TASSEL 5.0 Pipeline Command Line Interface: *Guide to using Tassel Pipeline*

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Prerequisites

Java JDK 8.0 or later (http://java.sun.com/javase/downloads/index.jsp).

Source Code

```
git clone https://bitbucket.org/tasseladmin/tassel-5-source.git
```

Install

```
git clone <a href="https://bitbucket.org/tasseladmin/tassel-5-standalone.git">https://bitbucket.org/tasseladmin/tassel-5-standalone.git</a>
```

OR

https://bitbucket.org/tasseladmin/tassel-5-standalone/downloads (Click on "Tags")

Execute

On Windows, use run pipeline.bat to execute the pipeline.

In UNIX, use run_pipeline.pl to execute the pipeline. If you are using a Bash Shell on Windows, you may need to change the following line to use a; instead of a:.

```
my $CP = join(":", @fl);
```

To launch the Tassel GUI that automatically executes a pipeline, use start_tassel.bat or start_tassel.pl instead of run_pipeline.bat or run_pipeline.pl respectively.

These scripts have a \$top variable that can be changed to the absolute path of your installation. That way, you can execute them any directory.

Increasing Heap Size

To modify the initial or maximum heap size available to the Tassel Pipeline, either edit run_pipeline.pl or specify values via the command line.

```
./run pipeline.pl -Xms512m -Xmx10g -fork1 ...
```

Setting Logging to Debug or Standard (With optional filename)

```
./run_pipeline.pl -debug [<filename>] ...
./run pipeline.pl -log [<filename>] ...
```

Examples

```
./run_pipeline.pl -fork1 -h chr1_5000sites.txt -ld -ldd png -o chr1_5000sites_ld.png -runfork1
./run_pipeline.pl -fork1 -h chr1_5000sites.txt -ld -ldd png -o chr1_5000sites_ld.png -runfork1
./run_pipeline.pl -fork1 ... -fork2 ... -combine3 -input1 -input2 ... -fork4 -<flag> -input3 -runfork1 -runfork2
```

Examples (XML Configuration Files)

This command runs the Tassel Pipeline according to the specified configuration file... Configuration files are standard XML notation. The tags are the same as the below documented flags although no beginning dash is used. See the <code>example_pipelines</code> directory for some common XML configurations.

```
./run pipeline.pl -configFile config.xml
```

This command creates the XML configuration file from the original command line flags. Simply insert the -createXML and filename at the beginning. Only the XML is created. It does not run the pipeline...

```
./run pipeline.pl -createXML config.xml -fork1 ...
```

This command translates the specified XML configuration file back into the original command line flags... It does not run the pipeline...

```
./run pipeline.pl -translateXML config.xml
```

Usage

Pipeline Controls	
-fork <id></id>	This flag identifies the start of a pipeline segment that should be executed sequentially. <id> can be numbers or characters (no spaces). No space between -fork and <id> either. Other flags can reference the <id>.</id></id></id>
-runfork <id></id>	This flag identifies a pipeline segment to execute. This will usually be the last argument. This explicitly executes the identified pipeline segment. This should not be used to execute pipeline segments that receive input from other pipeline segments. Those will start automatically when it receives the input.
-input <id></id>	This specifies a pipeline segment as input to the plugin prior to this flag. That plugin must be in the current pipeline segment. Multiple of these can be specified after plugins that accept multiple inputs. ./run_pipeline.pl -fork1 -h genotype.hmp.txt -fork2 -r phenotype.txt -combine3 -input1 -input2 -intersect -runfork1 -runfork2
	./run_pipeline.pl -fork1 -h genotype.hmp.txt -fork2 -includeTaxaInFile taxaList1.txt -input1 -export file1 -fork3 -includeTaxaInFile taxaList2.txt -input1 -export file2 -runfork1
-inputOnce <id></id>	This specifies a pipeline segment as a one-time input to a -combine. As such, this flag should follow -combine. After the -combine has received data from this input, it will use it for every iteration. Whereas -combine waits for data specified by -input each iteration. Multiple of these can be specified.
-combine <id></id>	This flag starts a new pipeline segment with a CombineDataSetsPlugin at the beginning. The CombineDataSetsPlugin is used to combine data sets from multiple pipeline segments. Follow this flag with -input <id> and/or -inputOnce<id> flags to specify which pipeline segments should be combined.</id></id>

