

Universidad de San Carlos de Guatemala
Facultad de Ingeniería, Departamento de Física
Primer Exámen Física 2, Segundo Semestre 2023.

Registro Académico: 201709088

CUI: 3636192320115

Nombre: Leonel Antonio González García

Firma:

Catedrático: Ingr. Claudia Contreras

Sección: B+

Pregunta 1:

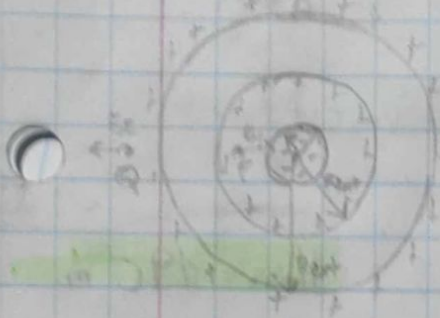
$R_{int} = 0.2m$

$R = 0.1m$

$R_{ext} = 0.3m$

$E_1 = 1 \times 10^4 N/C$ $x_1 = 0.15$

$E_2 = 1 \times 10^4$ $x_2 = 0.35m$



$$a) E = \frac{Kq}{r^2} \Rightarrow q_{enc} = \frac{E_1 x_1^2}{K}$$

$$r = x_1$$

$$q_{enc} = \frac{(1 \times 10^4)(0.15)^2}{K}$$

$$|q_{enc}| = 2.5 \times 10^{-8} C$$

$$q_{enc} = -25 \times 10^{-9} C$$

Esfera Sólida

$$q_{enc} = -25 nC$$

$$b) \oint E \cdot dA = Q_{enc}$$

$$E_0 = q_{int} = -q_{esfera}$$

$$q_{int} = +25 nC$$

$$c) E_2 \cdot A = E_0 \cdot Q_{enc}$$

$$Q_{enc} = (1 \times 10^4) 4\pi (0.35)^2 E_0$$

$$Q_{enc} = 1.36 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$Q_{enc} = 136 \times 10^{-9} C$$

$$Q_{encTotal} = q_{int} + q_{ext}$$

$$Q_{encTotal} - q_{int} = q_{ext}$$

$$(136 \times 10^{-9}) - (25 nC) = q_{ext}$$

$$q_{ext} = 1.11 \times 10^{-7} C$$

$$q_{ext} = 111 \times 10^{-9} C$$

$$q_{ext} = 111 nC$$

$$q_{int} = 25 nC$$

Pregunta 2:

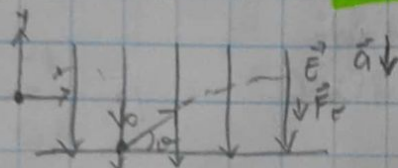
$m = 5.00g$

$$a) q = 60 nC$$

$v_0 = 108 m/s$

$\theta = 30^\circ$

$E = 3.00 N/C (-j)$



En y:

$$a = \frac{F_g}{m}$$

$$a = \frac{(-3)(6 \times 10^{-3})}{5 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$a = -3.6 m/s^2$$

En x:

$$v_{ox} = v_0 \cos \theta$$

$$v_{fx} = v_{ox} = v_x$$

Universidad de San Carlos de Guatemala
Facultad de Ingeniería, Departamento de Física
Primer Examen Física 2, Segundo Semestre 2023.

Registro Académico: 201709088

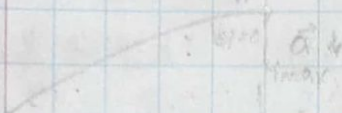
CUI: 3636190320115

Nombre: Leonel Antonio González García

Firma: *[Signature]*

Catedrático: Ing. Claudia Contreras

Sección: B+



$$V_{fy}^0 = V_{oy} + at$$

$$\frac{-V_{oy}}{a} = t$$

$$t = \frac{-V_y \sin \theta}{a}$$

$$t = \frac{-(108 \sin 20^\circ)}{-3.6} = 10.26 \text{ s.}$$

$$y_f = y_0 + V_{oy}t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$y_f = (108 \sin 20^\circ)(10.26) + \frac{1}{2}(-3.6)(10.26)^2$$

$$y_f = 189.5 \text{ m.}$$

$$H_{\max} = 190 \text{ m.}$$

b) $t = 1.5 \text{ s}$

$$V_{fy} = V_{oy} \sin 20^\circ + at$$

$$V_{fx} = V_0 \cos 20^\circ + (-3.6)(1.5)$$

$$V_{fy} = (108 \sin 20^\circ) + (-3.6)(1.5)$$

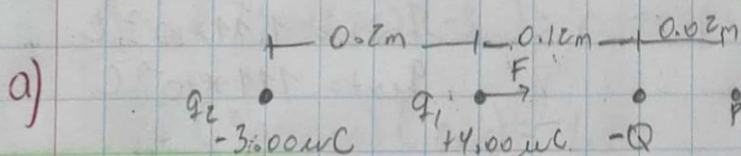
$$V_{fx} = 96.08 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{fy} = 31.53 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_f = \sqrt{(96.08)^2 + (31.53)^2} = 101.12 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_f = 101 \text{ m/s}$$

