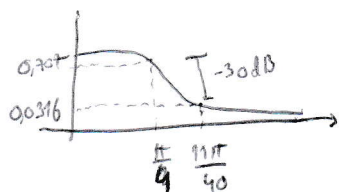


d) Pode-se usar o Filtro de Butterworth ou Chebyshev Tipo 2

O método de síntese mais adequado é Transformação Bilinear pois evita o aliasing, sempre presente quando se passa de analógico para digital.

Usa-se o Filtro de Butterworth

$$\text{Largura de Banda} - \frac{\pi}{40} \approx 10\% \cdot \frac{\pi}{4}$$



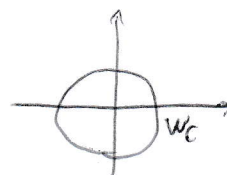
$$|H(z)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{1-z}{1+z}\right)^{2N}} \rightarrow |H(j\omega)|^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{j\omega}{j\omega_c}\right)^{2N}}$$

$$W = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \tan\left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0.707^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{2 \tan \frac{\pi}{8}}{\omega_c}\right)^{2N}} \\ 0.0316^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}}{\omega_c}\right)^{2N}} \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\frac{2 \tan \frac{\pi}{8}}{\omega_c}\right)^{2N} = \frac{1}{0.707^2} - 1 \\ \left(\frac{2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}}{\omega_c}\right)^{2N} = \frac{1}{0.0316^2} - 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow \left( \frac{2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}}{\omega_c} \right)^{2N} = \frac{\frac{1}{0.0316^2} - 1}{\frac{1}{0.707^2} - 1} \Rightarrow 2N = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\frac{1}{0.0316^2} - 1}{\frac{1}{0.707^2} - 1}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}}{\tan \frac{\pi}{8}}\right)} \Rightarrow N \approx 33$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}}{\omega_c}\right)^{2 \times 33} = \frac{1}{0.0316^2} - 1 \Rightarrow \omega_c^{66} = \frac{\left(2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}\right)^{66}}{\frac{1}{0.0316^2} - 1} \Rightarrow \omega_c = \frac{2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}}{\left(\frac{1}{0.0316^2} - 1\right)^{\frac{1}{66}}} = 0.83$$

$$H(s) = \frac{K}{(s-s_1) \dots (s-s_{33})}, \quad K = s_1 \times \dots \times s_{33}$$



$$H(z) = H(s) \Big|_{s = \frac{2}{T} \cdot \frac{1-z^{-1}}{1+z^{-1}}}$$

e)  $\Rightarrow [N, \omega_c] = \text{buttord}\left(2 \tan \frac{\pi}{8}, 2 \tan \frac{11\pi}{80}, -3, -30\right);$  // ordem e frequência de corte  
 $\Rightarrow [n, d] = \text{butter}(N, \omega_c, 's');$  // H(s)  
 $\Rightarrow [Num, Den] = \text{bilinear}(n, d, 1);$  // transformação bilinear

f)  $[H, w] = \text{freqz}(Num, Den);$

~~abs~~  $\text{plot}(|H(1:\text{length}(H)/4)|);$

// um pedaço a pedaço

Olhar para os gráficos e ver se cumprem os requisitos