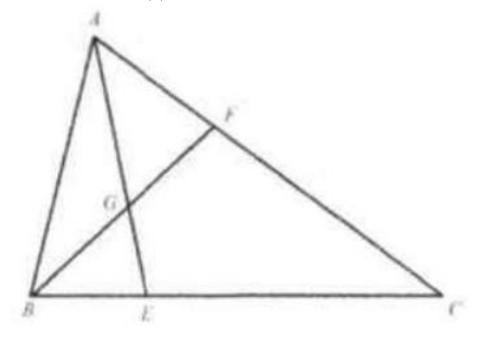
Problem

(AMC) In triangle ABC, point F divides side AC in the ratio 1:2. Let E be the point of intersection of side BC and AG where G is the midpoint of BF.

Then point E divides side BC in the ratio

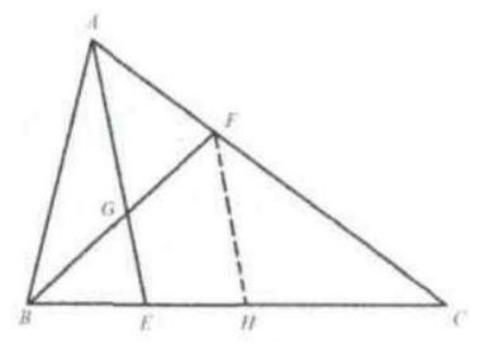
- (A) 1:4
- (B) 1:3
- (C) 2:5
- (D) 4:11
- (E) 3:8



Solution

(B). Method 1:

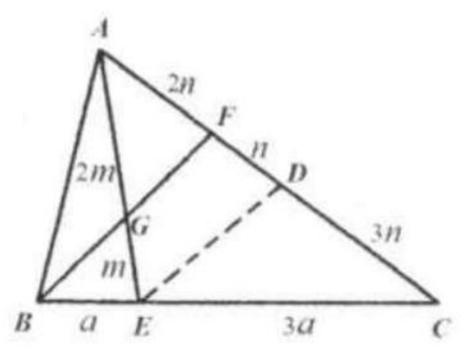
Draw FH parallel to line AGE (see figure). Then BE=EH because BG=GF and a line (GE) parallel to the base (HF) of a triangle (HFB) divides the other two sides proportionally. By the same reasoning applied to triangle AEC with line FH parallel to base AE, we see that HC=2EH, because FC=2AF is given. Therefore EC=EH+HC=3EH=3BE, and



divides side BC in the ratio 1:3. Method 2: Applying Menelaus Theorem to $\triangle AFG$ with the transversal points C,B, and E:

$$\frac{AC}{FC} \cdot \frac{FB}{GB} \cdot \frac{GE}{AE} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{GE}{AE} = 1 \Rightarrow$$
$$\frac{GE}{AE} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Draw ED//BF as shown in the figure. Let AF be 2n then FD



= n and DC = 3n.E divides side BC in the ratio 1:3 as well.