$$(1.2)$$

We have

$$\begin{split} \langle G, \mathrm{d} S \rangle &= \left\langle G, X \big(W_Q \, \mathrm{d} W_K^\top + \mathrm{d} W_Q W_K^\top \big) X^\top \right\rangle \\ &= \left\langle X^\top G X, W_Q \, \mathrm{d} W_K^\top + \mathrm{d} W_Q W_K^\top \right\rangle \ , \ \mathrm{let} \ T = X^\top G X \\ &= \left\langle T, W_Q \, \mathrm{d} W_K^\top \right\rangle + \left\langle T, \mathrm{d} W_Q W_K^\top \right\rangle \\ &= \left\langle \mathrm{d} W_Q, T W_K \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathrm{d} W_K, T^\top W_Q \right\rangle \end{split}$$

Linear in dW_Q , dW_K .

The problem now is

$$\arg\min_{\mathrm{d}W_Q,\,\mathrm{d}W_K} \left\langle \mathrm{d}W_Q, TW_K \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathrm{d}W_K, T^\top W_Q \right\rangle \quad \text{s.t.} \ \left\| X \big(W_Q \, \mathrm{d}W_K^\top + \mathrm{d}W_Q W_K^\top \big) X^\top \right\| = \gamma$$

Hence the "raw directions" of steepest descent to minimize the scalar products are

$$\Delta W_Q^{(0)} = -TW_K$$

$$\Delta W_K^{(0)} = -T^\top W_Q$$

We define the linear operator

$$\mathcal{A}\Big(\Delta W_Q^{(0)}, \Delta W_K^{(0)}\Big) \coloneqq X \big(W_Q \Delta W_K^\top + \Delta W_Q W_K^\top\big) X^\top$$

and

$$\mathrm{d} S^{(0)} \coloneqq \mathcal{A} \Big(\Delta W_Q^{(0)}, \Delta W_K^{(0)} \Big), \ \rho \coloneqq \left\| \mathrm{d} S^0 \right\|_F$$

We make the hypothesis that $\rho \neq 0$, as we just have to skip the update if it is 0.

We define

$$\alpha \coloneqq \frac{\gamma}{\rho}$$

and

$$\Delta W_O \coloneqq \alpha \Delta W_O^{(0)}, \ \Delta W_K^{(0)} \coloneqq \alpha \Delta W_K^{(0)}$$

We then have

$$\left\|\mathcal{A}\big(\Delta W_Q, \Delta W_K\big)\right\|)_F = \alpha \rho = \gamma$$

so the pair ΔW_Q , ΔW_K have the best minimizing direction of problem (1.2), while respecting the norm constraint.