CLRS 2-1

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a.

$$\Theta(\frac{n}{k} \cdot k^2) \in \Theta(nk)$$

- b. Merge the lists pairwise, such that the recursion tree is of height $\Theta(\lg \frac{n}{k})$; each level takes $\Theta(n)$ for $\Theta(n \lg(\frac{n}{k}))$ total.
- c. $k \in \Theta(\lg n)$, since:

$$\Theta(nk + n\lg(\frac{n}{k})) \equiv \Theta(n\lg n + n\lg n - n\lg k)$$
 (1)

$$\in \Theta(2n \lg n - n \lg \lg n)$$
 (2)

$$\in \Theta(n \lg n)$$
 (3)

d. Sort strings of increasing length until insertion sort surpasses merge sort; the cardinality of that list is k.