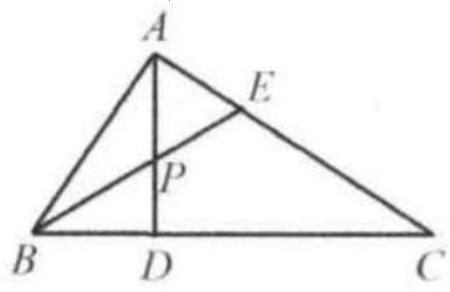
## Example 8

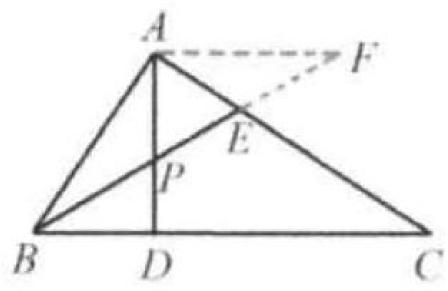
In right  $\triangle ABC$ , AD is the height and P is the midpoint of AD. Connect BP and extend it to meet AC at E. Suppose that AC:AB=k, what is the value of AE/EC?

(A)  $\frac{1}{1+k^2}$ (B)  $\frac{1}{1+k}$ (C)  $\frac{2}{1+k^2}$ (D) 1+k(E)  $\frac{2}{1+k}$ 



Solution: (A).

Draw AF//BC and AF meets the extension of BE at F.  $\triangle AFE$  is similar to  $\triangle CBE$ , we have  $\frac{AE}{EC} = \frac{AF}{BC}$ . We know that AP = PD, so AF = BD, so  $\frac{AE}{EC} = \frac{BD}{BC}$ . By (12.3) and (12.4),  $\frac{BD}{DC} = \frac{AB^2}{AC^2} = \frac{1}{k^2}$ .



Thus  $\frac{BD}{BC} = \frac{BD}{BD+DC} = \frac{1}{1+k^2}$ . Therefore  $\frac{AE}{EC} = \frac{1}{1+k^2}$ .