Hazard Analysis Sayyara

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Table 1: Revision History

| Date | Developer(s) | Change |
|------------------|--------------|---|
| October 13, 2022 | Arkin Modi | Create Failure Mode and Effect Analysis table |
| October 14, 2022 | Joy Xiao | Introduction |
| October 15, 2022 | Leon So | Update Failure Mode and Effect Analysis table |
| October 16, 2022 | Arkin Modi | Fill in FMEA table for Work Orders, Shop Profile, Services, and |
| | | Shop Employees |
| October 17, 2022 | Timothy Choy | Add Safety and Security Requirements |
| October 18, 2022 | Arkin Modi | Add Roadmap section |
| October 19, 2022 | Arkin Modi | Add List of Figures, List of Tables, and Appendix |

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1 Introduction

This document outlines the hazard analysis of Sayyara. The definition of hazard is any property or condition in the system along with conditions in the environment that may cause harm or damage. This definition is from Nancy Leveson's work. The hazards for Sayyara include security and usage hazards such as protecting personal information, database failures, and having no internet connection.

2 Scope and Purpose of Hazard Analysis

The scope of the hazard analysis is to identify any hazards that may arise when using the application, their causes, coming up with steps to eliminate or mitigate the effect of the hazard. The purpose of the hazard analysis is to pinpoint areas where hazards may arise and their effects and come up with mitigation steps. Through completing the hazard analysis, safety and security requirements will be developed early in the design process to minimize the risk of having hazards occur without plans in place to reduce or mitigate the effects.

3 System Boundaries and Components

The system consists of:

- 1. The application's frontend and backend components in the major categories:
 - Authentication
 - Appointments
 - Quotes
 - Work Orders
 - Shop Profile
 - Services
 - Shop Employees
- 2. The database being used which will store all of application's data

4 Critical Assumptions

- Assume the users of the application are not intentionally trying to misuse it
- Assume that the user will follow cybersecurity best practices

5 Failure Mode and Effect Analysis

Table 2: Failure Mode and Effect Analysis Table

| Component | Failure Modes | Effects of Failure | Causes of Failure | Recommended Action | SR | Ref. |
|----------------|--|--|---|--|------------------|------|
| General | Loss or theft of Personal Identifiable Information (PII) | Legal consequences | a. Malicious internal or external actors gains access to the system b. SQL inject attack | a. Encryption of PII data at rest and in transit | a. SR1 | H1-1 |
| Authentication | User cannot login | User is unable to access their account and applica- tion features requiring lo- gin | a. User inputted login credentials do not match the credentials in the database | a. Allow user to reset password | a. SR2 | H2-1 |
| | User account is hacked | Unauthorized actions may be performed from the hacked account | a. Malicious internal or external actors gains access to the user ac- count | a. Allow user to reset password b. System administrators to undo/revert unauthorized changes | a. SR2 | H2-2 |
| Appointments | Multiple appointments are scheduled for the same time | Conflict in scheduling and availability | a. Two or more users attempt to schedule an appointment for the same time slot at the same time | a. The shop owner or employee will accept one of the appointments | a. SR3 | H3-1 |
| Quotes | Chat is disconnected | Loss of chat history, new messages sent may not be received | a. Loss of internetb. Inactive or stale connectionc. Web socket failure | a. Notify user of chat disconnection b. Cache latest messages, disable send button | a. SR4 b. SR5 | H4-1 |

