# Graph Theory and Optimization Examples of (Integer) Linear Programming

#### Nicolas Nisse

Inria, France

Univ. Nice Sophia Antipolis, CNRS, I3S, UMR 7271, Sophia Antipolis, France

October 2018











- Reminder
- First examples of modelling
- 3 Exercises: understand a LP
- More Examples











## Linear Programme (reminder)

Linear programmes can be written under the standard form:

Maximize 
$$\sum_{j=1}^n c_j x_j$$
  
Subject to:  $\sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} x_j \le b_i$  for all  $1 \le i \le m$   
 $x_j \ge 0$  for all  $1 \le j \le n$ .

- the problem is a maximization;
- all constraints are inequalities (and not equations);
- all variables  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  are non-negative.









#### Linear Programme (reminder)

Linear programmes can be written under the standard form:

Maximize 
$$\sum_{j=1}^n c_j x_j$$
  
Subject to:  $\sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij} x_j \le b_i$  for all  $1 \le i \le m$   
 $x_j \ge 0$  for all  $1 \le j \le n$ .

- the problem is a maximization;
- all constraints are inequalities (and not equations);
- all variables  $x_1, \dots, x_n$  are non-negative.

Linear Programme (Real variables) can be solved in polynomial-time in the number of variables and constraints (e.g., ellipsoid method)









#### **Outline**

- Reminder
- First examples of modelling
- Exercises: understand a LP
- More Examples











D = (V, A) be a graph with capacity  $c : A \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ . **Problem:** Compute a maximum flow from s to t.

Solution:  $f: A \to \mathbb{R}^+$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  variables  $f_a$ , for each  $a \in A$ 









D = (V, A) be a graph with capacity  $c : A \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ . **Problem:** Compute a maximum flow from *s* to *t*.

Solution:  $f: A \to \mathbb{R}^+$  $\Rightarrow$  variables  $f_a$ , for each  $a \in A$ 

• flow conservation: 
$$\sum_{u \in N^+(v)} f(vu) = \sum_{u \in N^-(v)} f(uv), \forall v \in V \setminus \{s, t\}$$









D = (V, A) be a graph with capacity  $c : A \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ .

**Problem:** Compute a maximum flow from *s* to *t*.

Solution:  $f: A \to \mathbb{R}^+$  $\Rightarrow$  variables  $f_a$ , for each  $a \in A$  $\sum_{i} f(su)$ Objective function: maximize value of the flow  $u \in N^+(s)$ 









D = (V, A) be a graph with capacity  $c : A \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ .

**Problem:** Compute a maximum flow from s to t.

Solution:  $f: A \to \mathbb{R}^+$   $\Rightarrow$  variables  $f_a$ , for each  $a \in A$ Objective function: maximize value of the flow  $\sum_{u \in N^+(s)} f(su)$ 

#### Constraints:

• capacity constraints:  $f(a) \le c(a)$  for each  $a \in A$ 

• flow conservation:  $\sum_{u \in N^+(v)} f(vu) = \sum_{u \in N^-(v)} f(uv), \forall v \in V \setminus \{s,t\}$ 









D = (V, A) be a graph with capacity  $c : A \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ .

**Problem:** Compute a maximum flow from s to t.

**Solution**:  $f: A \to \mathbb{R}^+$   $\Rightarrow$  variables  $f_a$ , for each  $a \in A$ 

Maximize 
$$\sum_{u \in N^+(s)} f(su)$$
 Subject to: 
$$f(a) \leq c(a) \qquad \text{for all } a \in A$$
 
$$\sum_{u \in N^+(v)} f(vu) = \sum_{u \in N^-(v)} f(uv) \qquad \text{for all } v \in V \setminus \{s,t\}$$
 
$$f(a) \geq 0 \qquad \qquad \text{for all } a \in A$$







## Integer Programme Example: Shortest path

G = (V, E) be a graph with length  $\ell : E \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ . **Problem:** Compute a shortest path from s to t.

**Solution**: A path P from s to t  $\Rightarrow$  variables  $x_e$  for each  $e \in E$   $x_e = 1$  if  $e \in E(P)$ ,  $x_e = 0$  otherwise.









G = (V, E) be a graph with length  $\ell : E \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ .

