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Chapter 1

Class Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Greater< KeyType >	7
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >	7
PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >	18
Less< KeyType >	16
PriorityArrivalCompare< TaskType >	17
TaskData	21
TestDataItem< KeyType >	22

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Greater< KeyType >	7
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >	7
Less< KeyType >	16
PriorityArrivalCompare< TaskType >	17
PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >	18
TaskData	21
TestDataItem< KeyType >	22

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

config.h	23
Heap.cpp	
Class implementations declarations for the Heap ADT	23
Heap.h	
Class declarations for the Heap ADT	24
heapsort.cpp	24
ossim.cpp	
Contains definitions for cunctions that together comprise a heap sort utility. The heapSort() shell function is provided by the lab manual package, while the moveDown helper function was written by T. - Henriod. This heapSort is for arrays	25
PriorityQueue.cpp	
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test11.cpp	28

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 Greater< KeyType > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- `bool operator\(\) (const KeyType &a, const KeyType &b) const`

```
template<typename KeyType = int> class Greater< KeyType >
```

4.1.1 Member Function Documentation

4.1.1.1 `template<typename KeyType = int> bool Greater< KeyType >::operator() (const KeyType & a, const KeyType & b) const` `[inline]`

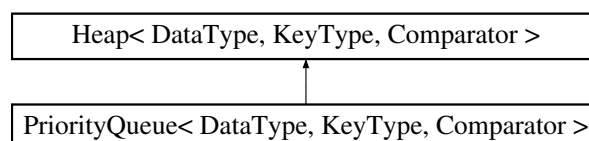
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `test11.cpp`

4.2 Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator > Class Template - Reference

```
#include <Heap.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >:



Public Member Functions

- [Heap](#) (int maxNumber=[DEFAULT_MAX_HEAP_SIZE](#))
- [Heap](#) (const [Heap](#) &other)
- [Heap](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Heap](#) &other)
- [~Heap](#) ()
- void [insert](#) (const DataType &newDataItem) throw (logic_error)
- DataType [remove](#) () throw (logic_error)
- void [clear](#) ()
- bool [isEmpty](#) () const
- bool [isFull](#) () const
- void [showStructure](#) () const
- void [writeLevels](#) () const

Static Public Attributes

- static const int [DEFAULT_MAX_HEAP_SIZE](#) = 10

Private Member Functions

- void [showSubtree](#) (int index, int level) const

Private Attributes

- int [maxSize](#)
- int [size](#)
- DataType * [dataItems](#)
- Comparator [comparator](#)

4.2.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType  
>>class Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >
```

A [Heap](#) ADT. The [Heap](#) is a data structure for storing data as though it were a tree whose requirements are that no parent is less than a child and that the tree must be completely full except for the bottom level. The data is stored in an array, granting fast access and easy reordering of data. Because the data is stored in an array, the bottom level of data fills up from left to right.

4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.2.1 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator
> Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::Heap (int maxNumber =
DEFAULT_MAX_HEAP_SIZE)`

Heap

The default constructor for the heap. Instantiates an empty heap.

Parameters

<i>maxNumber</i>	The maximum capacity given to the heap. It is recommended that a size that is $2^n - 1$ is chosen. This parameter defaults to DEFAULT_MAX_HEAP_SIZE (defined in Heap.h).
------------------	---

Precondition

1. A valid identifier for the [Heap](#) is given
2. The given template parameter `DataType` should support comparisons and some for key identification.
3. The given number for the parameter `int maxNumber` must be greater than zero.

Postcondition

1. An empty [Heap](#) of the given types and size (if it is specified) is instantiated.

4.2.2.2 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > Heap<
DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::Heap (const Heap< DataType, KeyType,
Comparator > & other)`

Heap

The copy constructor for the heap. Instantiates a [Heap](#) that is a clone of the given `other` parameter.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Heap to be cloned into <code>*this</code> .
--------------	---

Precondition

1. A valid identifier for the [Heap](#) is given
2. The given template parameter `DataType` should support comparisons and some for key identification.