Problema 3:



$$F = 12.0 \text{ N}$$

$$F = \frac{k q_1 q_2}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{r^2 F}{k q_1} = Q$$

$$Q = \frac{(0.12)^2 (12)}{k (4 \text{ nC})} = 4.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C.}$$

$$Q = -4.8 \text{ nC}$$

$$Q = -4.8 \text{ nC.}$$

b) $E_p = E_1 + E_2 + E_3$

Universidad de San Carlos de Guatemala
Facultad de Ingeniería, Departamento de Física
Primer Examen Física 2, Segundo Semestre 2023

Registro Académico: 201709088	CUI: 3636192370115
Nombre: Leonel Antonio González García	Firma: <i>[Signature]</i>
Catedrático: Ing. Claudia Contreras	Sección: B+

c) $V = \frac{kq}{r}$ $Q = 2.00 \mu C$

$$V_1 = \frac{kq_1}{r_1} = \frac{k(4 \mu C)}{(0.14)} = 257142.85 \text{ V}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{kq_2}{r_2} = \frac{k(-3 \mu C)}{(0.34)} = -79411.76 \text{ V}$$

$$V_3 = \frac{kQ}{r_3} = \frac{k(2 \mu C)}{(0.02)} = 900000 \text{ V}$$

$$V_P = 257142.85 - 79411.76 + 900000 = 1077731.09 \text{ V}$$

$$V_P = 1077.7 \times 10^3 \text{ V}$$

d) $V = \frac{U}{q} \Rightarrow U = Vq$

$$U_1 = (257142.85)(4 \mu C) = 1.028 \text{ J}$$

$$U_{\text{sum}} = 1.028 + 0.2832 + 1.8$$

$$U_{\text{sum}} = 3.1112 \text{ J}$$

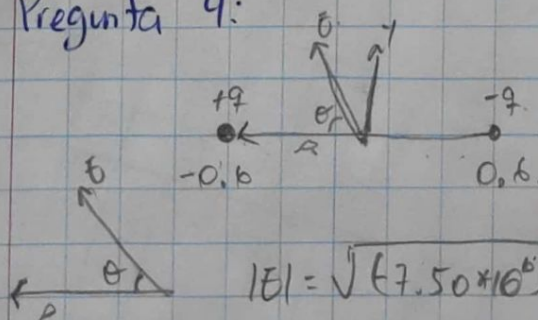
$$U_2 = (-79411.76)(-3 \mu C) = 0.23825 \text{ J}$$

$$U_{\text{sum}} = 3111.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$$

$$U_3 = (900000)(2 \mu C) = 1.8 \text{ J}$$

$$U_{\text{sum}} = 3.111 \text{ mJ}$$

Pregunta 4:



$$q = \pm 8.50 \mu C$$

$$E = (-7.50 \hat{i} + 6.00 \hat{j}) \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{6}{-7.5} \right) = -38.65^\circ$$

$$|E| = \sqrt{(7.50 \times 10^6)^2 + (6 \times 10^6)^2}$$

$$|E| = 9.609 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$$

$$U = -PE \cos \theta$$

$$P = 19.$$

$$P = (1.2)(8.5 \text{ w})$$

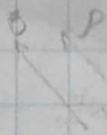
$$P = 1.02 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Gm}$$

$$U = -(1.02 \times 10^{-5})(9.604 \times 10^6) \cos(38.6)$$

$$U = -76.558 \text{ J}$$

$$U = -76.6 \text{ J}$$

b) $W_{AE} = U_A - U_B$



$$U_A = -(1.02 \times 10^{-5})(9.604 \times 10^6) \cos(0)$$

$$U_A = -97.96 \text{ J}$$

$$W_{AE} = -97.96 + 76.558 = -21.402 \text{ J}$$

$$W_{AE} = -21.4 \text{ J}$$

Pregunta 5:

$$V_B = 180 \text{ V}$$

$$V_F = -60 \text{ V}$$

$$q^+ = 1.6022 \times 10^{-19}$$

$$W = qV$$

$$W = (1.6022 \times 10^{-19})(-60)$$

$$W = -9.6 \times 10^{-18}$$

$$W = -9.6 \times 10^{-18}$$