| Work Orders | Work Order is missing | Customer and Employees will not know any of the work that has been done for a specific job | a. Database failure | a. Regular and automatic database backups/snapshots and allow shop owners to request rollbacks | a. SR6 | H5-1 |
|----------------|---|--|---|--|------------------|------|
| | Work Order is missing detailed infor- mation | Customer and Employees will not know all of the work that has been done for a specific job | a. Database failure | a. Refer to H5-1a | a. SR6 | H5-2 |
| Shop Profile | Unable to find details of a shop | Customers will not be able to see the information about a specific shop (e.g., address, phone number, etc.) | a. Database failure | a. Refer to H5-1a | a. SR6 | H6-1 |
| Services | Unable to find a service | Customers and Employees will not be able to see what services are offered by the shop | a. Database failure b. Client-side network failure | a. Refer to H5-1ab. Display a message to the user informing them that they are offline | a. SR4 b. SR6 | H7-1 |
| | Unable to find details of a service | Customers and Employees will not be able to see the details of a service (e.g., price, estimated time, etc.) | a. Database failure b. Client-side network failure | a. Refer to H5-1a b. Refer to H7-1b | a. SR4 b. SR6 | H7-2 |
| Shop Employees | A former employee joins the shop account | The former employee can view sensitive information and perform unauthorized actions | a. A former employee accepts their invite link to join the shop as an employee after their employment has been terminated | a. Invite links should expire after a set period of timeb. Invite links should only be able to be accepts oncec. Shop owners should be able to revoke access to any employee | a. SR7 | H8-1 |

| An employee | of Shop owners will not be | | | | H8-2 | |
|---------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|------|--|
| the shop cann | ot able view employee's de- | a. Database failure | a. Refer to H5-1a | a. SR6 | | |
| be found | tails; Effected employee | b. Client-side network | b. Refer to H7-1b | b. SR8 | | |
| | will not be able to be as- | failure | c. Employees should be able to be | | | |
| | signed to work orders or | | reinvited to a shop | | | |
| | view their profile details | | • | | | |

6 Safety and Security Requirements

SR1. The system shall protect personally identifiable information (PII) by encrypting information both at rest and in transit

Rationale: There are legal consequences associated with losing people's PPI.

Associated Hazards: H1-1

SR2. The system shall allow the user to reset their password

Rationale: If a user forgets their password, they will be unable to access information regarding their work. Furthermore, losing access to their account due to a malicious actor would allow unauthorized people access to components that require a level of authorization.

Associated Hazards: H2-1, H2-2

SR3. The system shall allow the shop owner or employee to accept appointments before they are finalized

Rationale: As the application is run in real time with multiple users, scheduling conflicts can occur if multiple users fill in a time slot at the same time. Allowing the shop owner or employees to accept would remove the hazard of conflicting schedules.

Associated Hazards: H3-1

SR4. The system shall notify the user if there is no network connection, and prevent the user from using functions that require a connection when they have no connection

Rationale: A web socket connection cannot be made if there is no network connection. Letting the user know that they have no connection and disabling methods for them to use connections would prevent any hazards.

Associated Hazards: H4-1, H7-1, H7-2

SR5. The system shall cache recent chat messages

Rationale: Caching recent chat messages allows the user to keep reading their conversations, even without access to a network.

Associated Hazards: H4-1

SR6. The system shall take periodic backups and snapshots of the database and allow shop owners to request rollbacks

Rationale: It would be catastrophic to lose critical data in the case of a database failure. Having backups and snapshots would alleviate this hazard.

Associated Hazards: H5-1, H5-2, H6-1, H7-1, H7-2, H8-2

SR7. The system shall disable invite links to employees after they have been used, after a set period of time, or if the shop owner revokes access

Rationale: Having an invite link stay after its intended duration would cause problems, such as accidentally allowing former employees back into the shop.

Associated Hazards: H8-1

SR8. The system shall allow multiple invite links to a single employee, though only one invite link can be valid at any given time

Rationale: There could be a situation where a database failure, or human error cause an employee to be unable to accept their first invitation. Allowing multiple invite links to the same employee

would resolve this hazard. Allowing only one valid link at any time would prevent malicious actors from using links that were not meant to be used.

Associated Hazards: H8-2

7 Roadmap

The hazard analysis has identified a number of safety and security requirements that will need to be met by this application. Due to time constraints, not all of these requirements will be fulfilled before the Revision 1 deadline in April 2023. The following requirements have been identified as higher priority as well as feasible within the time constraints and shall be completed within the initial timeline of the project: SR1, SR2, SR3, SR4.

8 Appendix