Activity No. 5	
Queues	
Course Code: CPE010	Program: Computer Engineering
Course Title: Data Structures and Algorithms	Date Performed: 07 / 10 / 24
Section:CpE21S4	Date Submitted: 07 / 10 / 24
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6. Output	

```
#include <iostream>
                #include <queue>
                 #include <string>
      void display(std::queue<std::string> q) {
               std::queue<std::string> c = q;
                    while (!c.empty()) {
                std::cout << " " << c.front();
                          c.pop();
                      std::cout << "\n";
                    int main() {
                 std::queue<std::string> a;
                      a.push("Leoj");
                     a.push("Prince");
                      a.push("Kenn");
              std::cout << "The queue a is :";
                        display(a);
      std::cout << "a.empty() :" << a.empty() << "\n";
        std::cout << "a.size() : " << a.size() << "\n";
        std::cout << "a.front() : " << a.front() << "\n";
       std::cout << "a.back() : " << a.back() << "\n";
                  std::cout << "a.pop() : ";
                          a.pop();
                        display(a);
                       a.push("Tan");
              std::cout << "The queue a is :";
                        display(a);
                         return 0;
The queue a is : Leoj Prince Kenn
  empty():0
  front() : Leoj
  back() : Kenn
              Prince Kenn
```

The queue a is : Prince Kenn Tan

To make the modification work, I first converted the int to string, then proceeded to change the numbers into names.

Table 5-1. Queues using C++ STL

```
#include <iostream>
           #include <string>
         using namespace std;
  // Node structure for the linked list
              struct Node {
                   string data;
                   Node* next;
                   };
   // Queue class using a linked list
             class Queue {
                private:
                  Node* front;
                  Node* rear;
                    int size;
                 public:
      // Constructor to initialize the queue
 Queue(): front(nullptr), rear(nullptr), size(0) {}
        // Destructor to free the memory
                   ~Queue() {
             while (front != nullptr) {
              Node* temp = front;
               front = front->next;
                  delete temp;
   // Function to check if the queue is empty
                bool isEmpty() {
               return (size == 0);
// Function to get the front element of the queue
               string getFront() {
                 if (isEmpty()) {
                    return "";
               return front->data;
// Function to get the rear element of the queue
```

```
string getRear() {
               if (isEmpty()) {
                 return "";
             return rear->data;
// Function to insert an item into the queue
    void enqueue(const string& item) {
      Node* newNode = new Node();
          newNode->data = item;
         newNode->next = nullptr;
               if (isEmpty()) {
          front = rear = newNode;
                  } else {
          rear->next = newNode;
             rear = newNode;
                  size++;
// Function to delete an item from the queue
             void dequeue() {
              if (isEmpty()) {
                   return;
            Node* temp = front;
            front = front->next;
                delete temp;
                   size--;
               if (isEmpty()) {
               rear = nullptr;
      // Function to display the queue
              void display() {
            Node* temp = front;
          while (temp != nullptr) {
        cout << temp->data << " ";
            temp = temp->next;
                cout << "\n";
                 };
            int main() {
                 Queue q;
```

```
// Inserting items in a non empty queue
     cout << "Inserting an item into a non-empty queue" << endl;
                         q.enqueue("Leoj");
                        q.enqueue("Prince");
                         q.enqueue("Tan");
                         cout << "Before: ";
                             q.display();
                        q.enqueue("Kenn");
                          cout << "After: ";
                             q.display();
           cout<<"-----
                               -----"<<endl;
                 // Inserting items in a empty queue
       cout << "Inserting an item into an empty queue" << endl;
                             Queue q2;
                         cout << "Before: ";
                            q2.display();
                        q2.enqueue("Leoj");
                          cout << "After: ";
                            q2.display();
           cout<<"--
                                     -----"<<endl:
           // Deleting from a queue with more than 1 item
cout << "Deleting an item from a queue of more than one item" << endl;
                             Queue q3;
                        q3.enqueue("Leoj");
                       q3.enqueue("Prince");
                         q3.enqueue("Tan");
                        q3.enqueue("Kenn");
                         cout << "Before: ";
                            q3.display();
                           q3.dequeue();
                          cout << "After: ";
                            q3.display();
           cout<<"-----"<<endl;
                 // Deleting from a queue with 1 item
    cout << "Deleting an item from a queue with one item" << endl;
                             Queue q4;
                        q4.enqueue("Leoj");
                         cout << "Before: ";
                            q4.display();
                           q4.dequeue();
                          cout << "After: ";
                            q4.display();
                              return 0;
```

```
Inserting an item into a non-empty queue

Before: Leoj Prince Tan

After: Leoj Prince Tan Kenn

Inserting an item into an empty queue

Before:

After: Leoj

Deleting an item from a queue of more than one item

Before: Leoj Prince Tan Kenn

After: Prince Tan Kenn

Deleting an item from a queue with one item

Before: Leoj

After: Leoj
```

