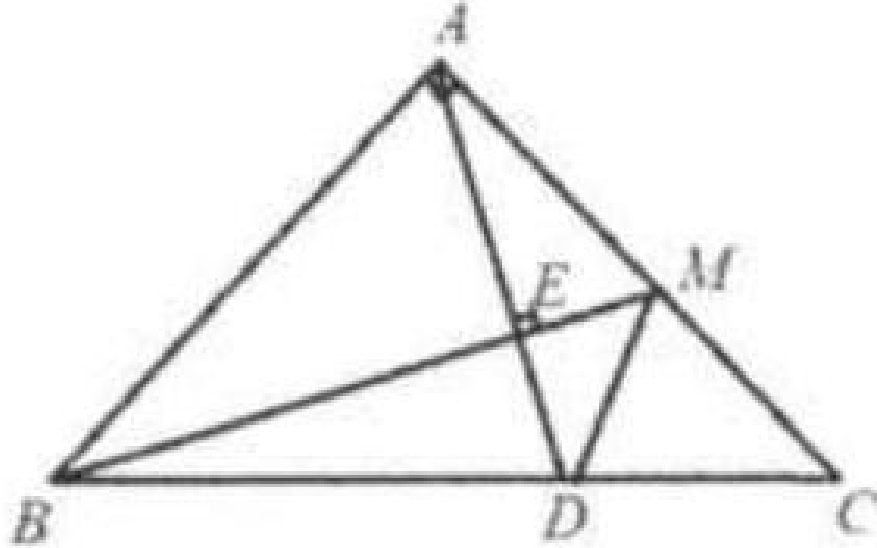


## Problem

Given  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\angle A = 90^\circ$ ,  $AB = AC$ .  $M$  is the midpoint of  $AC$ .  $AE \perp BM$  with the feet at  $E$ . Extend  $AE$  to meet  $BC$  at  $D$ . Prove that  $\angle AMB = \angle CMD$ .



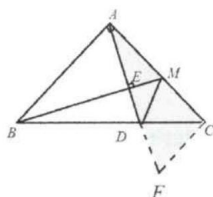
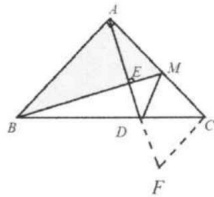
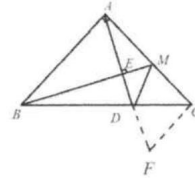
## Solution

Draw  $CF \parallel AB$ . Extend  $AD$  to meet  $CF$  at  $F$ .

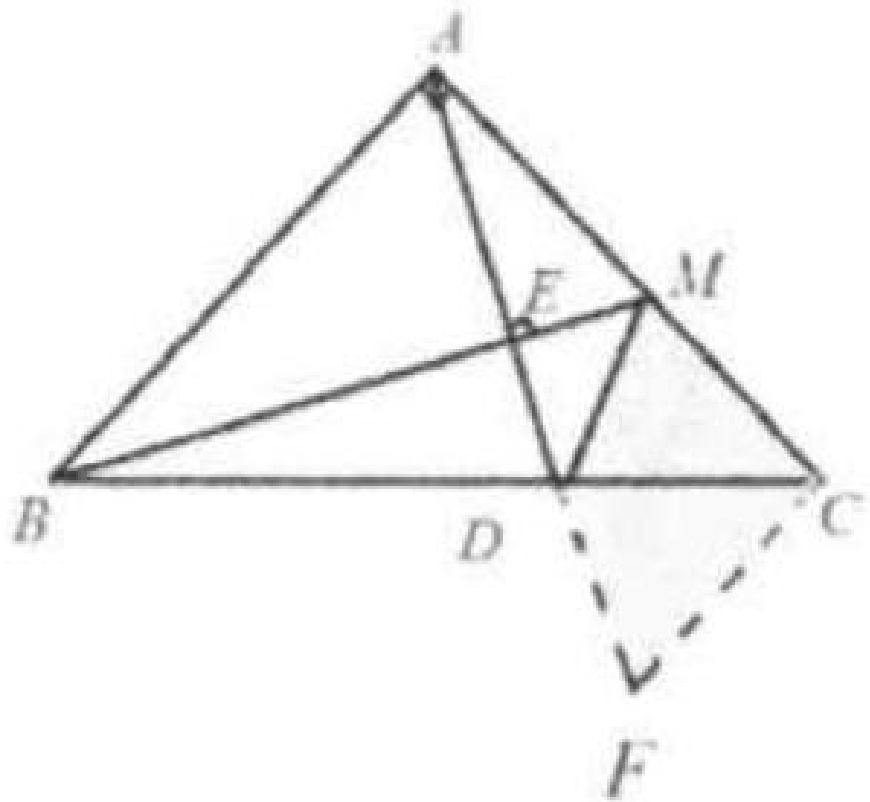
Since  $\angle ABM + \angle AMB = 90^\circ$  and  $\angle MAE + \angle AMB = 90^\circ$ ,  
 $\angle ABM = \angle CAF$ .

Since  $AB = AC$ ,  $\angle ABM = \angle CAF$ .  $\text{Rt } \triangle ABM \cong \text{Rt } \triangle CAF$ ,  $\angle AMB = \angle F$ .  
 Since  $\angle ABM + \angle AMB = 90^\circ$  and  $\angle MAE + \angle AMB = 90^\circ$ ,  
 $\angle ABM = \angle CAF$ .

Since  $AB = AC$ ,  $\angle ABM = \angle CAF$ .  $\text{Rt } \triangle ABM \cong \text{Rt } \triangle CAF$ ,  
 $\angle AMB = \angle F$ .



Since  
 $MC = AM = CF$ ,  $\angle MCD = 45^\circ = \angle FCD$ ,  $CF = CF$ ,  $\triangle MCD \cong \triangle FCD$ .



$\angle CMD = \angle F$ .  
Therefore,  $\angle AMB = \angle CMD$ .