

Plinius: Secure and Persistent Machine Learning Model Training

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Context

Intel SGX

PM

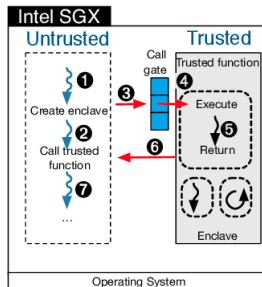
Architecture

Evaluation

Conclusion

- Increasing popularity of cloud-based ML services (*e.g.*, Amazon ML, MS Azure AI).
- Security and privacy issues, *i.e.*, sensitive training data and models.
- DRAM scalability issues and high-access times of secondary storage = bottlenecks for ML.
- We need practical solutions to both problems.

- We solve security issues with TEEs (*e.g.*, Intel SGX).
- Secure *enclaves*: no system functionality, *i.e.*, system calls
- Legacy applications must be re-written/partitioned.



Context

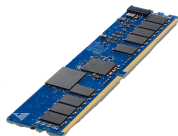
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PM

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- We use persistent memory (PM) to solve DRAM/storage related issues. PM is:
 - Byte-addressable (like DRAM), and accessed via Load/Store.
 - Fast (low-latency, faster than SSD)
 - Persistent (like SSD)
 - Higher capacity than DRAM

How to use PM

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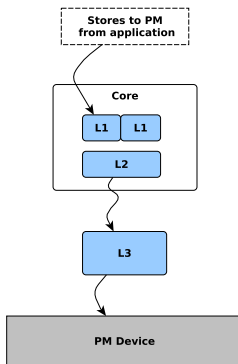
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Architecture

Evaluation

Conclusion

- Like secondary storage: no program changes but smaller performance improvements.
- Leverage byte-addressability: requires program changes but better performance.



Context

Intel SGX

PM

Architecture

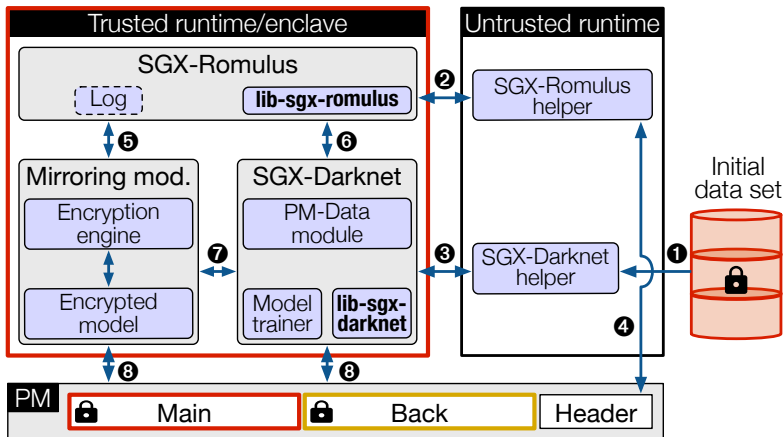
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- Plinius ports a PM and ML library into SGX.
- It leverages the byte-addressability of PM for fast access to data in PM.
- Models trained in the enclave are mirrored to/from PM.

Plinius Architecture

Context
Intel SGX
PM
Architecture
Evaluation
Conclusion



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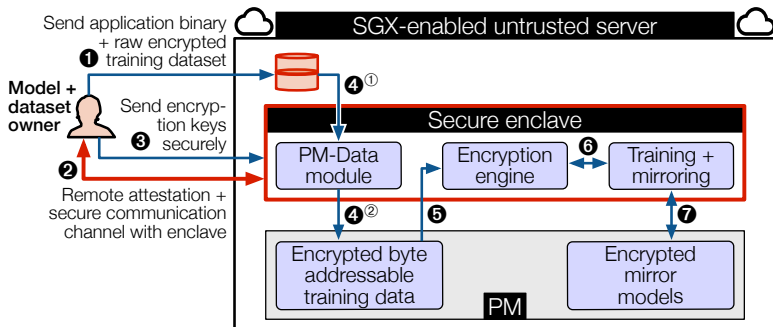
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PM

Architecture

Evaluation

Conclusion



Main Evaluation Goals

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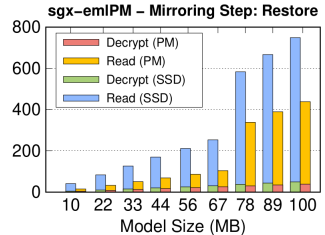
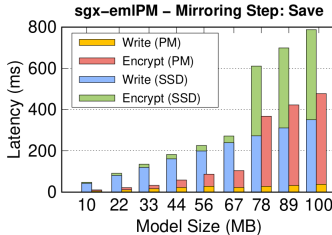
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Architecture

Evaluation

Conclusion

- How does Plinius improve save/restore performance ?
- How scalable is Plinius with varying model sizes ?



- Emulated PM + real SGX server: saves $3.5\times$ and restores $2.5\times$ faster vs SSD.

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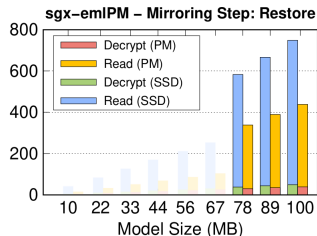
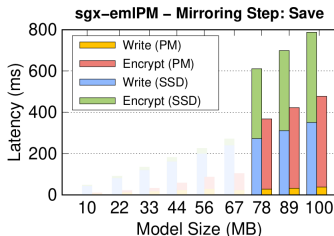
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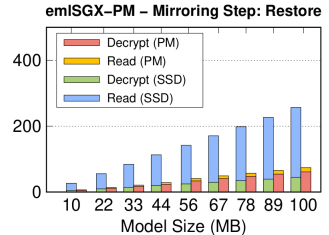
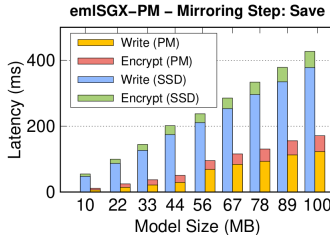
Architecture

Evaluation

Conclusion



- Performance drops at the EPC limit due to page swapping operations.



- Real PM + sim SGX server: saves $3.2\times$ and restores $3.7\times$ faster vs SSD.

Context

Intel SGX

PM

Architecture

Evaluation

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- Plinius is the first framework to leverage SGX for security and PM for fault tolerance.
- We leverage a mirroring mechanism for fault tolerance.
- Model and training data in memory → near instantaneous recovery after crashes.
- Test Plinius on github:

