Projeto 3 – 2ª Etapa

a)

o)
$$\hat{g}_{i} = \hat{\beta}_{0} + \hat{\beta}_{i} \times i$$

 $y_{i} = \hat{\beta}_{0} + \hat{\beta}_{i} \times i + \mathcal{E}_{i}$
 $\underbrace{SEQ}_{i=1} = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^{2} \left(y_{i} - \hat{\beta}_{0} - \hat{\beta}_{4} \times i\right)^{2}}_{= \frac{1}{2}}$
 $\underbrace{\frac{dSEQ}{d\hat{\beta}_{0}} = \underbrace{\frac{dSEQ}{d\hat{\beta}_{i}} = 0}_{(x_{i})}$
 $\underbrace{\frac{dSEQ}{d\hat{\beta}_{0}} = -2 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^{2} \left(y_{i} - \hat{\beta}_{0} - \hat{\beta}_{i} \times i\right)^{2}}_{= \frac{1}{2}}$
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$$= -2 \cdot n \cdot \left\{ \overline{g} - \overline{\beta}_0 - \overline{\beta}_1 \cdot \overline{x} \right\} = 0$$

$$\widehat{\beta}_0 = -\widehat{\beta}_1 \cdot \overline{x} + \overline{g} (1)$$

$$vollands para (**); \frac{d SE 2}{d \beta^2} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i (y_i - \widehat{\beta}_0 - \widehat{\beta}_1 x_i) = 0$$

$$= -2 \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i - \widehat{\beta}_0 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \right\} = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i + (\widehat{\beta}_1 \cdot \overline{x} - \overline{y}) \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \widehat{\beta}_1 \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 = 0$$

$$\widehat{\beta}_1 = \overline{y} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i y_i - n \overline{y} \cdot \overline{x} = 0$$

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b) Os erros seguem distribuição Normal, com valor esperado igual a zero e com variância constante. Além disso, os erros são todos independentes entre si. Na prática, todas essas suposições podem ser verificadas através da visualização gráfica das duas variáveis.

 $\begin{array}{ll}
\hat{B}_{1} \sim N \\
H_{1}: B_{1} \neq 0 \\
Y = \beta_{0} \cdot \varepsilon_{i}
\end{array}$

A não rejeição de H_0 implica a ausência de relação entre as duas variáveis, enquanto sua rejeição implica a existência dessa relação.

d) É possível. O modelo para regressão múltipla fica como demonstrado na imagem abaixo e as suposições feitas para regressões simples são todas validas para ele. Entretanto, se a correlação entre as duas variáveis explicativas for muito forte, as estimativas dos parâmetros do modelo são prejudicadas. O número de testes de hipóteses que devem ser realizados corresponde ao número de variáveis explicativas do modelo, e a interpretação da rejeição ou não de H₀ continua a mesma.

$$\begin{cases}
\hat{\beta}_{0} = \bar{y} - \hat{\beta}_{1} \bar{X}_{1} - \hat{\beta}_{2} \bar{X}_{2} \\
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\end{cases}$$

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