3. The given number for the parameter `int maxNumber` must be greater than zero.

Postcondition

1. A [Heap](#) that is a clone of the given other parameter is instantiated.

4.2.2.3 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::~~Heap ()`

`~Heap`

The destructor for the heap ADT. Ensures that all dynamically allocated memory is returned.

Precondition

1. There is a [Heap](#) to destruct.

Postcondition

1. The dynamic memory allocated for the array will be returned.
 2. The [Heap](#) object (*this) will be destroyed.
-
1. The dynamically allocated array is deleted.
 2. The rest of the heap is appropriately destroyed in the usual manner.

4.2.3 Member Function Documentation

4.2.3.1 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > void Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::clear ()`

`clear`

Empties the heap.

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) instantiation exists.

Postcondition

1. Data items of the heap are "discarded" by setting the size member to zero.

4.2.3.2 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > void
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::insert (const DataType & newDataltem)
throw (logic_error)`

insert

Inserts the given value into the appropriate place in the array if there is room. Throws an expression of type `logic_error` if the [Heap](#) is full.

Parameters

<i>newData-Item</i>	The new item to be inserted into the Heap .
---------------------	---

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) instantiation exists.
2. The given parameter `newDataltem` is of appropriate type.
3. The [Heap](#) must not be full for successful insertion.

Postcondition

1. If there was room in the [Heap](#), the `newDataltem` will be placed in the [Heap](#) such that it will be less than any "parent" that it may have.
 2. If the heap is full and insertion is attempted, an exception of type `logic_error` is thrown, indicating that the heap is full.
-
1. If the [Heap](#) is full, an exception is thrown, otherwise the `DataType newDataltem` is placed in the first available location.
 2. The `newDataltem` is then percolated up to the appropriate level in the heap by comparing the newly inserted item with its current "parent" and swapping if necessary until the new item cannot rise any further.

Exceptions

<i>logic_error</i>	This exception is thrown if an attempt is made to insert into a full heap.
--------------------	--

4.2.3.3 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > bool
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::isEmpty () const`

isEmpty

Indicates if the [Heap](#) is full by returning true if it is empty and false otherwise.

Returns

empty A boolean containing the truth of the emptiness of the [Heap](#).

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) instantiation exists.

Postcondition

1. The [Heap](#) will remain unchanged.
2. If the [Heap](#) is empty, true is returned, and false otherwise.

4.2.3.4 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > bool
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::isFull () const`

isFull

Indicates if the [Heap](#) is full by returning true if it is full, and false otherwise.

Returns

full A boolean containing the truth of the fullness of the heap

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) instantiation exists.

Postcondition

1. The [Heap](#) will remain unchanged.
2. If the [Heap](#) is full, true is returned, and false otherwise.

Exceptions

--	--

4.2.3.5 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator > & Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::operator= (const Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator > & other)`

operator=

The overloaded assignment operator for the [Heap](#) ADT. Clones the given [Heap](#) other parameter into *this.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Heap whose data will be cloned into this one.
--------------	---

Returns

*this *this is returned by reference for multi-line assignments.

Precondition

1. Both *this and other are valid Heaps

Postcondition

1. The contents of other will be cloned into *this. The original data will be more.
1. If *this is not being assigned to *this, the current data is abandoned.
2. If other has a different maxSize than *this, the dataItems array is re-sized
3. The dataItems array is made equivalent to the one in other

4.2.3.6 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > DataType Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::remove () throw (logic_error)`

remove

Removes the item at the top ("root") of the [Heap](#). The heap is then reordered appropriately to maintain the properties of a heap. The removed item is returned. An exception is thrown if removal is attempted on an empty heap.

Returns

removedItem An item of type DataType. This item was the item at the top of the heap.

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) has been instantiated.
2. The heap has an item to be removed, otherwise, an exception will be thrown.

