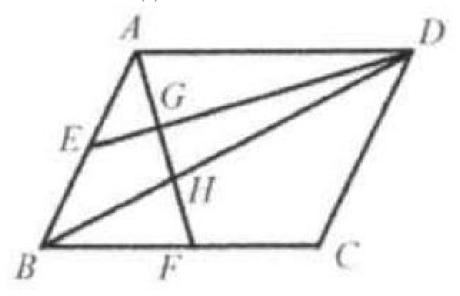
## Problem

In parallelogram ABCD, shown here, points E and F are the midpoints of side AB and BC, respectively. AF meets DE at G and BD at H. Find the area of quadrilateral BHGE if the area of ABCD is 60 .

- (A) 10
- (B) 9
- (C) 8
- (D) 7
- (E) 5



## Solution

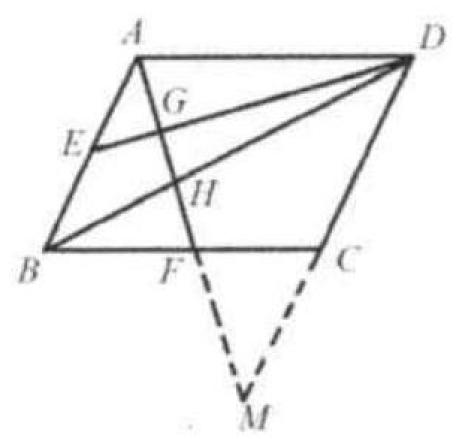
(D).

Extend AF and DC to meet at M.

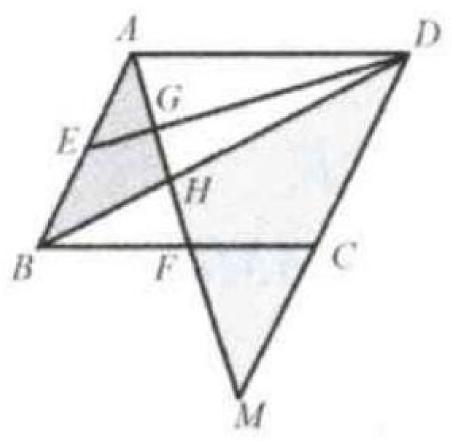
$$MC = AB = CD.AF = FM.$$

Triangle ABH is similar to triangle MDH.  $\frac{AH}{HM} = \frac{AB}{DM} = \frac{1}{2}$ 

$$\frac{AH}{HM} = \frac{AB}{DM} = \frac{1}{2}$$



Thus  $\frac{AH}{HM} = \frac{1}{3}$ , and  $\frac{AH}{AF} = \frac{2}{3}$ .  $S_{\triangle ABH} = \frac{2}{3}S_{\triangle ABF} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{4}S_{ABCD} = 10$  Triangle AEG is similar to triangle MDG.



 $\begin{array}{c} \frac{EG}{DG} = \frac{AE}{MD} = \frac{1}{4}. \text{ Thus } \frac{EG}{ED} = \frac{1}{5}.\\ S_{\triangle AEG} = \frac{1}{5}S_{\triangle ADE} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}S_{ABCD} = 3.\\ \text{Therefore } S_{BHGE} = S_{\triangle ABH} - S_{\triangle AEG} = 10 - 3 = 7. \end{array}$ 

