

Evolving Internet: Homework 1

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Friday October 15th 2021

To be sent by e-mail to Walid.Dabbous@inria.fr before 23:59 Wednesday October 20th 2020.
Provide a short, personal and clear explanation.

Question 1 : CIDR Routing

A router named Router 1 has the following CIDR entries in its routing table:

Address / Mask	Next Hop
208.12.16.0/20	Router 2
208.12.21.0/24	Router 3
208.12.16.0/24	Router 4
192.53.40.0/23	Router 3
135.46.56.0/22	Router 4
135.46.60.0/22	Router 3
default	Router 2

- What do the first three lines mean? Hint: compare the /24 prefixes in lines 2 and 3 with the /20 prefix in line 1.
- For each of the following IP addresses, what would Router 1 do at the reception of a packet with this IP address as the destination address? (explain why by showing bit by bit address-prefix matching):

135.46.63.10, 135.46.57.14, 135.46.52.2, 192.53.40.7, 192.53.56.7, 208.12.16.0, 208.12.21.0, 208.12.31.0, 208.12.44.0.

Question 2 : Addres management

As the name suggests, CIDR (Classless Inter Domain Routing) is a classless IP addressing approach. We no longer consider an address as belonging implicitly to one of the three classes A, B or C. In CIDR we associate explicitly to every IP address a network mask of length l (denoted $/l$) that defines the prefix that characterizes the network to which this address belongs. The network addresses are now always used with the prefix that can be of arbitrary size (eg $/8$, $/17$ and $/21$).

1. Consider the network designated by the CIDR prefix $193.53.32.0/20$. What would be the number of hosts in this network?
2. In the previous network address $193.53.32.0/20$ what is the smallest address usable for a host and what is the largest?
3. Suppose that a user restores an old address class A, B or C as $17.0.0.0$ or $134.15.0.0$ or $194.65.32.0$ formerly allocated. These addresses will never be used again by their former owners, can we attribute them to other users according to the CIDR approach (e.g. assign $17.46.64.0/19$, $134.15.0.0/20$ and $194.65.32.0/21$)?
4. A company asks its Internet Service Provider (ISP) for 800 addresses. What should provider do if he was using classful addressing A, B, C to meet his client needs and what are the disadvantages?
5. We assume that the above mentioned ISP owns the $202.0.64.0/18$ CIDR block to perform its activities. Each provider is free to subdivide its address space as wanted to allocate addresses to customers. For a customer requesting 800 addresses which prefix the ISP will allocate to the customer if at the time of application the first free network address is $202.0.70.0$?
6. Briefly describe how CIDR is a major improvement of the IPv4 addressing.