Postcondition

1. If an item at the top of the [Heap](#), it is removed from the heap and returned.
 2. If the [Heap](#) is empty, an exception of type `logic_error` is thrown with a message indicating that removal cannot be performed.
-
1. If the [Heap](#) is empty, an exception of type `logic_error` is thrown. If the [Heap](#) is not empty, the top item is stored for returning.
 2. The bottom-right-most item is placed at the top of the [Heap](#) and the size is reduced.
 3. The newly placed top item is worked downward until it sits in the appropriate place. This is accomplished by swapping the item with any child that compares greater than the new top item.

Exceptions

<i>logic_error</i>	This exception is thrown if removal on an empty heap is attempted.
--------------------	--

4.2.3.7 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > void
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::showStructure () const`

showStructure

Outputs the priorities of the data items in a heap in both array and tree form. If the heap is empty, outputs "Empty heap". This operation is intended for testing/debugging purposes only.

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) instantiation exists.
2. The type `DataType` supports operator `<<`

Postcondition

1. The [Heap](#) will remain unchanged.
 2. The [Heap](#) will be displayed on the screen, first in array form, then in tree form.
-
1. The array elements are iteratively displayed.

2. The showSubtree helper is then called to display the [Heap](#) as a tree

```
4.2.3.8 template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > void
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::showSubtree ( int index, int level )
const [private]
```

FunctionName

Helper function for the [showStructure\(\)](#) function. Outputs the subtree (subheap) whose root is stored in dataItems[index]. Argument level is the level of this dataItems within the tree.

Precondition

1. A valid [Heap](#) instantiation exists.
2. The type DataType supports operator<<
3. recursive calls to this function may have been previously made.

Postcondition

1. The [Heap](#) will remain unchanged.
 2. The [Heap](#) subtree will be displayed in a right-ward growing tree on the screen.
-
1. A reversed in-order traversal is used to display the items as a tree.
 2. Children are found using the formula $2 * \text{parentIndex} + (1, 2)$

```
4.2.3.9 template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > void
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::writeLevels ( ) const
```

writeLevels

Writes the priorities (keys) of the contents of the [Heap](#) to the screen, one level at a time, beginning at the top.

Precondition

1. A valid instantiation of the [Heap](#) exists.
2. Type DataType must support a getPriority() method.

Postcondition

1. The [Heap](#) will remain unchanged.
 2. The priorities (keys) of the [Heap](#) will be listed by level, from top to bottom. If the [Heap](#) is empty, it is reported.
- 1.

4.2.4 Member Data Documentation

4.2.4.1 `template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType >> Comparator Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::comparator`
[private]

4.2.4.2 `template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType >> DataType* Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::dataItems`
[private]

4.2.4.3 `template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType >> const int Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::DEFAULT_MAX_HEAP_SIZE = 10` [static]

4.2.4.4 `template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType >> int Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::maxSize`
[private]

4.2.4.5 `template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType >> int Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::size` [private]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [Heap.h](#)
- [Heap.cpp](#)

4.3 Less< KeyType > Class Template Reference

```
#include <Heap.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- `bool operator\(\) (const KeyType &a, const KeyType &b) const`

4.3.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename KeyType = int>class Less< KeyType >
```

A class with an overloaded operator() (function operator) for use as the comparator of a [Heap](#) object. Subtle manipulations make this class act more as a function, rather than a class.

4.3.2 Member Function Documentation

4.3.2.1

```
template<typename KeyType = int> bool Less< KeyType >::operator() ( const  
KeyType & a, const KeyType & b ) const [inline]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Heap.h](#)

4.4 PriorityArrivalCompare< TaskType > Class Template - Reference

Public Member Functions

- bool [operator\(\)](#) (const TaskType &first, const [TaskData](#) &second)

4.4.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TaskType = TaskData>class PriorityArrivalCompare< TaskType >
```

A class that acts as a function to compare both priority and arrival time to create a "fair queue."

CURRENTLY NOT IN USE.

