## 1. Pull Request and Merge event:

# PULL Request

- a pull request is assentialy a devloper "Leomeet" working on a branch "B" of a Repo Solid with a "master" branch
- and wants to merge the changes of branch "B" to branch master thus raising a
  pull request stating to add the changes of branch B to branch master
- this pull request will then be reviewd & the code in both branches latest commits will be compared if there are any changes more commits will be added and then
- a Merge event will trigger adding the content of branch B to the master branch and deleting the branch B afterwords
- you can raise a pull request from github → pull reqests → new pull reqest.

# Merge Event

- a merge event is 2 conditions with remote with local
- with remote
  - a remote merge event will be triggerd when the changes code have been reviewed and none conflict are present we will use github gui to accept and merge a branch b to master branch
- with local
  - when you are working with local you need to have 2 different branches
  - lets say a feature and a master branch
  - got to master branch

```
git checkout master
```

- aftr that git merge feature
- this will add the changes in feature branch to master branch
- after that delete the remaining branch that is feature with
   git branch -d feature

#### 2. Rebase

### Git Rebase

- git rebase is a way to put the commits from a feature branch \*on top of the master branch
- command
   git checkout feature now i want to put changes of feature branch on top of master branch

git rebase master will work as command to rebase the changes on top of master

- after rebasing feature branch to master branch the \*\*master head will point at the latest commit of master branch
  - to add it to feature branch you need to checkout master and then git rebase feature after this you can delete the feature branch by git branch -d feature

## 3. Change commit messages

- Git commit message
  - to change the latest commit's massege we can use
     git commit --amend command
  - we can also use <code>git rebase -i [hash]</code> to open an interactive rebase environment and then use <code>e</code> to edit the commits or maybe squash and pick them in one

## 4. Cherry Pick

- Git cherry-pick
  - cherry-pick allowes you to add a perticuler commit from other at the top of a branch
  - code git checkout main → git cherry-pick [hash\_of\_commit] →
     this will add commit to top of the main branch

### 5. Drop commit

- Drop commit
  - git reset --soft [hash\_of\_commit\_you\_want\_to\_drop] will delete the commit from normal log but you can still access the hash from **reflog**
  - git reset --hard [hash\_of\_commit\_need\_to\_be\_droped] will delete the commit and its hash from inside out and point to previous commit