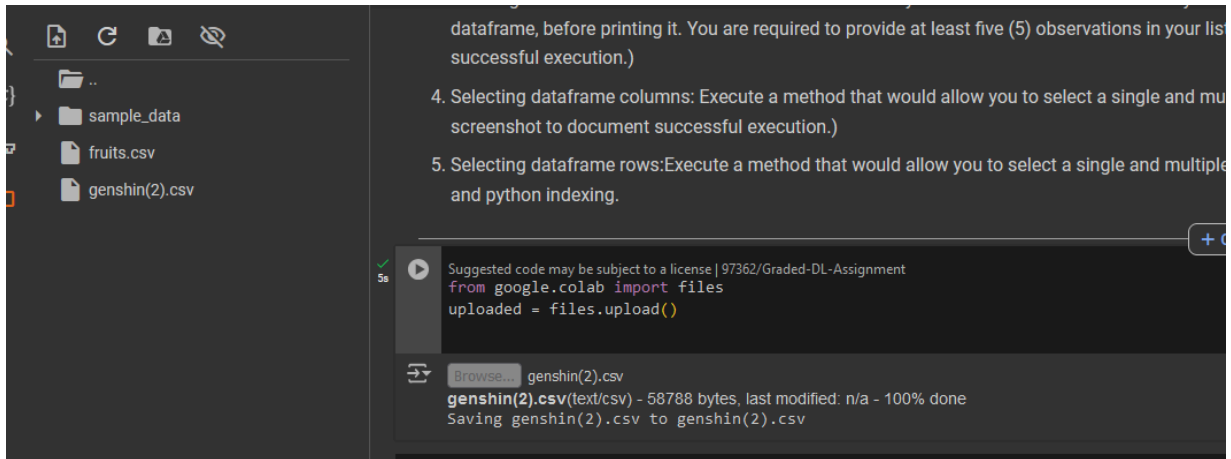


Creating and Accessing Pandas DataFrames	
Course Code: CPE 031	Program: Computer Engineering
Course Title: Visualization and Data Analysis	Date Performed: 15 / 10 / 24
Section: CPE21S4	Date Submitted: 15 / 10 / 24
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Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO): By the end of this laboratory session, learners will be able to <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Construct and manipulate Pandas DataFrames from various data structures (such as lists, dictionaries, and NumPy arrays) while demonstrating an understanding of DataFrame attributes and methods. This includes loading the dataset, creating DataFrames with appropriate column labels and accessing data from rows and columns. 	
Instructions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Loading your dataset: Refer back to your chosen dataset from the PRELIM period. Whether you downloaded it or stored it in your Google Drive, you are required to load it into the Google Colab. Watch this video to learn more about how to read CSV files in Google Colab. (Take a screenshot to document successful execution.) 2. Creating a dataframe from your CSV file: Once you have successfully loaded your dataset, you need to create a dataframe from your uploaded CSV file. (Take a screenshot to document successful execution.) 3. Creating a dataframe from a dictionary of lists: Manually create a dictionary where each value is composed of a list from your original dataset, then load it into a dataframe, before printing it. You are required to provide at least five (5) observations in your list. (Take a screenshot to document successful execution.) 4. Creating a dataframe from a list of dictionaries: Manually create a list of dictionaries from your original dataset, then pass it into a dataframe, before printing it. You are required to provide at least five (5) observations in your list. (Take a screenshot to document successful execution.) 5. Selecting dataframe columns: Execute a method that would allow you to select a single and multiple dataframe columns. (Take a screenshot to document successful execution.) 6. Selecting dataframe rows: Execute a method that would allow you to select a single and multiple dataframe rows using panda indexing and python indexing. 	

Output:

1.

