

$$\max(f(n), g(n)) = \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$$

$$\Theta(g(n)) = \{f(n) : \exists c_1, c_2, n_0 \in \mathbb{R}^+ \mid 0 \leq c_1 g(n) \leq f(n) \leq c_2 g(n) \quad \forall n \geq n_0\}$$

$$\max(h(n), p(n)) = \Theta(h(n) + p(n)) \rightarrow g'(n) = g(n) + f(n)$$

$$c_1, c_2, n_0 \geq 0 \rightarrow c_1 \geq 0, c_2 \geq 0, n_0 \geq 0$$

$$f(n) \Rightarrow f'(n) = \max(h(n), p(n)) \geq 0$$

$$0 \leq g'(n) \cdot c_1 \leq f(n) \leq g(n) \cdot c_2$$

$$c_1 [h(n) + p(n)] \leq \max(h(n), p(n)) \leq c_2 [h(n) + p(n)]$$

$$f(n) = 0 / g(n) = 0$$

$$\begin{matrix} h(n) = 0 \\ p(n) = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$c_1 h(n) \leq \max(h(n), p(n)) +$$

$$c_1 p(n) \leq \max(h(n), p(n))$$

$$c_1 h(n) + c_1 p(n) \leq \max(h(n), p(n)) + \max(h(n), p(n))$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} (h(n) + p(n)) &\leq \max(h(n), p(n)) \\ \frac{1}{2} (h(n) + p(n)) &\leq \max(h(n), p(n)) \end{aligned}$$

$$0 \leq \frac{1}{2} (h(n) + p(n)) \leq \max(h(n), p(n)) \leq h(n) + p(n) \quad \forall n \geq n_0$$

$$\begin{matrix} c_1 = \frac{1}{2} \\ c_2 = 1 \end{matrix} \quad \mathbb{Q}^+$$

$$\max(f(n), g(n)) = \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$$

$$f(n) = 5x + 2$$

$$g(n) = 3x^2 - 1$$

por un lado:

$$\max(5x + 2, 3x^2 - 1) = 3x^2 - 1$$

$$\text{para } 3x^2 - 1 = \Theta(x^2) \dots \text{ (I)}$$

por otro lado

$$5x + 2 + (3x^2 - 1) = 3x^2 + 5x + 1$$

$$3x^2 + 5x + 1 = \Theta(x^2) \dots \text{ (II)}$$

$$\therefore \text{I} = \text{II} \rightarrow \Theta(x^2) = \Theta(x^2)$$

Q.E.D.

por reducción a lo absol.

$$\max(f(n), g(n)) \neq \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$$

S. pasos

$$\checkmark \max(f(n), g(n)) \neq \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$$