(a) H maximum likelihood ovváprnou Eiva!:
$$P(x_1,...,x_n;\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \left(P(\omega_i|x_i)^{i_i} \cdot P(\omega_2|x_i)^{i_2}\right) \quad \text{That is onow:}$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^{n} \left(\sigma(\theta^T \cdot x_i)^{y_i} \cdot (\cdot 1 - \sigma(\theta^T \cdot x_i)^{1-y_i}\right) \quad \text{(kai } P(\omega_1|x_i) + P(\omega_2|x_i) = 1$$

Onor
$$Q(\theta_L \times) = \frac{1 + e^{-\theta_L \times}}{1}$$

$$ln((L(\theta)) = -\sum_{i=1}^{D} y_i ln(\sigma(\overline{O} x) + (1-y_u) \cdot ln(1-\sigma(\overline{O} x)))$$

$$-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} y_i \frac{1}{\sigma(\Theta^T \times)} \left(\sigma(\Theta^T \times)\right)' + \left(1 - y_i\right) \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \sigma(\Theta^T \times)} \cdot \left(\left(1 - \sigma(\Theta^T \times)\right)'\right)}{1 - \sigma(\Theta^T \times)}$$

$$= -\sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(y_i \frac{1}{\sigma(\theta^{x})} + (1-y_i) \frac{1}{1-\sigma(\theta^{T})} \right) \left(\sigma(\theta^{T}) \right) \left(\frac{\partial \theta_i}{\partial \theta_i} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{\partial \theta_i}{\partial \theta_i} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$=-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\alpha(\theta_{1}x)}}+(1-\theta_{1})\frac{1}{1-\alpha(\theta_{1}x)}\right)\left(\alpha(\theta_{1}x)\left(1-\alpha(\theta_{1}x)\right)\frac{3\theta_{1}x}{3\theta_{2}}$$

$$= -\sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(y \left(1 - \sigma(\theta^{T} \times) - \left(1 - y_{i}^{*} \right) \cdot \sigma(\theta^{T} \times) \right) \times$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} (s_i - y_i) \cdot x_i = X^{T}(S - y)$$

$$\Theta' = \Theta^{c-1} - \mu_i \nabla L(\theta)|_{\theta = 0^{i-1}} = \tilde{\theta}^{i-1} - \mu_i X^T(S - y)$$

Exercise 2

$$J(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (y_i^2 - f(\theta^T \times_i)^2) \qquad \qquad f(z) = af(z) (1 - f(z))$$

Επίσης μπορούρε να πολλοπλοσιόσουρε των cost function
$$με το χ ν καθώς δεν θα επιρεαστεί το σηρείο ελαχίστου που ψάχνουρε. (Για να φύχουν τα δυόρια)$$

$$f_{QQ} = \int (\theta) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (y_i - f(\theta \times i))^2$$

$$\frac{95(\theta)}{88} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (y_i - f(\theta \times i)) \cdot (f(\theta \times i))^2$$

$$= -\sum_{i=1}^{N} (y_i - f(\theta^T x_i)) \cdot f(\theta^T x_i) \cdot (1 - f(\theta^T x_i)) \cdot \frac{\partial \theta^T x_i}{\partial \theta}$$

$$= -\sum_{i=1}^{b} ((y_i - f(\theta^T \times i) \cdot (1 - f(\theta^T \times i) \cdot (1 - f(\theta^T \times i)) \cdot \times i)) \cdot \times i$$

$$= -\alpha (y - f) \cdot f \cdot (1 - f) \cdot \times^T$$