**Problem:** Compute a shortest path from *s* to *t*.

**Solution**: A path *P* from *s* to *t* 

 $\Rightarrow$  variables  $x_e$  for each  $e \in E$   $x_e = 1$  if  $e \in E(P)$ ,  $x_e = 0$  otherwise.









# Integer Programme Example: Shortest path

G = (V, E) be a graph with length  $\ell : E \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ . **Problem:** Compute a shortest path from *s* to *t*.

**Solution**: A path *P* from *s* to *t*  $\Rightarrow$  variables  $x_e$  for each  $e \in E$  $x_e = 1$  if  $e \in E(P)$ ,  $x_e = 0$  otherwise.

$$\begin{array}{llll} \text{Minimize} & \displaystyle \sum_{e \in E} \ell(e) x_e \\ \text{Subject to:} & \displaystyle \sum_{u \in N(s)} x(su) & = & 1 \\ & \displaystyle \sum_{u \in N(t)} x(tu) & = & 1 \\ & \displaystyle \sum_{u \in N(v)} x(vu) & = & 2 & \text{for all } v \in V \setminus \{s,t\} \\ & & x(e) & \in & \{0,1\} & \text{for all } e \in E \end{array}$$









# Integer Programme Example: Minimum Cut

G = (V, E) be a graph with capacity  $c : E \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ . **Problem:** Compute a minimum s, t-cut

**Solution**: A partition (S, T) of V with  $s \in S$  and  $t \in T$   $\Rightarrow$  variables  $x_V$  for each  $v \in V$   $x_V = 1$  if  $v \in S$ ,  $x_V = 0$  otherwise.

Minimize 
$$\sum_{\{u,v\}\in E} c(\{u,v\})|x_u-x_v|$$
 Subject to: 
$$x_s = 1 \\ x_t = 0 \\ x_v \in \{0,1\} \quad \text{for all } v \in V$$









## Integer Programme Example: Minimum Spanning Tree

G = (V, E) be a graph with weight  $w : E \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ .

**Problem:** Compute a minimum spanning tree

**Solution**: A spanning tree *T*  $\Rightarrow$  variables  $x_e$  for each  $e \in E$  $x_E = 1$  if  $e \in E(T)$ ,  $x_e = 0$  otherwise.

Minimize 
$$\sum_{e \in E} w(e) x_e$$
 Subject to: 
$$\sum_{e = \{u,v\} \in E, u \in S, v \notin S} x_e \geq 1 \qquad \text{for all } S \subseteq V$$
 
$$x_e \in \{0,1\} \qquad \text{for all } e \in E$$

**Remark:** The number of constraints is exponential









- Reminder
- First examples of modelling
- 3 Exercises: understand a LP
- More Examples











# (Integer) Linear Programme Example: Exercises

G = (V, E) be a graph with weight  $w : E \to \mathbb{R}^+$ , and  $s, t \in V$ . What compute the following programmes?

Maximize 
$$\sum_{P \text{ path from s to t}} x_P$$
 Subject to: 
$$\sum_{P,e \in E(P)} x_P \leq w(e) \qquad \text{for all } e \in E$$
 
$$x_P \in \{0,1\} \qquad \text{for all paths } P$$
 from s to t

Maximize 
$$x_t$$
 Subject to:  $x_s = 0$   $x_v \le x_u + w(\{u,v\})$  for all  $\{v,u\} \in E$   $x_v \ge 0$  for all  $v \in V$ 







#### **Outline**

- Reminder
- First examples of modelling
- Exercises: understand a LP
- More Examples











## Integer Programme Example: Maximum Matching

G = (V, E) be a graph

Problem: Compute a maximum matching

**Solution**: a set  $M \subseteq E$  of pairwise disjoint edges

$$\Rightarrow$$
 variables  $x_e$  for each  $e \in E$   $x_e = 1$  if  $e \in M$ ,  $x_e = 0$  otherwise.

$$x_e = 1 \text{ if } e \in M, \, x_e = 0 \text{ oth}$$
 Maximize 
$$\sum_{e \in E, v \in e} x_e$$
 Subject to: 
$$\sum_{e \in E, v \in e} x_e \leq 1 \quad \text{ for all } v \in V$$
 
$$x_e \in \{0,1\} \quad \text{ for all } e \in E$$