Data	
	If the filename to be imported begins with
	"http", it will be treated as an URL.
-t <trait file=""></trait>	Loads trait file as numerical data.
-s <phylip file=""></phylip>	Loads PHYLIP file.
-r <phenotype file=""></phenotype>	Same at -t
-k <kinship file=""></kinship>	Loads kinship file as square matrix.
-q <population< td=""><td>Loads population structure file as numerical</td></population<>	Loads population structure file as numerical
structure file>	data.
-h <hapmap file=""></hapmap>	Loads hapmap file (.hmp.txt or .hmp.txt.gz)
-h5 <hdf5 file=""></hdf5>	Loads HDF5 Alignment file (.hmp.h5).
-plink -ped <ped< td=""><td>Loads Plink format given ped and map files.</td></ped<>	Loads Plink format given ped and map files.
filename> -map <map< td=""><td></td></map<>	
filename>	
-fasta <filename></filename>	Loads FASTA file.
-table	Loads a Table (i.e. exported from LD, MLM).
-vcf <filename></filename>	Loads VCF file.
-importGuess	Uses Tassel Guess function to load file.
<pre><filename></filename></pre>	
-hdf5Schema <hdf5< td=""><td>This inspects the HDF5 file for it's internal</td></hdf5<>	This inspects the HDF5 file for it's internal
filename>	structure / schema.
	./run pipeline -hdf5Schema file.h5 -export
	schema.txt
-projection <filename></filename>	./run pipeline.pl -vcf file.vcf -projection
Free free free free free free free free	file.pa -export output.hmp.txt
-convertTOPMtoHDF5	This converts TOPM file into a HDF5 formated
<topm filename=""></topm>	TOPM file. New files extension will be
	.topm.h5.
	./run pipeline.pl -convertTOPMtoHDF5
	file.topm.bin
-retainRareAlleles	Sets the preference whether to retain rare
<true false="" =""></true>	alleles. Notice this has no meaning for
	Nucleotide data. Only data that has more than 14
	states at a given site (not including Unknown)
	are affected. If true, states more rare than
	the first 14 by frequecency are changed to Rare
	(Z). If false, they are changed to Unknown (N).
-union	This joins (union) input datasets based taxa.
	This should follow a -combine specification.

-intersect	This joins (intersect) input datasets based
	taxa. This should follow a -combine
	specification.
-separate	This separates an input into its components if
<pre><chromosomes></chromosomes></pre>	possible. For example, alignments separated by
CITE OILLO BOLLES	chromosome (locus). For alignments, optionally
	specify list of chromosomes (separated by commas
	and no spaces) to separate. Specifying nothing
	returns all chromosomes. Example:
	run pipeline.pl -fork1 -h file.hmp.txt -separate
	3,6 -export -runfork1
-homozygous	This converts any heterozygous values to
11011102 4 9 0 4 5	unknown.
	./run pipeline.pl -h file.hmp.txt -homozygous
	-export
-mergeGenotypeTables	Merges multiple Alignments regardless of taxa or
ergeseneeyperabres	site name overlap. Undefined taxa / sites are
	set to UNKNOWN. Duplicate taxon / site set to
	last Alignment processed. Example:
	run pipeline.pl -fork1 -h file1.hmp.txt -fork2
	-h file2.hmp.txt -combine3 -input1 -input2
	-mergeGenotypeTables -export
	files merged.hmp.txt -runfork1 -runfork2
-mergeAlignmentsSameSite	Merges Alignments assuming all sites are the
s -input <files> -output</files>	same in all Hapmap files. Input files separated
<filename></filename>	by commas without spaces. The resulting file
	may have incorrect major/minor alleles, strand,
	center, etc. It uses values from first
	specified input file. Checks that Site Name,
	Chromosome, and Physical Position match for each
	site. Example: run pipeline.pl -fork1
	-mergeAlignmentsSameSites -input
	file1.hmp.txt,file2.hmp.txt -output temp
	-runfork1
-export	Exports input dataset to specified filename(s).
<pre><filename1, filename2,<="" pre=""></filename1,></pre>	If no -exportType follows this parameter, the
>	exported format will be determined by the type
	of input (i.e. Genotype Tables will default to
	Hapmap format, Distance Matrix with default to
	SqrMatrix). Other exportable datasets only have
	one format option. Therefore, there is no need
	to specify -exportType. Specify none, one, or
	multiple filenames matching the number of input
	data sets. If no filenames, the files will be
	named the same as the input data sets. If only
	one specified for multiple data sets, a count
	starting with 1 will be added to each resulting

