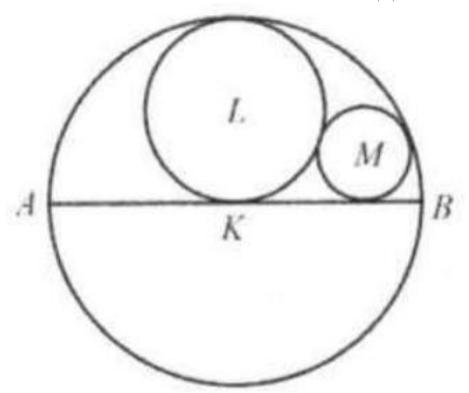
Problem 7

Problem

As shown in the figure, circle K has diameter AB; circle L is tangent to circle K and to AB at the center of circle K; and circle M is tangent to circle K, to circle L and to L and to L is tangent to circle L is tangent to circle L and to L is tangent to circle L and to L is tangent to circle L and to L is tangent to circle L is tangent to circle L and to L is tangent to circle L is tangent to



Solution

16:4:1. MF is parallel to AB and intersects KL at F. Let r, s = r/2 and t be the radii of the circles with centers K, L and M, respectively. Using the

Pythagorean theorem to $\triangle FLM$ and $\triangle FKM: (MF)^2 = \left(\frac{r}{2} + t\right)^2 - \left(\frac{r}{2} - t\right)^2$, $(MF)^2 = (r - t)^2 - (t)^2$. Solving w get r: t = 4: 1. So r: s: t = 4: 2: 1. The ratio of the areas is then is 16: 4: 1.

