

# Naming "Things"

Variables, Constants & Properties

Functions & Methods

Classes



# Names should be meaningful

## Why Names Matter

Well-named "Things" allow readers to **understand** your code without going through it in detail

const user = new User()

database.insert(user)

if (isLoggedIn) { ... }

To understand the above code, we don't need to go through the full class or function definitions and all the other code



## We'll Not Always Agree!

const admin = new Admin();

This is readable

And so is this

const admin = new AdminUser();



#### How To Name Things Correctly

**Variables & Constants** 

**Functions / Methods** 

Classes

Data containers to store some data

e.g. user input data, validation results, a list of products

Commands or calculated values

e.g. send data to server, check if user input is valid

Use classes to create "things"

e.g. a user, a product, a http request body

Use **nouns** or short phrases with **adjectives** 

const userData = { ... }
 const isValid = ...

Use **verbs** or short phrases with **adjectives** 

sendData()
inputIsValid()

validation function

Use **nouns** or short phrases with **nouns** 

class User { ... }
class RequestBody { ... }



#### Name Casing

snake\_case

camelCase

**PascalCase** 

kebab-case

is\_valid
send\_response

isValid sendResponse

AdminRole UserRepository

<side-drawer>

e.g. Python

e.g. Java, JavaScript e.g. Python, Java, JavaScript

e.g. HTML

Variables, functions, methods

Variables, functions, methods

Classes

Custom HTML Elements



### Naming Variables, Constants & Properties

Value is an Object

Value is Number or String

Value is a Boolean

Describe the value

Describe the value

Answer a true/ false question

user database name age isActive loggedIn

Provide more details without introducing redundancy

Provide more details without introducing redundancy

Provide more details without introducing redundancy

authenticatedUser sqlDatabase

firstName age

isActiveUser loggedIn



#### Examples – Variable Names

What is stored?

**Bad Names** 

Okay Names

**Good Names** 

A user object (name, email, age)

data

userData person

user customer

"u" and "data" could contain anything

"userData" is a bit redundant, "person" is too unspecific

"user" is descriptive, "customer" is even more specific

User input validation result (true/ false)

val

correct validatedInput isCorrect isValid

"v" could be anything,
"val" could also stand for
"value"

Both terms don't necessarily imply a true/false value

Descriptive and value type is clear



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"user" is descriptive, "customer" is even more specific

User input validation result (true/ false)

val

correct
validatedInput

isCorrect
isValid

"v" could be anything, "val" could also stand for "value"

Both terms don't necessarily imply a true/ false value

Descriptive and value type is clear



#### Naming Functions & Methods

Function performs an operation

Describe the operation

getUser(...)
response.send()

Provide more details without introducing redundancy

getUserByEmail(...)
response.send()

Function computes a Boolean

Answer a true/ false question

isValid(...)
purchase.isPaid()

Provide more details without introducing redundancy

emailIsValid(...)
purchase.isPaid()



#### Examples – Function / Method Names

What does the function do?

**Bad Names** 

Okay Names

Good Names

Save user data to a database

process(...)
handle(...)

save(...)
storeData(...)

saveUser(...)
user.store(...)

Both are very unspecific – what is being "processed"?

At least we know that something is saved – but what? The intent is very clear – especially with the method

Validate the user input

validate()

check()

checkUser()



#### Examples – Function / Method Names

What does the function do?

**Bad Names** 

Okay Names

**Good Names** 

Save user data to a database

process(...)
handle(...)

save(...)
storeData(...)

saveUser(...)
user.store(...)

Both are very unspecific – what is being "processed"?

At least we know that something is saved – but what? The intent is very clear – especially with the method

Validate the user input

process(...)
save(...)

validateSave(...)
 check(...)

validate(...)
isValid(...)

Unspecific ("process") or even misleading ("save")

Both names are not 100% specific

Both makes sense – depends on what the function does exactly



## **Naming Classes**

Describe the Object

User Product

Provide more details without introducing redundancy

Customer Course

Avoid redundant suffixes

\_ ( \_

Classes are typically instantiated

DatabaseManager

Instantiating a "DatabaseManager" makes no sense



## Examples – Class Names

Which object is described?

**Bad Names** 

Okay Names

Good Names

A User

class UEntity
 class ObjA

class UserObj
class AppUser

class User class Admin

Both are very unspecific

Both class names have redundant information

"User" is just fine – or "Admin" if it's a more specific kind of user

A Database (in code)

class DB class Database

class UserDB class DatabaseUsers

class MySQLDatabase class MongoDatabase



#### Examples – Class Names

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A Database (in code)

class Data
 class
DataStorage

class Db class Data class Database
 class
SOLDatabase

It's not clear that we're describing a database

Not 100% specific

"Database" is good,
"SQLDatabase"
might be even better

can be storing anything

data can mean anything



#### Don't Include Redundant Information In Names

```
included redundant details
userWithNameAndAge = User('Max', 31)
```

Even without knowing the class definition, it's easy to guess that this user has a name and age

In general, it's expected that a "User" will contain some user data

We should look into the class definition if we want to learn more about the "User" object

Names should avoid describing unnecessary or redundant details

```
user = User('Max', 31)
(newUser, loggedInUser)
```



#### Avoid Slang, Unclear Abbreviations & Disinformation



Avoid



Do

Slang

product.diePlease()
 user.facePalm()

product.remove()
user.sendErrorMessage()

Unclear Abbreviations message(n)
ymdt = '20210121CET'

Disinformation

userList = { u1: ..., u2: ... }
allAccounts = accounts.filter()

```
userMap = { u1: ..., u2: ... }
filteredAccounts =
  accounts.filter()
```



#### **Choose Distinctive Names**





analytics.getDailyReport(day)
 analytics.getDataForToday()
 analytics.getRawDailyData(day)
analytics.getParsedDailyData(day)

These methods all sound very similar, it's hard to tell when you would use which method

All methods are very distinct from each other, it's easy to choose when to call which method



#### **Be Consistent**