	file. If multiple filenames (separated with commas but no spaces), there should be one for each input. When exporting Hapmap files, if the extension is .hmp.txt.gz, the file will be gzipped.
-exportType <type></type>	Defines format that previously specified -export should use. Type can be Hapmap, HapmapDiploid, HDF5, VCF, Plink, Flapjack, Phylip_Seq, Phylip_Inter, Text, ReferenceProbablity, SqrMatrix, SqrMatrixRaw (for MultiBLUP), SqrMatrixBin (for MultiBLUP).
-exportIncludeAnno true false	Indicates whether to include annotations in exported file.
-includeTaxa <taxon1,taxon2,></taxon1,taxon2,>	Filters input alignment to only include specified taxa. The taxa should be separated with commas and no spaces.
-includeTaxaInFile <filename></filename>	Filters input alignment to only include taxa specified in file. The taxa cannot have spaces. Individual taxa should be separated by white space.
-excludeTaxa <taxon1,taxon2,></taxon1,taxon2,>	Filters input alignment to exclude specified taxa. The taxa should be separated with commas and no spaces.
-excludeTaxaInFile <filename></filename>	Filters input alignment to exclude taxa specified in file. The taxa cannot have spaces. Individual taxa should be separated by white space.
<pre>-includeSiteNames <sitename1, sitename2,=""></sitename1,></pre>	Filters input alignment to only include specified site names. The site names should be separated with commas and no spaces.
-includeSiteNamesInFil e <filename></filename>	Filters input alignment to only include site names specified in file. The site names cannot have spaces. Individual site names should be separated by white space.
-excludeSiteNames <taxon1,taxon2,></taxon1,taxon2,>	Filters input alignment to exclude specified site names. The site names should be separated with commas and no spaces.
-excludeSiteNamesInFil e <filename></filename>	Filters input alignment to exclude site names specified in file. The site names cannot have spaces. Individual site names should be separated by white space.
-excludeLastTrait	This removes last column of Phenotype data. For example Can be used to remove last column of population structure for use with MLM or GLM.

-subsetSites <num> -subsetTaxa <num></num></num>	This filters an alignment to include a random subset of sites. If <num> is >=1, it specifies the total number of sites to keep. If it is a decimal, it specifies the fraction of sites to keep. Adding the flag "-step" immediately after <num> tells the plugin to space the selected sites evenly instead of randomly. This filters an alignment to include a random</num></num>
	subset of taxa. If <num> is >=1, it specifies the total number of taxa to keep. If it is a decimal, it specifies the fraction of taxa to keep. Adding flag "-step" immediately after <num> tells the plugin to space the selected taxa evenly instead of randomly.</num></num>
-step	This tells the previously specified -subsetTaxa or -subsetSites plugin to select sites/taxa evenly across the alignment instead of randomly.
-numericalGenoTransfor m <type></type>	https://bitbucket.org/tasseladmin/tassel-5-sourc e/wiki/UserManual/NumericalGenotype/NumericalGen otype ./run_pipeline.pl -h mdp_genotype.hmp.txt -NumericalGenotypePlugin -endPlugin -export
	<pre>output -exportType ReferenceProbablity</pre>
-newCoordinates <map< th=""><td>This converts alignment to new coordinates</td></map<>	This converts alignment to new coordinates
filename>	specified in given map file.
-synonymizer	Runs the Synonymizer using the input dataset.
Filter	
-filterAlign	Filters an alignment by sites.
-filterAlignMinCount	Specifies the minimum count (default: 1) for the
<num></num>	previously specified -filterAlign.
-filterAlignMinFreq	Specifies the minimum frequency (default: 0.0)
<num></num>	for the previously specified -filterAlign.
-filterAlignMaxFreq	Specifies the maximum frequency (default 1.0) for the previously specified -filterAlign.
-filterAlignStart	Specifies the starting site index (default
<num></num>	value: 0) for the previously specified -filterAlign.
-filterAlignEnd <num></num>	Specifies the end site index (default value: last site in alignment) for the previously specified -filterAlign.