4.4.2 Member Function Documentation

4.4.2.1

```
template<typename TaskType = TaskData> bool PriorityArrivalCompare<  
TaskType >::operator() ( const TaskType & first, const TaskData & second )  
[inline]
```

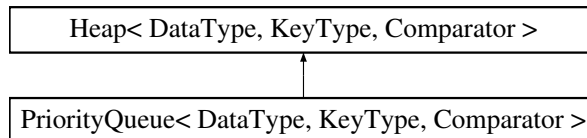
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [ossim.cpp](#)

4.5 PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator > Class - Template Reference

```
#include <PriorityQueue.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >:



Public Member Functions

- [PriorityQueue](#) (int maxNumber=[defMaxQueueSize](#))
- [PriorityQueue](#) (const [Heap](#)< DataType, KeyType, Comparator > &other)
- void [enqueue](#) (const DataType &newDataItem)
- DataType [dequeue](#) ()

4.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename DataType, typename KeyType = int, typename Comparator = Less< KeyType
>>class PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >
```

The Priority Queue ADT. Inherits an array based [Heap](#) ADT in order to provide a priority first functionality. This class is really just a practice for inheritance and provides new function names to mask the [Heap](#)'s functionality.

4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.5.2.1 template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator >
PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::PriorityQueue ( int
maxNumber = defMaxQueueSize )
```

[PriorityQueue](#)

The default constructor for the [PriorityQueue](#) ADT. Calls the [Heap](#) constructor with the given size parameter value.

Parameters

<i>maxNumber</i>	The size value for the PriorityQueue . Defaults to the constant value defMaxQueueSize specified in PriorityQueue.h .
------------------	--

Precondition

1. A valid identifier is selected for the [PriorityQueue](#).

Postcondition

1. An empty [PriorityQueue](#) will be instantiated.

4.5.2.2 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator >
PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::PriorityQueue (const
Heap< DataType, KeyType, Comparator > & other)`

[PriorityQueue](#)

The copy constructor for the [PriorityQueue](#) ADT. Calls the [Heap](#) copy constructor with the given [Heap](#) parameter value in order to create a clone of other into this.

Parameters

<i>other</i>	A Heap to be cloned into *this.
--------------	---

Precondition

1. A valid identifier is selected for the [PriorityQueue](#).
2. [Heap](#) other is a valide [Heap](#) instantiation.

Postcondition

1. An empty [PriorityQueue](#) will be instantiated.

4.5.3 Member Function Documentation

4.5.3.1 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > DataType
PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::dequeue ()`

dequeue

Dequeues the highest priority item. The item is returned along with its removal.

Returns

dequeuedItem The item of type DataType that was removed from the [Heap](#), and therefore, the [PriorityQueue](#).

Precondition

1. The [PriorityQueue](#) must not be empty, otherwise an exception will be thrown.

Postcondition

1. If the [PriorityQueue](#) is not empty, the highest priority item is removed from the queue and returned. If dequeuing is attempted on an empty [PriorityQueue](#), an exception of type `logic_error` is thrown.
1. The remove method of the [Heap](#) base class is utilized.

Exceptions

<i>logic_error</i>	This exception is thrown by the Heap base class if removal is attempted when the PriorityQueue is empty.
--------------------	--

4.5.3.2 `template<typename DataType , typename KeyType , typename Comparator > void
PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >::enqueue (const DataType &
newDataItem)`

enqueue

Adds the data item to the Priority Queue. The item's relative position will depend on it's priority.

Parameters

<i>newData-Item</i>	The new DataItem to be inserted into the PriorityQueue
---------------------	--

Precondition

1. `DataType` must support a valid `getPriority()` method.

Postcondition

1. If there is room in the [PriorityQueue](#), the new item will be stored in the appropriate position. If there is no room, an exception of type `logic_error` is thrown.
1. The [Heap](#)'s insert method is called.

Exceptions

<i>logic_error</i>	The Heap base class may throw an exception if insertion is attempted when the data array is full.
--------------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [PriorityQueue.h](#)
- [PriorityQueue.cpp](#)

4.6 TaskData Struct Reference

Public Member Functions

- [int getPriority \(\) const](#)
- [int getArrival \(\) const](#)

Public Attributes

- [int priority](#)
- [int arrived](#)

4.6.1 Detailed Description

A struct used to simulate a task an operating system might have to schedule. Contains members that contain data pertaining to priority and arrival time. Supports a [getPriority](#) method to maintain compatibility with the [Heap](#) ADT.

4.6.2 Member Function Documentation

4.6.2.1 `int TaskData::getArrival () const` `[inline]`

4.6.2.2 `int TaskData::getPriority () const` `[inline]`

4.6.3 Member Data Documentation

4.6.3.1 `int TaskData::arrived`

4.6.3.2 `int TaskData::priority`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [ossim.cpp](#)

4.7 TestDataltem< KeyType > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- [TestDataltem](#) ()
- void [setPriority](#) (KeyType newPty)
- KeyType [getPriority](#) () const

Private Attributes

- KeyType [priority](#)

