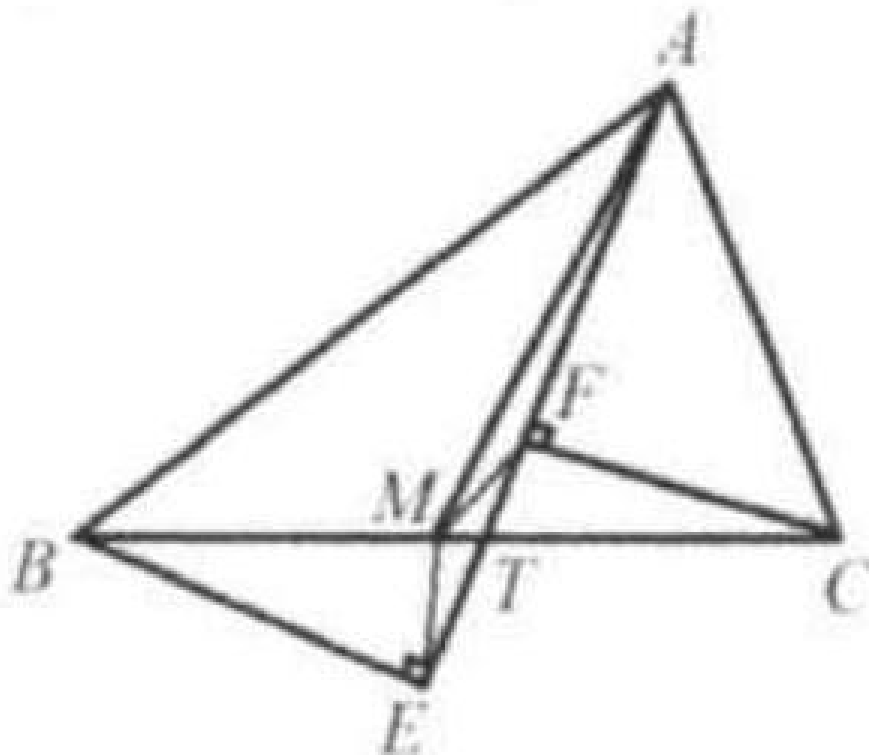


## Problem

In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $AM$  is the median.  $AT$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle A$ .  $BE \perp AT$  at  $T$  and  $CF \perp AT$  at  $F$ . Show that  $ME = MF$ .



## Solution

Method 1:

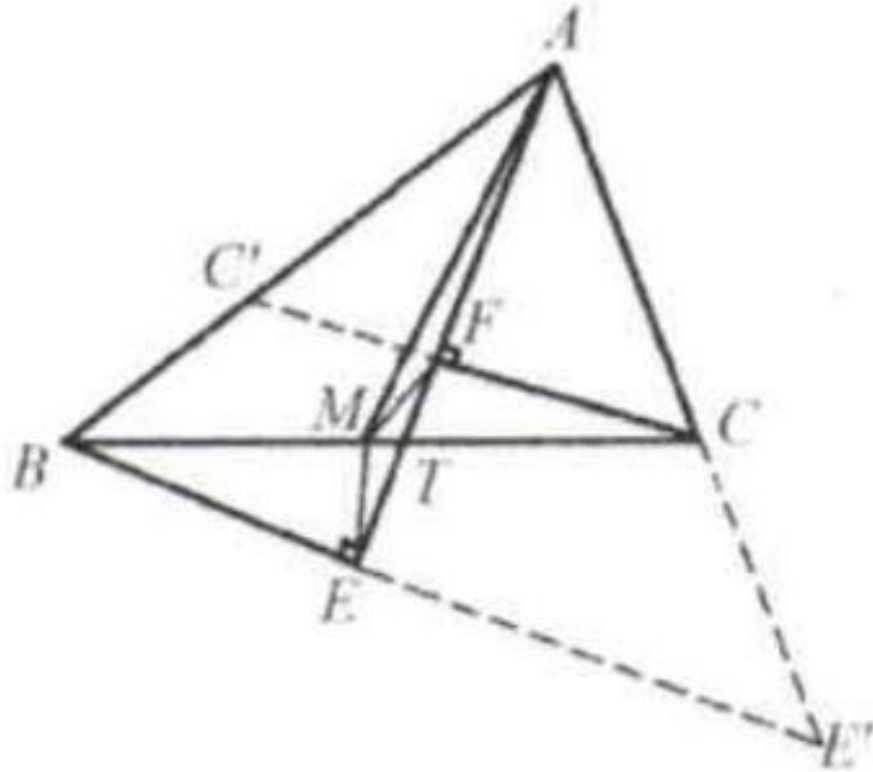
Extend  $CF$  to meet  $AB$  at  $C'$ .

Since  $AT$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle A$ ,  $AF$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle A$ .  $AF$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $C'C$  in  $\triangle AC'C$ , so  $\triangle AC'F \cong \triangle ACF$ ,  $CF = FC'$ .

Since  $F$  is the midpoint of  $CC'$ ,  $M$  is the midpoint of  $BC$ ,

$FM \parallel BC' \parallel AB$ .  $\angle MFE = \angle BAT$ .

Extend  $BE$  to meet the extension of  $AC$  at  $E'$ .



Similarly, we get  $ME \parallel CE'$ ,  $\angle MEF = \angle CAT$ .

Since  $\angle BAT = \angle CAT$ ,  $\angle MFE = \angle MEF$ . Thus  $ME = MF$ .

Method 2:

Extend  $CF$  to meet  $AB$  at  $C'$ .

Since  $AT$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle A$ ,  $AF$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle A$ .  $AF$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $C'C$  in  $\triangle AC'C$ , so  $\triangle AC'F \cong \triangle ACF$ ,  $CF = FC'$ .

Since  $F$  is the midpoint of  $CC'$ ,  $M$  is the midpoint of  $BC$ ,  $MF = \frac{1}{2}BC$ .