Table 5-2. Queues using Linked List Implementation

```
#include <iostream>
             #include <string>
           using namespace std;
         const int MAX_SIZE = 2;
        int queueArray[MAX_SIZE];
                int front = 0:
                int rear = 0;
             int queueSize = 0;
          void enqueue(int item) {
          if (queueSize == MAX_SIZE) {
 cout << "Queue is full. Cannot enqueue." << endl;
                       return;
              queueArray[rear] = item;
                  rear = (rear + 1);
                   queueSize++;
             void dequeue() {
               if (queueSize == 0) {
cout << "Queue is empty. Cannot dequeue." << endl;
                       return;
                 front = (front + 1):
                   queueSize--;
              void display() {
```

```
if (queueSize == 0) {
       cout << "Queue is empty." << endl;
                     return;
                        }
                int temp = front;
        for (int i = 0; i < queueSize; i++) {
        cout << queueArray[temp] << " ";</pre>
               temp = (temp + 1);
                  cout << endl;
               int main() {
                 display();
                  enqueue(10);
                  enqueue(20);
                  enqueue(30);
                    display();
                   dequeue();
                    display();
                    return 0;
Queue is empty.
Queue is full. Cannot enqueue.
10 20
20
```

Table 5-3. Queues using Array Implementation

## 7. Supplementary Activity

```
#include <istriag>

using namespace std;

class Job // create a class called Job
{
    private:
        int Id;
        string User;
        int num_page;

public:
    Job(int id, string userName, int pages)
        {
            this->Id = id;
            this->User = userName;
            this->num_page = pages;
        }
        void display_job()
```

```
cout << "ID : " << Id << endl;
     cout << "USERNAME : " << User << endl;
     cout << "PAGES: " << num_page << endl;
};
class Printer // create a class called Printer
private:
  Job** jobs;
  int capacity;
  int in_line;
public:
  Printer(int capacity)
     this->capacity = capacity;
     this->in_line = 0;
     this->jobs = new Job*[capacity];
  ~Printer() {
    for (int i = 0; i < in_line; i++) {
       delete jobs[i];
     delete[] jobs;
  void add_job(Job* job)
     if (in_line < capacity)
       jobs[in_line] = job;
       in_line++;
       cout << "JOB ADDED" << endl;
     else
       cout << "LIMIT EXCEEDED" << endl;
  void process_job()
     for (int i = 0; i < in_line; i++)
        cout << "JOB IN PROCESS " << i + 1 << ":" << endl;
       jobs[i]->display_job();
```

```
cout << "JOB COMPLETE" << endl;</pre>
    }
};
int main()
  cout<< "| QUEUE SCREEN | " <<endl;
  Printer printer(5);
  Job* job1 = new Job(001, "Fernandez", 15);
  Job* job2 = new Job(002, "Valleser", 16);
  Job* job3 = new Job(003, "Tandayu", 12);
  Job* job4 = new Job(004, "Sanchez", 14);
  Job* job5 = new Job(005, "Esteban", 13);
  printer.add_job(job1);
  printer.add_job(job2);
  printer.add_job(job3);
  printer.add_job(job4);
  printer.add_job(job5);
  printer.process_job();
  return 0;
```

```
| QUEUE SCREEN |
JOB ADDED
JOB ADDED
JOB ADDED
JOB ADDED
JOB ADDED
JOB IN PROCESS 1:
ID: 1
USERNAME : Fernandez
PAGES: 15
JOB COMPLETE
JOB IN PROCESS 2:
ID : 2
USERNAME : Valleser
PAGES : 16
JOB COMPLETE
JOB IN PROCESS 3:
ID : 3
USERNAME : Tandayu
PAGES : 12
JOB COMPLETE
JOB IN PROCESS 4:
ID: 4
USERNAME : Sanchez
PAGES : 14
JOB COMPLETE
JOB IN PROCESS 5:
ID: 5
USERNAME : Esteban
PAGES : 13
JOB COMPLETE
```

## 8. Conclusion

In conclusion, the activity has taught me how queues are implemented using c++. It showed me how a variable can be enqueued and dequeued from either list or array. The supplementary activity is quite challenging but also taught me more how the queue works as it gives me more visualization about it. I would say that I did pretty well on the activity although I create errors here and there, I manage to find and fix the problem in the syntax.

## 9. Assessment Rubric