```
template<typename KeyType> class TestDataltem< KeyType >
```

4.7.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.7.1.1 template<typename KeyType > TestDataltem< KeyType >::TestDataltem ( )  
[inline]
```

4.7.2 Member Function Documentation

```
4.7.2.1 template<typename KeyType > KeyType TestDataltem< KeyType >::getPriority (  
) const [inline]
```

```
4.7.2.2 template<typename KeyType > void TestDataltem< KeyType >::setPriority (  
KeyType newPty ) [inline]
```

4.7.3 Member Data Documentation

```
4.7.3.1 template<typename KeyType > KeyType TestDataltem< KeyType >::priority  
[private]
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [test11.cpp](#)

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 config.h File Reference

Defines

- `#define LAB11_TEST1 1`

5.1.1 Define Documentation

5.1.1.1 `#define LAB11_TEST1 1`

[Heap](#) class configuration file. Activate test #N by defining the corresponding LAB11_TESTN to have the value 1.

5.2 Heap.cpp File Reference

Class implementations declarations for the [Heap](#) ADT.

```
#include "Heap.h" #include <stdexcept> #include <iostream> ×
```

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Class implementations declarations for the [Heap](#) ADT.

Author

Terence Henriod

Lab 10: [Heap](#)

Version

Original Code 1.00 (11/8/2013) - T. Henriod

5.3 Heap.h File Reference

Class declarations for the [Heap](#) ADT.

```
#include <stdexcept> #include <iostream>
```

Classes

- class [Less](#)< [KeyType](#) >
- class [Heap](#)< [DataType](#), [KeyType](#), [Comparator](#) >

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Class declarations for the [Heap](#) ADT. Class declaration for the [Heap](#) implementation of the Priority Queue ADT -- inherits the array implementation of the [Heap](#) ADT.

Author

Terence Henriod

Lab 10: [Heap](#)

Version

Original Code 1.00 (11/8/2013) - T. Henriod

5.4 heapsort.cpp File Reference

Functions

- template<typename [DataType](#) >
void [moveDown](#) ([DataType](#) *dataItems*[], int root, int size)
- template<typename [DataType](#) >
void [heapSort](#) ([DataType](#) *dataItems*[], int size)

5.4.1 Function Documentation

5.4.1.1 template<typename [DataType](#) > void [heapSort](#) ([DataType](#) *dataItems*[], int *size*)

[heapSort](#)

[Heap](#) sort routine. Sorts the data items in the array in ascending order based on priority.

Parameters

<i>dataItems[]</i>	The array to be heapified.
<i>size</i>	The number of items in the array as a whole.

Precondition

1. The array should contain elements arranged as in a binary search tree.

Postcondition

1. The items in the array will be heapified.

5.4.1.2 `template<typename DataType > void moveDown (DataType dataItems[], int root, int size)`

moveDown

Converts a binary search tree (array implementation) subtree into a heap. Assumes any lower subtrees are already heaps. Restores the binary tree that is rooted at root to a heap by moving dataItems[root] downward until the tree satisfies the heap property. Parameter size is the number of data items in the array.

Parameters

<i>dataItems[]</i>	The array to be heapified.
<i>root</i>	The index of the array indicating the root of a sub-tree.
<i>size</i>	The number of items in the array as a whole.

Precondition

1. All parameters are valid.
2. Any subtrees are already heaps (assumed, not checked)

Postcondition

1. The sub-array will be heapified.

5.5 ossim.cpp File Reference

Contains definitions for functions that together comprise a heap sort utility. The [heapSort\(\)](#) shell function is provided by the lab manual package, while the moveDown helper function was written by T. Henriod. This heapSort is for arrays.