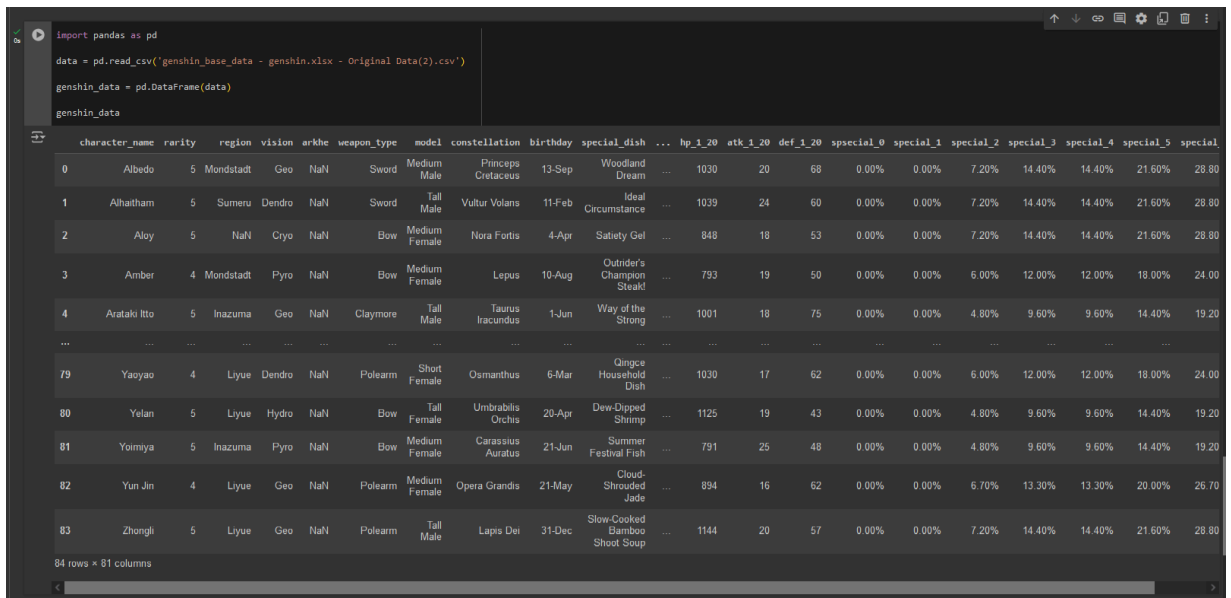


The screenshot shows a Google Colab interface. On the left, a file explorer shows a folder named 'sample_data' containing 'fruits.csv' and 'genshin(2).csv'. On the right, a text area contains instructions: 'dataframe, before printing it. You are required to provide at least five (5) observations in your list for successful execution.)', '4. Selecting dataframe columns: Execute a method that would allow you to select a single and multiple columns. (Provide a screenshot to document successful execution.)', and '5. Selecting dataframe rows: Execute a method that would allow you to select a single and multiple rows. (Provide a screenshot to document successful execution.)'. Below the text area, a code cell is partially visible with the following code:

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

. A 'Browse...' button is next to the code, and a status bar indicates 'genshin(2).csv(text/csv) - 58788 bytes, last modified: n/a - 100% done' and 'Saving genshin(2).csv to genshin(2).csv'.

2.



The screenshot shows a Google Colab interface with a code cell containing the following code:

```
import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv('genshin_base_data - genshin.xlsx - Original Data(2).csv')
genshin_data = pd.DataFrame(data)
genshin_data
```

. Below the code cell, a pandas DataFrame is displayed, showing 84 rows and 31 columns. The columns are: character_name, rarity, region, vision, arkhe, weapon_type, model, constellation, birthday, special_dish, hp_1_20, atk_1_20, def_1_20, spspecial_0, special_1, special_2, special_3, special_4, special_5, and special_6. The rows represent various Genshin Impact characters, including Albedo, Alhaitham, Aloy, Amber, Arataki Itto, Yaoyao, Yelan, Yomiya, Yun Jin, and Zhongli. The DataFrame is displayed in a scrollable table format.

3.

```
char_dict = {
    'character_name' : ['Hu Tao','Yoimiya','Zhongli','Raiden Shogun','Yae Miko'],
    'vision' : ['Pyro','Electro','Geo','Electro','Electro'],
    'region' : ['Liyue','Inazuma','Liyue','Inazuma','Inazuma'],
    'rarity' : [ 5, 5 , 5 , 5 , 5],
    'weapon_type' : ['polearm','bow','polearm','polearm','catalyst']
}

char_data_pd = pd.DataFrame(char_dict)

char_data_pd
```

	character_name	vision	region	rarity	weapon_type
0	Hu Tao	Pyro	Liyue	5	polearm
1	Yoimiya	Electro	Inazuma	5	bow
2	Zhongli	Geo	Liyue	5	polearm
3	Raiden Shogun	Electro	Inazuma	5	polearm
4	Yae Miko	Electro	Inazuma	5	catalyst

4.

```
char_list = [
    {'character_name' : 'Hu Tao', 'vision' : 'Pyro', 'region' : 'Liyue', 'rarity' : 5, 'weapon_type':'polearm'},
    {'character_name' : 'Yoimiya', 'vision' : 'Electro', 'region' : 'Inazuma', 'rarity' : 5, 'weapon_type':'bow'},
    {'character_name' : 'Zhongli', 'vision' : 'Geo', 'region' : 'Liyue', 'rarity' : 5, 'weapon_type':'polearm'},
    {'character_name' : 'Raiden Shogun', 'vision' : 'Electro', 'region' : 'Inazuma', 'rarity' : 5, 'weapon_type':'polearm'},
    {'character_name' : 'Yae Miko', 'vision' : 'Electro', 'region' : 'Inazuma', 'rarity' : 5, 'weapon_type':'catalyst'}
]

df = pd.DataFrame(char_list)

df
```

	character_name	vision	region	rarity	weapon_type
0	Hu Tao	Pyro	Liyue	5	polearm
1	Yoimiya	Electro	Inazuma	5	bow
2	Zhongli	Geo	Liyue	5	polearm
3	Raiden Shogun	Electro	Inazuma	5	polearm
4	Yae Miko	Electro	Inazuma	5	catalyst

✓

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single_row = df.loc[3]
single_row

↻

3

character_name

Raiden Shogun

vision

Electro

region

Inazuma

rarity

5

weapon_type

polearm

dtype: object

↑

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multiple_rows = df.loc[1:3]
multiple_rows

↻

character_name

vision

region

rarity

weapon_type

1

Yomiya

Electro

Inazuma

5

bow

2

Zhongli

Geo

Liyue

5

polearm

3

Raiden Shogun

Electro

Inazuma

5

polearm

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✎

Next steps:

Generate code with multiple_rows

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View recommended plots

New interactive sheet

5.