-filterAlignLocus	Specifies the Locus to be used with the starting
<name></name>	and ending physical positions if defined.
	Defaults to first Locus in the Alignment.
filtorAlignCtartDog	
-filterAlignStartPos	Specifies the starting physical position
<num></num>	(default is first site) for the previously
	specified -filterAlign.
-filterAlignEndPos	Specifies the end physical position (default is
<num></num>	last site) for the previously specified
	-filterAlign.
-filterAlignExtInd	-
-IIIterAIIgnExtInd	Indicates that the last specified -filterAlign
	should extract indels. This is not done by
	default.
-filterAlignRemMinor	Indicates that the last specified -filterAlign
_	should remove minor SNP states. This is not done
	by default.
-filterAlignSliding	
-IIIterAIIgnSIIding	Indicates that the last specified -filterAlign
	should use sliding windows. This in not done by
	default.
-filterAlignHapLen	Specifies the haplotype length (default value:
<num></num>	3) if using sliding windows.
-filterAlignStepLen	Specifies the step length (default value: 3) if
<pre><num></num></pre>	using sliding windows.
<11 unit>	using situing windows.
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Analysis	
Allalysis	GLM Flags are deprecated Please use
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·	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin
-glm	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is
·	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait
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·	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait
-glm	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional).
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename.
-glm -glmOutputFile	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified.
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations</number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified.
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-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number></number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number></number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data,
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number></number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a
-glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm</number></number></filename>	run pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix.
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm -mlm</number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix. Defines the Variance Component Estimation for
-glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm</number></number></filename>	run pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix. Defines the Variance Component Estimation for the previously specified -mlm. Method can be P3D
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm -mlm</number></number></filename>	run_pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix. Defines the Variance Component Estimation for
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm -mlm -mlmVarCompEst <method></method></number></number></filename>	run pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix. Defines the Variance Component Estimation for the previously specified -mlm. Method can be P3D (default) or EachMarker.
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm -mlmVarCompEst <method> -mlmCompressionLevel</method></number></number></filename>	run pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix. Defines the Variance Component Estimation for the previously specified -mlm. Method can be P3D (default) or EachMarker. Defines the Compression Level for the previously
-glm -glmOutputFile <filename> -glmMaxP <number> -glmPermutations <number> -mlm -mlm -mlmVarCompEst <method></method></number></number></filename>	run pipeline.pl -FixedEffectLMPlugin This takes a Phenotype dataset as input that is usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional). This sends GLM results to specified filename. This restricts the output file to entries with P values no larger than number specified. This sets the number of permutations. Default is to not do run permutations. This takes a Phenotype dataset as input (usually the intersection of sequence data, trait data, and population structure (optional)) and a Kinship matrix. Defines the Variance Component Estimation for the previously specified -mlm. Method can be P3D (default) or EachMarker.