```
#include <iostream> #include <cstdlib> #include <iomanip> ×
#include "PriorityQueue.cpp"
```

Classes

- struct [TaskData](#)
- class [PriorityArrivalCompare< TaskType >](#)

Functions

- [TaskData addTask](#) (int arrivalTime, int numPriorities)
- int [main](#) ()

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Contains definitions for functions that together comprise a heap sort utility. The [heapSort\(\)](#) shell function is provided by the lab manual package, while the moveDown helper function was written by T. Henriod. This heapSort is for arrays. A shell program that utilizes the [PriorityQueue](#) ADT to simulate an operating system's use of a priority queue to regulate access to a system resource (printer, disk, etc.).

Author

Terence Henriod

Lab 10: [Heap](#) Sort

Version

Original Code 1.00 (11/8/2013) - T. Henriod

Author

Terence Henriod

Lab 10: Operating System Scheduling Simulator

Version

Original Code 1.00 (11/8/2013) - T. Henriod

5.5.2 Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 [TaskData addTask](#) (int *arrivalTime*, int *numPriorities*)

[addTask](#)

Generates a new task for the simulation using the arrival time of the task and a random priority level.

Parameters

<i>arrivalTime</i>	The time the task is simulated to arrive into the PriorityQueue .
<i>num-Priorities</i>	The number of different priority levels being used in the simulation.

Returns

newTask A new task of type [TaskData](#). Contains information relevant to the simulation.

Precondition

1. Ideally, int arrivalTime and numPriorities should be passed logical values.

Postcondition

1. A new task will be generated with a simulation arrival time and a random priority.

5.5.2.2 int main ()**main**

The driving function of the program. A number of differing priority levels and a length of time to run the simulation are prompted for, and then the simulation is run, randomly adding 0, 1, or 2 tasks of random priority each time. Each time a task is "processed," its summary statistics are reported.

Returns

0 This return value indicates error free execution.

Precondition

1. None.

Postcondition

1. A operating system task scheduling simulation will have been run.

5.6 PriorityQueue.cpp File Reference

Class implementations declarations for the [PriorityQueue](#) ADT (inherits from the array based [Heap](#) ADT).

```
#include "PriorityQueue.h"
```

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Class implementations declarations for the [PriorityQueue](#) ADT (inherits from the array based [Heap](#) ADT).

Author

Terence Henriod

Project Name

Version

Original Code 1.00 (11/8/2013) - T. Henriod

5.7 PriorityQueue.h File Reference

```
#include <stdexcept> #include <iostream> #include "Heap.-  
cpp"
```

Classes

- class [PriorityQueue< DataType, KeyType, Comparator >](#)

Variables

- const int [defMaxQueueSize](#) = 10

5.7.1 Variable Documentation

5.7.1.1 const int defMaxQueueSize = 10

5.8 test11.cpp File Reference

```
#include <iostream> #include <string> #include <cctype> ×  
#include "Heap.cpp" #include "config.h"
```

Classes

- class [TestDataItem< KeyType >](#)
- class [Greater< KeyType >](#)

Functions

- void `printHelp` ()
- int `main` ()

5.8.1 Function Documentation

5.8.1.1 int `main` ()

5.8.1.2 void `printHelp` ()