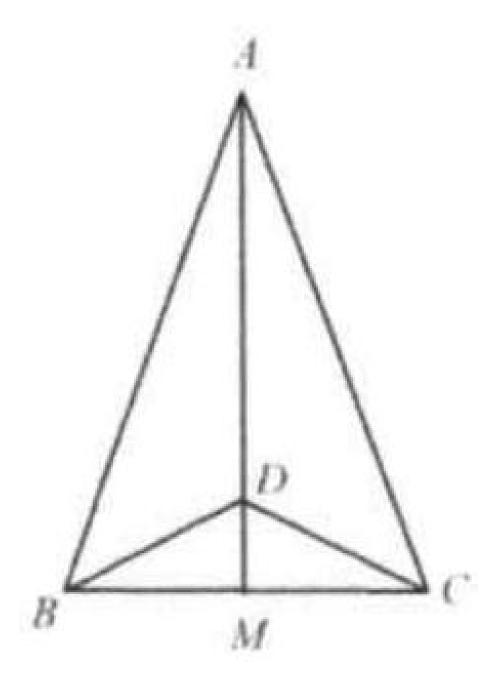
Problem

(AIME) Triangle ABC is isosceles, with AB = AC and altitude AM = 11. Suppose that there is a point D on AM with AD = 10 and $\angle BDC = 3\angle BAC$. Then the perimeter of triangle ABC may be written in the form $a + \sqrt{b}$, where a and b are integers. Find a + b.



Solution

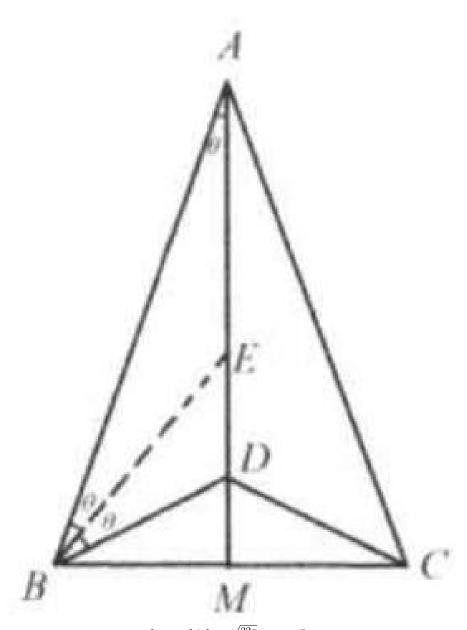
616. Let the bisector of $\angle ABD$ intersect AD at E, and let x=BE=AE. By the Pythagorean Theorem,

$$BM = \sqrt{BE^2 - EM^2} = \sqrt{x^2 - (11 - x)^2} = \sqrt{22x^2 - 121}$$

By applying the Pythagorean Theorem two more times, we find that $AB=\sqrt{BM^2+AM^2}=\sqrt{22x}$

$$BD = \sqrt{BM^2 + DM^2} = \sqrt{22x - 120}.$$

By the angle-bisector theorem, we have that $\frac{AB}{BD}=\frac{AE}{DE}$



from which $\frac{\sqrt{22x}}{\sqrt{22x-120}} = \frac{x}{10-x}$. By squaring both sides of this equation and solving for x, we find that x=55/8. Hence BM=11/2 and $AB=(11/2)\sqrt{5}$. The perimeter of the triangle is $2(AB+BM)=11\sqrt{5}+11=\sqrt{605}+11$, so a+b=616.