-mlmCustomCompression	This specifies the compression when compression
<number></number>	level is Custom. Default value is 1.0.
-mlmOutputFile	This sends MLM results to specified filename.
<filename></filename>	
-mlmMaxP <number></number>	This restricts the output file to entries with P
	values no larger than number specified.
-diversity	Creates a Diversity Analysis step that uses an
diversity	Alignment as input
dirromaitrictantDaga	
-diversityStartBase	This sets start base for the previously
<number></number>	specified -diversity. Default is 0.
-diversityEndBase	This sets end base for the previously specified
<number></number>	-diversity. Default is last site.
-diversitySlidingWin	This uses sliding window analysis for the
	previously specified -diversity.
-diversitySlidingWinStep	This sets the sliding window step size for the
<number></number>	previously specified -diversity. Default is 100.
-diversitySlidingWinSize	This sets the sliding window size for the
<number></number>	previously specified -diversity. Default is 500.
	providuori, specifica diversity. Beraute 18 000.
-ld	Creates Linkago Disegnilibrium Dlugin Haes
-1a	Creates LinkageDisequilibriumPlugin. Uses
	Alignment from previous step to analysis linkage
	disequilibrium.
-ldPermNum <number></number>	This sets permutation number for the previously
	specified -ld. Default is 1000.
-ldRapidAnalysis true	Sets whether to use rapid analysis for the
false	previously specified -ld. Default is true.
-ldWinSize <number></number>	Sets the window size for the previously
	specified -ld. Default is 50.
-ldType <type></type>	Sets the LD type for the previously specified
- 21 21 -	-ld. Options are All, SlidingWindow (Default),
	and SiteByAll.
-ldTestSite <number></number>	Sets the test site for when LD type is set to
TOTES COTCE /HOHIMET/	
l dilat maaataan ta stariis	SiteByAll.
-ldHetTreatment <type></type>	Sets the LD Heterzygous Treatment Method. Type
	can be Haplotype (For Inbred Lines), Homozygous
	(Default - Uses only homozygous site -
	heterozygotes set to missing), or Genotype (Not
	Implemented Yet).
-ck	Calculates Kinship from Marker Data.
	Deprecated: Please use ./run pipeline.pl
	-KinshipPlugin
-tree <clustering< td=""><td>This creates a tree using given clustering</td></clustering<>	This creates a tree using given clustering
method>	method: Neighbor (default) or UPGMA. When
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	exporting, use -exportType Text to get text
	version.
-treeSaveDistance true	This saves the distance matrix of a tree.
false	Default is true.
-distanceMatrix	Calculate the distance matrix of given
	Alignment.
-distMatrixRanges	Calculates genetic distances for given taxon in
	specified physical position ranges.
-distMatrixRangesLocus	Locus that specified physical positions
<locus></locus>	corresponds.
-distMatrixRangesTaxon	Taxon of interest.
<taxon></taxon>	
-distMatrixRangesPos	Specified physical positions that define ranges.
<pre><pos1, pos2,="" pos3,=""></pos1,></pre>	A comma should separate each one with no spaces.
-distMatrixRangesPosFile	File with list of physical positions that define
<filename></filename>	ranges. Individual positions should be
	separated by white space.
-gs	Predicts phenotypes using ridge regression for
95	genomic selection.
-genotypeSummary	This generates summaries for alignment datasets.
<pre><types></types></pre>	Types should be a comma-separated list (with no
Cypes	spaces) of the following (overall, site, taxa,
	all). Example -genotypeSummary overall, site
	diff. Example genoeypedummary overall, siec
Results	
-td csv <filename></filename>	Writes (comma delimited) TableReport from
	previous plugin in current pipeline to specified
	filename.
-td tab <filename></filename>	Writes (tab delimited) TableReport from previous
	plugin in current pipeline to specified
	filename.
-td gui	Displays TableReport from previous plugin in
	current pipeline in GUI.
-ldd <output type=""></output>	Creates LinkageDiseqDisplayPlugin. If output
	type is gui, this graphically displays results
	from a LinkageDisequilibriumPlugin. If output
	type is png, gif, bmp, jpg, or svg, then an
	image of that type is written to the output file
	specified with -o.
-ldplotsize <num></num>	Optionally specify LD plot size. Example: 1000
	will produce a 1000 x 1000 plot. Default: 500.
	mili produce a 1000 x 1000 proc. Default. 300.

	This should follow the -ldd flag within the
	current pipeline segment.
-ldplotlabels true	Optionally specify whether to show the LD
false	Plot labels. DEFAULT: true. This should follow
	the -ldd flag within the current pipeline
	segment.
-o <output file=""></output>	This should follow the -ldd flag within the
	current pipeline segment.