## Soluções da Ficha1:

1.a) 
$$-\frac{\pi}{4}$$
 b)  $-\pi$  c)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  d)  $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$  e)  $-\frac{3}{4}$  f)  $-\frac{5}{13}$  g)  $\frac{5\sqrt{3}-4}{2\sqrt{41}}$  h)  $\frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{10}$ 

**2.**
$$a)\frac{4\pi}{3}$$
  $b)\frac{1}{3}$   $c)-\frac{175}{144}$ 

**3.**a)
$$D_f = [0, 1]$$
  $D'_f = [0, 2\pi]$   
 $f^{-1} : [0, 2\pi] \to [0, 1]$ 

$$x \hookrightarrow \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sin(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$b)D_g = [0, \frac{1}{2}] \ D'_g = [-1, 3\pi - 1]$$

$$g^{-1}: [-1, 3\pi - 1] \to [0, \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$x \hookrightarrow \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}\cos(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{1}{3})$$

$$c)D_h = ]-\infty, -5] \cup [1, +\infty[ D'_h = [\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}] \setminus {\frac{3\pi}{2}}]$$

$$h^{-1}: [\tfrac{\pi}{2}, \tfrac{5\pi}{2}] \setminus \{\tfrac{3\pi}{2}\} \to ]-\infty, -5] \, \mathsf{\bigcup} [1, +\infty[$$

$$x \hookrightarrow -2 + \frac{3}{\cos(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4})}$$

$$(d)D_i = \Re \setminus \{-5\}$$
  $D'_i = ] - \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6} [\setminus \{\frac{\pi}{3}\}]$ 

$$i^{-1}: ]-\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}[\setminus \{\frac{\pi}{3}\} \to \Re \setminus \{-5\}]$$

$$x \hookrightarrow -5 + \frac{1}{\tan(x - \frac{\pi}{2})}$$

**4.**
$$a)\frac{\pi}{3}$$
  $b)D_p = [-2, 0]$   $c)D'_p = [-\frac{5\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3}]$   $c)x = \frac{-2+\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 

$$d)i^{-1}: \left[-\frac{5\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3}\right] \to \left[-2, 0\right]$$

$$x \hookrightarrow -1 + \cos(-\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{6})$$

$$e)[-2,-\frac{1}{2}]$$

**5.**
$$a)\frac{\pi}{2}$$
  $b)D_t = \Re \setminus \{-1\}$   $D'_t = ] - \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}[\setminus \{\frac{\pi}{4}\} \quad c)x\epsilon] - \infty, -2[\bigcup] - 1, +\infty[$ 

$$d)t^{-1}:]-\tfrac{\pi}{4},\tfrac{3\pi}{4}[\backslash\{\tfrac{\pi}{4}\}\to\Re\backslash\{-1\}$$

$$x \hookrightarrow -1 + \frac{1}{\tan(x - \frac{\pi}{4})}$$

$$e)y=-\frac{x}{2}+\frac{\pi}{2}~~f)$$
continua no p  
to de abcissa 0

**6.**a) 
$$\frac{4\pi}{3}$$
 b)  $D_g = ]-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty[$   $D_g' = ]-\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{4\pi}{3}[\setminus \{\frac{\pi}{3}\}]$  c)  $x \le -1 \lor x \ge 2$ 

$$(d)g^{-1}:]-\frac{2\pi}{3},\frac{4\pi}{3}[\setminus\{\frac{\pi}{3}\}\to]-\infty,-1]\cup[1,+\infty[$$

$$x \hookrightarrow \frac{1}{\sin(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\pi}{6})}$$

$$e)y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}(x+2).$$