

Word Embeddings

Negative Sampling

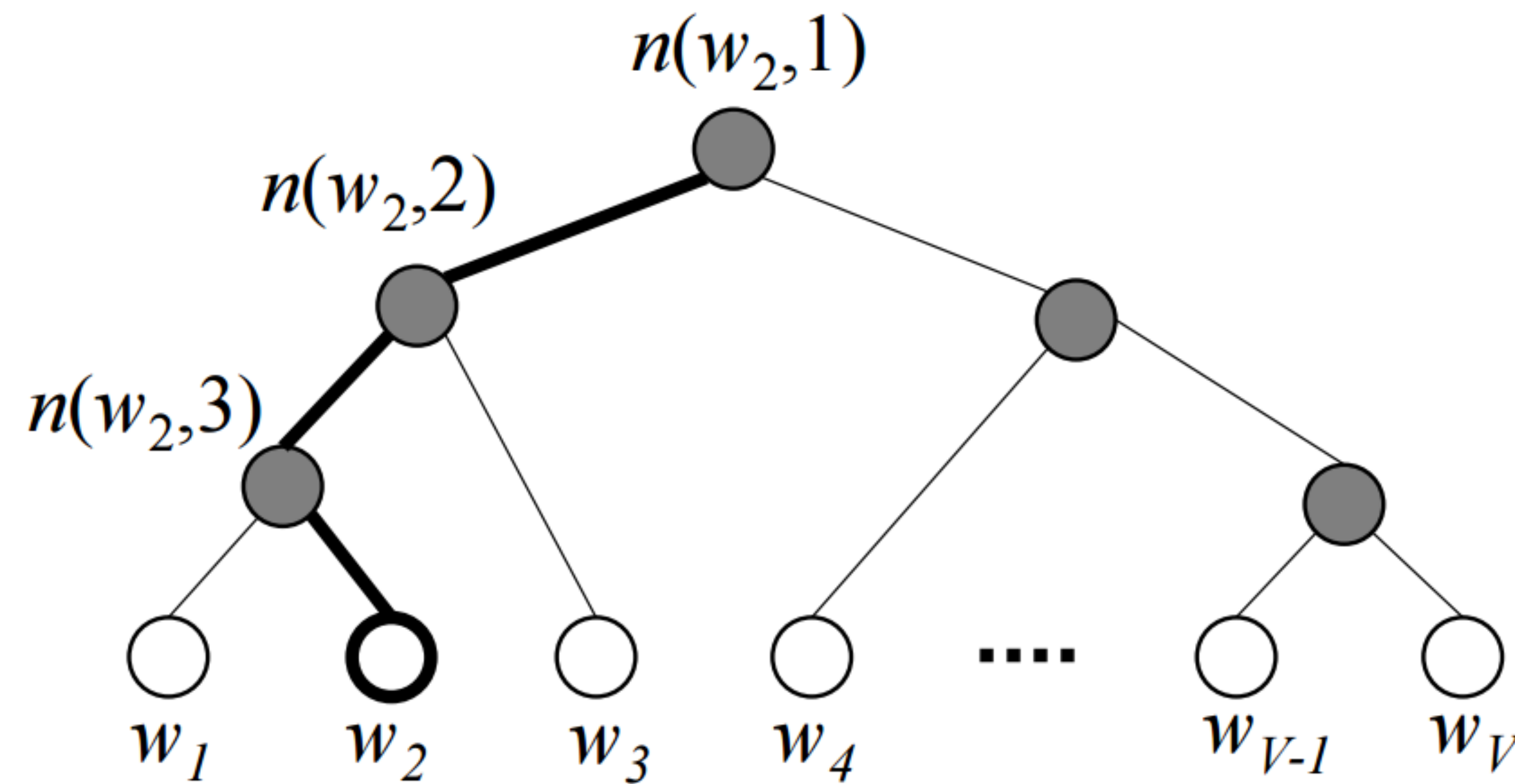


國立臺灣大學 資訊工程學系
陳縉儂 助理教授

<http://vivianchen.idv.tw>

Hierarchical Softmax

- Idea: compute the probability of leaf nodes using the paths



$$O(N) \rightarrow O(\log N)$$



Negative Sampling

- Idea: only update a sample of output vectors

$$C(\theta) = -\log \sigma(v'_{w_O}{}^T v_{w_I}) + \sum_{w_j \in \mathcal{W}_{\text{neg}}} \log \sigma(v'_{w_j}{}^T v_{w_I})$$

$$v'_{w_j}{}^{(t+1)} = v'_{w_j}{}^{(t)} - \eta \cdot EI_j \cdot h$$

$$EI_j = \sigma(v'_{w_j}{}^T v_{w_I}) - t_j$$

$$v_{w_I}{}^{(t+1)} = v_{w_I}{}^{(t)} - \eta \cdot EH^T$$

$$EH = \sum_{w_j \in \{w_O\} \cup \mathcal{W}_{\text{neg}}} EI_j \cdot v'_{w_j}$$

$$w_j \in \{w_O\} \cup \mathcal{W}_{\text{neg}}$$



Negative Sampling

- Sampling methods

- Random sampling $w_j \in \{w_O\} \cup \mathcal{W}_{\text{neg}}$
- Distribution sampling: w_j is sampled from $P(w)$ What is a good $P(w)$?



Idea: less frequent words sampled more often

- Empirical setting: unigram model raised to the power of 3/4

Word	Probability to be sampled for “neg”
is	$0.9^{3/4} = 0.92$
constitution	$0.09^{3/4} = 0.16$
bombastic	$0.01^{3/4} = 0.032$

